DISTRICT GAZETTEER

FOR

LUCKNOW DIVISION.

Agents for the sale of United Provinces Government publications.

IN ENGLAND.

Henry S. King & Co., 65, Cornhill, and 9, Pall Mall, London.

Constable & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, London, W. C.

P. S. King & Son, 2 and 4, Great Smith Street, Westminster, London, S. W.

Kegan Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co., 68—74, Carter Lane, E. C., and 25, Museum Street, London, W. C.

Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street, London, S. W.

Bernard Quaritch, 11, Grafton Street. New Bond Street, London, W.

B. H. Blackwell, 50 and 51, Broad Street, Oxford.

Deighton, Bell & Co., Limited, Cambridge.

T. Fisher Unwin, Limited, 1, Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C.

W. Thacker & Co., 2, Creed Lane, London, E. C.

Luzac & Co., 46, Great Russell Street. London, W. C.

ON THE CONTINENT.

Ernest Leroux, 28, Rue Bonaparte, Paris.

Martinus Nijhoff, The Hague, Holland.

IN INDIA.

Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta.

Newman & Co., Calcutta.

S. K. Lahiri & Co., Calcutta.

R. Cambray & Co., Calcutta.

Messrs. Butterworth & Co., Limited, Booksellers, 6, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Higginbotham & Co., Madras.

V. Kalyanarama Aiyar & Co., Madras.

G. A. Natesan & Co., Madras.

Thompson & Co., Madras.

S. Murthy & Co., Madras.

Temple & Co., Madras.

Cambridge & Co., Madras.

Thacker & Co., Limited, Bombay.

A. J. Combridge & Co., Bombay.

D. B. Taraporewalla, Sons & Co., Bombay.

Radhabai Atmaram Sagoon, Bombay.

Sunder Pandurang, Bombay.

Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons, Mufid-i-am Press, Lahore.

Superintendent, American Baptist Mission Press, Rangoon.

Messrs. Students & Co., Cooch Bihar.

A. M. and J. Ferguson, Ceylon.

Rai Prag Narain Bhargava Bahadur, Proprietor, Newal Kishore Press, Lucknow.

Messrs. Wheeler & Co., 15, Elgin Road, Allahabad.

Ram Dayal Agarwala, Bookseller, 184, Katra Road, Allahabad.

N. B. Mathur, Superintendent, Nazair Kanun Hind Press Allahabad.

LUCKNOW.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XXXVII

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh

ALLAHABAD:
Printed by the Superintendent, Government Press, United Provinces.
1916.

Alterations and Additions to Part A of the Lucknow District Gazetteer, bringing it up to date (1915).

Page 2.—"TOPOGRAPHY."

Add at end of paragraph—

"A subsequent experiment with a tube well, which was made in 1913, has given rise to a belief that a reliable and lasting supply of clean, wholesome water is available at a depth of 167 feet below ground level and a permanent tube well is now being constructed. It is noteworthy that the soils passed through in the subsequent experiment were mainly clay and sand."

Page 3.—"GOMTI RIVER."

Add at end of paragraph—

"In order to raise the river level within the limits of the city of Lucknow for sanitary reasons and also to provide a better river frontage, a weir was constructed by Government in 1913 just below the Paper Mills."

Page 4.—"TRIBUTARIES."

Add at end of paragraph—

"Its waters are noted for healing powers and for conveying a purity of tint in cloth-printing."

Page 8.—"THE OLD CANAL."

After "Sir Colin Campbell" in the last line on the page *add*—

"The portion within the city of Lucknow lying between the Naka Hindola bridge and the river Gumti has been provided with a cement drain in the centre of the bed and handed over to the municipality. A slight re-alignment was effected when the cement drain was laid, the curved portion north of the Wingfield park being excluded and the canal carried thence direct into the river."

Page 13.—"FAUNA."

Add at end of paragraph—

"Moreover all but what may be termed permanent 'jhils' are soon drained by the surrounding cultivators and even the

permanent 'jhils' yield very little wild fowl owing to the constant disturbance caused by the basket lifts."

Page 13.—CATTLE.

Cancel the figures "1899" in line 9 and *substitute* "1908-09."

In line 10 *for* "123980" *read* "126790."

In line 11 *for* "6897" *read* "6534" and for "60387" read "52,676."

In line 13 *for* "33716" *read* "33860" and after this figure *add* a fresh sentence. "There has been very little change in the past 10 years."

Page 14.—SHEEP AND GOATS.

In line 1 *for* "1899" *read* "1908-09" and for "23272" *read* "21,970" and *for* "60,459" *read* "88,492."

Page 14.—CATTLE DISEASE.

Add after the words "eight only" in line 19: "There has been nothing remarkable about the figures for cattle disease in recent years. No special outbreak has occurred, but rinderpest and foot-and-mouth disease have continued to be prevalent."

Page 14.—CATTLE DISEASE.

Cancel the words in lines 21 and 22 "the services of a veterinary assistant have been placed under the disposal of the district board" and *substitute*—"The district board now has one veterinary assistant at its Veterinary hospital in Havelock Road, Lucknow, and two others tour throughout the district. The second touring assistant was added in 1914. Besides these, there are three assistants who work in the municipality. A special Veterinary Research Laboratory has been opened in Lucknow by the Government under the Superintendent of the Civil Veterinary Department."

Cancel the last sentence of the paragraph.

Page 15.—"FISHERIES."

In line 5 *after* "Bara Banki" *add* "and Fyzabad." *Cancel* the next sentence and *substitute*: "There are no separate fish markets in the city, but fish is sold in the Aminabad and Sabzimandi markets and also in the Saunders' market where a special fish section is to be constructed. The major portion of the daily supply is however hawked round and this is also the case in the small towns and villages in the district."

In line 12 *after* "varies" *add* "considerably."

In line 13 *after* "quality" *add* "and demand. The price sometimes rises as far as ten annas a seer but."

Page 16.—HEALTH.

In line 3 omit the "*"

Add before the last sentence of the paragraph :—"During the eleven years ending in 1911 the average death rate for the district was 46·64 per thousand and the average birth rate 41·74 per thousand. The health of the adult population of the city of Lucknow has improved considerably since 1911, but infantile mortality still remains very high in spite of the more active operations of the Health department. Want of good trained midwifes is the principal cause."

Page 17.—FEVER.

Add at end of the paragraph :—"Travelling dispensaries and the quininisation of schools have helped to improve matters, while a better knowledge of hygiene and sanitation are gradually reducing the breeding grounds of the mosquitoes.

Page 17.—CHOLERA.

Add at end of paragraph "No violent outbreaks have occurred in later years."

Page 18.—SMALL-POX.

Cancel the sentence commencing "The staff" and the two sentences following it and *substitute*: "The Vaccinating staff now consists of an Assistant Superintendent of Vaccination, and 21 vaccinators, of whom 9 work in the municipality under the Health Officer and 12 in the district outside under the Assistant Superintendent of Vaccination. The Lymph Dépôt at Lucknow has been abolished. The district and municipal boards now obtain lymph from the Patwa Dangar Lymph Dépôt near Naini Tal"

In line 12 *cancel* the word "average."

In lines 13 and 14 *cancel* the words and figures "the five years ending 1902 was 26,366" and *substitute* :—"1911-12 and 1912-13 are returned at 22,908 and 23,711 respectively."

Page 18.—OTHER DISEASES.

In lines 5 and 6 *cancel* the sentence commencing" Plague has only" and *substitute*: "Plague has been continuously present in Lucknow from 1902 onwards."

In line 11 "after limits" *add* "In 1907 it assumed a violent epidemic form and accounted for 12,495 deaths. The city had a remarkable freedom from this scourge for about five years and has had no violent outbreak since 1907."

Page 19.—"NATIVE MEDICINE."

Add at the end of paragraph :—" A second hospital—for treatment of patients by the 'Yunani' method—has been opened in the city by Hakim Abdur Rashid, together with a school for instruction in Yunani medicine and surgery. These institutions receive the support of the municipal board. The number of patients treated at this hospital and the free dispensary has increased enormously in the past three or four years."

Page 21.—CULTIVATED AREA.

Add after "per cent." in line 20 " while in 1912 the cultivated area had again risen to 374,990 acres."

Page 23.—" CULTIVATION."

Add at end of paragraph :—" In the city the cultivated area has remained about the same, the land all round except the brick earth and *kankar* areas being freely cultivated. This is principally due to the liberal supply of manure available in the past. Since the introduction of modern sewers with their attendant water-flushed latrines and pail dépôts the supply available for cultivators has decreased, but the area under cultivation has been affected but little.

The municipal board has a small sullage farm near the Wingfield Park which has proved a success, there being an abundant supply of effluent for irrigation and manuring purposes. A scheme is now in hand to take all the city sewerage and sullage on to one large farm at Jugauli on the Bara Banki Road.."

Page 33.—FAMINE OF 1907-08.

After the paragraph on the famine of 1897 *add* a fresh paragraph :—

" In 1907 the rains failed. Prices rose greatly in the cold weather following and the city was declared a famine area on 1st December, 1907. The district was declared a scarcity area on 1st January, 1908. It was never found necessary to open test works though a considerable number of aided works were undertaken. A poor-house was opened in the city, but never

greatly resorted to. There was always a good demand for labour throughout the district, especially in the city, and a lavish distribution of *taqavi* largely relieved the agricultural distress. Gratuitous relief was distributed in the city and in eight or nine large villages. Distribution of gratuitous relief lasted till the end of August, 1908. It was managed through non-official agencies. A good deal was also done by the private charity of large land-owners. The distress, however, was never keenly felt in this district. The '*rabi*' outturn was good, and with a good '*kharif*' following abnormal conditions passed away."

Page 34.—FAMINE PRICES.

Cancel the last sentence and *add* at end of paragraph: "After the 1907 famine prices of food grains rose considerably in the following cold weather. Wheat touched $7\frac{1}{8}$ seers per rupee, barley $9\frac{7}{8}$ seers, *arhar* $9\frac{1}{4}$ seers, *bajra* 10 seers, and rice best and common about $4\frac{1}{2}$ and $6\frac{1}{2}$ seers respectively."

Page 35.—FAMINE PRICES.

Add at end of paragraph: "The failure of the rains in 1913 again caused prices to rise in the following cold weather. Wheat rose to 9 seers, barley to 11 seers, *arhar* to 7 seers, *bajra* and *juar* to $10\frac{1}{2}$ seers, and rice best and common to 4 seers and 7 seers respectively, while the price of wheat during the latter end of 1914 and the beginning of 1915 fell to the abnormal rate of 6 seers to the rupee in Lucknow city, one of the main causes being the war."

Page 35.—WAGES.

In the first line *cancel* the words "appear to have."

In line 2 for "since" *read* "from" and after "settlement" *add* "to the census of 1901."

In line 8 for the words "since 1873" *read* "From 1873 to 1901."

In line 9 *cancel* the word "have" and *cancel* from "and at the" to the end of the sentence: *substituting*:—"but have greatly risen of late years. The average wages of ordinary carpenters and blacksmiths is now 12 annas a day, while masons get about 8 annas a day. The more skilled of these workmen get from 2 to 4 annas a day more than the average rates quoted above. Basket workers get 4 annas a day and women doing embroidery

work about the same. The ordinary labourer gets from 4 to 6 annas a day. Skilled labourers receive more than the above in many cases while mechanics and plate-layers, etc., on the railway obtain much higher wages."

In lines 12, 13 and 14 *cancel* the sentence commencing "In Lucknow" and the sentence following it.

Page 36.

In line 3 *for* "two" *read* "3 to 4."

In lines 3 and 4 *cancel* the words "except in the case of the finest muslins."

In lines 4, 5, 6 and 7 *cancel* the sentence commencing "women are so numerous"

Page 37.—WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Add at end of paragraph "Tailors use a special measure of length viz. the '*girah*'. Sixteen '*girahs*' make a '*gaz*' or yard. Masons and carpenters also use separate units of varying relations. The commonest are 16 '*pain*'=4 "*soot*"=1 ,inch and 24 '*ungal*'=12 '*tassoo*'=1 '*hath*' or ½ '*gaz*' the '*gaz*' being less than the British yard.

The following system of weights is used throughout the district for weighing gold, silver, jewellery, scents and essences, and the like, 4 '*jo*'=1 "*rati*", 8 '*rati*'=1 "*masha*" and 12 '*mashas*'=1 "*tola*."

Substitute for the first three sent ences :—

Page 38.—"COTTON FABRICS."

"The steady growth of this industry at Cawnpore has probably affected the Lucknow manufacturers more than anything else, but the industry has steadily declined and now there are only about 1,200 persons actually employed in the industry and this number includes those in the cotton-ginning and spinning mills at Talkatora."

Page 39.

In line 5 *cancel* the sentence commencing " In Lucknow" and the one after it and *substitute* :—

"In Lucknow itself practically only cotton fabrics of the coarser kind are now made and the fine muslins for which at one time it was so famous have now become a thing of the past. The chief centre for the manufacture of these muslins was

Mukaneeya Tola in Wazirganj, from whence the weavers migrated to Mahmoodnaggar in Chauk."

In line 11 for the sentence commencing "The muslins" *substitute*—

"The muslins of Lucknow were known as *malmal, tarandam*, and *addhi*. The last was usually employed as a ground-work for *chikan* embroidery and was preferred to the European article. *Sharbati* was also one of the muslins then manufactured, but was dyed yellow with safflower. There was another muslin of a very superior kind which was made in the older days which was known as *maimoodi* and one somewhat inferior to it known as *sainoo*. These were of a very expensive type and probably fell out of use after the annexation on the Mutiny."

Both bleached and unbleached, plain and striped muslins were made, the striped ones being known as *doria*.

In line 16 *for* "eight" *read* "two."

In line 17 *for* "run" *read* "ran" and after "yards" in the next line *add* "These must, however, have been the older type of muslin known as '*maimoodi*' referred to above."

In line 18 *for* the sentence commencing "as the best" and the next sentence *substitute*—

"The low price of the best European-made muslins made it impossible for the local fabrics to compete with them. Moreover the hand-made article displayed a want of evenness which the machine-made goods possessed to a degree. The only advantage the local fabrics had was an exceptionally soft finish. The demand has gradually declined until at the present moment it cannot be dignified by that name and it is doubtful whether a single piece of muslin is now made in Lucknow. A weaver could turn out about a yard and a quarter of muslin daily, for which he was paid three to five annas. '*Garha*' cloth is made much more extensively than formerly, as most of the weavers of muslins had to take to its manufacture as the muslin industry declined."

Page 39.—"COTTON-PRINTING."

In line 1 *for* "is still a" *substitute* "is not the" and after Lucknow *add*—"that it was."

In line 2 *for* "and" *substitute* "although."

In line 3 *cancel* the words "Jhansi Tola" and *substitute* "Mashakganj."

In line 10 *cancel* the sentence commencing "The chintz" and the succeeding sentence and *substitute*—

"The cotton-printers have devoted a good deal of their time in later years to the preparation of bed-spreads, curtains, quilt-covers and table-cloths. Chintz and printed nankin still continue to be turned out, but not to the former extent. The fastness of the dyes is what keeps the cotton-printing industry of Lucknow going, otherwise the cheaper and more attractive European-made articles would soon kill the industry."

In the last line *cancel* the sentence commencing "They are sold" and *substitute*—

"The prices of table-cloths, etc., vary from 12—up to 10—while chintz and nankin fetch from 1/8 to 5—per piece of 3 yards.

An attempt is now being made by the cotton-printers in Daulatganj to copy a very expensive type of printed muslin for which they are asking Rs. 3 to Rs. 3-8 a yard."

Page 40.—"DYES."

In line 3 *cancel* from the words "but unfortunately" to the end of the sentence and *substitute* "but cheap foreign dyes have affected this industry to such an extent that practically all of the colouring materials used in the past have dropped out of sight and are not even known to the majority of the present dyers."

Before the last sentence *add* the following :—

"These colours are not used by a single one of the present dyers, they all depend on the cheap dyes turned out in Europe and Japan. They have the advantage of being available in every conceiveable shade and tint and very little preparation is required before they are used. The war has resulted in a stoppage of the supplies and as soon as present stocks are used up the dyers will be driven back to the time-honoured methods of their forefathers until a supply of cheap dyes is again available."

Page 41.—"CHIKAN WORK".

In line 1 *for* "on *adhi* muslin" *substitute* :—

"On English muslin which has superseded the locally-made article known as '*adhi.*'"

In line 6 after word "natives" *add* "and many Europeans, while embroidered caps find a ready sale with all classes. Exhibitions have done much to bring this work before the notice of the public of late years and excellent sales were made by the enterprising firm of Messrs. Tulsi Ram and Kedar Nath who had a stall in the 'white city'. Besides these sales, many new ideas were picked up and now the majority of dealers stock excellent robes, blouses, lace, etc., for which good prices are obtained."

Cancel the sentence in line 6 commencing "The price is low."

Cancel the sentence in line 11 commencing "The industry."

In line 14 for "affords" *read* "afforded" and after "court" in line 16 *add* "but many men have come into the field since and the finest work is now done by them."

In line 17 *for* the word "are" *read* "were" and in the next line *for* the word "is" *read* "was."

Add at the end of the paragraph "*phundha* was a pattern like '*bachia*' only more raised and always circular in shape. The "*muri*" pattern has been dropped, but all the others are still in use. Rough chikan work is now being done by the women in the villages and towns surrounding Lucknow and this finds a ready sale in the city among the poorer classes."

Page 42.—"KAMDANI".

For the sentence commencing "The demand" in line 5 *substitute*—

"This industry has declined to a considerable extent and there are now only about 20 to 25 small workshops. *Saris* are still turned out in large quantities and also caps. Other articles are practically made only to order now."

Page 42.—"GOLD LACE."

After "English word" in line 10 *add* "The broad *lachka* is known as *patta*. There are also *chutki*, *gokaroo* and *dhammak*."

Add at the end "and the Allahabad Exhibition".

Page 43.—"WOOLLEN FABRICS."

For "*asan*" in line 15 *read* "*asanee*". *Cancel* the words "the latter" in the same line to end of paragraph and *substitute*—
"The former are used in Hindoo worship while the latter

are those on which Musalmans say their prayers. The *asanee* is made of felt and the *jainamaz* like a durree or pile carpet."

Page 44.—"BIDRI-WARE."

In line 5 *cancel* the words "and is now an important industry" and *substitute*:—

"Soon after 1873 and in 1881 there were eleven workers, while a year later the number rose to no less than 31. The industry has however declined again and there are now practically only two workers left. It is impossible to say whether the decline was a gradual one but as far as can be ascertained, the industry continued to flourish more or less steadily until about 1905-06 since then it has rapidly declined and is now all but extinct there being very little sale for the ware. It is more than likely that the cheaper Moradabad ware has been the cause of the ruin of this industry as the principal article turned out by the *bidri* workers was the '*farshi*' or water-bowl of the *huqqa* and practically everyone uses the Moradabad made article now."

In line 12 *cancel* the sentence commencing "The recovery of the industry."

Page 43.—"SILVER-WORK."

In line 9 after "was once" *add*—"and is still."

After "enamel" in line 11 *add*:—"good work is still turned out, but very rarely."

Page 45.—"OTHER METALS."

For the words "almost entirely" *substitute* "largely" in line 2 and after the word "metals" in the same line *add* "worn-out articles are freely purchased and melted down."

After "Gumti" in line 6 *add* "but in later years Yahiaganj has become more prominent as a centre of the brass industry. Tikaitganj has also a fairly large number of artisans and there are many little brass-workers dotted all over the city."

For the sentence commencing "The trade" in line 12 *substitute*:—

"The trade which declined to a large extent after the Mutiny, has again picked up owing to a demand for brass-fittings for the cheap harness and saddlery turned out at Cawnpore which the Yahiaganj workers meet."

Page 45.—WOOD-CARVING.

For the first two sentences *substitute*—

"Wood-carving which was once quite an important industry and for which the Lucknow craftsmen obtained a well-deserved name, has disappeared altogether. None of the carved doors and façades of wood, a fine specimen of which was sent to the Glasgow Industrial Exhibition in 1888, are now made. The work in the past however was of a particularly high order and

Cancel the sentence commencing "Besides" in line 6 and *substitute*—

"Besides these doorways, carved tables, chairs and other household furniture was made, chiefly in *shisham* and *tun* wood."

Page 47.—"POTTERY."

After "Musalmans" in line 2 *add.*—"This industry has continued to flourish and sales are probably much more than they were formerly but the work turned out is not of such a high order as it was in the past."

After "London" in line 10 *add.*—"Specimens of this work are to be found in Hasanganj and similar tiles can be seen on the roof of the garden-houses in the Gupta Park at Fyzabad. These tiles were probably the outcome of an attempt to copy the famous Chinese-made tiles of Akbar's time."

In line 13 *for* "the trade" *read* "this trade."

Page 47.—"MODELLING."

After "art" in line 2 *add*:—"although other towns in India, notably Jaipur, have turned out some really good models, the industry having been started there by the State with the aid, it is believed, of Lucknow craftsmen."

After "exported" in line 10 *add*:—"to many places but."

In the last line on the page *for* "are" *read* "were."

Page 48.

After "photography" in line 2 *add*—"but terra-cotta models are not made to any extent now. A relative of Mohan Lal's."

Cancel the words "His relative" in *line* 2.

After "Nizam" in line 4 *add.*—"Jia Lal was another good craftsman, but he has given up this work to take up the more lucrative business of building contractor. He was persuaded to make three small models for the Allahabad Exhibition—one the

model of a dancing-girl, which was beautifully coloured—fetched the high price of Rs. 15."

Page 48.—GLASS.

Cancel the paragraph and *substitute*—" The glass manufacture of Lucknow is a thing of the past and it is doubtful whether it ever attained the dignity of an industry. The industry is said to have been brought from Multan by two craftsmen years ago and that it took root, but there are only two blowers left and they make only a bare living out of it. Old broken glass is bought from different places and made into flimsy pickle-jars, medicine bottles of the Indian pattern and very inferior chimneys. The articles are cheap of course and extremely brittle. There was a very shapely glass *lota* blown by one of the two remaining blowers which was exhibited at Allahabad. Glass walking-sticks which used to be a speciality of the Lucknow glass-blowers are now no longer made."

Page 48.—"LEATHER."

For the first 2 lines *substitute*—

" This is another industry which has suffered heavily by the opening of large European concerns in Cawnpore and in the city there are now only about one-fifth of the numbers employed when the previous census of 1901 was taken."

Page 49.

Cancel the sentence commencing " Country-made shoes " and *substitute* :—

" Embroidered shoes worked with tinsel are made to some extent and also country shoes. Shoes and boots of the European pattern are also made, both in country and English leather, but not in any quantity."

Page 50.

In line 1 *for* " in Sultanganj " *read* " near the European Cemetery."

In line 3 cancel the words " in 1903 it produced " to the end of the sentence.

In line 4 *cancel* from " other deserving " to the end of the paragraph and *substitute* :—

" Then there is the brewery of Messrs. Dyer & Co., which was started in 1882, while in addition to the brewery this firm

now runs the Government Distillery. Messrs John & Co. opened an ice factory in 1902, since when the number of ice factories has risen to four. Aerated water factories have been opened to the number of six . . . Two factories for weaving socks and stockings have been opened. Flour mills have increased to a very large extent, now numbering 21 . . . while there are many lime, *kanp*, and *surkhi* mills.

The cotton-ginning and spinning factory at Talkatora has been running again for some time.

The Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway have added to their workshops very extensively and the Rohilkhand and Kumaun Railway also have shops now, at Aishbagh. There are five motor workshops. Printing presses continue to increase, but the Newal Kishore Press still holds premier position although there are now a few fairly pretentious presses in the town which run it close.

The opening of the Aminabad park has distributed mercantile interests to a certain extent and Hazratganj has not the monopoly it had in the past. It is still however the chief centre for European shops.

Page 50.—CITY MARKETS.

Cancel the 3rd and 4th lines and after "Thakurganj" in line 6 *add* :—

"The grain markets in old Rekabganj, which lay between Hazratganj and the Cantonment Road and Shahganj on Victoria Street have both disappeared. With the opening of the model grain market in Ganeshganj, now in process of construction, a further re-distribution of the grain markets is inevitable."

In line 7 *cancel* the words "for sugar, and also" and after "salt" in the next line *add* :—"It also has a large trade in sugar, but it now shares equal honours with the market in Aghamir Deorhi in this respect"

In line 9 *cancel* the words "and is" to the end of the sentence.

Page 51.

In line 2 after "Chauk" *cancel* "and" and after "Aminabad" *add*—

"And the Saunders market."

In line 3 *cancel* "respectively."

Page 51.—" EXPORT TRADE."

After " to " in line 8 *cancel* to the end of the sentence and *substitute* :—

" Calcutta for shipment to foreign countries."

Page 52.

In line 5 *for* " 1901 " *read* " 1914."

In line 12 *for* " 1901 " *read* " 1914."

In line 13 *for* " Rs. 3,17,470 " *read* " Rs. 10,78,651," taking the average at one rupee per maund." In the same line *for* " Rs. 1,32,362 " " *read* Rs. 7,70,916."

In line 16 *for* " Rs. 1,19,830 " *read* " Rs. 1,76,793 ."

In line 17 *for* " Rs. 6,092 " *read* " Rs. 42,237."

In line 18 *for* " Rs. 42,880 " *read* " Rs. 55,025."

In line 19 *for* " Rs. 16,306 " *read* " Rs. 33,680."

In line 20 *for* " Rohilkhand and Kumaun " *read* " Metre Gauge."

Page 53.—" TRADE ROUTES..'

In line 3 *read* " forty " *for* " thirty."

For the last sentence commencing in line 10 *substitute*—

" A still further change has been effected by the construction of the railway from Allahabad to Fyzabad and Allahabad to Rae Bareli, which gives Lucknow direct railway communication with Sultaupur on the Allahabad-Fyzabad section and with places on the Allahabad-Rae Bareli section in the Partabgarh district.

The linking of the Bengal and North-Western Railway metre-gauge system to the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway metre-guage line at Cawnpore with a big bridge over the 'Gogra' near Bahramghat has given a direct communication between the two metre-gauge railways. This link passes through Lucknow district from Jugaur to Harauni and has served to still further reduce the importance of the old trade routes."

Page 53.—" TRADE ROUTES."

In line eleven *cancel* the last sentence and *substitute* :—

" a still further change has been effected by the construction of the line from Allahabad to Fyzabad."

Page 54.—" OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY."

In line 18 *add* " Dilawarnagar " before " and."

In line 1 after "of" *add* "Utraitia."

Page 55.

In line 6 *cancel* "Charbagh and" and *add* "and Charbagh" *after* "Aishbagh."

In line 7 *add* "Sitapur" after "Lucknow."

LUCKNOW AND BAREILLY RAILWAY.

In line 3 after "Kumaun" *add*—"Railway."

In line 4 after "Railway" *add* : "Metre gauge."

In line 7 *cut out* "Oudh and Rohilkhand and the."

In line 8 *cut out* "metre gauge."

In line 10 after "Mandiaon" *add* "Mohibullapur."

Page 56.—PROVINCIAL ROADS.

Add at end of paragraph "The Lucknow-Rae Bareli Road is now Provincial and so are the following roads within the municipality :—

La Touche Road.

Butler Road.

The Gomti River Bank Road, and Charbagh-Sitapur Branch Road.

Page 56.—LOCAL METALLED ROADS.

Add at end of paragraph—"The Lucknow-Sultanpur Road is now metalled for 21 miles and it is proposed to metal the remaining small portion lying within the district in the next two years. The Lucknow-Bijnor Road has been metalled for five miles up to Bijnor village and the Mohanlalganj-Maurawan Road has also been metalled. A start was made in 1913 with the metalling of the Maliahabad-Mohan Road.

The city municipal metalled roads are referred to on page 222.

Page 57.

Change the marginal title from "second class" "to unmetalled roads."

In line 3 *for* 'second' *read* 'third.'

In line 7 *for* 'eleven' *read* "seven" and *strike off the* 's' in "portions."

Cancel line 8 and the words "border and that" in line 9 and *substitute* "road."

Cancel the word "from" in line 10, the next line, and the first three words in line 12.

In line 15 after "Malihabad" *add* "a portion of which has been metalled."

In line 16 after "Hardoi" *add* "the Rahimabad-Mal. Itaunja Mohona-Kursi Road and the Nigohan-Nagram-Salempur Road."

Cancel the word "and" in the same line and *substitute* "The third class roads are."

In line 18 *cancel* the sentence commencing "The second class roads" and following sentence.

In line 22 *for* "a second" *read* "a third."

In line 24 *cancel* the sentence commencing "a third is that."

Page 58.

Cancel the marginal title and run the paragaph on after the preceding paragraph.

Page 58.—WATER WAYS.

In line 1 *for* "is" *read* "was."

In line 4 after "direct season" *add* :—"but the construction of the weir below the Paper Mills in the city of Lucknow has changed this and split the navigable area into two except during the rains when the river is in flood."

In the same line *for* "are" *read* "which were" and in the next line after "course" *add*—"have been still more diminished by the weir."

In line 11 after "respect" *add* :—

"While old photographs reveal the fact that a small two or three-masted sailing vessel of the brigantine type had got as far as the Chattar Manzil."

Add at the end of paragraph :—

"The river traffic has continued to decrease with the improvement of the district roads and additions to the railway system, but firewood still comes down from the upper reaches in large quantities."

Page 59.—FERRIES AND BRIDGES.

In line 2 *for* the words "oldest is the" *read* "old and picturesque" and in line 3 at the end of the sentence *add* :—was demolished in 1911. In its place a bridge of re-enforced concrete and stone has been built slightly to the west of the site of the old stone bridge. The new bridge was opened by His Excellency

the Viceroy on the 10th January, 1914. It has a traffic-way of 22′ with pavements on each side and cost nearly three lakhs."

Page 60.

First line *for* the words "are still visible" *read* "were removed about two years ago to clean up the river bed."

In line 5 after "Bibiapur" *add*—

"There are also two pontoon bridges over the Gumti within municipal limits: one at Gaughât about a mile above the new bridge and one immediately above the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway bridge at Wilayati Bagh. These have to be removed during the rains when the river rises."

A weir has been constructed across the Gumti a little to the east of the Paper Mills in order to raise the level above the weir during the dry season on sanitary grounds and to give a better river frontage within the city.

The weir was completed in 1913-14 at a cost of Rs. 1,31,953. It is 276 ft. across from flank to flank and consists of 31 crest gates or shutters with a sluice against the right flank.

Of the crest gates 28 are each 8 ft. long and three each 8 ft. 8 inches long; all are 5 ft. 9 inches high above the top of the crest wall which is about 2 ft. above the bed of the river, the sluice gate is 20 ft. long and there is a 6-ft. pier between this and the last crest gate.

The sluice gate is raised and lowered by an overhead crab and winch and the crest gates are raised by means of a travelling crane. Each gate is held in position by a strut fitted on the downstream face which engages a tumbler fixed in the floor of the weir. Each tumbler is connected with a lever, which, when depressed, automatically releases the strut and so allows the gate to fall. To provide for the force required to depress the levers they have been arranged so that the lever of each gate is operated on by the preceding gate, which in falling comes in contact with it. The gates are raised one by one, starting with the one nearest the left flank, the tumbler of which is kept locked in position by a hand-operated lever fixed on the left flank wall. To drop the gates (which can only be really satisfactorily done when the weir is full and the levers, downstream, are entirely above the downstream water level) the lever on the left flank wall is smartly

pushed forward; this releases the tumbler of the first gate, which immediately falls from the pressure of the upstream water and in falling depresses the lever and so releases the tumbler of the second gate, which falls on to the next lever and so the operation is repeated automatically till all the gates are down . . .

When all the crest gates are up and the weir is full the water level is raised about 7 feet 9 inches (at the weir) and this affects the level of the river to a distance of about fourteen miles upstream.

Page 60.—FERRIES.

In line 10 *cancel* from the sentence beginning "The ferries of the district" to the end of the paragraph and *substitute*—

There are now 17 public ferries over the Gumti, of which 14 are managed by the district board and three lying within the city by the municipal board. The right to collect tolls at these ferries is leased out annually. There are also four private ferries over the Gumti in tahsil Lucknow and one in tahsil Mohanlalganj.

Page 62.—CENSUS OF 1901.

Cancel the first sentence.

In line 2 *cancel* the word "then" and after "enumerated" *add* :—"in 1901."

In line 9 *for* "prerence" *read* "presence."

Add in margin—"Census of 1911" and opposite it—

CENSUS OF 1911.

"The last census took place on the 10th March, 1911. The total population of the district was then 764,411, a decrease of 3·6 per cent. in ten years with a drop in the density per square mile of 30·7.

At the time of this census there were 930 inhabited towns and villages in the district. Of these, 819 had a population of under 100, 85 between 100 and 2,000, 23 between 2,000 and 5,000, and two of over 5,000.

In line 11 *for* "12,278" *read* "12,732."

Page 62.—URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION.

For the figures "36·8" in line 3 *read* "37·2."

In line 5 *for* the figures "25·5" *read* "24·1."

In line 6 *for* the figures "90·24 *read* "90·49"

In line 6 *for* "rapid" *read* "partial" and in line 7 *for* "which" *read* "this."

Page 63.—THE CITY POPULATION.

In line 7 after "census" *add*—"The actual rise was only 11,725 out of the total district rise of 77,399, whereas it should have been about 25,000."

The next ten years saw a drop again, the figures being 264,049. This is all the more noteworthy because the district total showed an increase of 19,078.

In line 15 *erase* the word "last."

In line 16 *erase* the words "there was an actual" and *substitute* "the."

In line 17 *cancel* "but this."

In line 19 before "The recorded" *add*—"At the last census."

In line 20 *for* the figures "264,049" *read* "259,798" and *for* the figures "240,649" *read* "240,016."

In line 21 *for* the figures "23,400" *read* "19,782."

In line 21 after "cantonments" *add*—

"The decrease therefore, as far as the city proper goes, is purely nominal, as cantonments accounted for 3,618 out of the total drop of 4,251."

Page 63.—THE CITY POPULATION.

In line 22 *for* "28·86" *read* "29·43."

In line 23 *for* "9·25" *read* "10·58."

In line 26 *for* "2920·5, *read* "2207·6."

In line 27 *for* "4·2" *read* "3·9."

In line 28 *cancel* from "that is" to the end of the sentence.

Page 63.—SEX.

Cancel from beginning of paragraph to "Unao" in line 6 on next page and *substitute*—

"Of the total population of the district at the last census 411,799 were males and 352,612 females. From the first census in 1869 up to the census in 1901 there was a constant tendency for the proportionate number of females to approach that of males, but the last census shows a considerable set-back, the females showing a decrease of 25,680 out of the total district decrease of 28,830 and the percentage has now dropped to 85·6,

the lowest on record. In the city of Lucknow, excluding cantonments, the drop is even greater, the figure being 82·5 and if cantonments are included the abnormal figure of 79·4 is reached."

Page 64.—BIRTHPLACE.

For the figures "83·24" in line 4 *read* "81·5."

Page 54.—RELIGIONS.

Cancel the first sentence and *substitute* :—

"Classifying the whole population according to religions, there were in 1911, 592,260 Hindus, 160,697 Musalmans, 8,660 Christians, 536 Jains, 1,013 Aryas, 1,031 Sikhs, 168 Parsis, 24 Buddhists, 8 Brahmos and 14 Jews."

Page 65.

In line 3 *for* "61,244" *read* "61,580" and for "13" in line 4 *read* "14."

Page 65.—CITY RELIGIONS.

In the city there were 134,381 Hindus, 99,117 Musalmans, 4,496 Christians, 510 Jains, 848 Aryas, 160 Parsis, 484 Sikhs, 8 Brahmos, 8 Buddhists, and 4 Jews. In cantonments there were 10,714 Hindus, 4,461 Musalmans, 4,026 Christians, 536 Sikhs, and a few others.

In the city every denomination shows a considerable increase except the Hindus, while in cantonments there is a drop except in Christians.

Page 65.—MUSALMANS.

In line 5 *cancel* the words "had since" and in the next line *for* the words "at the last census" *read* "in 1901, but it has risen in the past 10 years to 21 per cent."

Page 66.—SHEIKHS.

In line 3 *for* "49,905" *read* "54,938" and "34·1."

Page 66.—PATHANS,

In line 2 for "26,031" *read* "26,431" and for "1901" *read* "1911" and *for* "sixteen' *read* "16·4".

For the sentence commencing "Nearly four-fifths" in line 3 *substitute*—"The bulk of the Pathans are to be found in the Lucknow tahsil while above two thirds of these are in the city itself."

Page 67.—SAYEDS.

For "17418" in line 1 *read* "17,103."

Page 67.—MUGHALS.

For "1901" in line 2 *read* "1911" and *for* "11,714" *read* "11,466" and *cancel* the rest of the sentence after "persons."

Page 68.—OTHER MUSALMANS.

In line 2 *erase* the words "Benas and" *for* "both of whom" *read* "who."

In line 5 *cancel* the sentence commencing "No other."

In line 10 *cancel* from "there" to the end of the paragraph.

Page 68.—MUSALMAN SECTS.

For the words "at the" at the end of the last line of the page *substitute.* "In 1901 they numbered."

Page 69.

Line 1 *cancel* the words "present time they number" and *for* "is" *read* "was."

In line 2 *for* "are" *read* "were" and after "females" *add* "The census tables for 1911 do not give the sextarian division."

Page 69.

Line 8 *add* at the end of the sentence "and also in the Imambara of the Mir Baqar Saudagar endowment."

Page 69.—HINDUS.

Cancel the sentence in the line 9 commencing "There is."

Page 69.—PARSIS.

In line 1 *for* "84,494" *read* "88,798."

In line 2 *for* "or over thirteen" *read* "just under fifteen."

In line 13 *for* "1195" *read* 1173."

Page 70.—AHIRS.

In line 1 for "76,828" *read* "73,824."

Page 70.—CHAMARS.

In line 1 *for* "74,660" *read* "76,527".

In line 2 *for* "less" *read* "more" and *for* "twelve" *read* "thirteen."

Page 71.—LODHS.

For "56,795" in line 2 *read* "49,886."

Page 71.—KURMIS.

For "22,378" *read* "20,901."

Page 71.—MURAOS.

For "19,923" in line 3 *read* "17,724."

Page 72.

Cancel to the end of the sentence after "rise" in line 2 and *substitute* "to a considerable height."

In line 9 *for* "numbered 347" *read* "numbered 3,205".

KORIS.

In line 2 *for* "1901" *read* "1911."

In line 3 *for* "20,688" *read* "20,083."

TAMBOLIS.

Cancel from "and a considerable" in line 4 to the end of the sentence.

Page 73.—BRAHMANS.

For "45,645" in line 1 *read* "41,129."

RAJPUTS.

For "29,903" in line 1 *read* "24,209."

Page 74.—KYASTHS.

For "17,694" in line 2 *read* "17,244."

Page 75.—BANIAS.

For "16,954" in line 1 *read* "13,428."

KHATTARIS.

For "2,894" in line 2 *read* "3,763" and cancel from "a figure" to the end of the sentence *substituting* "the highest figure in the provinces."

Page 76.—OTHER HINDOOS.

In line 18 *cancel* "and Sonars" and *add* "and" before "Kumhars."

In line 19 *for* "1,146" *read* "2,665".

Cancel the paragraph and *substitute*—

* *Pages* 76 *and* 77—ARYAS.

"The Arya Samaj whilst still of very little importance in the district has improved its numbers to a considerable extent, the total having risen to 1,011 as against 578 at the last census. The Kyasths provide more than one-third of the whole and with the Rajputs and Brahmans make a total of 706. The Khattris formerly used to furnish a good proportion, but have fallen off tremendously since the last census, the number being now only 44. There are two lodges in the district. Most of the Aryas reside in Lucknow city and a well built lodge has been erected in Ganeshganj since the last census.

Page 77.—BRAHMAN.

Cancel this paragraph.

Page 77.—CHRISTIANS.

In line 3 *for* " 7,247 " *read* " 8,660."

In line 4 cancel from " a figure " to the end of the line and substitute : " the highest figure ".

In line 5 *for* " 3614 " *read* " 4496."

In line 7 *for* " 4298 " *read* " 5215."

In line 8 *for* " Eurasian 799 " *read* " Anglo Indian 1222" and for " 2150" *read* " 2223" " and for native " read " Indians." Cancel the sentence commencing " there was."

In line 11 *for* " native " *read* " Indian " and for " 846 " *read* " 631 ".

In line 12 *for* " 562 " *read* " 555."

In line 13 *for* " 363 " *read* " 422 " and *for* " 152 " *read* " 24."

In line 18 after " Government " add : " It has been extended and improved since then."

In line 20 after " change " *read* " this has since been pulled down and replaced by a fine commodious church on modern architectural lines."

Add at the end of the sentence. " This is being replaced by a new church now nearing completion."

Pages 77 *and* 78.—CHURCH MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

Cancel existing paragraph and substitute :—The Church Missionary Society has a large establishment in Lucknow. There are three clergymen, one of whom is an Indian. One of the Europeans is in charge of a number of Indian preachers and also supervises a free library situated near the Chauk which is frequented daily by a number of young men. Another has charge of the Mission High School. It was opened originally in 1859 as a Middle School but some 20 years ago was moved to a site close to the Kaiserbagh. The present fine building is largely the work of the Rev. A. I. Birkett, for many years Manager of the School, and now houses some 400 boys. In 1913 a large hostel for both christian and non-christian boys together with a residence for the manager of the school and provided with spacious playing grounds was built in Cantonment Road, not far

from the school. There is also an Anglo-Vernacular middle school near the city station worked by the mission, and a mixed school is held in the church compound. The headquarters are known as Zahur Bakhsh, a pre-mutiny building, said to have been built by one of the royal family of Oudh and in this church of the Epiphany at Lucknow, a handsome Gothic structure of red brick with a fine spire. The congregation consists chiefly of Eurasians and Indian Christians. Working in connection with the Church Missionary Society is a branch of the Zenana Bible and Medical Mission, which also has a station at Nigohan. The staff consists of six European missionaries and a number of native assistants and teachers. The principal institution of this mission is the Lady Kinnaird Memorial Hospital in Shah Mina. This hospital was considerably enlarged in 1897, and has some 40 beds for in-patients. The dispensary is open daily, and is attended by a large number of out-patients."

PAGE 79.—OTHER MISSIONS.

Cancel the existing paragraph and *substitute* :—"The remaining missions deserving of mention in Lucknow comprise the Wesleyan Methodist Mission to which a high school situated in cantonments is attached.

There is a church for Indian communicants on Banks Road and a church in cantonments, which is used for both English and Indian services.

The high school is recognized for the school leaving certificate examination and has a hostel attached to it. There are three girls' schools in Lucknow and a female dispensary at Amethi.

The number of native communicants is about 200.

The mission owns the Memorial Soldiers' Home in cantonments on Napier Road. There is also the Roman Catholic Mission, which has two churches: one in the cantonments and one in the Civil Lines. There are also three schools attached to this mission, the Loreto Convent with 115 pupils, St. Agnes' School with 120 pupils, and St. Francis' School with 110 pupils."

Page 79.—OCCUPATION.

In line 4 *for* "52·2" *read* "54·8."

In line 5 *for* "53·8" *read* "59·4" and *for* "46·2" *read* "40·6." For "70·7" in line 2 *read* "78·5."

Page 80.

In line 13 *for* "19·6" *read* "18·02."

In line 16 *for* "1·2" *read* "7·6."

In line 17 *for* "2·5" *read* "2·4."

In line 25 *for* "3·33" *read* "2·7."

In line 26 *for* "9·11" *read* "4·4" and after "per cent." *cancel* to the words "per cent" in the next line.*

In the last line *add* the word "usually" before "paid."

Page 83.—THEATRICALS.

Cancel this paragraph and *substitute*—

"Dramatic performances have always been very popular in Lucknow but the hard-and-fast rule of having no females in theatrical companies has begun to weaken and the companies which can boast an actress are decidedly more popular than the old-fashioned ones. Oriental adaptations of Shakespeare's plays lengthened out by insets—caricaturing almost every phase of English and Indian life—form the principal part of the repertoires of the theatrical companies who come to Lucknow, but one can still see "Ali Baba and the forty thieves" and similar favourite Indian plays. The majority of the theatrical companies are managed by and composed of, Parsees, the excellence of whose acting and scenery is well known."

WRESTLING.

In line 11 *cancel* the word "is" and *substitute* "used to be."

In line 12 *for* "attend" *read* "attended."

In line 13 *for* "came" *read* "come" and *for* "are" *read* "were."

In line 14 *for* "are" *read* "were."

In line 15 *for* "come" *read* "came."

In line 16 after "Cawnpore" *add* "but this is a thing of the past now and wrestling tournaments on a large scale are very rare."

In line 17 *cancel* the word "inferior" and after "wrestler" *add* "mostly of a poor order."

Page 84.—KITE-FLYING.

In line 1 before "season" *add* "real."

In line 1 after " flying " *cancel* the words " is more particularly " and *substitute* " starts at the close of the Ramzan and reaches its height."

In line 2 after " year " *add* " more or less."

In line 9 *for* " a " *substitute* " not the."

In line 10 *cancel* " of the poorer classes " and *substitute* " that it was."

In line 12 *for* " are " *substitute* " used to be."

In line 13 *for* " will " *read* " used to."

Page 85.—HABITATIONS.

In line 2 *for* " 156·83 " *read* " 178·08."

In line 3 *for* " solely " *read* " largely."

In line 4 *for* " rose to " *read* " was " and *for* " 2920·5 " *read* " 2207·6 " and after that figure *add* " the actual number of houses per square mile in the district is " 115·4 " and *cancel* the next sentence.

In line 6 *for* " 5·18 " *read* " 4·4. "

In line 7 *for* " about " *read* " below."

Page 86.

Add at the end of the paragraph :—

" Brick houses are slowly gaining ground in areas where a suitable clay for making bricks is available."

Page 86.—LANGUAGE.

In line, 5 *for* " 1901 " *read* " 1911 " and for " 7991 " *read* " 7,740."

In line 16 *for* " 1907 " *read* " 2,104 " and for " 71 " *read* " 87."

In line 17 *for* " 19 " *read* " 31 " *for* " 5 " *read* " 25 " and *for* " 7 " *read* " 13."

Page 86.—LITERATURE

In line 6 *cancel* from " five " to the end of the sentence and *substitute* " 47 registered newspapers and periodicals, the majority of these being in the vernacular."

In line 10 *for* " 1250 " *read* " 2,700 " and for " several English gentlemen " in this and the next line *read* " the Raja of Mahmoodabad."

In lines 12 and 13 for " Ganga Prasad Varma " *read* " Thakur Pirthipal Singh, Taluqdar of Surajpur " and *for* " 1,100 " *read*

"1,000." *Cancel* the sentence commencing: "The Express" in lines 14 and 15 and the sentence following it.

Page 87.

Cancel the last two sentences of the paragraph.

Page 87.—VERNACULAR PERIODICALS.

For "five" in line 1 *read* "three."

For "800" in line 4 *read* "1,000" and *cancel* the sentence commencing "The *Oudh Samachar*" and the sentence following it.

In lines 13 and 14 *cancel* the words "Urdu monthly published" and *substitute* "a monthly ;published (——) both in Urdu and Hindi."

In lines 14 and 15 *for* the sentence commencing "The *Hindustani*" *read* "The Urdu weekly the '*Hindustani*,' which used to be a reproduction of the '*advocate*' has been purchased by the 'Friends of Indian Society."

In line 16 et seq. *cancel* the sentence commencing "The Shams-i-Oudh Press."

In line 25 *for* "Mazhar-ul-Ajaid" *read* "Asna Ashri" and after "press" *cancel* the remainder of the sentence and *substitute* "it is owned by Syed Bunyad Ali."

In line 27 *cancel* from the first word to the end of the sentence and *substitute* "owned by Uma Charan Banerji and published by Babu Ajit Pershad at the Anglo-Oriental Press."

In line 28 *cancel* the sentence commencing "the *Al Bayan****" ending with "500 copies" on page 88.

Page 88.

In line 3 *for* "2,000" *read* "1,000."

In lines 4 and 5 for "Kashi Pershad Press in Ganeshganj," *read* "Aryar Mohammadi Press" and *cancel* from the next sentence to the end of the paragraph. *Add* at the end of the paragraph—

In addition to the above, there are the *All India Shia Gazette* published and printed by Syed Yad Ali, the proprietor, at its own press; *Al nazir* a Sunni paper, published by the proprietor, Sakhawat Ali, at its own press; the *Al Nadwa*, published by Syed Abdul Hai from the Asi Press; the *Al Najm*, a Sunni paper, published by Mohammad Abdul Shakoor, the proprietor, from the

Umdatul Matabi Press; the *Nagari Pacharak,* a Hindi paper, owned by Uma Charan Banerji and published by him from the Anglo-Oriental Press; the *Sayara,* published by the proprietor, Syed Shabbir Hasan, from the 'Ahsan Press.' Then there are a considerable number of semi-religious periodicals published from the Methodist Publishing House Press and the International Tract Society Press. Finally a District Gazette was started in 1913 and is issued fortnightly under demi-official management. It is chiefly composed of official and quasi-official matter.

Page 91.—SALEMPUR.

In line 6 *for* "Raja Haji Shaban Ali Khan Taluqdar" *read* "Syed Ahmad Ali Khan."

In line 7 *for* "24" *read* "22."

In line 10 *for* "Rs. 48,566" *read* Rs. "41,411-8-0."

For the words in the last line of the paragraph. "He is an honorary magistrate" *read* "He was an honorary magistrate, as is his son, the present taluqdar."

AHMAMAU.

For first two sentences *read* "The present owners of the Ahmamau taluqa are Kaniz Fatima Begam, Qamar Jahan Begam."

In line 5 *for* "six" and "four" *read* 'two' and 'one.'

In line 6 *for* "two villages and five" *read* "ten."

In line 7 *for* "Rs. 12,558" *read* "Rs. 9,206-5-0."

Page 92.

Last line, *for* "15" *read* "13" and *cancel* "and 9 pattis."

In line 1 *for* "21,278" *read* "19,176."

Page 93.

In line 6 *for* "Ahmad Khan is still" *read* "Ishaq Khan, the son of Ahmad Khan, is now."

In line 7 *for* "11" *read* "4."

In line 8 *cancel* "and three pattis" and for "18,064" *read* "7,863."

In lines 8 and 9 *cancel* the last sentence.

In line 13 *for* "2556" *read* "1810."

In line 14 *for* "one patti" *read* "two pattis."

In line 15 *for* "168" *read* "709-11-0."

In line 17 *for* "twelve" *read* "eleven" and *for* "13,375" *read* "14,231."

Page 93.—GHASIPUR.

Cancel the first two sentences and *substitute*—"Of the six Sheikh taluqdars only two are resident in this district. Chaudhri Mohammad Husain, Kazim Husain, and Murtaza Husain succeeded their mother, Fatim-un-nisa, the former taking the title, but the property was distributed between the three brothers and the present holder of the title owns only one-third of the original estate. Kazim Husain is dead and has been succeeded by his son. Murtaza Husain is also dead, and as he died without issue, his property was sold on account of debt and has been purchased by the Raja of Mahmoodabad. This taluqa also includes three villages and one patti in the Bara Banki district known as Ganaura and Palhri and pays a total revenue of Rs. 7,458."

Page 94.

In the third sentence *for* "she comes" *substitute*—"Chaudhri Mohammad Husain."

In last line of paragraph *for* "the present owner" *substitute* "the late Fatim-un-nisa."

Page 94.—GAURIA KALAN.

In line 3 *for* "six" *read* "four."

In line 4 *for* "5,050" *read* "3,978."

In line 6 *cut out* "Ashraf Husain" and *add* at the end of the line "and Wahid-ud-din Haider and Imam-ud-din Haider, the sons of a third brother, 'Ashraf Husain,' who is dead."

Page 94.—OTHER SHEIKH TALUQDAR.

In line 1 after "Raja" *add* "Sir" and before C. S.I., *add* "K."

In line 2 *for* "four" *read* "one" and in line 3 for "4,467" *read* "3,845."

In the last line *for* "2,465" *read* "2,900."

In the first line *for* "This" *read* "The."

In line 12 *cancel* the words "and two pattis."

In line 13 *for* "1,892" *read* "2,470"

Page 95.—PANWARS OF ITAUNJA.

In line 5 *for* "53" *read* "51."

In line 6 *cancel* the words "and three pattis."

In line 8 *for* "40,473" *read* "41,225."

Page 97.

Add after 1886 at end of first paragraph "He is an honorary Magistrate with 3rd class powers."

Page 97.—PANWARS OF MAHONA.

In first line *for* "23" *read* "24" and *cancel* the word "and" at the end of line.

In line 2 *cancel* the words "three pattis."

In line 4 *for* "19,190" *read* "21,367."

In lines 4 and 5 *cancel* the words "Maharaja Rani, the widow of Jadunath Singh," and *substitute*—"Chandrika Bux Singh."

Page 98.—PANWARS OF MAHONA.

After "Jadunath Singh" at end of paragraph *add* "who has in turn been succeeded by the present holder, Chandrika Bux Singh."

Page 98.—JANWAR TALUQA.

In line 3 *for* "six" *read* "four" and *cancel* the words "and eight pattis."

In line 11 *for* "five" *read* "six" and *for* "four" *read* "three."

In line 12 *for* "4,600" *read* "4,116."

In first paragraph *cancel* the last two sentences and *substitute*—"He is an honorary magistrate with 3rd class powers."

Page 99.—BAIS TALUQDARS.

In line 13 *for* "three pattis" *read* "four villages."

In line 14 *for* "25" *read* "1,315."

Page 100.—BHARAWAN.

In lines 1 and 2 *for* "Raja Madho Singh" *read* "Rani Deo Kunwar."

In line 2 *for* "Sarabjit Singh" *read* "Jaggatjit Singh."

In line 4 *cancel* the words "and three pattis" and *for* "4,311" *read* "2,515."

In line 5 *for* "His" *read* "Her."

In line 6 *for* "his" *read* "her."

In line 10 *for* "Ahraura" *read* "Lahru."

In line 11 *for* "1705" *read* "1815."

NANDAULI.

In line 4 *for* " 5,035 " *read* " 5,460."

BIRSINGHPUR.

In line 6 *for* " three " *read* " 19 " and *cancel* the words " and eleven " at end of line.

In line 7 *cancel* the word " pattis " and *for* " 5,817 " *read* " 11,265."

AJODHIA.

In line 1 *for* " is " *read* " was."

After " Ajodhia " in the last line on the page *add* " who has been succeeded by his widow, " Maharani Jagdamba Devi " and *for* " He " *read* " She."

Page 101.

In line 1 after " district " *read* " and the little property she had in this district has been sold."

SISSAINDI.

In line 2 *for* " 28 " *read* " 33 " and *for* " 5 " *read* " 3."

In line 4 *for* " 22" *read* " 23 " and *for* " 4 " *read* " one."

In line 6 *for* " 57,832 " *read* " 72,677."

MAINAHAR KATRA.

In line 1 *for* " Bilas Kunwar " *read* " Sheorani Kunwar."

In last line *for* " 371," *read* " 712-13-0."

Page 102.—KHATRIS OF MAURANWAN.

In line, 5 and 6 for " Lala Jamna Pershad and Lala Bisheshar Pershad " *substitute* " Lala Shankar Sahai and Lala Ganesh Pershad."

MASWASI.

In line one *for* " Harcharan Das " *read* " Sant Rain Das."

In line 5 *for* " 2478 " *read* " 2,748."

In line 6 *for* " Gur Narain " *read* " Har Charan " and after " Das " *add* " whose predecessor, Mahant Gur Narain Dass " and in the same line *cancel* the word " who."

Cancel the last sentence of this paragraph.

KYASTH TALUQDARS.

In line 9 after ' Fyzabad ' *add* " who died about a year ago " and *for* " owns " *read* " owned " and *add* at end of sentence " which has been given to his younger sons, Ramapat Ram and

Tulsipat Ram. The eldest son Sitapat Ram has succeeded to the Rasalpur property and the title."

Cancel the last two sentences in this paragraph.

Page 106.—CESSES.

Patwari rate was abolished on 31st March, 1906. The only Government cesses are now the local rate and the rural police rate calculated at 5 per cent. and 4½ per cent. respectively on the annual value of land, the "annual" value being taken as double the land revenue assessed on the land. The local rate money is now paid over to the district board, and the police rate money to provincial funds.

Page 109.—DISTRICT STAFF.

In line 17 for "eleven" read "twelve."

In line 18 after "Magistrates" *add* "in three benches of four each" and after "individually" *add* "first."

In line 22 insert a comma after Salempur, *cancel* the word "and" and *add* an "s" taluqdar.

In line 23 before "each" *add* "Purseni, Gopal Khera, and the Raja of Itaunja."

In line 24 after "estate" *add* "There is also an honorary assistant collector for the Lucknow tahsil, who holds his court in the city."

Page 109.—CIVIL COURTS.

Cancel the sentence commencing "There is" in line 4 and *substitute* there are 21 village munsifs.. Eleven in tahsil Maliabad, five in tahsil Lucknow, and five in tahsil Mohanlalganj. They are competent to try civil suits of small value; the limits of their jurisdiction vary, the highest being Rs. 200."

Page 110.

In lines 7 to 9 *cancel* "The Inspector-General of Registration and Stamps, the Superintendent of the Provincial Survey" and *substitute*—

"The Director of the Land Records and Agriculture, the Civil Veterinary Department, the Electrical Inspector to Government."

Page 110.—GARRISON.

In line 3 *for* "Oudh Military district" *read* "8th (Lucknow) Military Division including the Comptroller of Military Accounts."

In line 5 after "artillery" *add* "an ammunition column."

In line 6 after "cavalry" *add* "with another shortly to be added."

In line 6 for "a" read "two," *add* an "s" after "battalion," and after "infantry 8" *add* "There are also a mule corps, 8 companies of the army bearer corps, and one company of the army hospital corps."

In line 7 after 'Lucknow" *add* "the head quarters and."

In line 8 after "volunteers" *add* "the headquarters and."

In line 9 *for* "Oudh Volunteers" read "Lucknow Volunteer Rifles" and for "one troop" to the end of the sentence *substitute*, "the Oudh squadron of the 1st regiment of the United Provinces Horse."

In line 12 *for* "Oudh District" *read* "Division."

Page 117.—POLICE.

In line 4 *for* "1903" *read* "1914."

In line 5 *for* "49" *read* "48" *for* "72" read "140" and for "889" *read* "1,329" *cancel* to the end of the paragraph and *substitute*—

"Of these, 5 sub-inspectors, 44 head constables, and 314 constables belonged to the armed police; 1 sub-inspector, 1 head constable, and 32 constables to the Mounted Police, and 42 sub-inspectors, 95 head constables and 983 constables to the Civil Police. Besides the above, there were 82 road and 1,122 village chaukidars.

The European officers consist of the District Superintendent, two Assistant Superintendents, two inspectors and three sergeants. The reserve police lines are located at Badshahbagh and the office in the Deputy Commissioner's Kutchery in the Roshan-ud-dowla Kothi."

Page 118.—POLICE CIRCLES.

In line one for "districts" *read* "circles."

In line 2 after "corresponding" *add* "as nearly as possible" and after words *add* "of which there are eight."

Page 120.—EXCISE.

In lines 1 and 2 *cancel* the words "is, as it has long been" and *substitute* "was."

In line 2 after "system" *add* until 1909, when the contract system was introduced, Messrs. E. Dyer & Co., the well known brewers, hold the contract.

In line 3 *for* "is" *read* "was" and *cancel* the sentence commencing "the Kalwars" and the two sentences following.

In lines 21 and 22 *cancel* the words "the present building."

In line 23 after "year" *add* "this building is now being made over to the municipality."

In line 26 *for* "1902" *read* "1914."

In line 27 *for* "Rs. 4,80,000" *read* "Rs. 7,50,000."

Page 121.—HEMP DRUGS.

In line 10 *for* "is" *read* "was."

In line 11 *for* "are" *read* "were."

In line 12 *cancel* "are."

Add at end of paragraph—

"The system now in force is modified from the latter. A single contractor is employed and he grants licences to retail vendors under the countersignature of the Deputy Commissioner. '*Bhang*' is taken direct to the contractor, who distributes it, the duty being paid in the districts where it was produced. Ganja and *charas* are taken to the bonded warehouse and after the duty thereon has been paid, are issued to the contractor, who supplies the retail vendors direct."

'Cocaine' is now consumed in the city to a considerable extent. Licences are necessary to retail cocaine and these are granted by the district officer. Legally cocaine can only be obtained from a licensed vendor or direct from Europe. Licensed vendors are only allowed to supply this drug on the prescription of a qualified medical practitioner, but this rule is in all probability frequently evaded.

Page 121.—TARI.

In line 4 *for* "has been" *read* "was."

In line 6 *cancel* the word "has."

In line 7 *for* "has risen" *read* "rose."

Page 122.

In line 1 *for* "take" *read* "took" and for "are" *read* "were."

In line 2 *for* "tap" *read* "tapped."

In line 3 *for* "demand" *read* "demanded."

In line 4 *cancel* the words "it seems probable that."

In line 5 *for* "will have to be" *read* "was" and *add* after "abandoned" and a system of farming by parganas has been

introduced. The farmer sublets the retail shops, granting licences under the countersignature of the Deputy Commissionner. The licensees have to make their own arrangements for the supply of the liquor.

Page 123.—STAMPS.

In line 4 *cancel* " best " and after year *add* " ending 1911-12."

In line 7 *for* "Rs. 2,72,500" *read* "3,72,496" and *for* "66,250" *read* "72,643".

In line 8 *for* " Rs. 2,03,600 " *read* " Rs. 2,35,073."

In line 10 *for* " 2,600 " *read* "2,780."

Page 123.—POST OFFICES.

In lines 7 and 8 *for* "twelve" *read* "twenty" *cancel* the words "including that of the Postmaster General of the provinces."

In line 10 *for* " seventeen " *read* " twenty-eight."

In line 12 *for* " thirteen " *read* " nineteen."

Add at end of paragraph :—

" A fine new building has been erected on a site south and slightly to the east of the Bank of Bengal fronting on the Mall to accommodate the office of the Postmaster-General of the new Post Telegraph department of the United Provinces. The postal administrative and kindred offices of the Lucknow Postal Division will also be located in this building."

Page 123.—LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

In line 4 *for* "five" *read* "three" and *cancel* the word "Bijnaur."

In line 5 *cancel* " the word Goshainganj " and for " Act XX of 1856 " *read* " the United Provinces Town Areas Act of 1914."

Page 125.—THE PRESENT BOARD.

In line 10 *for* " 19·61 " *read* " 18·85."

In line 11 *for* " six " *read* " eight."

In line 12 after " conterminous" *read* " as far as possible " *cancel* the last two sentences of this paragraph and *substitute* " Each ward returns three members."

Page 125.—INCOME AND EXPENDITURE.

In line 6 *for* " 1901 " *read* " 1911-12."

In line 7 *for* " 2,86,000 *read* 4,69,625."

Page 126.

In line 2 after " year " *add* " and."

In line 3 *for* "90,000" *read* "1,42,018" and *cancel* the remainder of the sentence.

Page 127.

In line 1 after "stream" *add* "known as Gaughat."

In line 2 *for* "through the main" *read* "through a rising main."

In line 3 before "tanks" *add* "settling" and for "city" *read* "water-works distribution station."

In line 4 *for* "distribute" *read* "distributed."

In line 6 after "1894" *add* Since then the original plant has been very considerably augmented, while the distribution system has practically doubled itself, there now being sixty-one and a half miles of service pipes, giving a maximum supply of four millions of water in the hot weather.

An experiment with tube wells has resulted in the discovery of a reliable supply of good wholesome water about 160 below the ground surface within the water-works enclosure: arrangements are being made to sink a number of these wells.

It is believed that the supply is a permanent one and unlimited. If this proves correct, it will be possible to do away with the intake station at Gaughat and the filteration plant at Aishbagh and thus effect a large saving in the cost of the town water-supply.

Add a marginal title.

Page 127.—"CITY DRAINAGE."

After water-works and opposite it :—

The original drainage of the city seems to have consisted of five main *nalas* or natural watercourses having their outlet into the Gumti. In the times of the kings of Oudh these were supplemented by underground drains, now known as "Nawabi" drains, that discharge into the main *nalas*. These *nalas* were—

(1) *Nagaria*—On the north-west of the city, now known as Sarkatta nala no. 3.

(2) *Chowk or Gaughat.*—This drained the whole of the area west of Victoria Street from Saadatganj to the Chowk. It consists of the main drains now known as Sarkatta nala no. 1 and Sarkatta nala no. 2.

(3) *The Pata Nallah*—Draining the area between Victoria Street and Canning Street, starting from Aishbagh and having its outfall near the Rumi Darwaza.

(4) *The Aminabad Nallah*—Now known as the Maulviganj main drain. This drains the whole of Wazirganj.

(5) *The Ghasiarimandi Nallah*—Now the Ghasiarimandi main drain. This drains the area east of Aminabad.

Since 1872 proposals have constantly been made for the amelioration of the city drainage, but very little was accomplished till 1901-04, when two minor schemes for the drainage of Kandhari bazaar and Narhai were carried out. It was decided in 1902 to prepare projects to cover the areas dealt with by the old *nalas* mentioned.

Estimates were prepared accordingly for the Pata Nala, Maulviganj, Ghasiarimandi, Husainganj, and Sarkatta Nalas Nos. 1, 2, and 3 schemes. The Pata Nala and Maulviganj schemes were completed in 1909-10 at a cost of Rs. 8,43,088. During their construction it was discovered that the river was in danger of pollution from the drains. It was consequently proposed to build a large intercepting sewer to take the sullage away to below the inhabited portion of the town. The cost of this, however, proved prohibitive, and the situation was met by constructing two sewers carrying the sullage from the newly-drained areas on to sullage farms. One, 7,152 feet in length, commences at Kasai Nala Bridge and carried the sullage from the land lying between Victoria and Canning Street (the Pata Nala surface drains) down the Gaughât Road on to a sullage farm at Gullalahar. The other, 11,687 feet in length, commences at the bridge near the Wazirganj thana and carries the sullage from the land lying east of Canning Street, known as the Maulviganj, Ghasiarimandi, and Husainganj areas, down Neill Road, Hazratganj, and Narhi on to the farm near the Wingfield park. The cost of these two sewers was Rs. 1,05,525. The land at Gullalahar was however not acquired, as the cost was prohibitive and subsequently the cultivators refused to pay for the sullage which had, perforce, to go into the river. The scheme for keeping the river clean was therefore upset. Besides this, the land near the Wingfield park has been found insufficient

for the quantity of the sullage to be dealt with and it has now been decided to put in a third intercepting sewer which will pick up all the sullage from the two sewers referred to and also that from the Sarkatta Nala outlets. This sewer will carry the sullage to the bridge near the Paper Mills, where it will be pumped across the river and taken to a very large farm at Jugauli.

The Ghasiarimandi and Husainganj schemes have also been completed at a cost of about Rs. 4,70,000. The Sarkatta Nalas nos. 1, 2, and 3 schemes, estimated to cost roughly 5 lakhs each for nos. 1 and 2 and half a lakh for no. 3, still remain pending for want of funds. The drainage scheme for Husainganj has not yet been estimated.

The drains are designed for sullage only, but extensions of the sewers have been made and water-flushed latrines are now being put in and also pail dèpôts which do away with the necessity for carting night-soil from the godowns attached to latrines.

Page 127.—DISTRICT BOARD.

Cancel the first 4 sentences and *substitute*—

The District Board of Lucknow is now constituted under the United Provinces District Board's Act III of 1906. It consists of at present twelve elected members, four per tahsil, and one nominated member. The Deputy Commissioner is the chairman of the board. The Secretary is usually an officer appointed from the district staff.

Elected members retire by rotation after a period of membership of three years. The sub-divisional magistrates, as such, are not members of the board.

Page 127 *and* 128.—DISPENSARIES.

Cancel the first four sentences and *substitute* :—

" There are in the district five dispensaries managed by the district board, located at Mohanlalganj, Malihabad, Salempur, Itaunja and Amethi. In the city there are six, one called the Civil Dispensary in Hazratganj, the others at Saadatganj, Husainabad, Chaupatian, Ganeshganj ; and Kapurthala, of these Chaupatian and Husainabad are managed by the district board and also receive contributions from the Husainabad Trust ; the

rest are kept up by the municipal board. All these dispensaries are under the Civil Surgeon."

Government grants Rs. 400 annually to the civil dispensary for European medicines for Government servants.

Page 128.

After "mills" in line 12 *add* "and is managed by the district board." It has however been patronized but little and is to be replaced by a hospital in a more central position.

The Itaunja and Amethi dispensaries were established in January, 1912, and March 1914, respectively, and receive contributions from the Raja of Itaunja and Shaikh Ahmad Ali of Amethi.

Cancel the sentence commencing "Besides these dispensaries" in line 12 to the end of paragraph and *substitute*:—

"There are two private aided institutions known as the King's English Hospital, and Balrampur Hospital. The last named was founded by Maharaja Sir Drig Bijai Singh of Balrampur and was subsequently enlarged, a European wing being added, while a set of nurses quarters is now under construction.

The Government contributes Rs. 2,500 annually to this hospital. This year the Government has also granted a consolidated grant of Rs. 6,500 towards the upkeep of the European wards at the Balrampur Hospital, where all Europeans will be treated for the future, the treatment of Europeans at the King's English Hospital being closed.

One of the general wards is being converted into a ward for indigent Anglo-Indians, as the opening of the King George Hospital has diminished the demand for Indian accommodation.

Government has also sanctioned Rs. 1,000 for the construction of room at Balrampur Hospital for European lunatics.

The King's Hospitals founded and endowed by the King Nasir-ud-din Haidar, consists of two branches conducted on European and native lines, the native branch is known as the Unani Hospital and is managed by a committee. The European branch known as the King's English Hospital gets an annual Government grant of Rs. 1,500 since 1907-08.

A Tuberculin dispensary has been started in a part of the King's English Hospital as a temporary measure until a

THE CANNING COLLEGE.

The chief educational institution in the city of Lucknow is the Canning College, which forms part of the Allahabad University. It was opened as a high school on the 1st of May, 1864, in the Aminuddaula Palace and in the first year over 200 boys entered it. The taluqdars of Oudh pledge themselves to raise Rs. 25,000 annually for its support and an equal sum contributed by Government. In 1866 it was raised to the status of a college and in the following year it was affiliated to the Calcutta University for the B.A. degree and for Law in 1870. It is managed by a committee of official and non-official members presided over by the Commissioner of Lucknow. The college is now accommodated in new buildings in Badshah Bagh, which were opened by the Lieutenant-Governor, Sir John Hewett, on 17th February, 1911. The site is a fine one, and the grounds cover 90 acres. The land was presented by the Government. The buildings were designed by Sir Swinton Jacob in the Indo-Saracenic style and are plastered brick. They consist of a main block facing the river with a front 420 feet in length, flanked by two double-storeyed wings. The main building contains a convocation hall, library, and lecture rooms. The wing buildings contain, chemistry biology laboratories on one side and class rooms on the other. There is also a separate physical laboratory. There are besides a fine hostel for the students and. bungalows for the Principal and senior professors of the staff.

The cost of the new buildings excluding the hostel was about six lakhs, of which just over two lakhs were met by the sale of the old building to Government and the rest mainly by Govern ment grants-in-aid and a donation of 1½ lakhs from the Maharaja of Balrampur, who had also contributed the same amount for the construction of the hostel completed previously. The cost of maintenance of the college over and above the fees is now borne by Government and the British Indian Association. The Government share is about Rs. 68,000 and the taluqdars Rs. 52,000.

The staff consists of a Principal and eight English professors, four Indian professors, two assistant professors, and three demonstrators, in addition to three professors in the Oriental department. The college is divided in two departments known as the English

and Oriental respectively. The average attendance in the Oriental department is about 50, while that in the English is over 300. The hostel accommodates 104 students. The Oriental department is purely for Sanskrit, Arabic, and Persian. Law, History, English, Philosophy, Mathematics, Economics, Chemistry, Physics, and Biology are included in the English branch. There also are post-graduate courses for the final Allahabad University M.A. and M.Sc. degrees.

DISTRICT BOARDS SCHOOLS.

Cancel this paragraph and *substitute*—

"The district board now has nothing to do with the control of intra-municipal schools, and the municipal board has its own Superintendent of education.

The Vernacular middle school at Mahona has been transferred to Itaunja. The district board now has 46 upper primary and 29 lower primary schools and 72 lower primary schools supported by a grant-in-aid, also two girls' schools at Malihabad and Itaunja and four aided girls' schools.

The pay of teachers in primary schools has been improved and now ranges from Rs. 9 to Rs. 20 per mensem.

The district board has three training classes at Amethi, Mohanlalganj, and Itaunja for teachers for their primary schools. These are provided with boarding-houses.

The Deputy Inspector of Schools now has two assistants, known as Sub-Deputy Inspectors."

Page 130.—OTHER SCHOOLS.

Cancel the present paragraph and *substitute*—

"The educational institutions, other than those managed by the district board, are confined to the city of Lucknow. Besides the Canning College, there is a number of high schools, technical schools, etc., foremost among which comes the Reid Christian Collegiate School, which has recently been rebuilt on a much larger scale and has a fine large hostel with another now in process of construction. This institution is managed by the American Methodist Mission and is maintained from subscriptions raised, principally in America and from Government contributions. Then there is the Jubilee High School, a Government institution, which has been provided with a fine boarding-house. In addition

there are the Husainabad High School, the Queen's Anglo-Sanskrit School, the Wesleyan Mission High School, the Kali Charan High School, the Aminabad High School, and the Church Mission High School. The Kali Charan High School owes its existence to the generosity of a rich Khattri, Lala Kali Charan, who, when he died, left a sum of money for the construction and equipment of the school and an endowment for its upkeep. It has now been provided with a fine boarding-house. The institution is controlled by a committee presided over by the Deputy Commissioner. The Aminabad High School is a municipal institution and has displaced the old Anglo-Vernacular middle school in Aminabad.

The Colvin Taluqdars' School is controlled by a committee under the presidency of the Commissioner. The staff consists of a European Principal and Vice-Principal aided by Indian assistants. The Principal and Vice-Principal live in the grounds which are extensive and include a boarding-house.

Other secondary English schools are the American Mission School, Nakhas, the Kurmi Pathshala, the Church Mission Lal School, the Rastogi Pathshala, the Hindu Pathshala, a recently founded English school with an attendance of about 200, and the Islamia High School. The last-named is an English school up to the 8th class, founded some two years ago. It has an attendance of about 80 and is supported by the Raja of Mahmoodabad and other private subscriptions.

A complete list of such schools with approximate attendance and management is given in the revised appendix.

There is a Training College in the City, with a European Principal, for preparing candidates who have passed the University Intermediate or matric or the school-leaving examination as teachers for the English schools of the provinces. The Jubilee High School serves as a model school in which the Training College students practise.

There is also a normal school where about 80 teachers are trained for the vernacular schools of the division and two districts of Fyzabad division. There is a model school attached to this, going up to the middle school standards where the teachers under training practise. Both are accommodated in the old lunatic asylum buildings in Sultanganj.

There is also a training class supported by Government attached to the municipal school at Naubasta, where eight teachers are trained annually.

In addition to the above, there are Oriental and technical schools. The chief of the former is the Nadwat-ul-Ulama, newly built on the north side of the river near the Canning College. This is a Sunni institution and is not confined to Oriental study only, as English is taught as well. It is aided by Government.

There are also the Shia Arabic School near Shah Mina tomb, supported by the Husainabad Trust and recently re-built, the Mai Sarswati Ghat temple, and Sankrit Patshala immediately below the Sultanganj bridge over the Gomti, which cost in all over Rs. 50,000 and was built by Rai Prag Narain Bahadur with funds left by the lady after whom it has been called, and the Nazum Saheb Arabic School in Banjari Tola.

Of technical schools there is the Government Technical School, formerly called the Industrial near Charbagh. This was opened in 1892 and extended in 1909 and now has 82 students under a European Head Master. It is extremely well-equipped. The students are taught mechanical and electrical work, motor car-driving, and the like.

The Arts and Crafts School is a new technical institution established in 1912. It is also under a European Principal. Goldsmith's work, carving, designing, carpentry, and iron-work are taught. It is situated near the Canning College and is designed to hold about 200 students. The enrolment up to date is 112.

There is also the Hewett Engineering School in Golaganj. This is a private institution and gives a training suitable to prospective sub-overseers."

MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS.

The municipal board now maintains one high school in Aminabad; an Anglo-Vernacular Middle School in Kazmain; two vernacular middle schools; 11 primary and 22 preparatory schools for boys, and one Anglo-Vernacular middle school in Kashmiri Mohalla and seven primary schools for girls. These schools are under a special Superintendent of Education and an Assistant Inspectress and are generally supervised by a member of the board specially appointed for the purpose. Government

has recently given a grant towards the provision of proper buildings for the primary and preparatory schools as the majority are accommodated in hired buildings."

Page 131.—EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

In line 10 *for* " 1903 " *read* " 1915 " and *for* " eleven " *read* " ten " and for " five " *read* " eight."

In line 12 *for* "sixty " *read* " eighty seven."

In line 15 after institution *add*

" for which a fine new building is now being constructed."

In line 16 after school *add* " and the St. Agnes' Day School."

Page 131.—GIRLS' SCHOOLS.

Cancel from the beginning of the second sentence to the end of the paragraph and *substitute*—

" There are now eight secondary girls' schools. The model school controlled by Government."

ST. AGNES' DAY SCHOOL.

The Isabella Thoburn College, the Loretto Convent, the St. Agnes' Day School, the municipal Anglo-Vernacular School, the Hindu Girls' School, which is an institution controlled by an executive committee; a small school near the C. M. S., and a select school for Muhammadan Pardah girls on Outram Road controlled by Syed Karamat Husain.

There are seven small primary girls' schools managed by the municipal board, two primary schools for Hindu and Muhammadan girls respectively in Husainganj managed by the Wesleyan Mission, the ladies' pardah school with an honorary manager in Ganeshganj, the C. M. S. mixed school, and the Hari Moti Chand school, which is managed by a private committee. A list is given in the revised appendix.

There is also a Government normal school combined with the model school near Shah Mina for training women teachers, and there is likewise a small normal department attached to the Isabella Thoburn High School.

Mention may here be made of the Lucknow Public library situated in the Lal Baradari. It has been formed on the nucleus of the old station library formerly housed in the Chuttar Munzil and was established by Government resolution no. 1272—XVIII—417—1909, dated 23rd September, 1910. It has supplied a great

need of the city. It is controlled by a committee under the presidency of the Commissioner.

Page 131.—ORPHANAGES.

The best known is Rai Sri Ram Bahadur's Industrial Orphanage on La Touche Road, built and endowed by Rai Sri Ram Bahadur. The building costs Rs. 40,000. At present the number of inmates is about 25.

There is also a Roman Catholic Orphanage in St. Francis' Church compound in Hazratganj capable of taking about 50 orphans, the Wesleyan Mission Orphanage in cantonments taking about 8, the Sunni Muslim Orphanage in Aminabad taking 44, and the Shia Muslim Orphanage in the Chauk taking about 150.

DHARAMSALAS.

A large new *dharamshala* fronting on to the Aminuddaula Park Road known as Chedi Lal's *dharamshala* was opened in 1914. The work was carried out by the late Rai Ganga Pershad Varma Bahadur with money left by his uncle, Chedi Lal. The cost was about Rs. 35,000.

Nazul, page 132, Lines 10 and 11.

Cancel the sentence in lines 10, 11, and 12. The Lucknow Nazul is managed by a special deputy collector under the control of the Deputy Commissioner.

Lines 16, 17, and 18. *Cancel* the sentence commencing " an exception to this" and *substitute*—

"An exception to this is a portion of the old canal of King Ghazi-uddin Haider, which is in the charge of the Deputy Commissioner for purposes of administrative convenience. The Nazul portion of the canal between Naka Hindola and the river has since been made over to the municipal board."

Add at the end of the paragraph :—

"The Nazul has since been tranferred to the Deputy Commissioner."

Page 133.—PROPERTIES.

In line 2 *for* "Commissioner" *read* "new Commissioner's office, the Nazul and Wasika."

In line 4 after "post office" *add* or "Begam Kothi."

In lines 5 and 6 *omit* the words and the Inspector of Schools.

In line 12 *for* "city Magistrate" *read* "District Judge."

In line 13 for " Judge of Lucknow " *read* "City Magistrate."

In lines 14 and 15 *omit* the words "the Nazul and Wasika offices in the Mubarak Mahal in Machi Bhawan."

In line 17 after " Haider " *add* " shortly to come under the Protected Monuments Act."

In line 18 *omit* the words " The Serai Aghamir, which is farmed out annually " and *add*—" The gateway known as ' Dara Daulat,' also called Chinabaz gate ; the old gateway to the north west of Qaiserbagh."

Cancel the sentence in line 21 commencing " The department" and *substitute.*—The department also has charge of the Wingfield park, the Victoria park, transferred from the Husainabad Trust, La Place park laid out during the years 1906-07. The Kaiserbagh Tomb lawns, the garden of Government house, the Darulshafa, and the Residency Gardens. A large area in the Civil lines Extension scheme at Butlerganj belongs to the Nazul department. The Mahmoodabad fountain plot between the river view and road and the strand to the north of Terhi *Kothi* as yet to be laid out as a park. The Nazul department also pays an annual contribution of Rs. 500 towards the upkeep of the Dilkusha park in cantonment.

In line 26 after " time " *add*—The Mubarak Mahal in the Machi Bhawan has been demolished in connection with the new Medical College.

In line 31 *for* " 1902-1903 " *read* " 1913-14" and *for* " 42,000 " *read* " 59,910."

In line 32 *for* "31,200 ", *read* " 38,216."

In line 33 *for* " 6,100" *read* " 5,015."

Page 135.—WASIKA.

For " Rs. 68,000," in the last line of the paragraph *read* " Rs. 66,000." *Add* at the end:—The ex-kings of Oudh also invested Rs. 30,00,000, (30 lakhs) in Government promissory notes. The interest accruing on this sum is Rs. 8,750 per mensem and is paid to the heirs and descendants of the persons specified in the enfacement on these notes. The interest so paid is also treated as political pensions. No commutations or lapses are made under this head. In addition to the wasikas mentioned, there is

a pension of Rs. 20,000 per annum paid to the family of Tafazul Husain Khan.

In 1811 the Government of India commenced to give a grant of Rs. 1,800 per annum for the education of members of the Oudh ex-royal family. This was increased to Rs. 3,000, in 1914.

In 1913 the Local Government made a grant of Rs. 500; annually for the education of the children of wasikadars, to be supplemented by an equal contribution from the wasika pension fund. The latter fund also made a lump contribution of Rs. 3,000 towards scholarships. The money has been invested in 4 P. C. Post Trust debentures.

Page 136.—SHAHNAJAF.

The Shahnajaf endowment is managed similarly by trustees under the control of the Commissioner. The endowment was founded on interest accruing from the loan of a crore of rupees borrowed by the British Government in 1825 from Ghaziuddin Haider, then King of Oudh. The money is used primarily for the upkeep of the Shahnajaf tomb of King Ghaziuddin Haider and his favourite wife, Mubarak Mahal, as well as of his two other queens, Sarfaraz Mahal and Mumtaz Mahal. Apart from this, the income is devoted to religious ceremonies, illuminations at the Muharram and on the anniversary of the king's death, and various purely charitable purposes.

Page 136.—CATTLE POUNDS.

In line 1 for "thirteen" *read* "twenty-one."

In line 2 *for* "ten" *read* "eighteen."

In line 6 *cancel* "and" before "Kakori" and after "Kakori" *add* "Utraithia and Chinhut."

In line 8 *cancel* the word "and" and after "Talab" *add* "and Mahal."

In the last line *cancel* the words "a third is maintained at Nagram" and *substitute* "at Nigohan, Nagram, Sassendi Salempur, Bakkas, and Amethi."

There is also a pound in the Lucknow cantonments.

Page 146.—THE LATER MUGHALS.

Cancel the third sentence in the paragraph and *substitute*:—

Sheikh Abdur Rahim, one of the Sheikhzadas of Lucknow, who originally came from Moradabad and who rose to prominence during

Akbar's reign, under, so tradition says, very peculiar circumstances, died during Jahangir's reign and was buried at Nadan Mahal near Aishbagh in a mausoleum which he had caused to be constructed during his life-time. This mausoleum, together with the tombs connected with it, as also the tomb of Ibrahim Chisti, Sheikh Abdul Rahim's father have, recently come under the Protected Monuments Act and in consequence of the construction of a new sanitary road in that area are now added to the historical sights of Lucknow. The mausoleum proper is in a fair state of preservation and most of the original carved stone ornamentation is still standing. The floor has suffered from many years of neglect, but the marble-work which is in the well-known Agra style is still in good order. The enamel inlay on the parapet and dome has almost entirely disappeared. The adjoining Baradari is in a better state of preservation than the mausoleum and its carved stone ceiling is particularly fine. The father's tomb which is a little to the east of the Baradari, is built of blocks of *kankar* said to have been brought from the old Bhar fort at Nagram.

There is a tradition attending Sheikh Abdur Rahim's rise to prominence which is worthy of a place in this book. It is said that Akbar who had great faith in the stars, was informed by the royal astrologers that unless he vacated the throne absolutely for a certain period and at a certain time he would die. Akbar believed this and looked round his court for a *locum tenens* who would not be likely to attempt to usurp the throne. His choice fell on Sheikh Abdur Rahim who was then holding a junior position at court, and Akbar vacated the throne for the period in question, installing Abdur Rahim in his stead temporarily. As this period drew to a close Akbar gave orders that a full state ceremony was to be held when he re-mounted the throne. This was done, and when one of the royal pages lifted the crown before it was placed on Akbar's head, a small "*karait*" which was concealed therein bit him on one of his fingers and he died almost immediately. This said the astrologers, is what would have happened to Akbar if he hadn't obeyed the reading of the stars. Sheikh Abdur Rahim was afterwards appointed a Subahdar of Oudh and given a *Jagir* in Bahraich as a reward.

Page 149.

In line 5 after "annexed" *add* "The old stone bridge built by Asfaddaula has been replaced by a new bridge called the Hardinge bridge after H. E. Lord Hardinge, who opened it early in 1914. A new road had also been laid out connecting the new bridge with the Sitapur road.

Page 151.

Add in line 18 after "Chauk" "Saadat Ali Khan also built Dargah Hazrat Abbas. He also ordered the Iron Bridge from England and a plan was prepared for its erection, but on his death his son, Ghazi-uddin Haider declined to carry on the work on the ground that it was unlucky. The opinion of Bishop Heber was that the bridge would lie where it was till rust reduced it to powder. This was not the case, however, as the bridge was eventually erected over the Gumti by the ex-King Wajid Ali Shah."

Page 152.

After "buried" in line 6 *add* "Ghazi-uddin Haider founded Haiderabad as well as Badshahgunj on the north side of the river."

Page 152.

After "river" in line 22 *add* "Nasir-ud-din Haider also founded the King's English and Yunani Hospitals and King's Poor-House."

Page 152.

For "brother" in line 26 *read* "son."

Page 153.

In line 16 after "city" *add* "Amin-ud-daula also built a Karsbala on Tikait Rai Talab in Saadatganj."

Page 169.—AMETHI.

In 1911 the population was 4,795 of whom 1,786 were Hindu and 2,278 Musalmans. It contained 1,112 houses, of which 606 were assessed to taxation, the total income being Rs. 1,000 and the incidence of the house-tax Rs. 1-10-4 per assessed house and Rs. 0-3-4 per head of population.

There is a training class for teachers attached to the middle school.

An experimental dispensary has been opened here in the present year.

Page 177.

Bijnor is no longer a town area.

Page 183.

Goshaingunj is no longer a town area.

Page 185.—ITAUNJA.

There is now a district board dispensary here built by the Raja of Itaunja in 1912. There is also a flourishing middle school with an attached training class for teachers.

Page 189.

Kakori is a town area. At the 1911 census the population consisted of 3,990 Hindus and 3,997 Muhammadans.

There are 7,987 houses, of which 760 are assessed to taxation. The income from the house-tax is Rs. 1-9-3 per assessed house and 0-2-4 per head of population.

Page 200.—LUCKNOW CITY.

Add after "courtiers" in line 15 :—

"The principal of the more modern additions are the King George's Medical College and the King George and Queen Mary's Hospitals, the Canning College, the Reid Christian College, the Judicial Commissioner's and Commissioner's courts, and a number of fine school-buildings.

In line 22 after the word "city" *add* "while the operations of the Improvement Trust which was formed in 1908 .... have added some fine roads and parks to the three roads already referred to."

In line 22 *erase* the sentence commencing with "The other streets" and *substitute* "The other streets are frequently narrow and where the drainage has yet to be re-modelled, dirty. The bazars in many places have a poor and squalid appearance, but are steadily improving, as they are re-modelled on more sanitary lines. One of the principal features of the past 10 years has been the remarkable activity in the re-building of private houses many of which now show a distinct leaning towards Western models.

Page 202.

Second paragraph for last sentence *substitute* "In the Qaiserbagh, on the other hand, though not seventy years old, decay had made great progress many years ago and one entire side of the main quadrangle has been removed. The other sides have however

been saved from further ruin by an arrangement made between the British India Association and Government for their upkeep.

Page 203.

In the first line after "hall" *add* "said to have the largest unsupported arched roof in the world."

Page 203.

Last paragraph, line 5, *for* "six" *read* "eight."

Line 7, *erase* to end of paragraph and *add*:—

"The Municipality of Lucknow is divided into eight wards known respectively as the Chauk ward, the Yahiaganj ward, the Ganeshganj ward, the Hazratganj ward, the Wazirganj ward, the Saadatganj ward, the Daulatganj ward, and the Hassanganj ward.

The Wazirganj ward, the Saadatganj ward, the Daulatganj ward, and the Hassanganj ward are conterminous within the limits of the municipality with the police circles whose names they bear.

The limits of the Chauk and Yahiaganj wards are co-extensive with those of the Chauk police circle, and are separated from each other by the line of the road commencing from the new bridge near Asafuddaula's Imambara, passing along the west of the Medical College to the Qasaiwala bridge and thence along Victoria Street to its junction with the Aishbagh Road, the eastern portion being the Yahiaganj ward and the western portion the Chauk ward.

The limits of the Ganeshganj and Hazratganj wards are co-extensive with those of the Hazratganj police circle, and are separated from each other by the line of the road commencing from Bruce's bridge to Mall road, thence Mall road to its junction with Quinton Road, thence Quinton Road to its junction with Capper Road, thence Capper Road to its junction with Forsyth Road, thence Forsyth Road to its junction with Abbott Road, thence along Abbott Road to Naka Hindola, the eastern portion being the Hazratganj ward and the western portion the Ganeshganj ward."

Page 204.

In line 3 after "it" *add* "the new masonry bridge which stands on the site of the old."

Page 205.

In line 3 after "destroyed" *add* "The site is now occupied by the King George's Medical College, the King George and Queen Mary's Hospital, and attendant buildings and quarters."

Page 205.

For "now" in line 4 *substitute* "also."

Page 205.

In line 3 between "the" and "mound" *add* "original."

Page 205.

In line 7 *for* "is now used" *read* "was used for a long time," and after "Museum" in line 8 *add* "but is now used as a public library. The Museum."

In line 9 *delete* the full-stop after "treasurers" and for "them" *read* "which."

In line 12 after "description" *change* the full-stop to a comma and *add* "has since been located in the old Canning College building in Kaiserbagh."

Page 206.

Erase from "the" after "Gulistan-i-Iram" in line 4 to end of paragraph and *substitute* "both of which are now used as Government offices and were built by Ghazi-uddin Haider.

Page 206.

Second paragraph, lines 3 and 4, *erase* "Small Cause Court."

Page 206.

First paragraph, *erase* last sentence and after "Haider" *add* "of which only a portion of the gate now remains."

Page 206.

Second paragraph, *erase* last sentence and *substitute.* "The Qaiserbagh used to be approached from the open space which extended to the river on the north-east by a gateway, of which only a portion now remains. This gateway was known as the Jilau Khana, or place where royal processions used to form, but is now commonly known as the China Bazar gate."

Page 207.

For the words "we cross" in line 2 *substitute* "one used to cross."

Page 207.

After "mermaids" in line 3 *add* "which also no longer exists," and *erase* the words "we come" in the same line.

In line 4 after "Hazratbagh" *add* "The marble Baradari which is the chief ornament in the Wingfield Park was once the pride of Hazratbagh. The site of this garden is now occupied by the buildings which were originally erected for the old military prison and which have, with certain alterations, since been used as a school and with further alterations as courts and offices."

In line 4 *for* "lie" *substitute* "lay."

In line 5 *for* "once paved with silver" *read* "the columns and the ceiling of which were covered with silver when it was used as a residence by the King"...and after "Muqam" *add* "since disappeared."

In line 10 after "doing" *add* "The Badshah Manzil is now used as a private residence and known as the 'Tope Wali Kothi.' It was here that General Outram read to Wajid Ali Shah on the morning of the 4th February, 1856, the decree of the Indian Government which required his deposition and the transfer of the government of Oudh to the East India Company.

In line 11 *for* "stands" *substitute* "stood."

In line 13 after "lakhs" *read* "It has since undergone considerable change owing to decay and partition and has been opened up by the construction of a road leading to the Chini Bazar gate from Banks Road and known as the Wala Kadr Road after the father of the present Nawab."

In line 17 *for* "we pass" *substitute* "one passed."

In line 22 *for* "died" *read* "disappeared" and *erase* the sentence commencing "The place now forms" and *substitute* "The place was subsequently included in the grounds which are now occupied by the buildings of the court of the City Magistrate, the bench of honorary magistrates and the municipal offices."

For "Maharaja of Balrampur" in lines 30 and 31 *read* "British Indian Association."

In line 32 after "Pasand" *add* "or Roshan-ud-dowla Kothi."

In the last line after "gate" *add* "This building is now used as the district cutcherry."

Page 208.

Cancel first paragraph commencing "The buildings" and the 2nd para. commencing "To the north-west."

Page 209.

In line 11 *for* "at a cost of Rs. 60,000" *read* "at considerable cost."

Page 210.

In line 1 *for* "Tara Wali Kothi" *read* "Chini Bazar gaet or Jilau Khana as it was originally called."

Page 210.

Second paragraph, last line, put a full-stop after "Lucknow" and *insert* the words "on the 1st of October, 1859" after "spot" in line 16 of the paragraph.

Page 210.

For "32795" in the last line *read* "28,939."

Page 211.

For "Jami" in line 2 *read* "Jumma" and at the end of paragraph *add* "It was put into thorough repair during Lord Curzon's *regimé* and now takes a high place among the important buildings of Lucknow. The gateway is particularly fine."

Page 211.

After "Imambara" in line 34 *add* "The offices of the Husainabad Trust have also been accommodated in this building." In the same line *for* "this" *read* "the."

Page 212.

Line 3 *cancel* the words "a descendant of the royal family" and *substitute* "by the family of Munawar-ud-dowla. The Daulat Khana proper has disappeared but the 'Shish Mahal,' which was included in the group, has been restored to a great extent inside by Nawab Baqar Ali Khan, the present owner, and it is now possible to gain more than an idea of its beauty in the past. Special workmen had to be obtained from Persia to carry out the restoration."

Page 212.

After "Khudaganj" in line 15 *add* "Mahbubganj" and *cancel* the word "both."

After "Ahmadganj" in line 16 *add* "Wazirbagh, Muazzamnagar, Kareemganj, and Iramnagar. Between Mahbubganj and the Chauk is Katra Bizen Beg Khan built by Saadat Khan."

Page 212.

In line 26 after "constant" *add* "and growing" and in line 27 after "Eastwards" *add* "judging from the decrease in the population of this ward during the period between the census of 1901 and that of 1911."

Pages 212 *and* 213.

Cancel this paragraph and *substitute* "The old Chauk ward has been split in two. The limits of both wards are co-extensive with those of the Chauk police circle and lie between Daulatganj on the north and Saadatganj on the south extending eastwards to Wazirganj. The two wards are separated from each other by the line of the road commencing from the Hardinge Bridge, passing the Medical College and hospital on the west, over the Kasiwala bridge and thence along Victoria Street to its junction with the Aishbagh road, the eastern portion being known as the Yahiaganj ward and the western portion the Chauk ward.

The Chauk ward takes its name from the famous street which is said to have been built in the time of Asaf-ud-dowla. It is probably, however, of an earlier date, for the southern gate, known as the Akbari Darwaza, was built by Qazi Mohammad of Bilgram, the deputy of Jawahir Khan, Subadhar of Oudh in the reign of Akbar. The same man built Mahmoodnagar and Shahganj on either side of street.

Ashraf Ali Khan in the days of Shahjahan built Ashrafabad to the south of Shahganj and adjoining it is Naubasta or Musharrafabad in the Saadatganj ward built by his brother. The mohallas of Katari, Sondhi, Banjari, and Ahiri Tolas in the Daulatganj ward, which lie round and to the west of the Chauk, are the oldest-inhabited parts of Lucknow. The katra of Syed Husain Khan and Abu Turab Khan and Bagh Mahanarain were founded by Saadat Khan. The population of the ward in 1911 was 21,879.

In the Yahiaganj ward the Raja Bazar, Yahiaganj, and Nawabganj were built by Asaf-ud-dowla. East of Victoria Street is the Aishbagh also constructed by Asaf-ud-dowla. One of the garden pavilions still exists and is used as a *dharamsala*. Close by are the Nadan Mahal and Ibrahim Chisti's tomb which were constructed in Akbar's time and have been fully mentioned on

page 146. In this ward, on the open space south of the King George's Hospital, is the tomb of Mina Shah, the great saint of Lucknow. This Shaikh Mina, whose proper name was Sheikh Mohammad, was born at Lucknow and brought up by Sheikh Qazim-ud-din, a darwesh of repute. He it was who induced the Sheikh to colonize Lucknow, he died in 884 H., according to the inscription on his tomb, but elsewhere his death is recorded as having taken place in 870 H., or 1465 A. D. The tomb was partially destroyed during the rebellion, but subsequently restored. It is held in great reverence and large crowds visit it every Thursday."

Page 213.

In line 20 *cancel* the word "Victoria" and *cancel* the sentence commencing in the same line with the words "Along the Victoria Road" and *substitute* "The Tikaitganj as well as the Bazar Tikait Rai were founded by the great minister of Asaf-ud-dowla."

In line 25 after "Ali Khan" *add* "Naubasta or Musharraf-abad, as it used to be called, was built by Ashraf Ali Khan's brother in the days of Shahjahan."

In line 28 *cancel* the sentence commencing "East of Victoria-ganj" and the sentence following it.

In line 31 *for* "1901" *read* "1911" and *for* "29,646" *read* "24,483."

Add at end of paragraph on Saadatganj :—"This ward also contains the Karbala Dyanat-ud-dowla, the Dargah Hazrat Abbas and the Kazmain Karbala. These have been declared protected monuments under the Act. The first-named was built by the well-known minister Dyanat-ud-dowla. The Dargah Hazrat Abbas is a shrine dedicated to Hazrat Abbas, a step-brother of Husain, the son of Ali. It consisted formerly of a small room with some sacred relics from Iraq but was rebuilt and extensively enlarged by Saadat Ali Khan and furnished with a golden dome in commemoration of his recovery from severe illness in 1802. This place is much resorted to by the Shias living in the neighbourhood every Thursday after the new moon.

The Kazmain is said to be an exact replica of the Karbela bearing that name in Arabia. Its chief point of interest is the two domes which are covered with sheet brass giving the build-

ing, a particularly imposing effect. The Karbela Dyanat-ud-dowla also has brass-sheeted domes."

In line 37 *for* "38,956" *read* "42,647."

Page 214.

Line 3 *cancel* the sentence commencing "South of this."

In line 13 after "Amjad Ali Shah" *add* "This ward contains what is supposed to be one of the largest *sarais* in India, the Durbijeyganj Sarai built by the late Sir Dirgbije Singh, Maharaja of Balrampur."

In line 13 *cancel* from the sentence commencing "In this ward" down to "restored" in line 22.

In line 22 *cancel* the words "close by is" and at the end of the sentence *substitute* a comma for the full-stop and *add* "lies on the edge of the Circular Road near the Arabic School."

In line 25 *for* the first two sentences read "East of Wazirganj and divided from the new Hazratganj ward by a line drawn from Bruce Bridge along the Mall down Quinton Road to Capper Road, along Capper Road to Forsyth Road, thence to Abbott Road and from this junction to the Naka Hindola lies the Ganeshganj ward. It is traversed by the Cantonment Road, Banks Road and has a good cross communication in the LaTouche Road.

In line 30 *erase* the words "and Husainganj to the south" and *substitute* "Ghasiarimandi, Talab Gangni Shukul, Nayagaon and Beroni Khandaq."

In line 31 *cancel* the sentence "Hazratganj is, etc." and start a fresh paragraph with

"The new Hazratganj ward is one of the most important in Lucknow."

In line 34 after "end" *add* "of the Hazratganj proper."

Page 215.

In line 7 *for* "City Magistrate" *read* "District Judge."

In line 20 after "former" *add* a comma and the following "which is in the Ganeshganj ward."

In line 30 after "pavilion" *add* "which was taken from Hazratbagh near Qaiserbagh."

Page 218.

In line 5 *for* "26,660" *read* "22,237" and *cancel* the words "of whom some 4,000 reside without municipal limits."

In line 20 *cancel* the sentence commencing " The place is now " and *substitute* " The walled enclosure has now been removed to a large extent and the grounds covered by the buildings of the new Canning College hostels and Professors' quarters."

Page 218.

Line 24 *for* " lunatic " *read* " Normal School and leper."

Line 30 after " Sultanganj " *add* " which has given place to " Butlerganj " " also known as the new Civil Lines." " This ward also contains a new model mohalla adjoining Bruceganj named ' Boasganj ' after the late Mr. Boas, which was constructed to accommodate the people who had to leave Sultanganj when the Civil Lines were laid out. Near the Paper Mills on the east is the site of the old racecourse and the Chakkar Kothi or race pavilion of which only the entrance gate now remains."

In line 31 *for* the first sentence *read* " To the south-east of the city and beyond the O. &. R. Railway lie the cantonments of Lucknow."

Page 219.

In line 22 *for* " convalescent dépôt for the troops " *read* " Military Dairy."

Page 221.

In line 3 *for* " which is now in a state of disrepair " *read* " which has been cleaned up and enclosed with wire-fencing."

Page 221.

In line 27 after " Aminabad " *add* " where it has been considerably widened in places of late years."

In line 28 after " bridge " *add* " a second road from the station links up with the Abbott Road while a third road which is known as the LaTouche Road runs from the station due north and almost in a straight line to the Qaiserbagh. This road, which is a very broad one, was constructed under the orders of Sir James LaTouche about 12 years ago and may be looked upon as the pioneer of the town improvements in Lucknow as it was after the opening of this road that the scheme for the Aminabad park suggested itself which in turn has led to those schemes which form the subject of another paragraph."

In line 33 *for* " along it passes " *read* " along it used to pass."

In line 34 after "North" *read* "which has considerably decreased of late years owing to the improvement effected in the railways from those centres and the opening of fresh lines."

In line 37 after "Sarai Mali" *add* "Khan."

Page 222.

In line 5 after "Alamnagar" *add* "which although of great importance as a traffic artery is particularly narrow in a number of places. This road links up near the Saadatganj or market proper with the road traversing the Daulatganj ward from Sarai Mali Khan, which is also of considerable importance as a traffic artery being the only link between the Saadatganj and Daulatganj wards and which labours under the same defect as the Saadatganj and Alamnagar Road, viz., the presence of a number of narrow necks here and there along its course."

Page 222.

In line 14, *erase* the words "Campbell Road, which skirts the west of the city from the extreme north-west to Saadatganj, the" . . .

In line 15 after "Abbott Road" *add* "The Yahiaganj Road, Kashmiri Mohalla Road, Wazirganj and Pata Nala Roads, Raja Bazar Road."

In line 20 after "Government House" *add* "The Campbell Road, which skirted the west of the city from the entrance north-west to Saadatganj, has lost its importance owing to the movement eastward of the inhabitants of the town and had in consequence of disuse and lack of repair degenerated into a *kachcha* cart-track. Besides the above roads there are the Hewett, Sri Ram and Ganga Pershad Roads, which form the first three sections of a fine broad sanitary road which is being constructed on a line drawn nearly due west from Abbott Road to Bhola Nath-ka-kuwan, where it will have two branches connecting with the Napier Street on the north-west and Alamnagar on the south-west.

Page 222.

In line 36 *for* "Prince of Wales" *read* "Grand" and after "Hotel" *add* a fresh sentence "A very fine hotel was completed about three years ago, facing the Clyde Road. This is known as the 'Carlton.' It is largely Saracenic in design and is one of the handsomest buildings erected of late years in Lucknow."

In line 37 after "Aghamir" *add* "which has recently been rebuilt on a site adjoining the old one which is being converted into a park."

In line 38 *cancel* the words "Aminabad, Nazirabad" and *substitute* "Durbijeyganj, Aminuddaula, which is shortly to be pulled down in connection with the widening of the Aminabad Road."

Page 222.

Add at end of paragraph—

This chapter would be incomplete without mention of the Improvement Trust of Lucknow, which was created in 1909 between the Secretary of State and the municipal board. The operations of the trust have been placed in the hands of a special committee consisting of three members of the board with the City Magistrate and the Deputy Commissioner, the latter being chairman of the committee. Government made a special grant of Rs. 2,50,000 when the trust was started, adding another lakh subsequently as the operations progressed.

This money was to be spent on a scheme for the construction of a broad sanitary road from Abbott Road on the east of the city which was to travel as near as possible in a straight line through congested areas to Bhola Nath-ka-kuwan, where it was to branch off to the Napier Street in Daulatganj. It was also proposed to *add* a second branch from Bhola Nath-ka-kuwan to link up with Alamnagar in the Daulatganj Ward.

The trust so far has constructed three sections of the road and has nearly completed the fourth. The first section known as Hewett Road lies between Abbott Road and the LaTouche Road. The second section named the Sri Ram Road lies between LaTouche Road and Aminabad Road. In this section the operations included the construction of a fine cloth market lying just behind the road on the south. It is oblong in shape with an open front on the Aminabad Road side and has a railed in grass-plot in the centre. The buildings are of a good type and double-storeyed.

The lower storey rooms are used as shops and are connected with each other by means of a paved colonnade.

The third section, which has been named the Ganga Pershad Road after the late Rai Ganga Pershad Verma Bahadur, to whose

exertions the success of the Trust is largely due, runs from the Aminabad Road to the Rekabganj bridge on Canning Street. An additional road has been constructed in connection with this section, which links up the new road with the circular road, thereby affording a means of easy access to all the courts to people living in Yahiaganj and Saadatganj.

Besides these two roads the trust has opened a fine park on the site of the old Aminuddaula Bagh which faces the Aminabad park and is constructing a Zenana park close by in the Garhia Goongey Nawab.

The first three sections have been provided with pavements, while the second section and a portion of the third section have colonnades. Building operations in the first two sections are nearing completion, although one or two sites on Hewett Road still remain to be built over, while the third section has been more than half built over and work is steadily going on.

The fourth section is nearing completion. The sites have been cleared and will be sold shortly. The drainage, paving and metalling of the road is well in hand. In this section a park has been constructed on the site of the old Agha Mir Sarai which has been rebuilt near by.

The remaining sections have been surveyed and will be taken up in turn.

Besides this sanitary road, the board has carried out a number of other improvements. The chief of these is the Aminabad park scheme, of which mention has already been made. This was chiefly due to the initiation of the late Rai Ganga Pershad Verma Bahadur. An extremely dirty and unsightly quarter was removed and the present park constructed at no cost to the tax-payer, as the scheme was self-supporting. The park possesses a fine clock-tower and fountain and is thronged with people every evening. The buildings surrounding it are double-storeyed as in the cloth market having shops below, connected by means of a continuance colonnade and residential quarters above. These shops are now the acknowledged business centre of the Indian merchants in the eastern portion of the city. The other noticeable improvements are the Civil Lines extension, the Ganeshganj Grain Market, and Model House area.

Page 228.

The population of Lucknow tahsil in 1911, including the city, was 446,782 ; 311,517 were Hindus and 124,011 Musalmans.

Page 229.

The Vernacular Middle School has been removed from Mahona to Itaunja.

Page 244.

In 1911 the population of tahsil Malihabad was 175,594 ; 151,819 were Hindus and 23,628 Musalmans.

Page 247.

There is a teachers' training class attached to the Middle School.

Page 255.

In 1911 the population of tahsil Mohanlalganj was 142,035 ; 128,924 were Hindus and 13,058 Musalmans.

Gazetteer of Lucknow.

APPENDIX.

GAZETTEER LUCKNOW.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

TABLE I.—*Population by tahsils.*

Tahsil.	Total.			Hindus.			Musalmans.			Others.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Lucknow ..	4,46,782	2,44,827	2,01,955	3,11,517	1,71,391	1,40,126	1,24,011	65,788	58,223	11,254	7,648	3,606
Malihabad ..	1,75,594	92,947	82,647	1,51,819	80,643	71,176	23,628	12,227	11,401	147	77	70
Mohanlalganj..	1,42,035	74,025	68,010	1,28,924	67,431	61,493	13,058	6,557	6,501	53	37	16
Total ..	7,64,411	4,11,799	3,52,612	5,92,260	3,19,465	2,72,795	1,60,697	84,572	76,125	11,454	7,762	3,692

TABLE II.—*Population by thanas.*

Serial number.	Name of thanas.	Total Population.			Hindus.			Muhammadans.			Others.		
		Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Totals.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Chowk (Lucknow) ..	59,277	31,829	27,448	31,318	17,266	14,052	27,109	14,040	13,069	850	523	327
2	Daulatganj do. ..	29,375	15,225	14,150	16,005	8,582	7,423	13,313	6,610	6,703	57	33	24
3	Hassanganj do. ..	26,411	15,022	11.389	19,461	11,168	8,293	6,778	3,752	3,026	172	102	70
4	Saadatganj do. ..	25,073	13,019	12,054	15.324	8,223	7,101	9,636	4,730	4,906	113	66	47
5	Wazirganj do. ..	42,639	23 374	19,265	20,449	11,498	8,951	21,448	11,429	10,019	742	447	295
6	Ganeshganj (Hazratganj)	62,665	35,955	26,710	36,865	21,517	15,348	21,209	11,988	9,221	4,591	2,450	2,141
7	Dilkusha (Lucknow) ..	19,782	13,283	6,499	10,714	6,415	4,299	4,461	2.911	1,550	4,607	3,957	650
8	Itaunja	56,797	30,007	26,790	51,985	27,474	24.511	4,711	2,481	2,230	101	52	49
9	Mandiaun	69,986	86,935	33,051	61,058	32,358	28,700	8,880	4,550	4,330	48	27	21
10	Kakori	57,546	30,153	27,393	48,297	25,583	22,714	9,237	4,564	4,673	12	6	6
11	Banthra	70,069	38,401	31,668	64,549	35,350	29,199	5,445	3,006	2,439	75	45	30
12	Mohanlalganj ..	81,290	42,095	39,195	74,844	38,911	35,933	6,403	3,154	3,249	43	30	13
13	Goshainganj	71,386	37,602	33,784	64,367	34,000	30,367	7,004	3,594	3,410	13	8	7
14	Malihabad	92,115	48,899	43,216	77,024	41,120	35,904	15,063	7,763	7,300	28	16	12
	Total ..	7,64,411	4,11,799	3,52,612	5,92,260	3,19,465	2,72,795	1,60,697	84,572	76,125	11,414	7,762	3,692

TABLE III.—*Vital statistics.*

Year.	Births.				Deaths.			
	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1901 ..	34,210	17,728	16,482	43·12	30,216	15,370	14,846	38·09
1902 ..	36,685	18,694	17,991	46·25	28,808	14,572	14,236	36·32
1903 ..	38,348	19,778	18,570	48·34	42,947	21,092	21,855	54·14
1904 ..	34,932	17,874	17,058	44·02	34,592	16,812	17,780	43·61
1905 ..	33,684	17,587	16,097	42·46	42,405	20,888	21,517	53·45
1906 ..	35,107	18,322	16,785	44·26	33,944	16,981	16,963	39·47
1907 ..	34,242	17,585	16,657	43·47	45,831	22,641	23,190	51·52
1908 ..	27,651	14,440	13,211	34·86	46,678	23,263	23,413	58·84
1909 ..	23,414	12,177	11,237	29·60	36,198	18,367	17,831	45·55
1910 ..	30,111	15,507	14,604	37·90	28,659	15,225	13,494	36·13
1911 ..	35,684	18,659	17,025	44·90	44,389	22,693	21,696	55·90

TABLE IV.—*Deaths according to cause.*

Year.	All causes.	Total deaths from—				
		Plague.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever.	Bowel complaints.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	30,216	..	2,524	2	21,487	446
1902	28,808	50	259	52	22,429	319
1903	10,773	5,306	291	170	25,182	1,225
1904	8036	7,467	42	4	18,161	882
1905	6,654	9,023	2,241	8	21,570	991
1906	21,812	2,028	609	26	15,491	39
1907	45,831	12,495	197	90	24,279	675
1908	46,678	81	1,176	190	36,292	684
1909	36,198	4	719	2	30,140	322
1910	28,659	326	444	5	21,926	271
1911	44,389	6,593	5,449	..	23,436	806

TABLE V.—*Statistics of cultivation and irrigation*, 1319 *Fasli.*

Pargana and Tahsil.	Total area.	Waste.	Culturable.	Cultivated.								Double cropped.
				Irrigated.					Dry.	Total.		
				Total.	Canals.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		12
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres	Acres.		Acres.
Lucknow ..	100,116	14,950	15,174	5,737	..	4,491	1,246	..	64,255	69,992		17,538
Bijnaur	94,853	33,605	13,817	11,020	..	3,628	7,392	..	36,411	47,431		8,762
Kakori	38,181	10,958	6,736	6,131	..	4,332	1,799	..	14,356	20,487		4,574
Total of tahsil Lucknow ..	233,150	59,513	35,727	22,888	..	12,451	10,437	..	115,022	137,910		30,874
Malihabad ..	1 9,450	14,238	27,425	10,651	..	7,435	3,216	..	67,136	77,787		14,392
Mahona ..	94,387	13,407	20,127	5,145	..	3,519	1,626	..	55,708	60,853		19,258
Total of tahsil Malihabad	213,837	276,45	47,552	15,796	..	10,954	4,842	..	122,841	1386,40		33,650
Mohanlalganj ..	128,584	26,487	33,000	19,362	..	10,394	8,968	..	49,735	69,097		21,619
Nigohan ..	45,901	6,340	15,316	5,515	..	1,716	3,799	..	18,730	24,245		3,873
Total of tahsil Mohanlalganj.	174,485	32,827	48,316	24,877	..	12,110	12,767	..	68,465	93,342		25,492
Total district ..	621,472	119,985	131,595	63,561	..	35,515	28,043	..	206,331	369,892		90,016

TABLE VI.—*Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Lucknow.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.				
	Total.	Wheat.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Other crops.	Total.	Rice.	Juar and arhar.	Bajsa.	Other crops.
Fasli.											
1310 ..	65,999	23,648	15,002	11,168	7,970	7,611	100,185	25,372	15,419	11,603	47,791
1311 ..	75,185	29,303	12,910	11,920	11,956	9,096	94,458	20,534	16,337	14,185	43,402
1312 ..	74,031	31,562	12,989	9,589	10,476	9,415	94,986	24,900	18,489	10,117	41,480
1313 ..	61,816	17,572	18,867	9,622	6,510	9,245	112,098	29,471	17,682	14,019	50,926
1314 ..	70,030	24,265	17,077	10,631	8,790	9,267	105,476	29,268	16,531	14,113	45,564
1315 ..	44,209	16,229	1,528	7,064	11,095	8,293	110,229	23,587	20,097	15,983	50,552
1316 ..	48,852	19,399	5,077	5,120	12,188	7,058	106,789	14,946	22,834	18,551	50,458
1317 ..	59,597	23,455	9,927	6,388	12,182	7,645	101,299	18,260	16,176	17,953	48,9[illegible]0
1318 ..	64,187	25,389	11,958	6,828	12,204	7,808	99,785	13,443	16,990	18,418	50,924
1319 ..	71,765	25,726	16,311	9,266	10,764	9,698	93,785	8,309	12,900	21,175	51,401

TABLE VI—(continued).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Malihabad.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.				
	Total.	Wheat.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Other crops.	Total.	Rice.	Juar and arhar.	Bajra.	Other crops.
Fasli.											
1310 ..	71,495	23,912	1,3310	7,174	10,542	10,557	93,466	21,733	10,708	9,770	51,255
1311 ..	82,315	26,356	20,466	9,200	13,077	13,216	89,528	15,957	11,937	11,881	49,753
1312 ..	77,561	26,990	19,441	6,278	11,855	12,997	91,953	23,043	11,811	8,477	48,622
1313 ..	67,879	17,179	23,186	7,502	6,915	13,097	104,040	27,518	11,298	10,555	54,669
1314 ..	75,501	22,997	22,981	8,099	9,390	12,034	103,188	26,425	10,564	10,792	55,407
1315 ..	47,891	15,292	1,778	8,042	8,975	13,804	104,309	19,206	12,592	14,582	57,929
1316 ..	50,286	17,439	6,009	3,240	10,225	13,373	106,069	12,147	16,054	16,252	61,616
1317 ..	57,559	20,825	8,807	4,621	10,662	12,644	102,656	13,720	13,059	16,925	58,952
1318 ..	67,295	22,841	15,240	7,087	10,035	12,092	103,095	13,455	11,969	16,565	61,106
1319 ..	73,952	22,694	20,641	9,338	9,864	11,415	97,555	11,316	8,619	18,374	59,246

TABLE VI—(concluded).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Mohanlalganj.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.				
	Total.	Wheat.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Other crops.	Total.	Rice.	Juar and arhar.	Bajra.	Other crops.
Fasli.											
1310 ..	47,381	17,618	12,979	4,642	4,191	7,951	71,120	25,184	12,772	6,208	26,956
1311 ..	56,105	19,904	14 075	6,263	5,105	10,758	67,455	22,982	12,745	..	31,728
1312 ..	53,810	21,305	11,499	4,985	4,633	11,388	69,464	25,448	13,364	..	20,652
1313 ..	45,185	11,344	16,203	3,680	3,283	10,625	78,663	27,525	12,343	7,066	31,729
1314 ..	52,801	16,551	14,626	5,471	4,865	11,268	72,041	29,329	11,651	7,654	23,407
1315 ..	34,359	13,068	2,300	3,270	4,969	10,752	75,516	23,636	13,128	8.734	30,018
1316 ..	37,461	15,554	5,898	2,881	5,100	8,528	71,823	16,776	15,065	9,958	30,024
1317 ..	45,174	18,165	10,138	2,717	4,588	9,566	68,990	20,383	10,783	8,196	29,628
1318 ..	49,607	18,643	13,461	3,329	4,010	10,164	69,742	18,303	10,606	10,885	29,948
1319 ..	57,181	19,773	16,929	3,955	4,275	12,249	61,023	8,826	9,407	13,399	29,391

TABLE VII.—*Criminal Justice.*

Year.	Number of persons convicted or bound over of—												Cases under—	
	Offences against public tranquility (Chapter VIII).	Offences affecting life.	Grievous hurt.	Rape.	Cattle theft.	Criminal force and assault.	Theft.	Robbery and dacoity.	Receiving stolen property.	Criminal trespass.	Bad livelihood.	Keeping the peace.	Opium Act.	Excise Act.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1901 ..	402	43	24	8	6	72	382	19	120	216	110	129	44	48
1902 ..	627	52	38	3	..	38	280	9	79	145	89	143	11	26
1903 ..	569	25	33	..	..	35	274	2	53	122	49	64	10	30
1904 ..	577	18	51	..	..	50	317	4	67	135	124	136	5	33
1905 ..	1,376	435	..	31	..	..	2,980	177	579	2,189	1,049	1,095	24	203
1906 ..	1,940	408	..	36	..	401	3,029	351	616	2,448	..	187	60	242
1907 ..	473	260	20	..	1	47	574	7	85	247	281	119	10	8
1908 ..	776	271	17	1	3	24	458	2	57	158	147	50	10	38
1909 ..	935	64	1,093	7	3	130	566	16	118	308	184	114	11	37
1910 ..	133	61	1,376	..	4	200	559	33	131	380	221	236	14	53
1911 ..	83	75	1,620	1	..	187	558	16	108	477	184	190	5	40

TABLE VIII.—*Cognizable crime.*

Year.	Number of cases investigated by police.			Number of persons.		
				Tried.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901 ..	2,332	108	1,434	1,941	304	1,637
1902 ..	2,098	80	1,258	1,910	261	1,649
1903 ..	2,294	102	1,443	1,633	174	1,459
1904 ..	2,694	78	1,898	2,143	364	1,779
1905 ..	3,267	66	2,069	2,436	378	2,055
1906 ..	3,024	*	1,978	2,341	294	2,047
1907 ..	3,042	*	2,018	2,738	308	2,436
1908 ..	3,370	*	2,327	3,639	327	3,312
1909 ..	3,399	*	2,591	8,334	2,735*	5,599
1910 ..	3,382	*	2,271	3,549	223	3,326
1911 ..	3,258	*	2,292	3,199	254	2,945

* Figures not available.

TABLE IX.—*Revenue demand at successive settlement.*

Pargana.	Year of settlement. Summary settlement, 1858-59.	1866.	1896.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Lucknow	1,40,532	1,12,870	1,48,455
Bijnaur	87,051	87,449	1,09,682
Kakori	42,425	24,550	33,193
Tahsil Lucknow ..	2,70,008	2,24,869	2,91,330
Malihabad	1,18,645	1,42,662	1,79,956
Mahona	1,04,992	1,28,661	155,881
Tahsil Malihabad ..	2,23,637	2,71,323	3,35,837
Mohanlalganj	1,56,511	1,78,825	2,05,014
Nigohan	37,331	48,227	52,266
Tahsil Mohanlalganj ..	1,93,842	2,27,052	2,57,280
District Total ..	*3,87,487	7,23,244	8,84,447

* Including the nominal demand or revenue-free and assigned estates.

TABLE X.—*Present demand for revenue and cesses, 1320 Fasli.*

Pargana and tahsil.	Where included in *Ain-i-akbari.*	Revenue.	Cesses.	Total.	Incidence per acre.	
					Cultivated.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Lucknow	Lucknow ba Haveli.. ..	1,44,536	16,267	1,60,803	2 2 1	1 11 10
Bijnaur	Bijnaur	1,12,234	11,838	1,24,072	2 5 10	1 13 3
Kakori	Kakori	36,466	5,256	41,722	1 12 5	1 5 5
Total, tahsil Lucknow ..	..	2,93,236	33,361	3,26,597	2 1 5	1 10 2
Malihabad	Malihabad	1,86,136	17,581	2,03,717	2 6 3	1 8 11
Mahona	Mahona Marrioan	1,55,885	14,840	1,70,725	2 9 0	1 10 5
Total, tahsil Malihabad ..	..	3,42,021	32,421	3,74,442	2 7 8	1 9 8
Mohanlalganj	Amethi	2,05,375	20,156	2,25,531	3 4 3	1 12 0
Nigohan	Sessendi	52,195	6,030	58,255	2 6 4	1 4 3
Total, tahsil Mohanlalganj ..	..	2,57,570	26,216	2,83,786	2 13 4	1 8 2
Total district ..	..	8,92,827	91,998	9,84,825	..	..

TABLE XI.—*Excise.*

Year.	Receipts from foreign liquor.	Country spirit.		Receipts from Tari and Sendhi.	Drugs.			Opium.		Total receipts.	Total charges.	Incidence of receipts per 10,000 of population from—			Number of shops for sale of—		
		Receipts.	Consumption in gallons.		Total receipts.	Consumption in maunds of—		Total receipts.	Consumption.			Liquor including tari	Drugs.	Opium.	Country spirit.	Drugs.	Opium.
						Ganja.	Charas.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Mds. s.	Mds. s.	Rs.	Mds. s.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
1901-02	26,009	3,48,201	1,33,095	7,831	55,8[illegible]9	..	98 21	46,446	108 26	4 84,439	3,926	4,836	707	588	115	83	24
1902-03	29,922	4,00,244	1,55,830	8,145	60,991	..	99 11	47,626	111 16	5,47,019	3,956	5.548	772	603	117	83	24
1903-04	30,691	4,67,861	1,71,297	8,740	88,288	..	54 15	47,528	110 9	6,43,167	4,510	6,303	1,117	602	116	83	25
1904-05	4.706	5,10,427	1,28,273	7,932	1,85,997	..	67 2	48,531	113 4	7,87,140	4.319	6,263	760	552	105	82	24
1905-06	4,650	4,46,370	96,529	7,302	89,510	..	60 12	48,991	114 26	7,28,775	4,644	6,192	1,135	618	105	82	24
1906-07	4,332	5,04,094	1,13,796	7,112	95,179	..	61 15	54,485	130 15	7,95,741	4,464	6,621	1,206	702	106	67	24
1907-08	4,333	4,59,591	97,979	7,397	95,769	..	46 2	48,563	93 6	5,09,226	4,818	5,794	1,207	612	105	67	25
1908-09	4,205	8,93,539	84,576	8,447	94,348	..	43 7	48,718	94 27	5,49,255	9,198	5,540	1,195	616	105	67	25
1909-10	4,321	3,89,962	73,751	9,184	81,498	0 19	58 9	48,261	117 28	5,38,190	16,928	5,319	1,185	611	101	67	25
1910-11	7,891	5,01,514	1,01,195	11,880	84,971	0 32	47 0	61,819	95 0	6,66,075	14,281	6,598	1,050	782	100	68	25
1911-12	3,193	5,73,820	1,13,427	15,772	84,223	1 8	50 0	64,280	98 0	7,39,291	14,245	7,773	1,108	845	100	68	25

TABLE XII.—*Stamps.*

Year.	Receipts from— Non-judicial.	Court-fee including copies.	All sources.	Total charges.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.
1901-02	84,622	2,00,608	2,87,663	6,638
1902-03	88,127	2,23,638	3,14,350	7,583
1903-04	89,869	2,47,743	3,40,345	8,274
1904-05	81,462	4,48,272	3,32,691	8,538
1905-06	91,342	2,64,885	3,55,530	7,002
1906-07	79,666	2,64,885	3,53,177	7,468
1907-08	74,623	2,77,671	3,55,463	7,389
1908-09	55,870	2,62,181	3,23,727	8,389
1909-10	71,005	2,89,346	3,64,206	9,063
1910-11	77,258	3,21,559	4,04,098	7,582
1911-12	94,080	3,18,018	4,17,895	7,548

Table XIII.—*Income-tax.*

Year.	Total receipts.	Collected by companies.		Profits of companies.		Other sources, Part IV.				Total charges.	Objections under Part IV.	
						Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.				
		Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.		Number filed.	Wholly or partly successful.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Rs.		Rs		Rs.		Rs.		Rs	Rs.		
1901-02	1,48,607	299	10,606	4	5,462	2,101	32,542	288	43,515	284	379	130
1902-03	1,45,560	351	10,048	5	4,738	1,807	26,528	373	44,186	247	571	192
1903-04	1,18,142	203	7,996	4	3,962	523	13,765	357	49,544	1,740	304	90
1904-05	1,10 920	203	8,240	5	995	492	12,798	363	47,633	1,319	164	80
1905-06	1,17,857	248	9,589	3	317	499	13,384	341	48 693	60	136	76
1906-07	1,14,814	171	8,769	5	2,273	489	13,154	345	48,404	192	111	55
1907-08	1,15,401	154	8,206	4	2,653	541	14,345	328	42,732	29	118	88
1908-09	1,18,932	161	9,080	4	3,067	520	13,846	317	41,335	55	110	61
1909-10	1,16,535	171	9,681	3	2,091	515	13,697	324	40,758	36	159	81
1910-11	1,20,748	195	10,675	4	1,761	565	15,086	354	45,429	136	105	50
1911-12	..	194	11,045	1	115	570	15,007	562	48,844	109	105	50

TABLE XIV.—*Income-tax for city and tahsils (Part IV only).*

Year.	City of Lucknow.				Tahsil Lucknow.			
	Under Rs. 2,000.		Over. Rs. 2,000.		Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.	
	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1	2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1901-02 ..	1,625	24,900	256	40,632	109	1,496	2	126
1902-03 ..	1,380	20,595	354	42,455	117	1,605	2	260
1903-04 ..	446	11,671	342	48,077	20	542	2	313
1904-05 ..	418	10,785	346	45,938	18	480	2	429
1905-06 ..	428	11,912	320	47,785	21	526	3	433
1906-07 ..	415	11,165	324	41,660	20	514	3	357
1907-08 ..	460	12,189	310	41,181	22	557	2	325
1908-09 ..	439	11,719	294	39,344	21	513	2	270
1909-10 ..	424	11,243	300	38,885	23	566	3	250
1910-11 ..	461	12,298	331	43,068	28	694	4	283
1911-12 ..	465	12,218	337	46,909	27	669	4	326

TABLE XIV.—*Income-tax by tahsils (Part IV only)*—(concluded).

Year.	Tahsil Malihabad.				Tahsil Mohanlalganj.			
	Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.		Under Rs. 2,000		Over Rs. 2,000.	
	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1	2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1901-02 ..	166	2,248	7	453	111	1,401	8	548
1902-03 ..	165	2,362	7	491	145	1,966	10	980
1903-04 ..	31	843	4	282	26	707	9	902
1904-05 ..	31	850	4	282	25	683	11	984
1905-06 ..	26	748	6	376	24	648	12	1,000
1906-07 ..	30	840	6	365	24	635	12	1,022
1907-08 ..	31	860	6	365	28	739	10	861
1908-09 ..	40	1,121	19	1,452	20	493	2	269
1909-10 ..	40	1,161	12	810	28	727	9	813
1910-11 ..	40	1,161	11	741	36	933	8	737
1911-12 ..	40	1,131	13	894	38	989	8	715

TABLE XV.—*District Board, Lucknow district.*

Year.		Receipts.							Expenditure.									
		Education.	Medical.	Scientific etc.	Miscellaneous.	Civil works.	Pounds.	Ferries.	Total expenditure.	Contributions to provincial funds.	General Administration.	Education.	Medical.	Scientific, etc.	Miscellaneous.	Civil works.	Pounds.	Debt.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02	..	3,204	4,805	..	141	2,495	4,330	4,364	1,07,102	..	1,773	31,827	13,697	525	133	55,711	2,311	1,125
1902-03	..	3,249	5,004	100	884	550	5,256	4,153	..	..	1,204	34,843	15,456	623	36	11,240	2,454	670
1903-04	..	2,885	4,096	50	152	599	6,207	3,992	..	..	1,394	35,377	15,609	590	35	9,952	2,728	750
1904-05	..	2,528	4,473	50	424	611	6,473	4,032	..	..	1,407	33,938	20,426	687	76	10,073	3,087	715
1905-06	..	3,251	4,039	60	293	513	3,763	3,848	76,644	..	1,635	41,832	17,556	903	158	11,755	2,075	780
1906-07	..	2,706	3,949	50	275	747	4,100	4,153	94,935	..	2,280	43,815	23,648	1,008	233	21,200	2,401	250
1907-08	..	6,707	3,989	350	152	4,876	5,893	3,656	76,662	..	2,362	71,716	22,458	2,186	503	73,472	2,725	1,240
1908-09	..	27,752	4,289	661	485	1,916	5,218	3,565	1,80,661	..	4,695	76,374	23,142	1,893	625	69,870	2,882	1,180
1909-10	..	11,270	4,191	534	551	2,396	6,146	3,926	1,41,629	..	4,543	43,866	23,519	2,105	499	62,371	2,496	2,280
1910-11	..	4,935	5,195	1,326	184	970	6,859	3,846	1,23,157	..	4,267	36,380	20,918	2,322	414	53,295	3,489	163
1911-12	..	3,977	6,894	1,827	408	1,467	8,863	3,435	1,47,910	..	4,325	41,952	27,351	2,598	490	60,233	3,859	7,110

TABLE XVI.—*Municipality of Lucknow.*

Year.		Income.							Expenditure.									
											Water supply drainage.							
		Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes.	Public safety.	Capital.	Maintenance	Conservancy.	Hospitals and Dispensaries.	Public works.	Public Instructions.	Other head.	Total.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1-02	...	3,23,735	21,945	11,861	5,751	...	1,00,055	4,63,347	44,328	67,995	563	46,753	1,09,323	4,835	29,346	16,275	1,03,383	4,22,801
2-03	...	3,43,965	21,483	10,048	4,262	...	2,00,523	5,80,278	43,818	67,367	13,207	51,663	1,17,841	5,541	33,512	15,731	1,23,330	4,72,010
3-04	..	3,77,938	...	42,602	5,611	...	1,23,470	5,49,711	45,053	67,157	62,864	52,191	1,27,992	4,768	40,856	14,117	1,60,180	5,75,178
4-05	...	4,23,091	...	46,593	6,101	...	4,77,040	9,52,825	59,272	72,213	1,09,538	56,384	1,31,877	4,212	50,482	17,142	1,66,528	6,67,648
05-06	...	4,37,150	...	37,615	7,131	...	1,33,322	6,15,218	68,391	19,788	2,79,173	64,185	1,48,584	5,043	92,651	21,136	1,81,241	8,80,194
06-07	...	4,19,280	...	38,744	7,503	3,00,000	1,41,620	9,07,147	51,303	17,907	2,63,257	59,639	1,68,978	3,996	65,221	24,128	1,68,374	8,22,803
07-08	...	4,42,758	...	37,874	8,615	1,00,000	2,62,040	8,51,290	48,791	50,336	1,67,123	56,074	1,77,728	4,238	1,03,409	26,267	3,11,827	9,45,840
908-09	...	4,27,406	...	38,743	8,243	2,43,000	3,78,769	10,96,161	55,389	31,714	38,187	69,203	1,83,908	7,178	1,10,071	28,359	4,02,726	9,26,732
909-10	...	4,72,747	...	41,829	14,974	2,79,000	2,34,989	10,43,534	52,500	31,085	1,94,803	63,332	1,62,020	8,450	66,342	29,441	3,53,015	9,60,958
910-11	...	4,98,394	...	47,135	17,262	2,90,000	2,53,510	11,11,401	57,146	33,335	2,61,430	68,297	1,47,400	7,505	34,071	44,964	5,60,092	12,14,190
911-12	...	5,06,824	...	54,283	15,448	1,13,000	4,71,171	11,60,726	59,333	34,275	3,30,602	79,470	1,42,018	7,505	1,17,635	40,303	3,87,213	11,98,359

Table XVII.—*Distribution of Police*, 1912-13.

Thana.	Sub-Inspectors.	Head Constables.	Constables.	Municipal Police.	Town Police.		Rural Police.	Road Police.
1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8
					Dafadars.	Chaukidars.		
Chowk ..	4	13	164	Municipal chaukidari police abolished.	..		4	..
Hazratganj ..	4	13	160		..		..	..
Cantonment ..	2	5	60		..		..	..
Daulatganj ..	2	9	94		..		..	..
Hassanganj ..	2	8	73		..		9	..
Wazirganj ..	2	6	100		..		..	..
Saadatganj ..	2	9	77		..		2	..
Malihabad ..	3	1	15		3	18	188	10
Mohanlalganj ..	2	1	12		..		202	8
Mandiaun ..	2	1	12		..		164	12
Banthra ..	2	1	9		..		137	24
Goshainganj ..	2	1	9		1	8	171	8
Kakori ..	2	1	9		1	10	120	8
Itaunja ..	2	1	9		..		125	12
Reserve lines ..	9	21	145		..		..	..
Reserve { Armed ..	5	44	316		..		..	..
Reserve { Civil ..	42	91	948		..		..	..
Reserve { Mounted ..	1	1	32		..		..	..

TABLE XVIII.—*Education.*

Year.	Total.			Secondary education.			Primary education.		
	Schools and colleges.	Scholars.		Schools.	Scholars.		Schools.	Scholars.	
		Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1901-02 ..	161	7,070	1,402	29	1,252	138	122	5,223	1,264
1902-03 ..	123	6,890	216	26	3,386	168	115	3,530	920
1903-04 ..	128	7,274	296	27	3,750	231	117	3,562	915
1904-05 ..	145	7,846	271	24	3,550	171	140	4,327	989
1905-06 ..	197	9,567	1,355	25	3,935	200	172	5,632	1,155
1906-07 ..	243	11,768	538	23	3,464	152	210	7,450	315
1907-08 ..	252	12,063	667	23	3,265	174	219	7,927	413
1908-09 ..	203	8,519	290	6	385	..	197	8,134	290
1909-10 ..	149	5,954	277	5	381	..	144	5,573	277
1910-11 ..	152	6,404	217	5	414	..	147	5,990	217
1911-12 ..	151	6,841	229	5	439	..	146	6,402	229

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1912-13.

I.—LUCKNOW CITY.

School.	Management.	Average attendance.
A.—SECONDARY.		
1.—*Boys*.		
Jubilee High School	Government ..	387
Colvin Talukdars' School	Committee under Presidency of the Commr.	34
Reid Christian Collegiate School ..	American Methodist Mission Aided.	313
Queen's Anglo Sanskrit School ..	Aided	527
Wesleyan Mission High School, Sadar Bazar.	Do.	244
Husainabad High School	Government ..	230
Church Mission High School.. ..	Aided	314
Kali Charan High School	Committee under Presidency of Commr.	329
American Mission School, Nakhas ..	Aided	176
Kurmi Patshala	Do.	119
High School, Aminabad	Municipal Board ..	202
Anglo-Vernacular Middle School, Kazmain	Ditto ..	87
Vernacular Middle School, Naubasta ..	Ditto ..	60
Vernacular Middle School attached to Normal School.	Government ..	53
A. V. C. M. Lal School	Aided	87
A. V. Rastogi Patshala	Committee of Native Gentlemen.	88
Final School, Maulviganj	Municipal Board ..	51
Islamia High School	Committee of Native Gentlemen.	80
Hindu Pathshala	Ditto ..	199
II.—*Girls*.		
Model Girls' School	Government ..	170
II. Isabela Thoburn High School ..	American Methodist Mission.	250
III. Hindu Girls' School	Executive Committee, Aided.	90
IV. Municipal A. V. School, Kashmiri Mohalla.	Municipal Board ..	60
V. Purdah School	C. M. S., Private ..	20
VI. School for Muhammadan Girls, Kaisar Bagh.	Syed Karamat Husain..	40
B.—PRIVATE.		
I.—*Boys*.		
Raniganj School, U. P.	Municipal Board ..	200
Aliganj School, U. P.	Ditto ..	92
Narhi School, U. P.	Ditto ..	98
Saadatganj School, U. P.	Ditto ..	76
Husainganj School, U. P.	Ditto ..	154
Nayagaon School, L. P.	Ditto ..	77
Ghasiari Mandi School, L. P... ..	Ditto ..	51
Chick Mandi School, L. P.	Ditto ..	34
Newazganj School, L. P.	Ditto ..	69
Alam Nagar School, U. P.	Ditto ..	88
Aish Bagh School, L. P.	Ditto ..	16
Pata Nala School, L. P.	Ditto ..	87
Katra Bizan Beg School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	49

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1912-13—*(continued)*.

I.—LUCKNOW CITY.

School.	Management.	Average attendance.
Chauk Bazar School, U. P.	Municipal Board ..	74
Khattari Mohalla School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	80
Kaisar Bagh School, L. P.	Ditto ..	33
Rakabganj School, L. P.	Ditto ..	56
Daulatganj School, U. P.	Ditto ..	91
Yahyaganj School, U. P.	Ditto ..	52
Hatra Abu Turab Khan School, L. P ..	Ditto ..	28
Pul Gama School, L. P.	Ditto ..	61
Bazar Jhao Lal School, L. P... ..	Ditto ..	60
Kandhari Bazar School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	100
Maqbulganj School, L. P.	Ditto ..	105
Mahbubganj School, L. P.	Ditto ..	55
Naubasta School, L. P.	Ditto ..	84
Maulviganj School, L. P.	Ditto ..	98
Chaupatian School, L. P.	Ditto ..	39
Lohariganj School, U. P.	Ditto ..	72
Haiderganj School, U. P.	Ditto ..	84
Wazirganj School, L. P.	Ditto ..	75
Aminabad School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	102
Mirza Mandi School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	45
Ganeshganj School, U. P. ..	Ditto ..	92
Jaffaya ..	Ditto ..	19
Balakgang School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	10
Bansmandi School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	18
Haidrabad School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	24
Chiranda Purwa School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	38
Husainganj School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	62
Tikaitganj School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	16
Coronation Patshala School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	27
Kayasth Patshala School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	32
II.—*Girls*.		
Muhammadan Girls' School, Husainganj	Revd. J. Reid ..	10
Hindu Girls' School, Husainganj ..	Ditto ..	16
Rustam Nagar School, U. P. ..	Municipal Education Committee.	28
Saadatganj School, U. P. ..	Ditto ..	17
Maulviganj School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	31
Chauk School, L. P. ..	Ditto ..	34
Rani Katra School ..	Ditto ..	30
Muftiganj School ..	Ditto ..	19
Baloachpura School ..	Ditto ..	15
Ladies' Pardah School, Ganeshganj ..	Honorary Manager ..	222
Hari Moti Chand School ..	Managed by a Committee	42
C. M. S. Mixed School ..	Epiphany Church Committee.	30

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1912-13—(*concluded*).

II.—LUCKNOW DISTRICT.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average attendance.
		A.—SECONDARY. I.—*Boys.*		
Lucknow	Kakori ..	Kakori ..	A. V. Private, Middle School.	72
Malihabad	Malihabad ..	Malihabad ..	Vernacular Middle School.	65
	Mahona ..	Itaunja ..	Ditto ..	79
Mohanlalganj.	Mohanlalganj	Mohanlalganj ..	Ditto ..	72
		Nagram ..	Ditto ..	84
		Amethi ..	Ditto ..	68
		II.—*Girls.* Nil.		

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1912.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average attendance.
		B.—Primary.		
		I.—*Boys.*		
		District Board Schools.		
Lucknow.	Lucknow Juggaur.	Juggaur	Section A. B. I to IV.	40
		Chinhat	Ditto ..	69
		Amrai Gaon ..	Ditto ..	57
		Ujarion	A. and B. I to III	51
		Kankarabad ..	A. and B. I and II.	35
		Thawar	Ditto ..	24
		Bhadrukh	A. and B. I to IV.	72
		Int Gaon	Ditto ..	44
		Banthara	Ditto ..	76
	Bijnaur ..	Bijnaur	Ditto ..	53
		Rahimnagar Paryana ..	Ditto ..	66
		Amausi	35.	35
		Maunda	35.	34
		Narainpur	35.	73
		Piparsand	A. and B. I and II.	38
		Jaite Khera ..	A. and B. I. to III.	34
		Ain	A. and B. I and II.	54
		Kalli Pachhim ..	A. and B. ..	22
		Mawai Pahdiana ..	A. and B. ..	13
		Bhat Gaon ..	A. and B. I and II.	28
	Kakori ..	Kakori	A. and B. I to IV.	60
		Kattingra	A. and B. I and II.	29
		Primary B. I.		
Mohanlalganj.	Mohanlal-ganj.	Goshaiganj ..	I to IV class ..	93
		Sarai Gandauli ..	A. and B. I to IV	60
		Babrauli	Ditto ..	69
		Miraknagar ..	Ditto ..	61
		Tikanya Mau ..	Ditto ..	39
		Samessi	Ditto ..	52
		Qasimpur	Ditto ..	44
		Karaura	A. and B. I and II.	29
		Amethi Primary ..	Ditto ..	88
		Nagram do. ..	Ditto ..	113
		Ania Khargapur ..	Ditto ..	29
		Utrawan	Ditto ..	13
		Mau	Ditto ..	34
		Bakkas	A. and B. I to IV	51

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1912—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average attendance.
Mohanlalganj—(*concluded*).	Mohanlalganj—(*concld.*)	Salempur	A. and B. I and II.	35
		Mohanlalganj Model ..	Ditto ..	44
		Amethi Training ..	Ditto ..	44
		Mahunra Kalan ..	Ditto ..	18
		Khujauli	Ditto ..	25
	Nigohan ..	A. and B. I. to IV. ..	A. and B. I to IV	87
		Sassendi	Ditto ..	92
		Madah Khera ..	A. and B. I and II.	29
		Parabia	Ditto ..	40
		Lekhna Khera ..	A. and B. I to IV	43
		Kankaha	A. and B. I and II.	30
		Jabrauli	Ditto ..	25
Malihabad.	Malihabad ..	Mal	A. and B. I to IV	21
		Rahimabad ..	Ditto ..	110
		Antgarhi Saura ..	Ditto ..	52
		Kasmandi Kalan ..	Ditto ..	44
		Shankarpur ..	Ditto ..	42
		Latifpur	Ditto ..	49
		Malihabad Primary ..	Ditto ..	100
		Khalispur ..	A. and B. I and II.	50
		Bakhtayarnagar ..	Ditto ..	25
		Mandwana ..	Ditto ..	16
		Mahdoi	Ditto ..	24
		Gahdeo	A. and B. I to IV	43
		Dilawarnagar ..	A. and B. I and II.	41
		Nabi Panah ..	Ditto ..	29
	Mahona ..	Itaunja	Ditto ..	146
		Talab Bakshi ..	Ditto ..	73
		Paharpur	Ditto ..	69
		Amaniganj.. ..	Ditto ..	73
		Mandion	Ditto ..	32
		Jam Khanwan ..	Ditto ..	57
		Behta	A. and B. I to II	41
		Mahgawan	Ditto ..	72
		Bhauli	Ditto ..	39
		Mahona Primary ..	Ditto ..	69
		Kathwara	Ditto ..	40
		Kumhrawan ..	A. and B. I to III	50
		Itaunja Training Class Practicing School.	L. P. ..	50
		AIDED SCHOOL.		
Lucknow.	Lucknow ..	Aurangabad ...	A. and B. I ..	29
		Ghaila	A. and B. I and II.	17
		Jehta	A. and B. I ..	22

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1912—*(continued)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average attendance.
Lucknow—*(concluded)*.	Lucknow—*(concluded)*.	Laulai	A. and B. I ..	21
		Pir Nagar	A. and B I and II	19
		Ismailganj	A. and B. ..	16
		Baghamau	A. and B I and II	19
		Malhaur	Ditto ..	21
	Bijnaur ..	Nana Mau	Ditto ..	23
		Natkur	A. and B. I ..	23
		Sarai Shahzadi ..	Ditto ..	26
		Nizampur Majhgawan..	Ditto ..	23
		Sadullah Nagar ..	A. and B. I and II	15
		Mati	Ditto ..	21
		Bhaukapur ..	A. and B. I ..	20
		Harauni	Ditto ..	20
		Niwazi Khera ..	Ditto ..	23
		Latif Nagar ..	Ditto ..	22
		Pipri	A. and B. I ..	27
	Kakori ..	Bhaulia	A. and B. I and II	15
Mohanlalganj.	Mohanlalganj.	Adampur Barelia ..	Ditto ..	27
		Malauli	Ditto ..	18
		Madan-ul-Ulama, Nagram.	A. and B. I	17
		Gomi Khera ..	A. and B. I and II	19
		Hoshaiuganj ..	A. and B. ..	31
		Husainabad ..	A. and B. I ..	18
		Dahiar	A. and B. and II ..	20
		Hasanpur	Ditto ..	19
		Beli Khan	A. and B. I ..	19
		Sathwara	A. and B. I and II	29
		Kapera Madarpur ..	Ditto ..	24
		Sheolar	Ditto ..	29
		Bastia	Ditto ..	14
		Ghuskar	Ditro ..	24
		Kharehna	Ditto ..	14
		Dei Tikar	Ditto ..	17
		Sithauli	Ditto ..	18
		Parehtha	Ditto ..	20
		Lalumar	A. and B. ..	27
		Masti Mau ..	A. and B. I and II	22
	Nigohan ..	Laul	A. and B. I ..	25
		Gaura	A. and B. I and II	31
		Dhanwa Sand ..	Ditto ..	12
		Dayalpur	Ditto ..	22
		Bhisanda	Ditto ..	16
			Ditto ..	

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1912—*(concluded)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average attendance.
Malihabad.	Malihabad	Masirha Ratan ..	A. and B. I and II	23
		Rani Para	Ditto ..	95
		Datuli	A. and B. I ..	15
		Shahzadpur ..	A. and B. I and II	22
		Mahmud Nagar ..	Ditto ..	33
		Amaniganj ..	Ditto ..	26
		Kundra Khurd ..	Ditto ..	24
		Tilaswa	Ditto ..	25
		Saijana	A. and B. I ..	26
		China	A. and B. I and II	37
		Gandwa Booki ..	A. only ..	27
		Karthulia	A. and B. I ..	26
		Tilan	A. and B. I and II	22
		Karend	Ditto ..	23
		Besantpur ..	A. and B. I ..	19
		Badian	A. and B. ..	24
		Tewari Khera ..	A. and B. I and II	17
	Mahona ..	Goela	A. and B. I and II	29
		Asti	A. and B. I ..	22
		Bibipur	A. and B. I and II	17
		Arjunpur	Ditto ..	19
		Rajapur	A and B. I ..	19
		Zalimpur	A. and B. I and II	28
		Hardaurpur ..	A. and B. I ..	26
		Usarna	A. and B. I and II	26
		Bhainsa Mau ..	Ditto ..	24
		Deori Rokhana ..	Ditto ..	23
		B.—PRIMARY.		
		II.—Girls.		
Malihabad.	Malihabad ..	Malihabad	District Board Primary School.	23
	Mahona ..	Itaunja	Ditto ..	19
		AIDED SCHOOLS.		
Lucknow	Lucknow ..	Ujarion	Managed by native gentlemen.	11
Malihabad.	Mahona ..	Mahona	Ditto ..	13
		Mandion	Ditto ..	17
Mohanlalganj.	Mohanlalganj	Mau	Ditto ..	14

UNAO.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XXXVIII

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

ALLAHABAD:

Printed by W. C. Abel, Offg. Supdt., Government Press, United Provinces.

1915.

Notes on Gazetteer of Unao bringing the information up to date (1911-12).

CHAPTER I.

BOUNDARIES AND AREA.

The area of the district is approximately 1,787 square miles. The district is by no means a small one and though it is chiefly an agricultural district it is not correctly described as being of little interest or importance.

TOWNS AND VILLAGES.

The population of Unao by the last census is 11,809 and of Purwa 7,876. The other towns containing a population of over 5,000 inhabitants are Safipur, Bangermau.

Safipur 7,365, Bangermau 5,783. The towns administered under Act XX are Purwa, Safipur, Bangermau, Mohan, Moradabad, Bhagwantnagar and Nawalganj *cum* Maharajganj. Of the remaining 1,655 villages 1,110 have a population of less than 500, 351 between 500 and 1,000, 142 between 1,000 and 2,000, 52 a population between 2,000 and 5,000.

WASTE LANDS.

The barren waste according to the returns of 1319 Fasli is now 234,602 acres.

GROVES.

The area under groves according to the returns of 1319 Fasli is now 64,976 acres.

MINERALS.

The cost of quarrying kankar is now Re. 1-4-0 per 100 c. ft. and Re. 0-8-0 for cleaning and Re. 0-8-0 for stocking on road-side. The cost of carriage is now Re. 1 per 100 c. ft. on the first mile and Re. 0-12-0 for every additional mile.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

All the stone used for building has to be imported from Chunar or Mirzapur and costs Rs. 2-8-0 per c. ft. Bricks are chiefly manufactured at Unao and also at Safipur and Purwa. They are made in two sizes, 12″×12″×2″ used for flooring and roofing and sold at Rs. 4-0-0 per cent, the other 9″×4½″×3″. The latter size is

commonly used for building purposes. They are of three classes: First class bricks are sold at Rs. 8-8-0 per thousand, second class at Rs. 6-8-0 per thousand and third class at Rs. 4-8-0 per thousand. Third class bricks are used for rebuilding old houses. The best timbers for building are Sal-wood and Asna. The former comes from Bahram Ghat at Rs. 3-8-0 per c. ft. etc. the latter from Cawnpore at Rs. 2-8-0 per c. ft. They are, however, too expensive for ordinary use and recourse is generally had to local timber: Mahua, Jamun and Nim which cost Rs. 2 per c. ft. Shisham is used for furniture and its value has gone up to Rs. 3-0-0 per c. ft. Mango and other inferior country wood is also used for making cheap doors and windows and costs Rs. 1-5 per c. ft.

Formerly kankar lime used to be procured from Cawnpore, but now it is prepared in Unao, Safipnr and Purwa and sold at Rs. 20 per 100 c. ft.

FAUNA.

The average mortality from wild animals for the five years ending 1911 was one person and the average number of deaths from snake bite 54 annually.

FISHERIES.

At the 1911 census there were 346 fishermen and dealers with their dependents.

CATTLE.

Considerable sales of cattle take place at the Takia, Kusumbhi, and Gauria Kalan fairs. There are now two Kheri bulls in the district for breeding purposes—one at Gauria Kalan with Thakur Gaya Baksh Singh and one at Asiwan with Khan Bahadur Wasi-uz-Zaman.

Bi-weekly bazars are held at Unao thana (Unao tahsil), Garhee (Hassanganj tahsil) and Kaloo Khera (tahsil Purwa), in these bazars cattle are sold in large numbers.

STOCK CENSUS.

A stock census was taken in 1908-9. It was then ascertained that there were in the district 2,12,219 bulls and bullocks and 17,962 male buffalœs giving a total of 2,30,181 working animals. The number of ploughs was 1,06,408. The plough duty per cultivated acre is 5·9. There were 1,01,359 cows and 75,062 cow buffalœs.

OTHER ANIMALS.

In 1908-9 stock census horses and ponies numbered 11,219. The number of sheep was 55,943 and of goats 1,85,458.

CATTLE DISEASE.

The following cattle diseases prevail in this district in different seasons of the year: (I) Rinderpest, (II) Hoemorrhagic septicoemia, (III) Foot and mouth disease, (IV) Black quarter, (V) Anthrax and other contagious diseases.

(I) Rinderpest is common in this district whenever it does break out, it spreads violently, is very dangerous, and nearly all attacked cattle die.

(II) Hoemorrhagic septicoemia appears after the rainy season in all the portions of this district and a great number of cattle die of the disease.

(III) Foot and mouth disease is common. It prevails in every season but especially in the hot season and is a great hinderance to cultivation. It is however rarely fatal. The average number of deaths from cattle disease reported from 1904 to 1912 numbered 164 annually. The highest figure was in 1904 (417), anthrax alone accounting for 200 deaths; 1908 and 1910 were also bad. The lowest mortality was in 1906 (15), and in 1909 there were only 36 deaths.

RAINFALL.

The average annual rainfall for the whole district from 1902 to 1912 was 29·65. In the first five years the average was 32·72, and in the second it was 26·57. In 1907-8 only 16·57 inches was received and distress in that year was widespread.

HEALTH.

The annual birth rate for the decade 1902 to 1911 was 31·96 per mille; the death rate for the corresponding period was 4,572 per mille. The birth rate during this period was less than during the previous decade and death rate considerably more, mainly due to the ravages of plague.

FEVERS.

Fevers as usual are the main cause of mortality during the period under reference 1902 to 1911 (inclusive) the annual average death rate under this head was 27,429 or 65·86 per cent. of the total registered mortality. The worst year for fevers was

1908, the year after the famine of 1907-8. Malaria of a virulent type was prevalent throughout the Province and the highest number of deaths ever recorded under this head 44,882 occurred in this year. A great many deaths which are entered as due to "Fever" by the village chowkidar are really due to pneumonia and influenza.

CHOLERA.

Cholera has not been very bad during the decade under reference, the average annual mortality from 1902 to 1911 amounting to 774 against 1,328 in the previous decade. The worst epidemic during this period was in 1911 when 2,672 deaths were registered under this disease. The rural circles of Maurawan, Auras, Ajgain had the largest numbers of deaths.

SMALL-POX.

This disease has not been entirely absent from the district, but there has been a decided improvement during the last three years of the decade. In 1909, there was not a single death, in 1910 there was one and in 1911 there were 15. The worst epidemic during this decade was in 1903 when there were 1,029 deaths.

VACCINATION.

Vaccination has not made very great progress during the decade under reference, the average number of successful primary vaccinations for the period has been 23,564 and for the previous decade 22,467 so the increase is only about 1,000. The vaccination staff remains the same.

PLAGUE.

Plague which first appeared in 1897 has taken a very firm hold of the district, and for some years past the death rate from this scourge has been very high, one of the highest in the Province. The total mortality under this head for the period amounts to 55,646 giving an average annual death rate of 5,564. The district is never really free from the disease throughout the year, for even in the hot weather months when plague has disappeared from most other districts Unao as a rule continues to shew deaths. Inoculation is unpopular but evacuation has become popular.

INFIRMITIES.

In the census of 1911 there were altogether 3,263 persons afflicted; of these 2,566 were blind, 374 deaf mutes, 213 lepers and 110 insane.

CHAPTER II.

Cultivated Area.

The cultivated area of the district has not appreciably altered; it varies every year with the circumstances of the year.

Culturable Waste.

The culturable waste area is 138,790 or 12·14 per cent. of the whole district, of this no less than 64,976 acres consist of grove lands and 45,527 acres of new fallow so that the actual area classed as capable of cultivation but not cultivated is 164,492 acres.

Double Cropping.

In 1912, the area was 131,634 or 20·7 per cent. of the cultivation. This area has gradually decreased during the last ten years from 137,567 acres to 131,634. The decrease is due to the subsidence of the water level.

Cultivation.

The zaid or intermediate crops are of not much importance, the area cultivated in 1912 was 6,648 acres.

Kharif Crops.

During the last five years the tendency has been for the area under kharif crops to increase at the expense of the rabi harvest. This is probably due to the subsidence of the water level. This feature is seen in all the tahsils but is chiefly noticeable in Purwa and Mohan. The average kharif area for the last five years was 412,595 acres while that of the rabi is 333,090 acres. This is again connected with the fall of the water level.

Rice.

Rice in 1912 covered an area of 28,460 acres or 8·06 per cent. of the kharif area. The largest areas under rice are in the Purwa and Mohan tahsils. The average for the five preceding years was 66,486 or 11·6 per cent. The fall since 1907-8 when it was 87,386 is due to dry seasons.

Millets.

The area under Juar in 1912 was 75,035 acres which is 20 per cent. of the kharif for the whole district. The area under Bajra was 145,081 acres or 41·2 per cent. of the whole kharif area. Juar is mainly sown in Unao and Purwa, Bajra in Mohan and Safipur.

MAIZE.

Maize covers an area of 31,478 acres of which Safipur accounts for 12,774. The area in Purwa is 140 acres only. The fall in the area under maize which was 45,300 in 1902 is as remarkable as in the case of rice and is ofcourse attributable to the same cause.

OTHER CROPS.

The area under cotton is 28,798 acres or 8·1 per cent. of the kharif, it is grown mostly in Mohan and Safipur. Cotton seed from the Aligarh experimental farm was tried in 1912 with unsatisfactory results. The area under sugar-cane is 11,262. It is chiefly grown in Purwa tahsil, Safipur tahsil coming next. Indigo occupies 527 acres, Safipur alone accounting for 521 acres.

Miscellaneous crops occupy an area of 2,799 acres.

RABI CROPS.

In 1912, the area under wheat alone was 92,144, and that under wheat mixed with barley was 41,236, the percentage being 32·8 to the total rabi harvest. The area under pure wheat is largest in Mohan tahsil and of wheat in combination in Purwa. Barley sown alone covered 60,650 acres or 14·9 per cent. of the rabi area, while in combination with gram it amounted to 128,491 acres or 31·6 per cent. Gram sown alone occupied an area of 41,564 acres or 10·2 per cent. Poppy shews an average of 4,494 acres annually. Cultivation of poppy is prohibited in parganas Bhagwantnagar, Daundiya Khera, Panhan, Patan, Magrayar and Ghatampur.

IRRIGATION.

The irrigated area in 1912 amounted to 148,075 acres or 23·3 per cent. of the cultivation. In 1901-02 the irrigated area of the district was 230,958; as noted above, the cause of this decrease is the subsidence of the water level.

WELLS.

Earthen unprotected wells are dug at a cost of Rs. 15 or less and the wells do not last more than ten years and in some cases only one or two years. The average depth of water is aboat 50 ft. from the surface of the ground. In 1912, the area irrigated from wells was 79,842 or 53·92 per cent. of the total irrigated area. The number of masonry wells now available for irrigation is

returned at 16,955 but of these 12,002 were actually employed in 1912, almost the same number as 1902. The number is largest in Purwa Tahsil and smallest in Safipur. The non-masonry wells numbered 35,972, of these 29,601 were actually used.

TANKS.

The number of tanks available for irrigation is practically the same as in 1903. Recourse is had to them chiefly in the Mohan and Purwa tahsils. In all 68,233 acres were watered, or 46·08 per cent. of the total irrigated area.

FAMINES.

The monsoon of 1907 commenced at the end of July and did not last after August. All crops sown made an excellent start but owing to the early cessation of rain the rice crop was totally lost. Maize, Juar and Bajra also suffered very seriously. The months of October, November and December also brought no rain. The result was that there was considerable distress over the whole district. Scarcity was declared from 1st January 1908. Test works were opened on the following roads :—

(1). Bikrampur-Bihar, (2) Safipur-Mianganj. The highest number reached on such works was 943 and it did not become necessary to open any public works. Gratuitous relief commenced from 6th January 1908, the numbers then being 2,129. The numbers gradually rose to a maximum of 6,398 in the month of March. State poor houses were opened in Unao, Mohan, Purwa and Safipur. Five aided works were opened and were successful in relieving distress. Private charitable committees were formed at tahsils and large sums were distributed in charity, while nearly seven lakhs was advanced in taqavi under Act XII.

The final payments of gratuitous relief were made on 13th June 1908. The aided works continued in operation until the break of the rains in July 1908. The Unao poor house was closed in April 1908, the others were closed in March. The monsoon of 1908 was also sowewhat delayed, the first fall of rain being received on 1st July 1908. Excepting in the south of the district the fall was very much below the normal but as the showers were continuous and well distributed, they were sufficient for agricultural needs.

INTEREST.

At the census of 1911 there were enumerated 2,406 bankers and bankers' clerks. It is probable that the very big difference between these figures and of 1901 is due to the different method of enumeration as well as to the progress which the Co-operative Credit system has made in the district since November 1906, when the Unao Town Bank, Limited, was established. This bank prospered greatly under the careful supervision of Mr. F. S. P. Swann, I. C. S., Deputy Commissioner and the late Rai Kali Charan Sahib. There are now in the district five central banks, namely, (1.) Safipur, (2) Ajgain, (3) Purwa, (4) Rampur Khanjri, and (5) Rampur Garhwan, fourteen societies working on the old Patti system, seven Urban banks and 176 small village independent banks in the district, almost all of which are directly or indirectly financed by the Unao Town Bank, wholly or partially.

Its sources of Capital are share capital, deposits, (fixed, current and savings bank) Debentures and loans.

The bank also finances some societies outside the district, including two district banks. The Bank is managed by a Board of Directors consisting of twelve members, six of whom form the working committee. The Deputy Commissioner is the Ex-officio Chairman. The bank issued loans to the extent of Rs. 279,073-14-3 and Rs. 6,010-12-0 to societies and individual members respectively during the year 1912-13. Its share capital is Rs. 25,965 and its working capital exceeds five lakhs. It has succeeded in building up a Reserve Fund of Rs. 36,755-14-11 since it started, besides the sinking fund. The policy of converting the old Patti system societies into true village societies is being actively pursued. This work is being done very carefully, undesirable members being weeded out. New societies are also being formed after careful enquiry into their financial and social condition. The work of organisation, audit, inspection and general supervision is carried on by the Manager and Inspectors of the Unao Town Bank. Central Banks and big Patti societies have their own staff but they are also supervised by the Unao Town Bank officers.

The Bank has paid its share-holders a dividend of 10 per cent. since it came into existence, this being the maximum permissible under the Co-operative Credit Societies Act, 1910. It pays 5½ per

cent. on fixed deposits. Loans are issued by it to central societies at 8 per cent. and by them to village societies at 12 per cent. The latter grants loans to individuals at 15 per cent.

MANUFACTURES.

Besides those mentioned in the 1901 edition of the Gazetteer, under this head may be mentioned (1) A sugar factory, The Ganges Sugar Works, Limited, started in 1908—but which is now closed and is not believed to have been a success. (2) A Mill for pressing cotton and extracting oil at Mianganj started by the Taluqdar of Asiwan in the same year. (3) Several Flour Mills recently opened at Unao, Purwa, Bhagwantnagar, Nawabganj, Safipur, Mianganj and Maurawan.

FAIRS.

The largest fair is the Takia Mohabat Shah with which an Agricultural Exhibition is combined. It is held on 1st Thursday of the month of Pus and lasts for seven or eight days. This year the gathering was about two lakhs of people.

The next is the Kusehri fair and then comes the Pariar fair. The former has an attendance of about one lakh and the latter seldom gets above 70,000 to 80,000 owing to numerous other bathing fairs occurring on the same day all along the Ganges. Judging from this year the business done at the Takia fair is enormous. The opening of the Rai Bareli line with Takia as a station and the inauguration of the exhibition have undoubtedly increased its importance.

The important bathing fairs in Kartik are Buksar, Kulhuagara, Ganga Ghat opposite to Cawnpore, Pariar and Mela Alam Shah. The bathing fairs do not last more than three days but the Kusumbhi and Takia fairs last for nearly a week. Unimportant *URS* fairs are also held at Safipur and Moradabad once a year. The Kusumbhi fair takes place generally in April and lasts only for three days. Not much business is done in this fair, though cattle are now sold at it.

RAILWAYS.

On the Broad Gauge line new stations at Magarwara, Sonik and Kusambhi have been opened. The old bridge on the Ganges formerly used by the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway is now reserved for Metre Gauge trains and road traffic, the Oudh and Rohilkhand

Railway have made their own bridge which was completed in the year 1910. On the Broad Gauge line five trains including the Great Indian Peninsula Mail from Jhansi run daily each way and three trains in each direction on the Metre Gauge.

A new line has been opened to Rai Bareli with stations at Achalganj, Bighapur, Takia and Purwa road. There is also a proposal to construct a line from Unao to Madhoganj in the Hardoi district. And a new station has been proposed between Achalganj and Bighapur stations on Rai Bareli line.

Local Roads.

In 1912, the total aggregate length of metalled roads was 99 miles 6 furlongs 47 feet; the cost of their maintenance being Rs. 220 per mile. This is not enough to keep them in good order and a larger amount will be spent when the increase in the District Board's Revenue permits it. Second class roads are 152 miles 7 furlongs in length and the yearly amount allotted for their repair including bridges and culverts gives an approximate average of Rs. 23 a mile. Third class roads are 204 miles 1 furlong in length and are maintained at an approximate average cost of Rs. 18 per mile. Fourth class roads are only six in number and have a total length of 41 miles, the average cost of maintenance being Rs. 5 per mile.

Four miles more of the Unao-Rai Bareli road (i. e. from the 16th to the 20th mile stone) have been metalled, and the road from Maurawan to Jabrailla (14 miles) was metalled in 1907-8.

Ferries.

The ferries are managed by the Cawnpore and Fatehpur District Boards. There is now no ferry in Auras-Mohan as the river has been bridged.

CHAPTER III.

Census of 1911.

The last census was that taken on 10th February 1911. The population was returned at 910,915 persons. The figure in 1901 census was 976,639. The decrease of 65,714 is due to the ravages of plague and to emigration to trading centres. The density of population fell to 509 persons to the square mile.

SEX.

Of the total population at the last census 478,585 were males and 432,330 females. In 1901 there were 96 females to every 100 males. The proportion now is 90.

RELIGION.

Classifying the whole population by religions there were at the last census 834,067 Hindus, 76,033 Musalmans, 669 Aryas, 123 Christians, 16 Sikhs, 7 Jains. The Sikhs are Police-men and Jains traders, but they have made no settlement in the district. Hindus thus number 92 per cent., Musalmans 8 per cent., Christians 01 and Aryas 07 and there is next to no change in their relative proportions.

CHRISTIANITY.

Christianity has made no progress in Unao since last enumeration. Of the 123 Christians enumerated in 1911, 29 were Europeans, 14 Anglo Indians and 76 Indians The number of Indian Christians in 1901 was 106. Of the present number 5 belong to the Church of England, 11 to the Baptist Church and the rest are Methodists. Connected with the last there are three ordained and ten unordained preachers. There is a School at Unao under the management of a resident pastor. The mission work is in charge of the Superintendent at Hardoi who visits Unao four times a year.

ARYAS.

The Araya Samaj has made much progress. At the last census the number had risen to 669. There are now lodges in Purwa, Pathakpur, Safipur, Unao and Nawabganj but adherents of the Samaj are to be found scattered in villages all over the district such as Kurari Kalan, Bighapur, Ugu, Pansa Khera, Kangaon, Churwan, Maurawan, Nagar Harha, Bangermau, Fatehpur, Chaurasi, Usian, Achalganj, Bahrajmau, Bisenmau, Rasulabad. There is no school now. Of the Aryas 315 are Brahmans, 44 Kayasthas and 95 Rajputs.

MUSALMANS : SHIAS AND SUNNIS.

In the 1901 census 7,205 Musalmans called themselves Shias, but in this census only 1,102 were so enumerated. The decrease is remarkable.

Musalman Castes.

The only alteration requiring notice here is that only 59 persons recorded themselves as converted Rajputs *i.e.*, Neo-Muslims at the last census 1911. People therefore recorded them as Neo-Muslims must have been differently classified this year.

Brahmans.

Brahmans numered 100,829 representatives or 12 per cent. of the total Hindu population, a decrease of 20,613 on the number in 1901.

Rajputs.

The Rajputs numbered 53,678 souls or 6 per cent. of the Hindu population. Males 29,430, females 24,248. The Bais number 10,876 persons and then come the Chauhans with 8,665 and the Dikhits with 7,013. The Rajputs have lost about the same in numbers as the Brahmans and nearly double as much proportionately.

Vaishyas.

Banias numbered 12,210, Khattris 455 and Kayasths 8,575.

Chamars.

These numbered 105,867 persons or 13 per cent. of the total Hindu population, and show a slight increase.

Ahirs.

These numbered 99,562 persons or 12 per cent. The increase 6,819 is considerable.

Pasis.

These numbered 93,035 persons or 11 per cent. of the Hindus. This criminal tribe also shows a substantial increase.

Lodhs.

Their number was 82,510 persons or 10 per cent. of the Hindu population, a sensible decrease though the proportion of the whole Hindu population is maintained.

Kurmis.

These numbered 17,529.

Kachhis and Muraos.

Their number was 32,933. Both these castes show a decrease.

Other castes.

Gadaryas 25,164, Nais 20,850, Koris 19,693, Telis 19,556, Dhobis 16,274, Barhais 12,511, Faqirs 113, Kumhars 9,951

Kahars 9,186, Tambolis 6,174, Malis 5,708, Thatheras 906, Kadheras 13,984.

OCCUPATION.

At the last census the Urban population had fallen to 5·05 per cent. The agricultural population was returned at 72 per cent. The industrial population was returned at 14 per cent., while the commercial and professional population amounted together to 9 per cent.

SERVICE.

The number of persons employed in Government service was returned at 3,938 with dependants of both sexes. Military pensioners draw their pay from the Unao Treasury.

LANGUAGE.

At the last census 97 per cent. of the people spoke the Baiswari form of Eastern Hindi, while three per cent. spoke Urdu.

LANDED CASTES.

Mahant Har Charan Das is now dead and has been succeeded by his son Mahant Sant Rain Das.

TALUQDARS.

The description of Taluqdars and of their estates is very confusing owing to taluqas in this district being often given their wrong names. The estate held by the Raja of Maurawan is the Singrampur taluqa. The estate held by the Taluqdar of Pahu is the Gularha taluqa and it is now owned by Thakur Drig Pal Singh. The estate held by the Taluqdar of Simri is the Patnadasi taluqa. The Gaura taluqa is owned by Thakur Chanderbhal Singh and Thakurain Chandrapal Kuar.

The estate held by the Taluqdar of Bharawan is the Marhapur taluqa.

The property held by the Taluqdar of Kaulimau is not a taluqa.

The estate held by the Taluqdar of Katiari is the Fatehpur taluqa and that by the Raja of Partabgarh is the Chamiani taluqa. The Raja of Parenda is now Raja Bishnath Bux Singh, the son of Raja Sheo Dat Singh.

Thakur Balbhadhar Singh is very far from owning the whole of the taluqa of Kantha. His share is a very small one and the owners are numerous relatives of his. The Taluqdar of Galgalha

Thakur Chandrapal Singh owns two taluqas, Galgalha and Pipar Khera.

As to the Khattris of Maurawan the facts given are very obscure and incorrect in many particulars. It is unnecessary to go further back than Lal Man, who had three sons Chandan Lal, Manna Lal and Ganga Prasad. Manna Lal separated and went to Cawnpore and has no further concern with the family. Chandan Lal had five sons and Ganga Prasad two. After Chandan Lal's death, Lala Chotey Lal his eldest son having died in his father's life time, Raja Gauri Shanker his second son suceeded, and was recognized by Government as the head of the family during the Mutiny. There were four Sanads given—one for the taluqa of Maurawan in Unao, and one for taluqa of Thalendi in Rai Bareli and one for the taluqa of Jabrauli in Lucknow, all to Raja Gauri Shanker, and one for the taluqa of Harha Banther in Unao to Babu Sheo Prasad, the eldest son of Lala Ganga Prasad. After Raja Gauri Shanker's death Raja Bihari Lal, the 3rd son of Chandan Lal, took his place and on his death Raja Kanhaiya Lal the fourth son succeeded. During Raja Kanhaiya Lal's life-time disputes arose, and he got his estates taken under the Court of Wards. It was while they were under the Court of Wards that the first partition took place, under which the four taluqas were first combined together and then partitioned. Babu Sheo Prasad obtained half the combined estates, including practically the whole of the old taluqa of Harha Banthar, the other half was first divided into five shares corresponding to Chandan Lal's five sons. Next the share which fell to Lala Chhote Lal's heirs was divided into four portions corresponding to his four sons. Thus nine new taluqas were formed in place of four, but no definite names were given to them, this partly accounts for the difficulty of tracing the property.

Chhoti Lal's four sons were Balmukand, Balgovind, Sangam Lal and Beni Prasad. Balmukand's branch is now represented by Lala Gaya Prasad, his grandson. Balgovind's by Lala Kashi Prasad his son, Sangam Lal's by Lala Ambika Prasad his grandson and Beni Prasad's by Lala Jai Dayal, his son. Raja Gauri Shankar, the 2nd son of Chandan Lal had three sons, Har Prasad, Ram Charan and Bisheshar Prasad. The first died without issue in 1889,

Ram Charan is represented by Lala Shanker Sahai, his grandson, and Bisheshar Prasad by Lala Ganesh Prasad, his son. These two descendants have not only the share which fell to Raja Gauri Shanker but a portion of the share which fell to Lala Janki Prasad, the fifth son of Chandan Lal, and the whole of the share which fell to Babu Sheo Prasad, the descendants in both cases dying out. Raja Bishan Lal the third son is now represented by Rani Jai Dei, the widow of Lala Kedar Nath, though as she has formally adopted a son, Prag Narain, the latter is the real proprietor.

Raja Kanhaiya Lal the fourth son was succeeded by his son Sheo Darshan and is now represented by the present Raja Shambhu Dayal, who received this title as a personal distinction in 1910 and his brother Lala Brij Kishore, who have now petitioned Government for the partition of their taluqa. Lala Janki Prasad the fifth son, was succeeded by his son Ram Narain and then by Ram Narain's widow who died heirless, the property then passed to the various descendants of Chandan Lal.

It is now difficult and also unnecessary here to go into further details. There has been a lot of private partitioning among the family and the names of the estates given in the Gazetteer are often untraceable in the Revenue Records.

The Taluqdar of Kardaha is now Pandit Chanderbhal Bajpai. The property held by the Taluqdar of Jagdispur in this district is not a taluqa. The Taluqdar of Bethar is now Pandit Sham Sunder Nath Kaul. The village of Shakurabad is held under a separate Sanad by the Taluqdarin of Tirbediganj. Mahant Sant Rain Das, son of Mahant Har Charan Das is now the owner of Maswasi. The properties owned by Lala Durga Prasad of Sarwan and Rai Sri Ram Bahadur as well as by Saiyid Iltifat Rasul are not taluqas. Chaudhari Mohammad Mah is not the sole owner of the taluqa of Unao. Saiyid Taleb Ali his brother too is dead. Chaudhari Mohamad Mah owns only ten annas of the estate and the other six annas is owned by Musammat Bakhtawar Begam. The Estate though held under a primogeniture Sanad has been subdivided from the very first. Both portions are very heavily in debt. The Mianganj taluqa is no longer under the Court of Wards. The old taluqas of Malona, Akberpur and Jajamoau have disappeared as taluqas.

Under Proprietors.

The Settlement Officer at last revision neglected to determine the rents of all under-proprietors in accordance with section 29, Land Revenue Act, only determining those in which applications were made and these were very few. The number of under-proprietors is being affected by the considerable number of resumption suits filed in 1911 and 1912 which result in an appreciable number of cases in the rent free holders being declared under-proprietors.

CHAPTER IV.

Magisterial Staff.

The Deputy Commissioner is now ordinarily assisted by four full powered officers (one of whom is usually in the cold weather a covenanted European officer) and one Treasury officer, this being the sanctioned staff.

There are seven Honorary Magistrates :—Rai Bahadur Chaudhari Mahendra Singh, Raja Shambhu Dayal and Chaudhari Muhammad Mah, with 2nd Class powers; Pandit Ram Narayan, Raja Bishnath Bakhsh Singh, Khan Bahadur Chaudhari Wasi-uz-Zaman and Thakur Shambhu Singh, with 3rd class powers; also one Honorary Assistant Collector with 1st class powers, Babu Girja Dayal.

Civil Courts.

For the purposes of civil, criminal and appellate jurisdiction the district forms part of the Lucknow judgeship. Sessions are held at intervals at Unao by the Additional Sessions Judge of Lucknow. There are now four Munsifs, two at Unao, one for North Unao and one for South Unao, and one each at Purwa and Safipur. North Unao comprises of Parganas Pariar, Unao, Asiwan, Rasulabad, (Mohan Auras) Gorinda Parsandan, Hasanganj; South Unao comprises Harha, Sikandarpur, Ghatampur and Magrair; Purwa Munsifi comprises Bhagwantnagar, Maurawan, Purwa, Daundia Khera, Behar, Patan, Panhan, and Asoha; Safipur munsifi comprises Safipur, Fatehpur Chaurasi, and Bangarmau. There are now two Honorary Munsifs in the district—Rai Bahadur Chaudhari Mahendra Singh for pargana Bangarmau and Lala Brij Kishor for parganas Maurawan and Asoha in

tahsil Purwa concurrent with the jurisdiction of the Munsif of Purwa. The latter has been empowered to receive plaints direct.

ALLUVIAL MAHALS.

There are now 133 alluvial mahals, 120 temporarily settled and 13 permanently settled.

RESULT OF THE ASSESSMENT.

The revenue is now collected without difficulty. In 1910-11, the balance was Rs. 3,473 and in 1911-12, Rs. 2,344. This was nominal. The average number of sales of land by orders of court is 43.

CESSES.

These have now been reduced to 10 per cent. The Patwari rate has been abolished. In 1911-12, the collections on account of local rate amounted to Rs. 82,469 and Rural Police rate amounted to Rs. 82,471. The Rural Police rate has been provincialized with effect from 1st April 1914.

POLICE FORCE.

In 1912, the regular police force of the district consisted of 28 sub-inspectors, 15 head constables and 161 constables. In addition to these there are 118 officers and men of the armed police. The municipal police are now a part of the regular police force. The police of the towns administered under Act XX of 1856 amounts to 54 men. There are 58 men in the road police and 2,040 village chaukidars. The proportion of the regular civil police is one to every 8·7 square mile of area and one to every 4,465 inhabitants.

There are two circle and one reserve inspectors under the Superintendent.

CHAUKIDARS.

All the chaukidars are now paid monthly by Government, receiving Rs. 3 a month or Rs. 2-13-0 after deduction of uniform charges. Act XX—Town chaukidars get Rs. 3-4-6 after deduction of Re. 0-3-6 uniform charges.

EXCISE.

The distillery at Unao was abolished in 1909 and the district came under the contract system, the liquor being supplied by Messrs. Dyer & Co. of Lucknow who manufacture it after the English method. Liquor is issued from bonded warehouses

at Unao, Purwa and Safipur and sold at a fixed strength of 25° and 50° U. P. with a margin of two degrees either way.

The number of Excise Inspectors has been raised to five. Two of them are in charge of preventive and detective work only while three have charge of the bonded ware-houses, and also have to do preventive work on non-issue days. Issues are made once or twice in a week as considered desirable by the Assistant Commissioner of Excise. The still-head duty is now Rs. 3-8 per L. P. gallon but it is now proposed to raise it to 4 per L. P. gallon as consumption of liquor is increasing regularly in the district. The price of liquor charged by Messrs. Dyer & Co. is annas 14 per L. P. gallon. There are at present 137 liquor shops, paying a licence fee in 1912-13 of Rs. 37,731. The total consumption is now 64,699 gallons. Consumption of liquor has increased partly because it is considered to be an antidote to plague and the scruples of low caste Musulmans against its use are not so strong as they were.

OPIUM AND DRUGS.

The number of opium shops in 1913-14 was 14. Opium is also sold by the Tahvildars at each tahsil. It is supplied at Rs. 20 and sold retail at Rs. 30 to Rs. 40 a seer. Its average annual consumption for the last three years was 17 maunds 27 seers, or more than double what it was 10 years ago. This may however be connected with the restriction in poppy cultivation which is now allowed only in fifteen parganas out of the whole district the forbidden parganas being the six southern parganas of Bhagwantnagar, Daundia Khera, Panhan, Patan, Magrair and Ghatampur.

In 1913-14, the drugs and bhang contract for the Unao and Cawnpore districts were sold together at Cawnpore for Rs. 7,00,000 for three yrars. The numbers of retail drug shops in the district is 88. The average consumption of charas in district for the last three years is 59 maunds 16 seers. Charas is sold by retail vendors at the rate of Rs. 70 to Rs. 90 a seer and bhang Rs. 2 to Rs. 2-8 a seer.

TARI.

There are altogether 113 tari shops in the district. The number of shops for each tahsil is, Unao 13, Purwa 7, Safipur 53 Hasanganj 40. The licence fees amounted to Rs. 9,850 in 1913-14

Post Offices.

There are 14 sub-offices and 42 branch offices. The latter are mostly in charge of extra departmental agents who carry on the postal work in addition to their own profession. The only departmental branch office is at Naraindas Khera the remaining 41 are extra departmental. There is no district dāk now. Achalganj, Agaijn, Bara, Bhagwantnagar, Bighapur, Behar, Hasanganj, Maurawan, Padri Kalan, Purwa, Gangaghat, Bethar, Sikanderpur, Asoha, Bhauli, Chamrauli, Jaitipur, Kantha, Nawabganj, Dhanikhera, Narayan Das Khera, Sagwar, Bisenmau, Ghatampur, Indemau, Terha, Patan, Sumerpur, Mohan, Neotani, Hilauli, Mawai, Sarwan, Chamyani, Magrair, Purwa, Taura offices are served by train in the case of others the post is carried by runners. With the exception of Badarka, Banthar and Thana the mails leave the Unao head office for all parts (the post offices served by railway not included) at 5-10 p.m. The mails are brought in at 10 a.m. with the exception of the above three offices from which the post comes at 4-30 p.m.

Income-tax.

The average receipts for the years from 1904 to 1912 amounted to 12,782. In 1911-12 there were 353 persons assessed. But of these only 62 were estimated as enjoying incomes of over Rs. 2,000 per annum. The average tax paid by the latter was Rs. 5,462, fourteen belonged to the Mohan Tahsil, 16 to Purwa, 17 to Unao and 15 to Safipur. In the case of those whose income is estimated at under Rs. 2,000 the average amount of tax paid was Rs. 7,552.

The drop of nearly Rs. 10,000 since 1902-3 is of course due to the exemption of incomes not exceeding Rs. 1,000 from the tax and an examination of the figures since that date indicates very little improvement in the prosperity of the district in recent years so far as non-agricultural income is concerned.

Registration.

The average income from registration fees is Rs. 18,516 or nearly three times the average estimated income from 1896 to1901.

Stamps.

The court-fee stamp income has increased from Rs. 1,12,842 in 1901-02 to Rs. 1,46,051 in 1912-13. The number of applications for

ejectment in 1911-12 was 2,512 or about 1,500 less than in 1902.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

The first Vice Chairman, Pt. Beni Madho Dube, became in turn the first Chairman of the Municipal Board in 1913. The Board has had a paid Secretary since 1911. The income is chiefly derived from the tax, (1) on houses, buildings and land levied on their annual value and (2) on professions and trades.

DISPENSARIES.

One additional dispensary has been opened at Rajapur by the Court of Wards in the estate of the Raja of Sisendi. It is supported entirely by this estate. The average daily attendance in 1911 for all the dispensaries was 326·17.

EDUCATION.

The proportion of literate persons at the last census was 3·3 per cent. as against the provincial average of 3·4.

SCHOOLS.

In 1912, in addition to the Government schools there were six middle schools and 212 others with an average attendance of 7,175. These were supported at a cost of Rs. 34,574. The Maurawan and Bihar middle vernacular schools have been abolished. The Board's village schools now number 121 in all, of which 59 are of the upper primary type and 62 of the lower primary type. Aided schools are 83 in number. There are eight girls schools of which two are Government model schools at Unao. The unaided indigenous schools numbered 279 in 1912 with a total attendance of 1,150 pupils. In 95 Arabic or Persian, in six Sanskrit, in 178 the vernacular is taught. The present expenditure on education is Rs. 46,959 from District Board Funds.

LITERACY.

The number of literate persons is 3·3 per cent. only a slight increase. Of the males 6·1 per cent. are literate and of females ·29 per cent. At the last census 6·5 per cent. of the Mohammadan males and ·79 per cent. of the females could read and write while for the Hindus the figures were 5·9 and ·23 respectively. One thousand one hundred and thirteen persons or 3·6 per cent. of the total literate population were literate in English.

CATTLE POUNDS.

There are 21 pounds in the district apart from that at Unao, which is the property of the municipality. In the Safipur tahsil, there are six pounds—in Mohan, there are three and one in Asiwan-Rasulabad. In Unao three and in Purwa tahsil seven.

Gazetteer of Unao.

APPENDIX.

GAZETTEER OF UNAO.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

TABLE I.—*Population by Tahsils.*

Tahsil.	Total.			Hindus.			Musalmans.			Others.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Unao ..	184,855	97,736	87,119	171,982	90,836	81,146	12,572	6,730	5,842	301	170	131
Safipur ..	214,557	115,233	99,324	187,125	100,749	86,376	27,395	14,463	12,932	37	21	16
Purwa ..	271,825	137,730	134,095	256,070	129,665	126,405	15,556	7,947	7,609	199	118	81
Mohan ..	239,678	127,886	111,792	218,890	116,913	101,977	20,510	10,819	9,691	278	154	124
Total ..	910,915	478,585	432,330	834,067	438,163	395,904	76,033	39,959	36,074	815	463	352

TABLE II.—*Population by Thanas.*

Serial number of Thana.	Name of Thana.	Total population.			Hindus.			Musalmans.			Others.		
		Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Unao	86,038	46,233	39,805	77,778	41,763	36,015	8,108	4,371	3,737	152	99	53
2	Safipur	73,097	39,025	34,072	63,801	34,214	29,587	9,265	4,790	4,475	31	21	10
3	Ajgain	74,306	39,673	34,633	69,752	37,282	32,470	4,351	2,282	2,069	203	109	94
4	Achalganj ..	66,091	34,348	31,743	62,647	32,517	30,130	3,303	1,774	1,539	141	67	74
5	Bara	66,452	33,141	33,311	64,489	32,100	32,389	1,888	999	889	75	42	33
6	Purwa	59,362	30,431	28,931	54,546	27,961	26,585	4,725	2,419	2,306	91	51	40
7	Auras	78,951	42,367	36,584	70,150	37,669	32,481	8,787	4,690	4,097	14	8	6
8	Bangarmau ..	89,128	48,049	41,079	75,598	40,905	34,693	13,524	7,142	6,382	6	2	4
9	Fatehpur chaurasi ..	67,807	36,441	31,366	62,826	33,742	29,084	4,978	2,699	2,279	3	...	3
10	Asoha	54,449	28,368	26,081	51,652	26,917	24,735	2,759	1,431	1,328	38	20	18
11	Bihar	55,855	27,574	28,281	53,377	26,300	27,077	2,463	1,262	1,201	15	12	3
12	Maurawan ..	65,068	33,467	31,601	60,461	31,154	29,307	4,597	2,304	2,293	10	9	1
13	Hasanganj ..	74,311	39,468	34,843	66,990	35,639	31,351	7,285	3,806	3,479	36	23	13
	Total ..	9,10,915	4,78,585	4,32,330	8,34,067	4,38,163	3,95,904	7,6033	39,959	36,074	815	463	352

TABLE III.—*Vital Statistics.*

Year.	Births.				Deaths.			
	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1901 ..	42,416	21,930	20,486	43·43	30,669	15,813	14,856	31·40
1902 ..	42,976	22,254	20,722	44·00	30,291	15,556	14,735	31·01
1903 ..	46,167	23,961	22,206	47·27	44,151	22,121	22,030	45·21
1904 ..	40,906	21,265	19,641	41·88	36,764	17,812	18,952	37·64
1905 ..	34,330	17,717	16,613	35·15	43,439	21,346	22,093	44·48
1906 ..	36,957	19,257	17,700	37·89	37,467	18,945	18,522	38·37
1907 ..	38,176	19,554	18,222	39·08	42,739	21,623	21,116	43·78
1908 ..	33,457	17,493	15,964	34·26	54,919	27,453	27,466	56·23
1909 ..	25,420	13,367	12,053	21·03	39,223	20,109	19,114	40·16
1910 ..	38,112	19,816	18,296	39·02	42,766	21,662	21,104	43·79
1911 ..	40,638	21,059	19,574	41·61	44,700	23,080	21,620	45·97
1912 ..	40,027	20,635	19,392	40·98	29,260	15,071	14,189	29·96

TABLE IV.—*Deaths according to cause.*

Year.	Total deaths from—					
	All causes.	Plague.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever.	Bowel complaints.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901 ..	30,669	..	1,515	4	23,270	650
1902 ..	30,291	442	132	299	20,824	1,852
1903 ..	44,151	5,897	824	1,029	22,473	2,568
1904 ..	36,764	4,059	118	14	24,757	1,166
1905 ..	43,439	12,392	1,265	13	24,058	719
1906 ..	37,467	1,898	268	35	26,779	675
1907 ..	42,739	7,689	180	111	26,625	442
1908 ..	54,919	1,280	1,574	118	44,582	278
1909 ..	39,223	2,321	20	..	32,760	307
1910 ..	42,766	10,630	577	1	25,709	297
1911 ..	44,700	9,038	2,672	15	25,730	303
1912 ..	29,260	5,971	249	3	17,929	114

Table V.—*Statistics of cultivation and irrigation*, 1319 Fasli.

Pargana and tahsil.	Total area.	Waste.	Culturable.	Cultivated.							Double cropped.
				Irrigated.					Dry.	Total.	
				Total.	Canal.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Unao	41,082	11,429	11,564	6,313	..	2,780	..	3,533	11,776	18,089	4,125
Pariar	20,915	2,949	5,282	2,380	..	1,218	..	1,162	10,304	12,684	2,222
Sikandarpur ..	41,485	8,927	7,463	1,954	..	1,492	..	462	23,141	25,095	4,456
Hudha	151,481	34,468	41,556	15,978	..	9,376	..	6,602	59,479	75,457	18,629
Total tahsil Unao ..	254,963	57,773	65,865	26,625	..	14,866	..	11,759	104,700	131,325	29,432
Safipur	84,455	14,460	19,794	15,145	..	11,972	..	3,173	35,056	50 201	11,551
Bangar Mau ..	114,669	16,503	23,462	10,921	..	8,637	..	2,284	63,783	74,704	18,553
Fatehpur Chaurasi ..	57,451	12,287	7,651	1,858	..	1,181	..	677	35,655	37,513	11,997
Total tahsil Safipur ..	256,575	43,250	50,907	27,924	..	21,790	..	6,134	134,494	162,418	42,101
Asiwan Rasulabad ..	63,288	10,452	13,474	11,360	..	5,605	..	5,755	28,002	39,362	10,178
Auras Mohan ..	125,186	30,616	21,367	15,895	..	7,837	..	8,058	57,308	73,203	16,365
Jholoter Ajgan ..	62,689	11,790	16,330	8,894	..	1,758	..	7,136	25,675	34,569	6,466
Gorinda Persendan ..	28,085	6,021	6,516	4,627	..	338	..	4,289	10,921	15,548	2,121
Total tahsil Mohan ..	279,248	58,879	57,687	40,776	..	15,538	..	25,238	121,906	162,682	35,130

TABLE V—(concluded).—*Satatistics of cultivation and irrigation,* 1913 *Fasli.*

Pargana and tahsil.	Total area.	Waste.	Culturable.	Cultivated.							Double cropped.
				Irrigated.					Dry.	Total.	
				Total.	Canals.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Asoha	28,429	5,969	7,236	2,491	..	561	..	1,930	12,733	15,224	2,266
Behar	15,141	2,213	5,068	2,776	..	2,213	..	563	5,084	7,860	1,247
Bhagwantnagar ..	28,800	5,117	10,769	6,062	..	5,227	..	835	6,852	12,914	2,044
Patan	6,924	1,164	2,781	1,206	..	1,014	..	192	1,773	2,979	497
Panhan	12,186	1,666	4,410	2,950	..	2,550	..	400	3,160	6,110	838
Purwa	71,100	16,592	20,421	12,662	..	6,238	..	6,424	21,425	34,087	4,317
Daondia Khera ..	41,002	8,264	10,246	5,384	..	3,761	..	1,623	17,108	22,492	3,411
Ghatampur ..	18,023	2,423	6,918	1,620	..	1,124	..	496	7,062	8,682	1,529
Magrair	19,498	3,479	8,397	2,517	..	1,894	..	623	5,105	7,622	961
Mourawan ..	110,728	27,813	24,290	15,082	..	3,066	..	12,016	43,543	58,625	7,861
Total of tahsil Purwa	351,831	74,700	100,536	52,750	..	27,648	..	25,102	123,845	176,595	24,971
Total of District ..	1,142,617	234,602	274,995	148,075	..	79,842	..	68,233	484,945	633,020	131,634

TABLE VI.—*Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Unao.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.				
	Total.	Wheat.	Wheat and Barley.	Barley.	Barley and gram.	Gram.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Bajra and arhar.	Rice.	Maize.
Fasli.											
1309 ..	89.664	19,357	6,330	8,946	33,588	12,814	81,835	25,484	9,984	23,026	13,283
1310 ..	80,686	19,301	6,169	11,002	30.755	7,411	85,883	24,278	8,721	21,785	14,786
1311 ..	90,870	22,472	6,751	13,982	34,530	5,313	78,593	30,236	19,048	14,927	10,473
1312 ..	99,497	22,910	7,149	13,045	41,382	5,752	74,341	21,670	9,575	23,987	10,630
1313 ..	59,308	12,213	3,016	7,361	26,625	5,305	93,535	35,569	10,723	23,740	12,532
1314 ..	83,011	18,678	5,141	11,163	34,923	7,435	91,387	30,119	10,135	25,502	14,282
1315 ..	53,396	9,085	3,118	14,820	22,605	1,187	85,802	25,205	11,820	17 696	11,732
1316 ..	63,038	11,945	4,013	16,043	24,692	2,772	88,066	28,718	10,506	14,991	12,606
1317 ..	84,138	17 209	4,327	17,795	33,084	6,628	79,953	18,069	13,938	18,625	9,600
1318 ..	86,674	19,740	4,169	14,131	39,884	5,289	78,071	22,395	13,444	13,998	10,086
1319 ..	87,883	20,475	4,334	11,747	36,729	6,546	70,712	18,632	18,014	6,664	8,826

TABLE VI—(continued).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Purwa.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.				
	Total.	Wheat.	Wheat and Barley.	Barley.	Barley and gram.	Gram.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Bajra and arhar.	Rice.	Maize.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Fasli.											
1309 ..	101,699	19,223	17,454	6,340	28,932	23,649	115,473	36,185	12,555	33,842	475
1310 ..	100,807	21,620	22,148	7,981	28.025	15,858	111,834	33,876	8,246	32,027	736
1311 ..	108,097	23,251	23,588	10,990	32,352	11,300	104,764	37,141	18,324	25,896	349
1312 ..	111,293	24,285	22,265	9,079	35,401	11,139	107,592	35,518	11,713	34,574	437
1313 ..	83,475	12,989	12,343	9,352	29,406	13,825	128,804	43,551	15,617	35,733	753
1314 ..	100,588	19,359	17,701	11,312	32,312	14,481	119,939	39,858	14,272	36,020	592
1315 ..	72,118	12,235	17,597	15,911	18,422	3,306	120,633	39,922	9,181	30,969	351
1316 ..	78 953	14,745	18,464	20,608	15,506	6,537	117,898	45,519	8,209	22,442	567
1317 ..	100,683	20,303	18,188	21,455	23,223	13,145	107,755	30,787	8,526	27,791	790
1318 ..	100,197	20,247	15,266	19,483	27,359	12,845	111,228	35,450	10,408	25,350	490
1319 ..	110,285	22,363	16,832	19,278	31,613	11,923	89,995	29,552	17,554	8,150	140

TABLE VI—(continued).—*Area in acres under the principal crops tahsil Safipur.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.				
	Total.	Wheat.	Wheat and Barley.	Barley.	Barley and gram.	Gram.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Bajra and arhar.	Rice.	Maize.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Fasli.											
1309 ..	111,729	20,976	10,169	11,957	35,793	15,248	107,446	18,319	23,080	23,314	22,954
1310 ..	97,411	23,531	9,567	13,018	29,523	8,520	104,174	16,274	21,845	19,710	22,876
1311 ..	108,008	27,773	11,426	16,778	30,437	7,469	100,846	20,812	36,880	12,872	18,773
1312 ..	117,942	29,520	12,365	16,387	31,830	11,340	95,854	17,803	19,487	20,708	19,756
1313 ..	76,755	13,263	4,561	8,648	30,916	6,429	125,186	24,833	26,257	24,467	24,178
1314 ..	104,524	20,282	8,173	12,593	39,967	10,882	120,050	22,348	21,688	24,858	25,348
1315 ..	67,378	9,119	3,923	20,757	26,200	614	117,413	16,900	23,130	16,654	23,521
1316 ..	75,555	13,426	5,673	26,802	22,872	2,034	115,718	21,645	20,779	12,287	26,235
1317 ..	95,236	19,237	6,578	23,582	30,878	6,986	109,688	15,072	24,879	16,229	19,704
1318 ..	108,003	22,642	6,855	19,192	40,824	7,244	102,909	15,464	24,770	8,749	19,267
1319 ..	109,484	22,951	6,857	14,329	38,175	11,973	92,705	9,283	32,472	5,758	12,774

TABLE VI—(concluded).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Mohan.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.				
	Total.	Wheat.	Wheat and Barley.	Barley.	Barley and gram.	Gram.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Bajra and arhar.	Rice.	Maize.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Fasli.											
1309 ..	93,017	23,779	13,408	5,503	22,962	17,446	114,878	16,212	29,686	30,036	14,640
1310 ..	90,569	26,920	15,411	6,814	22,795	11,314	112,305	15,709	28.303	26,638	15,874
1311 ..	99,169	30,653	18,267	9,405	20,657	10,019	104,986	18,638	37,687	21,022	11,803
1312 ..	106,009	31,839	18,902	8,634	22,271	10,270	105,435	16,073	24,995	20,991	12,778
1313 ..	78,006	16,342	7,781	6,595	23,617	14,210	128,719	22.080	28,977	31,625	16,270
1314 ..	90.850	22,805	13,306	8,567	24,806	12,875	122,107	16,235	26,565	31,907	17,791
1315 ..	64,719	11,346	12,179	12,182	21,084	1,993	119,657	15,906	29,059	21,978	16,592
1316 ..	64,677	14,097	13,618	17,485	12,987	2,941	115,841	20,740	28,894	15,286	19,597
1317 ..	81,580	20,703	15,697	17,761	13,875	8.261	112,983	15,389	30,892	22,079	15,237
1318 ..	82,615	22,889	12,686	15,806	16,375	8,516	112,755	15,600	29.769	17,716	14,645
1319 ..	98,254	26,355	13,213	15,296	21.974	11,122	98,687	10,120	42,702	7.888	9,744

TABLE VII—*Criminal Justice.*

Year.		Number of persons convicted or bound over in respect of—												Cases under—	
		Offences against public tranquility (Chapter VIII).	Offences affecting life.	Grevious hurt.	Rape.	Cattle theft.	Criminal force and assault.	Theft.	Robbery and dacoity.	Receiving stolen property.	Criminal trespass.	Bad liveli-hood.	Keeping the peace.	Opium Act.	Excise Act.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1901	..	68	26	47	1	10	33	118	5	38	107	80	49	6	6
1902	..	104	25	81	3	12	58	157	9	39	141	127	35	7	21
1903	..	38	25	28	4	10	43	114	16	37	129	135	32	2	7
1904	..	90	22	25	2	3	66	189	8	18	140	196	125	1	3
1905	..	104	19	27	2	..	53	182	12	33	179	170	124	1	3
1906	..	74	21	43	2	..	63	239	6	55	208	137	35	4	9
1907	..	102	17	38	*12	..	58	168	16	41	183	158	66	3	19
1908	..	61	12	37	..	2	30	232	10	27	207	155	48	9	9
1909	..	17	8	40	2	..	39	203	4	39	459	145	77	12	23
1910	..	67	6	65	..	..	39	162	7	34	189	171	24	9	29
1911	..	104	3	31	..	..	40	197	18	49	171	108	28	6	33
1912	..	171	4	30	..	..	56	179	10	32	145	194	119	3	21

* Unnatural offences.

TABLE VIII.—*Cognizable crime.*

Year.	Number of cases investigated by police.			Number of persons.		
	Suo motu.	By orders of Magistrate.	Sent up for trial.	Tried.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	1,238	18	968	1,413	492	921
1902	1,268	30	1,040	1,496	457	1,039
1903	1,726	53	819	1,494	513	981
1904	1,596	..	915	1,551	250	901
1905	1,789	..	862	1,199	253	946
1906	1,453	..	781	1,046	131	915
1907	1,214	..	772	1,098	210	888
1908	1,140	..	790	1,113	184	929
1909	1,221	..	773	1,047	225	822
1910	1,524	..	759	1,152	266	886
1911	1,701	..	809	1,112	195	917
1912	1,800	..	795	1,244	171	1,073

TABLE X.—*Present demand for revenue and cesses* 1319 Fasli.

Pargana and tahsil.	Where included in Ain-i-Akbari.	Revenue.	Cesses.	Total.	Incidence per acre. Cultivated.	Incidence per acre. Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Unao	Unam	62,367	6,240	68,607	3 12 8	1 10 8
Parear	Sarosi	28,912	2,891	31,803	2 8 1	1 8 4
Sikanderpur	Sarosi	56,476	5,647	62,123	2 7 7	1 7 10
Harha	Harha	1,93,827	20,750	2,14,577	2 13 6	1 6 8
..	Tahsil Unao ..	3 41,582	35,528	3,77,110	2 13 11	1 7 8
Asoha	Asoha	41,782	4,188	45,970	2 11 11	1 7 6
Bihar	Sedhupur	22,955	2,324	25,279	2 14 9	1 8 3
Bhagwant Nagar	Sedhupur	39,471	3,989	43,460	3 0 11	1 5 11
Patan	Patan	9,461	946	10,407	3 2 9	1 5 10
Panhan	Panhan	18,054	1,836	19,890	2 15 4	1 7 8
Purwa	Ranbherpur	1,00,613	10,684	1,11,297	2 15 3	1 6 8
Dandia Khera	Unchgaon and Sidhupur ..	57,236	5,732	62,968	2 8 10	1 6 4
Ghatampur	Ghatampur	22,613	2,262	24,875	2 9 8	1 4 1
Magrayar	Magrayar	21,633	2,321	23,954	2 13 5	1 1 9
Maurawan	Maurawan Saron and Kumbhi ..	1,45,437	17,096	1,62,533	2 7 8	1 5 0
..	Tahsil Purwa ..	4,79,255	51,378	5,30,633	2 11 5	1 5 9

TABLE X.—*Present demand for revenue and cesses*, 1319 Fasli.—(concluded).

Pargana and tahsil.	Where included in Ain-iAkbari.	Revenue.	Cesses.	Total.	Incidence per acre.	
					Cultivated.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Bangarmau	Bangarmau	1,52,390	15,261	1,67,651	2 1 3	1 5 3
Safipur	Safipur	1,31,444	13,158	1,44,602	2 9 11	1 8 11
Fatehpur Chaurasi	Fatehpur Chaurasi	61,191	6,761	67,952	1 10 1	1 1 1
..	Tahsil Safipur	3,45,025	35,180	3,80,205	2 1 11	1 5 11
Asiwan Rasoolabad	Asiwan	1,12,869	11,287	1,24,156	2 13 11	1 12 6
Auras mohan	Mohan	1,65,238	16,760	1,81,998	2 4 8	1 5 6
Jhaloter Ajgain	Jhaloter	1,06,524	10,688	1,17.212	3 1 6	1 11 3
Gorinda Parsandan	Parsandan	42,325	4,259	46,584	2 11 10	1 8 3
..	Tahsil Mohan	4,26,956	42,994	4,69,950	2 10 3	1 8 8
Grand Total	..	1,592,818	1,65,080	17,57,898	2 12 5	1 8 7

TABLE XI.—Excise.

Year.	Receipts from foreign liquor.	Country liquor.		Receipts from Tari and Sendhi.	Drugs.			Opium.	
		Receipts.	Consumption in gallons.		Total.	Consumption in maunds of—		Total receipts.	Cousumption.
						Ganja.	Charas.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
						Md. S	Md. S.		Md. S.
1901-2	96	2,27,358	84,322	7,537	59,315	..	130 37	8.966	20 13
1902-3	192	2,33,981	73,942	8,888	69,267	..	122 33	9,594	20 26
1903-4	352	2,22,744	70,270	6,925	79,948	..	83 0	9,462	21 12
1904-5	320	2,35,936	72,141	4,247	74,447	..	72 3	9,782	21 37
1905-6	384	1,52,929	37,927	6,640	80,508	..	57 7	9,649	21 9
1906-7	302	1,84,904	57,747	5,688	88,113	..	67 18	9,012	20 12
1907-8	..	2,12,751	58,405	5,581	81,900	..	36 21	9,549	22 4
1908-9	50	1,98,739	51,159	6,141	90,816	1	65 12	10,649	24 31
1909-10	..	1,18,078	26,875	7,413	84,449	..	65 6	13,865	33 32
1910-11	2	1,91,391	47,165	8,399	60,901	..	40 24	13,214	22 27
1911-12	..	2,13,445	50,904	8,575	84,795	0 21	107 13$\frac{3}{16}$	15,400	24 1
1912-13	..	2,64,175	64,699	9,450	66,482	..	89 21$\frac{5}{16}$	16,622	26 22

TABLE XI—*Excise*—(concluded).

Year.	Total receipts.	Total charges.	Incidence of receipts for 10,000 of population.			Number of shops for sale of :—		
			Liquor including Tari.	Drugs.	Opium.	Country spirit.	Drugs.	Opuim.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.						
1901-02	303,417	1,272	2,422	611	92	146	90	17
1902-03	322,150	1,682	2,506	714	99	146	90	17
1903-04	319,669	2,712	2,371	824	98	146	90	16
1904-05	324,926	1,251	2,479	768	101	146	90	16
1905-06	250,244	1,250	1,649	830	99	146	90	16
1906-07	288,193	1,699	1,968	908	93	146	90	16
1907-08	309,875	3,450	2,251	844	98	146	89	16
1908-09	306,587	4,500	2,113	936	110	146	89	16
1909-10	223,926	6,259	1,294	871	143	139	89	18
1910-11	273,918	5,753	2,059	628	136	139	88	18
1911-12	322,249	6,897	2,440	932	169	139	88	18
1912-13	356,756	7,983	2 897	731	183	136	88	18

TABLE XII.—*Stamps.*

Year.	Receipts from.— Non-judicial.	Court fee including copies.	All sources.	Total charges.
1	2	3	4	5
				Rs.
1901-02	27,608	112,842	142,186	2,855
1902-03	27,804	95,517	124,825	2,855
1903-04	29,506	117,293	148,493	3,655
1904-05	28,162	117,193	147,191	2,943
1905-06	31,536	129.048	162,464	3,917
1906-07	28,626	147,966	178,774	6,754
1907-08	32,323	137,153	171,716	5,360
1908-09	28,146	144,475	174,659	3,813
1909-10	33,890	152,709	188,812	3,823
1910-11	29,048	170,886	202,387	4,207
1911-12	30,931	154,824	188,072	3,528
1912-13	29,523	163,245	195,091	3,674

Table XIII.—*Income-tax.*

Year.	Total receipts.	Collected by companies.		Profits of companies.		Other sources, part IV.				Total charges.	Objections under Part IV.	
						Under Rs 2,000		Over Rs. 2,000.				
		Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.		Number filed.	Wholly or partly successful.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Rs.		Rs		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		
1901-02	21,806	..	..	..	..	934	14,715	45	4,033	15	190	52
1902-03	22,553	..	..	..	..	944	14,819	50	4,383	45	216	41
1903-04	11,836	..	..	..	..	250	6,877	56	4,959	55	114	13
1904-05	12,818	..	..	..	..	296	7,896	56	4,922	125	106	27
1905-06	12,985	..	..	..	..	311	8,106	56	4,879	120	120	24
1906-07	12,587	..	..	..	..	298	7,819	53	4,748	84	91	21
1907-08	12,841	..	..	..	..	300	7,631	57	5,128	146	167	39
1908-09	13,368	..	..	..	..	311	8,088	55	5,029	..	138	45
1909-10	12,971	..	..	..	..	269	7,196	62	5,454	63	132	40
1910-11	13,188	..	..	..	..	282	7,257	57	5,086	952	117	28
1911-12	13,162	..	..	..	..	290	7,552	62	5,462	96	136	25
1912-13	13,513	..	..	..	..	285	7,467	60	6,046	246	148	24

TABLE. *XIV—Income-tax by Tashils (Part IV only).*

Year.	Tahsil Unao.				Tasil Purwa.			
	Under. Rs. 2,000		Over. Rs. 2,000		Under. Rs. 2,000		Over. Rs. 2,000	
	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1	2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
1901-02 ..	258	4.224	11	1,280	319	4,975	13	1,082
1902-03 ..	250	4,092	12	1,368	319	4,940	15	1,221
1903-04 ..	74	2,079	13	1,710	78	2,209	19	1,442
1904-05 ..	83	2,171	14	1,635	111	3,024	15	1,307
1905-06 ..	76	2,000	13	1,528	117	3,053	16	1,331
1906-07 ..	61	1,651	13	1.373	116	3,043	13	1,336
1907-08 ..	63	1,667	16	1,488	117	2,959	14	1,567
1908-09 ..	59	1,598	12	1,300	110	2,803	15	1,421
1909-10 ..	58	1,496	14	1,379	100	2,582	17	1,660
1910-11 ..	53	1,359	14	1,518	100	2,607	13	1,263
1911-12 ..	67	1,788	17	1,757	95	2,434	16	1,449
1912-13 ..	65	1,755	19	2,552	89	2,321	17	1,692

TABLE XIV.—*Income-tax by Tahsil (Part IV only)*—concluded.

Year.	Tahsil Mohan.				Tahsil Safipur.			
	Under. Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.		Under Rs. 2,000.		Over R. 2,000.	
	Assessees.	Tax.	ssess ees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1	2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1901-02 ..	172	2,357	14	1,214	185	3,159	7	457
1902-03 ..	175	2,406	13	1,161	200	3,381	10	632
1903-04 ..	32	851	13	1,086	66	1,738	11	721
1904-05 ..	28	775	15	1,209	72	1,907	11	721
1905-06 ..	41	1,063	14	1,884	76	1,969	12	774
1906-07 ..	47	1,197	14	1,186	72	1,878	12	790
1907-08 ..	48	1,227	14	1,207	72	1,840	13	865
1908-09 ..	65	1,720	12	1,150	76	1,912	13	937
1909-10 ..	55	1,513	14	1,259	64	1,566	16	1,094
1910-11 ..	66	1,584	16	1,059	60	1,630	14	1,280
1911-12 ..	62	1,687	14	1,256	66	1,643	15	1,000
1912-13 ..	64	1,713	12	1,036	67	1,678	12	764

TABLE XV—*District Board.*

Year.	Receipts.												Expenditure.										
Year.	Total Receipts.	Provincial Rates.	Interest.	Pounds.	Medical.	Education.	Scientific.	Miscellaneous.	Civil works.	Ferries.	Contributions.	Debts.	Total expenditure.	General administration.	Pounds.	Education.	Medical.	Scientific, &c.	Miscellaneous	Civil works.	Contributions.	Debts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1901-02 ...	1,01,087	78,506	244	8,759	2,307	8,158	678	38	687	10	...	1,700	1,00,282	2,144	3,820	33,771	9,568	426	54	44,549	4,250	1,700
1902-03 ...	1,13,685	78,325	244	10,190	2,335	8,440	545	55	1,347	10	10,494	1,700	1,15,277	1,953	4,032	36,485	10,016	761	50	60,280	...	1,700
1903-04 ...	1,04,873	78,476	244	10,463	2,211	8,184	328	122	3,135	10	...	1,700	1,17,103	2,080	4,949	38,159	10,492	812	...	57,743	1,168	1,700
1904-05 ...	1,07,179	78 504	244	11,531	2,530	8,434	495	79	2,582	...	1,080	1,700	1,07,064	2,319	5,513	39,027	11,090	957	105	46,353	...	1,700
1905-06 ...	1,25,345	81,084	301	9,160	2,302	7,855	396	63	1,692	...	21,117	1,375	1,13,885	2,260	5,372	43,435	10,971	881	283	49,540	...	1,143
1906-07 ...	1,13,818	82,700	288	8,728	4,043	8,839	465	215	995	...	6,120	1,425	1,23,186	2,357	4,609	47,668	10,560	1,603	281	56,108	...	...
1907-08 ...	1,39,777	82,796	297	9,253	3,818	8,032	326	146	1,183	...	32,526	1,400	1,28,953	3,288	3,452	53,019	12,928	2,355	432	50.979	...	2,500
1908-09 ...	1,44,415	82,816	297	7,550	3,480	11,214	480	134	685	...	36,932	827	1,53,027	3,839	3,651	62,117	13,957	1,797	1,287	65,279	...	1,100
1909-10 ...	1,50,275	82,802	297	9,373	3,242	17,809	602	379	738	...	32,775	2,258	1,45,776	3,810	3,441	61,260	13,747	2,549	1,122	58,697	...	1,150
1910-11 ...	1,39,636	82,383	297	9,644	3,799	12,274	728	380	817	...	28,149	1,165	1,28,935	3,840	3,233	53,463	13,480	2,358	697	50,764	...	1,100
1911-12 ...	1,50,866	82,524	297	11,258	8,548	32,861	679	304	6,686	...	...	7,709	1,40,840	3,704	3,471	46,959	15,347	2,281	810	54,638	...	13,630
1912-13 ...	1,56,434	82,533	427	11,429	7,548	33,370	583	1,632	8,287	...	...	10,625	1,59,734	4,201	3,428	48,124	18,918	2,945	671	68,663	...	12,784

TABLE XVI—*Municipality of Unao.*

Year.	Income.							Expenditure.									
	Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes.	Public safety.	Water supply and drainage.		Conservancy.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Public works.	Public instructions.	Other heads.	Total.
										Capital.	Maintenance.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02 ..	..	2,981	1,638	74	..	2,499	7,192	649	1,454	83	..	2,752	406	530	520	656	7,050
1902-03 ..	..	2,988	1,899	558	..	2,111	7,556	511	1,334	..	..	2,672	521	546	560	1,364	7,508
1903-04 ..	..	3,854	2,182	727	..	5,559	12,322	599	1,342	..	..	2,671	460	4,851	560	847	11,330
1904-05 ..	..	3,783	2,552	922	..	2,802	10,059	616	1,339	..	..	2,838	483	929	798	3,853	8,901
1905-06 ..	..	3,813	2,521	563	..	2,812	9,709	738	667	..	..	3,164	531	3,449	915	2,871	10,930
1906-07 ..	..	3,756	2,724	1,009	..	3,156	10,645	850	..	..	..	3,541	475	3,776	758	1,806	11,206
1907-08 ..	..	3,971	1,996	1,000	..	3,058	10,025	932	..	..	..	3,774	573	2,335	500	2,565	10,779
1908-09 ..	..	3,698	1,796	1,248	..	2,275	9,617	968	..	..	..	4,283	798	2,899	395	879	10,222
1909-10 ..	..	4,715	1,667	1,036	..	2,995	10,413	913	..	..	..	4,570	510	1,246	561	728	8,523
1910-11 ..	..	4,865	1,784	1,157	..	2,841	10,647	982	..	..	..	4,759	461	2,462	302	903	9,869
1911-12 ..	..	5,092	2,027	1,313	..	3,039	11,471	1,655	..	..	..	5,289	400	3,283	600	1,061	12,283
1912-13 ..	..	6,154	1,997	1,320	..	3,022	12,493	1,959	..	..	..	4,914	438	2,063	932	1,205	11,511

TABLE XVII.—*Distribution of Civil Police.*

Thana.	Sub-inspectors.	Head constables.	Constables.	Municipal Police.	Town. Police.	Rural Police.	Road Police.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Unao	3	1	18	..	..	176	12
Achalganj ..	2	1	11	..	..	147	8
Ajgain	2	1	12	..	..	181	10
Bara	2	1	11	..	..	180	2
Behar	2	1	10	..	5	159	2
Purwa	2	1	10	..	14	126	8
Maurawan ..	2	1	10	..	..	144	..
Asoha	2	1	9	..	..	140	2
Safipur	3	1	14	..	12	160	4
Fatehpur ..	2	1	9	..	..	148	4
Bangermau ..	2	1	12	..	13	152	..
Hasanganj ..	2	1	10	..	10	169	6
Auras	2	1	11	..	..	158	..
Outpost Unao ..	..	1	11	..	..	..	..
" " Gangaghat ..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
Total ..	28	15	161	..	54	2,040	58

TABLE XVIII.—*Education.*

Year.	Total.			Secondary education.			Primary education.		
	Schools and colleges.	Scholars.		Schools.	Scholars.		Schools.	Scholars.	
		Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1901-02 ..	152	7,129	30	11	400	..	141	6,729	30
1902-03 ..	230	8,548	38	11	1,392	..	219	7,156	38
1903-04 ..	250	8,624	59	8	1,220	..	239	7, [illegible]	59
1904-05 ..	177	7,600	34	8	232	..	169	7,368	34
1905-06 ..	208	8,897	96	8	1,182	..	200	7,715	96
1906-07 ..	212	8,870	171	8	1,338	..	204	7,532	171
1907-08 ..	211	8,932	153	7	547	..	204	8,385	153
1908-09 ..	219	8,336	173	7	534	..	212	7,802	173
1909-10 ..	221	8,655	194	7	728	..	214	7,927	194
1910-11 ..	221	9,162	235	7	643	..	214	8,519	235
1911-12 ..	219	9,727	247	6	642	..	213	9,085	247

Exclusive of figures of the English schools—high school, Unao and Maurawan K. D. J. school and its branch.

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-12.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average attendance.
		A.—Secondary.		
Unao	Unao	Unao	High school	180
	Do.	Do.	Middle Vernacular	66
Purwa.	Purwa	Purwa	Tahsili	53
	Mourawan	Mourawan	Anglo-Vernacular	120
	Bhagwantnagar	Bhagwantnagar.	Middle Vernacular	58
Mohan	Mohan Auras	Mohan	Tahsili	67
Safipur	Safipur	Safipur	Do.	73
	Bangermau	Bangermau	Middle Vernacular	58
		B. Primary.		
Unao	Unao	Unao	Lower Primary	74
		Do.	Hindu Model Girl's school.	30
		Do.	Muhammedan Model Girls school.	28
		Do.	Untsar	15
		Do.	Choudharana	25
		Do.	Purani Bazar	15
		Do.	L. Atal Behari Lal	32
		Pura	Aided school	23
		Do.	Upper Primary	52
		Dostinagar	Lower Primary	28
		Husainnagar	Do.	23
		Rupau	Do.	24
		Rou Karna	Do.	22
		Akrampur	Upper Primary	23
		Fatehullahnagar.	Do.	22
		Korari Kalan	Do.	50
	Sikandarpur	Sikandarpur	Upper Primary	74
		Karowan	Do.	49
		Agehra	Do.	20
		Dewara Kalan	Lower Primary	14
		Shankerpur	Do.	67
		Patari	Do.	30
	Pariar	Kanjeora	Do.	19
		Pariar	Do.	23
		Marounder	Do.	22
	Harha	Korari Kalan	Girl's School	13
		Maswasi	Upper Primary	44
		Nari	Do.	20
		Bethar	Do.	90
		Bohrajmau	Do.	52
		Harha	Do.	63
		Padri	Do.	53
		Targaon	Do.	39

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-12—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average attendance.
		Toura ..	Upper Primary ..	54
		Godwa Bishunpur.	Do. ..	20
		Korari Kalan ..	Aided	11
		Ranthar ..	Upper Primary ..	19
		Jamka ..	Do. ..	21
		Atarsa ..	Do. ..	31
		Urhar ..	Lower Primary ..	22
		Achalganj ..	Do. ..	23
		Badarqa ..	Do. ..	38
		Banthar ..	Do. ..	34
		Targaon ..	Girl's school ..	19
		Baroura ..	Lower Primary ..	28
Unao—(*contd*)	Harha—*contd.*	Bichhiya ..	Do. ..	25
		Sikandarpur Karan	Do. ..	45
		Dubepur ..	Do. ..	29
		Neverna ..	Do. ..	43
		Kulha ..	Do. ..	14
		Jangaon ..	Do. ..	25
		Ghur Khet ..	Do. ..	19
		Sakran ..	Do. ..	19
		Kulhagara ..	Do. ..	26
		Marwi ..	Do. ..	21
		Kharouli ..	Do. ..	23
		Dhannipur ..	Do. ..	26
		Atarsa ..	Do. ..	37
		Maita ..	Do. ..	27
		Safipur I. ..	Aided	24
		Safipur II. ..	Do.	20
		Safipur ..	Girls' School ..	14
		Darouli ..	Upper Primary ..	30
		Ugu ..	Do. ..	61
		Mustafabad ..	Do. ..	38
		Shakurabad ..	Do. ..	72
		Atwa ..	Do. ..	33
	Safipur ..	Sarai Sakhan ..	Do. ..	15
		Bari Thana ..	Lower Primary ..	22
		Kursat ..	Do. ..	30
		Deogaon ..	Do. ..	47
		Kurena ..	Do. ..	22
		Udshah ..	Do. ..	16
Safipur		Saral Akhtiarpur	Aided	22
		Atwa Mahal Usia	Do.	22
		Takia Negohi ..	Lower Primary ..	18
		Moradabad ..	Upper Primary ..	43
		Noubatganj ..	Do. ..	28
		Jogi Kot ..	Aided	14
		Asaish ..	Lower Primary ..	20
	Bangermau ..	Islamabad ..	Do. ..	30
		Ruri ..	Do. ..	13
		Atardhani ..	Do. ..	29
		Parasrampur ..	Do. ..	22
		Gouria Kalan ..	Do. ..	25

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-12—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average attendance.
Safipur—*conld.*	Bangermau—*concld.*	Bangermau ..	Lower Primary ..	53
		Patasia ..	Do. ..	16
	Fatehpur-Chourasi	Fatehpur Chourasi	Upper Primary ..	70
		Susumau ..	Lower Primary ..	23
		Mahparapur ..	Aided	19
		Gourimau ..	Do.	24
		Rajepur ..	Court of Wards ..	25
		Dabouli ..	Lower Primary ..	27
		Jajamau ..	Do. ..	41
		Nangara ..	Upper Primary ..	42
		Umarpur ..	Aided	20
Purna	Purna ..	Parsakhera ..	Upper Prjmary ..	43
		Sarson ..	Aided	22
		Mirzapur Sumhari	Lower Primary ..	18
		Tirpurarpur ..	Do. ..	19
		Zorawarganj ..	Do. ..	28
		Bhadnang ..	Do. ..	17
		Chamyani ..	Upper Primary ..	61
		Mirri Kalan ..	Lower Primary ..	21
		Pachchi Tola ..	Do. ..	37
		Bahta Shumari..	Do. ..	19
		Majhkuria ..	Do. ..	21
		Baigaon ..	Do. ..	29
	Mourawan ..	Sarwan ..	Upper Primary ..	41
		Hilouli ..	Do. ..	60
		Para ..	Do. ..	43
		Sarnaiya ..	Aided	25
		Jabraila ..	Upper Primary ..	40
		Kherwa ..	Lower Primary ..	23
		Kanchanpur ..	Do. ..	26
		Sandana ..	Do. ..	22
		Samadha ..	Do. ..	21
		Akohri ..	Do. ..	22
		Mawai ..	Do. ..	30
		Narichak ..	Do. ..	25
		Gularha ..	Aided	16
		Gajouli ..	Lower Primary ..	16
		Kardaha ..	Aided	30
	Asoha ..	Pathakpur ..	Upper Primary ..	43
		Choupai ..	Aided	30
		Simri ..	Do.	19
		Kantha ..	Lower Primary ..	27
		Sahrawan ..	Aided	17
		Asoha ..	Lower Primaay ..	37
	Bhagwantnagar.	Bara ..	Upper Primary ..	80
		Akbarpur ..	Lower Primary ..	20
		Naikamau ..	Aided	20
		Bhagwantnagar	Lower Primary ..	87
		Indemau ..	Do. ..	35

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-12—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average attendance.
Purwa—*concld.*	Bhagwantnagar—*concld.*	Mankapur ..	Upper Primary ..	50
		Muratpur ..	Aided	15
	Doundiakhera	Alipur ..	Upper Primary ..	65
		Jagatpur ..	Do. ..	41
		Sawain ..	Do. ..	33
		Baksar ..	Aided	18
		Sagwar ..	Upper Primary ..	53
		Unchgaon ..	Do. ..	65
		Ahroura ..	Aided	26
		Dhaunikheru ..	Do. ..	22
		Sawain ..	Girl's scholo ..	18
	Panhan ..	Pakra Buzurg ..	Lower Primary ..	29
		Kukri ..	Do. ..	25
		Malouna ..	Do ..	24
	Behar ..	Sumerpur ..	Upper Primary ..	58
		Behar ..	Do. ..	67
		Goura ..	Lower Primary ..	26
		Jamaipur ..	Aided	19
		Bhatankhera ..	Do.	19
	Patan ..	Patan ..	Upper Primary ..	50
	Magraer ..	Magraer ..	Do. ..	73
		Bighapur ..	Do. ..	101
		Afsari ..	Lower Primary ..	20
		Usena ..	Do. ..	29
	Ghatampur ..	Terha ..	Upper Primary ..	43
		Ghatampur ..	Do. ..	46
		Garehwa ..	Aided	22
		Rujhai ..	Do.	27
		Katra Diwankhera	Lower Primary ..	17
		Karnaipur ..	Upper Primary ..	32
		Pali ..	Lower Primary ..	22
Mohan.	Auras-Mohan.	Hasanganj ..	Do. ..	19
		Neotni ..	Upper Primary ..	55
		Mcula ..	Do. ..	36
		Darheta ..	Aided	26
		Neotni ..	Girl's school ..	20
		Hasewan ..	Aided	18
		Pichwara ..	Lower Primary ..	34
		Dhoura ..	Do. ..	24
		Rampur Akhouli.	Aided	20
		Parsahra ..	Upper Primary ..	14
		Gouri ..	Do. ..	29
		Hajipur Gosha ..	Do ..	23
		Mohan ..	Lower Primary ..	53
		Alipur Michlouli.	Do. ..	24
		Auras ..	Do. ..	16
		Tonda ..	Do. ..	22

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-12—*(concluded)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average Attendance.
Mohan-(*concld.*)	Auras Mohan —*concld.*	Bachhouli ..	Lower Primary ..	20
		Newalganj ..	Do. ..	24
		Purthiawan ..	Do. ..	16
		Niamatpur ..	Aided	25
		Nai Sarai ..	Lower Primary ..	23
		Shankarpur ..	Do. ..	18
		Rampur Garhewa.	Do. ..	21
		Ahmadpur Bade.	Do. ..	20
	Asiwan-Rasulabad.	Asiwan ..	Upper Primary ..	70
		Rasulabad ..	Do. ..	53
		Kotra ..	Aided	19
		Aurangabad ..	Girls' school ..	21
		Sarha ..	Aided	28
		Haiderabad ..	Upper Primary ..	57
		Makhi ..	Lower Primary ..	26
		Mianganj ..	Do. ..	42
		Korari Khurd ..	Upper Primary ..	42
		Hasnapur ..	Aided	25
		Khanpur Sarouli.	Do.	23
		Mawai Brahman.	Do.	19
	Gorinda-Parsandan.	Sarai Joga ..	Lower Primary ..	11
		Asakhera ..	Do. ..	17
		Kotwa ..	Aided	19
		Bagehri ..	Do. ..	17
		Arjunaman ..	Do. ..	26
	Jhalotar-Ajgain.	Ajgain ..	Upper Primary ..	42
		Bhouli ..	Do. ..	47
		Chamrouli. ..	Do. ..	60
		Nawabganj ..	Do. ..	60
		Jaitipur ..	Do. ..	34
		Debi Jagdispur ..	Aided	26
		Seora ..	Upper Primary ..	19
		Jansar ..	Do. ..	19
		Chilouli ..	Do. ..	30
		Mushkabad ..	Do. ..	24
		Jarelia ..	Do. ..	34
		Makur ..	Lower Primary ..	23
		Jhalotar ..	Do.	33
		Sandana ..	Do. ..	25
		Barsinghpur ..	Do. ..	23
		Makur ..	Girls' schools ..	22
		Sadhira ..	Aided	19

ROADS, 1911-12.	Length.		
I.—PROVINCIAL.	Miles	Frs.	Ft.
1. Cawnpur and Lucknow Trunk road	29	6	0
2. Feeder road to Ajgain station	0	4	0
Total ..	29	10	0
II.—LOCAL.			
First class roads, metalled, bridged and drained throughout.	Miles	Frs.	Ft.
1 Unao-Hardoi road	20	4	0
2. Unao-Dalmau road	20	4	0
3. Ajgain-Mohan Hasanganj road	14	3	0
4. Maurawan Jabraila road	12	0	0
5. Unao-Rae Bareli road	24	5	0
6. Unao-Sandila road	3	0	0
7. Station road no. 1	0	2	185
8. Do. no. 2	0	3	360
9. Do. no. 3	0	6	200
10. Do. no. 4	0	3	32
11. Do. no. 5	1	6	0
12. Circular road	0	5	625
13. Opium godown road	0	2	625
Total ..	99	6	47
Second class roads unmetalled, bridged and drained throughout.	Miles	Frs.	Ft.
1. Unao and Hardoi road	21	1	0
2. Unao and Sandila road	28	0	0
3. Sheikhpur and Nawabganj road	3	6	0
4. Nawabganj and Kusambhi road	1	4	0
5. Barma ki chauki and Ajgain road	0	4	0
6. Bikrampur and Rae Bareli road	16	1	0
7. Ajgain and Munshiganj road	11	2	0
8. Unao and Rae Bareli road	10	5	0
9. Mauramau and Jabraila road	11	4	0
10. Purwa and Chauki Jait road	25	7	0
11. Unao and Dalmau road	16	0	0
12. Mohan and Malihabad road	6	5	0
Total ..	152	7	0

ROADS, 1911-12.—(*concluded*).	Length.		
Third class roads banked and surfaced but not drained.	Miles	Frs.	Ft.
1. Pariar and Hasanganj road	23	0	0
2. Safipur and Rasulabad road	8	0	0
3. Safipur and Mianganj road	9	4	0
4. Bangermau and Ramkot road	9	4	0
5. Bangermau and Mohan road	32	4	0
6. Auras and Mohan road	16	0	0
7. Auras and Rahimabad road	7	4	0
8. Ajgain to Lucknow and Cawnpur road	2	0	0
9. Pariar and Safipur road	8	0	0
10. Sheikhpur and Sikandrpur road	5	4	0
11. Maurawan and Bachhrawan road	7	1	0
12. Maurawan and Manpur road	12	4	0
13. Bihar and Baksarghat road	15	0	0
14. Bihar to 20 miles Lucknow and Cawnpur road ..	26	4	0
15. Bihar and Kuthmagarh road	6	0	0
16. Nawabganj and Kantha road	5	4	0
17. Sailapur and Lalganj road	1	4	0
18. Kusambhi and Makur road	1	4	0
19 Kali mutti Bridge and Fatehpur road	2	0	0
20. Kantha and Asoha road	5	0	0
Total ..	204	1	0
Fourth class roads banked but not surfaced partially bridged and drained.	Miles	Frs.	Ft.
1. Safipur and Ramkot road	18	0	0
2. Thana and Harbarpur road	10	0	0
3. Rao and Makhi road	1	4	0
4. Nawabganj and Jhunna nala road	4	0	0
5. Bara and Nagar road	6	0	0
6. Rau and Pura road	1	4	0
Total ..	41	0	0

LIST OF POST OFFICES, 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Name of office.	Class.	Management.
Unao ..	Unao ..	Unao	Head office ..	Imperial
		Kaiserganj	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Thana	Branch office..	Ditto
		Atwa	Ditto ..	Ditto
	Hadha ..	Banthar	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Badarka	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Achalganj	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Bethar	Branch office..	Ditto
		Hadha	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Padri Kalan ..	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Taura	Branch office..	Ditto
	Sikandarpur	Ganga-Ghat ..	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Sikandarpur ..	Ditto ..	Ditto
Mohan..	Mohan-Auras.	Mohan	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Neotani	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Hasanganj	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Auras	Branch office..	Ditto
	Jhalotar ..	Ajgain	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Bhauli	Branch office..	Ditto
		Jaitipur	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Nawabganj.. ..	Ditto ..	Ditto
	Asiwan Rasulabad.	Rasulabad	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Asiwan	Branch office..	Ditto
		Haiderabad ..	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Mainganj	Ditto ..	Ditto
Purwa..	Asoha ..	Asoha	Branch office..	Ditto
		Kantha	Ditto ..	Ditto
	Bhagwantnagar.	Bara	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Bhagwantnagar ..	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Indamau	Branch office..	Ditto
	Dandia-Khera.	Dhani Khera ..	Branch office..	Ditto
		Naraindas Khera ..	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Sagwar	Ditto ..	Ditto
	Magrayr ..	Bighapur	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Magrayr	Branch office..	Ditto
	Ghatampur	Bisenmau	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Ghatampur.. ..	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Terha	Ditto ..	Ditto
	Bihar ..	Bihar	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Sumerpur	Branch office..	Ditto

LIST OF POST OFFICES, 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Name of office.	Class.	Management.
Purwa.	Patan ..	Patan	Branch office ..	Imperial
	Purwa ..	Purwa	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Chamyani	Branch office..	Ditto
		Purwa Town ..	Ditto ..	Ditto
	Maurawan..	Maurawan	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Hilauli	Branch office..	Ditto
		Mawai	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Sarwan	Ditto ..	Ditto
Safipur..	Bangarmau	Bangarmau ..	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Moradabad	Branch office..	Ditto
		Asaish	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Gulzarpur	Ditto ..	Ditto
	Fatehpur-Chaurasi.	Rujipur	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Fatehpur	Ditto ..	Ditto
	Safipur ..	Safipur	Sub-office ..	Ditto
		Jamalnagar ..	Branch office..	Ditto
		Shakurabad ..	Ditto ..	Ditto
		Ugu..	Ditto ..	Ditto

LIST OF MARKETS.

S. no.	Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of bazar.	Market days.
1	Unao..	Unao ..	Unao ..	Qaisarganj	Sunday and Wednesday.
2			Puranisf Pausari.	Pura ..	Ditto.
3			Thana ..	..	Monday and Friday.
4			Rupao ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
5			Jhanjri ..	..	Ditto.
6		Pariar ..	Pariar ..	Katra Bazar	Monday and Friday.
7			Balandpur ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
8		Sikandarpur	Sarosi ..	..	Ditto.
9			Patari ..	..	Saturday and Tuesday.
10			Deoara Kalan..	..	Saturday and Wednesday.
11			Shankarpur Sarai.	..	Saturday and Tuesday.
12			Khwajgipur ..	Purani Bazar.	Monday and Friday.
13			Sikandarpur ..	..	Ditto.
14		Hadha ..	Achalganj ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
15			Satan ..	..	Ditto.
16			Magarwara ..	..	Ditto.
17			Newarna ..	..	Ditto.
18			Supasi ..	..	Saturday and Wednesday.
19			Mau Sultanpur	Bazar Mardan Khera.	Wednesday and Sunday.
20			Bithar ..	..	Saturday and Tuesday.
21			Padri Kalan ..	..	Monday and Friday.
22			Bashiratganj ..	..	Ditto.
23			Kalhuagarha ..	..	Ditto.
24			Maswasi ..	..	Tuesday and Friday.
25			Dih ..	Bazar Bhawanikhera.	Ditto.
26			Targaon ..		Saturday and Tuesday.
27			Taura ..	..	Ditto.
28			Hadha ..	..	Monday and Friday.
29			Ata ..	..	Monday and Thursday.
30			Pachudda Sarai	..	Sunday and Wednesday.
1	Safipur	Bangarmau	Bangarmau ..	Naunihalganj.	Friday and Monday.
2			Ditto ..	Bazar Hakim Jafar.	Sunday and Wednesday.

LIST OF MARKETS—(*continued*).

S. no.	Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of bazar.	Market days.
3	Safipur -(*contd.*)	Bangarmau (*concld.*)	Bangarmau ..	Purani Bazar.	Thursday.
4			Atwa ..	..	Monday and Thursday.
5			Sirdharpur ..	..	Ditto.
6			Arghunpur ..	..	Sunday and Wednesday.
7			Behta Mujawar	..	Ditto.
8			Bhikharipur ..	..	Ditto.
9			Haripur ..	..	Ditto.
10			Moradabad ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
11			Gulzarpur ..	..	Ditto.
12			Bhagwantpur..	Sitalganj..	Monday and Friday.
13			Mustafabad ..	..	Ditto.
14			Jagatnagar ..	..	Ditto.
15			Islamabad Beoli	..	Thursday and Friday.
16			Shadipur ..	Bazar Ramdin khera.	Tuesday and Saturday.
17			Sainpur Sagaura	..	Saturday and Tuesday.
18			Atardhani ..	..	Saturday and Wednesday.
19		Safipur ..	Safipur ..	Qilapar ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
20			Do. ..	Bari Bazar	Sunday and Thursday.
21			Do. ..	Rahatganj	Monday and Friday.
22			Do. ..	Maugrinha	Tuesday.
23			Kursat ..	..	Sunday and Wednesday.
24			Udshah ..	..	Ditto.
25			Ugu ..	Ramganj..	Sunday and Thursday.
26			Khargaura ..	..	Monday and Friday.
27			Mustafabad ..	Bazar Panah	Ditto.
28			Bari Thana ..	Ali Khan.	Monday and Thursday.
29			Takiya Nagohi	Takiya Bazar	Ditto.
30			Salehnagar ..	..	Saturday and Tuesday.
31			Firozpur Kalan	..	Ditto.
32			Mirzapur ..	Dhaniganj	Tuesday and Saturday.
33			Unwan ..	..	Saturday and Tuesday.
34			Jamalanagar ..	..	Tuesday and Friday.
35			Shakurabad ..	..	Ditto.

LIST OF MARKETS—(*continued*).

S. no.	Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of Bazar.	Market days.
36	Safipur -(*concld.*)	Fatehpur-chaurasi.	Fatehpur chaurasi.	..	Tuesday and Friday.
37			Jajamau ..	..	Ditto.
38			Umarpur Pitam	..	Sunday and Wednesday.
39			Susuman ..	..	Saturday and Wednesday.
40			Gaurimau ..	..	Saunday and Wednesday.
41			Dabauli ..	..	Ditto.
42			Mandhapur ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
43			Hafizabad ..	..	Monday and Thursday.
44			Lahani ..	..	Ditto.
45			Dadalha ..	..	Monday aud Friday
46			Lahrapur ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
47			Sheopuri ..	..	Monday and Friday.
48		Safipur ..	Mawai Bhan ..	..	Saturday and Tuesday.
49			Sarai Ikhtiyarpur.	..	Monday and Friday.
50			Pindnan ...	...	Tuesday and Friday.
1	Purwa	Purwa ..	Purwa ..	..	Saturday and Tuesday.
2			Sajni Sahramau	Mohkamganj	Ditto.
3			Baigaon ..	..	Ditto.
4			Jorawarganj ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
5			Argaon ..	..	Ditto.
6			Chamiani ..	..	Sunday and Wednesday.
7			Raipur ..	..	Monday and Friday.
8			Mirri Kalan ..	...	Ditto.
9		Bhagwantnagar.	Bhagwantnagar	..	Ditto.
10			Bara ..	..	Ditto.
11			Akbarpur ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
12		Pauhan ..	Pauhan ..	..	Monday and Friday.
13			Parsanda ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
14		Patan ..	Patan ..	..	Monday and Friday.
15		Asoha ..	Kantha ..	..	Ditto.
16			Sahrawan ..	..	Monday and Thursday.
17			Chaupai ..	..	Tuesday and Friday.
18		Magrayar..	Bigahpur Kalan	..	Ditto.

LIST OF MARKETS—(*continued*).

S. no.	Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of bazar.	Market days.
19		Magrayar	Miyanganj ..	..	Monday and Thursday.
20			Lalganj ..	..	Sunday and Wednesday.
21		Bihar ..	Bihar ..	..	Wednesday and Saturday.
22		Maurawan	Maurawan ..	..	Saturday and Wednesday.
23			Mawai ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
24			Hilauli ..	..	Ditto.
25			Kalukhera ..	Cattle market	Monday and Thursday.
26			Akhori ..	..	Tuesday and Friday.
27	Purwa (*concld.*)		Gaunamau ..	Bhawaniganj	Ditto.
28		Ghatampur	Ghatampur ..	..	Monday and Thursday.
29			Katra Diwan Khera.	..	Saturday and Wednesday.
30			Baburha ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
31		Daundia Khera.	Sagwar ..	..	Saturday and Tuesday.
32			Unchgaon ..	..	Ditto.
33			Dhaurahra ..	..	Ditto.
34			Alipur ..	..	Monday and Thursday.
35			Dhauni Khera	..	Sunday and Wednesday.
1	Mohan	Asiwan Rasulabad.	Rasulabad ..	..	Monday and Friday.
2			Hyderabad ..	..	Ditto.
3			Sakatpur ..	Munshiganj	Sunday and Friday.
4			Asiwan ..	Bazar Lokman	Sunday and Thursday.
5			Do. ..	Sheikhzada Pachcham.	Tuesday and Saturday
6			Sarai Malikadam	..	Ditto.
7			Mianganj ..	..	Sunday and Wednesday
8			Tier ..	..	Wednesday and Saturday.
9			Mirzapur Kalan	Katraki Bazar.	Tuesday and Saturday.
10			Sarsanjri ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
11			Karari Kalan..	..	Wednesday and Saturday.
12			Makhi ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
13		Auras ..	Tonda ..	..	Ditto.

LIST OF MARKETS—(*continued*).

S. no.	Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of bazar.	Market days.
14	Mohan—(*contd.*)	Auras ..	Rampur Gadhewan.	..	Tuesday and Saturday.
15			Udsah ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
16			Sanmad ..	..	Monday and Thursday.
17			Gangan ..	..	Tuesday and Friday.
18			Siman ..	..	Monday and Thursday.
19			Purthawan ..	..	Tuesday and Friday.
20			Rampur Khanjri	..	Sunday and Wednesday.
21			Dewal ..	..	Monday and Thursday.
22			Utra Dakauli..	..	Tuesday and Friday.
23			Auras ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
24			Ajgaon ..	..	Saturday, Tuesday and Thursday.
25			Michlaula ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
26		Jhalotar Ajgain.	Ajgain ..	..	Monday and Friday.
27			Jaitipur ..	..	Ditto.
28			Korauli ..	..	Monday and Thursday.
29			Nawai ..	..	Sunday and Wednesday.
30			Raipur Gadhi..	..	Tuesday and Saturday.
31			Khoojgipur ..	..	Ditto.
32			Chandeswa ..	..	Ditto.
33			Bhauli ..	..	Monday and Thursday.
34			Chamrauli ..	..	Sunday and Wednesday
35			Pachiaon ..	Nawabganj	Sunday and Thursday.
36		Gorinda Parsandan.	Gorinda ..	..	Wednesday and Saturday.
37			Sarai Joga ..	..	Sunday and Saturday.
38			Mahnaura ..	..	Tuesday and Saturday.
39		Mohan ..	Mohan ..	..	Sunday and Thursday.
40			Ashuran Khera Hamlet of Jasmadha Babban.	..	Ditto.
41			Mahrajganj ..	..	Monday and Friday.
42			Barauna Niamatpur.	..	Ditto.

LIST OF MARKETS—(*concluded*).

S. no.	Tahsil.	Pargana	Town or village.	Name of bazar.	Market days.
43	Mohan (*concld.*)	Mohan ..	Hasanganj ..	..	Tuesday and Saturday.
44			Rasulpur Bakia	..	Wednesday and Saturday.
45			Ghazaffar Nagar	..	Sunday and Wednesday.
46			Sumerpur Bhada.	..	Monday and Friday.
47			Purubhar alias Neotani.	..	Sunday and Wednesday.

FAIRS.

S. no.	Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
1		Unao ..	Unao ..	Ramlila ..	Kuar Puranmashi.	15,000
2			Pariar ..	Ganga Ashnan.	Kartick Puranmashi.	70,000
3		Pariar ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Magh Badi 15 (Mauni Amawas).	5,000
4			Harha ..	Ramlila ..	Kuar Sudi 14	4,000
5			Kalhuagarha.	Kalhuagarha.	Magh Badi 15	5,000
6	n ao		Do. ..	Do. ..	Kartick Puranmashi	65,000
7			Magarwara	Gokul Baba	Katick Sudi 7	500
8		Harha ..	Badarqa ..	Dhanushjag	Aghan Puranmashi	3,500
9			Bethar ..	Lotan Baba.	Chait Sudi 8	5,000
10			Bargaon ..	Jalpa Devi	Do. ..	2,000
11			Korrai Kalan.	Dhanushjag.	Magh Badi 15	3,000
12		Sikandarpur.	Khairaha and Netoa.	Ganga Ghat	Kartick Puranmashi.	18,000
1			Do. ..	Do. ..	Magh Badi 15	4,000
2			Bangarmou	Ramlila ..	Kuar Sudi 10	8,000
3			Do. ..	Jal Bihar	Kuar Badi 15	500
4			Do. ..	Burhwa Mangal ..	First Thursday in Chait	500
5			Do. ..	Babu Miyan.	First Monday in Chait.	300
6			Do. ..	Sitla Devi	Chait Badi 8	500
7			Moradabad	Kali Devi	Do. ..	400
8			Do. ..	Urs Fazal-ul Rahman.	Bhadon Sudi 8	500
9	Safipur	Bangarmou.	Bhikharipur.	Debji ..	Chait Puranmashi.	100
10			Parsrampur.	Do. ..	Do. ..	2,000
11			Ramkot ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	1,000
12			Sardarpur	Do. ..	Do. ..	500
13			Sainpur Sagaura.	Do. ..	Do. ..	500
14			Bhatkan ..	Do. ..	Jeth Badi 10	300
15			Asaish ..	Do. ..	Chait Sudi 8	300
16			Khatkamau	Do. ..	Chait Sudi 5	200
17			Mela Alam Shah.	Kartiki Ashnan.	Kartick Puranmashi.	70,000
18			Do. ..	Maghi Amawas.	First week in Magh.	10,000

FAIRS—(*continued*).

S. No.	Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date	Average attendance.
19	Safipur (*contd*).	Bangarmow—(*concl d*).	Sultanpur	Janam Ashtami.	Bhadon Badi 8	300
20			Gosha Payagpur.	Do. ..	Do. ..	4,000
21			Gosha Qutub.	Do. ..	Bhadon Badi Ekadashi.	200
22			Gondri ..	Kans Lila	Kartick Badi 2nd to 9th.	200
23			Khamauli	Jal Bihar	Kunwar Badi 2.	1,000
24			Bhagwantpur.	Do. ..	Bhadon Badi 8	600
25			Islamabad Beoli.	Do. ..	Kunwar Badi 2.	1,000
26			Kabirpur	Do. ..	8 September	1,000
27			Ativa.	Do. ..	6 Do. ...	500
28			Jatpura Bilthara.	Do. ..	Bhadon Badi 8.	200
29			Roshanabad	Do. ..	Kunwar Sudi 9.	1,500
30			Muhammadabad.	Do. ..	Kunwar Sudi 8.	400
31			Onik ..	Do. ..	Bhadon Badi 15.	700
32			Dosgaon ..	Do. ..	Kunwar Badi 5.	250
33			Thikri ..	Debiji ..	Baisakh Sudi 11.	400
34			Khanbhawan.	Do. ..	Chait Sudi 9	300
35			Amr Gambhirpur.	Do. ..	Jeth Sudi 2..	400
36			Gauria Kalan.	Cattle and agricultural show.	7 to 20 Novr,	1,000
37			Jagatpur Ghair Ihtimali.	Mela Param Baba.	Chait Badi 8	400
38			Mela Alam Shah.	Dasahra Ganga Ashnan.	Jeth Sudi 10	6,000
39		Safipur ..	Safipur ..	Sitla Debi	Kunwar Sudi 8 and Chait 9.	2,000
40			Do. ..	Urs. Shah Khadim Safi.	10th Rajjab	2,500
41			Do. ..	Ur. Amirullah Shah	8th Ramzan	400
42			Do. ..	Urs Khairat Ali Shah.	26 Saffar ..	200

FAIRS—(*continued*).

S. no	Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
43	Safipur (*contd*).	Safipur—(*concld*).	Safipur ..	Urs Amjad-ullah.	12 Rabi-ul-awal.	100
44			Do. ..	Urs. Ifham Ullah.	20 Rabi-ul awal.	100
45			Do ..	Urs Abid-ullah Shah	20 Jamadi-us-Sani.	100
46			Do. ..	Urs. Mubarak Shah.	24 Rajjab ..	100
47			Do. ..	Urs. Shah Daood	14th Zilhij..	100
48			Do. ..	Urs. Makdum Sah Safi.	28 Moharram	300
49			Sanitha ..	Mela Dargah Sharif.	Baisakh Badi 1st, Tuesday.	1,000
50			Do. ..	Urs. Dargah Sharif.	19 Bajjab	500
51			Sarai Sakhan.	Kans Lila	Kunwar Puranmashi.	400
52			Darauli ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	3,000
53			Sakhan Rajputan.	Ram Lila	Kunwar Sudi 10th.	500
54			Mirzapur	Debiji ..	Kunwar and Chait Sudi 8.	600
55			Firozpur Khurd.	Do. ..	Do. ..	500
56			Mawai ..	Do. ..	Chait Puranmashi.	200
57			Pawa ..	Mela Mahadeo.	Aghan Sudi 1st, Tuesday.	100
58			Zulfikarpur	Do. ..	Phagun Sudi 13.	100
59			Khargaura	Do. ..	Magh Sudi 5	500
60			Atha ..	Chandika Debi.	Kunwar and Chait Sudi 8th.	1,000
61			Usia ..	Anawra Debi.	Do.	500
62			Atwa ..	Kesho Ram Mahadeo.	Kunwar and Chait Sudi Ekadashi.	50
63			Salehnagar	Baraideo Baba.	Kunwar and Chait Sudi 9th.	500
64			Tikaria ..	Tikri Mahadeo.	Phagan Badi 13.	150
65			Usar ..	Jethegir Mahadeo.	Kunwar and Chait Sudi Ekadashi.	400

FAIRS—(*continued*).

S no.	Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
66	Saâpur (*concld*).	Fatehpur Chaurasi.	Fatehpur	Ram Lila Bihari Lal.	Kunwar Sudi 9.	1,000
67			Do. ..	Ram Lila Raghunath.	Kunwar Sudi 15.	1,500
68			Do. ..	Debiji ..	Last Tuesday of Chait.	500
69			Bhadsar ..	Do. ..	Baisakh Sudi 8th.	200
70			Rajapur ..	Do. ..	Chait Sudi 8	300
71			Shamsapur	Do. ..	Baisakh Badi 13.	200
72			Baruaghat	Do. ..	Baisakh Badi 2nd.	500
73			Dabauli ..	Do. ..	5 April.	200
74			Daulatpur	Do. ..	Jeth Badi Ekadashi.	200
75			Majhrya Khurd.	Doni Baba	Chait Badi 8	250
76			Ruppur ..	Ganga Ashnan.	Kartick Puranmashi.	4,000
77			Ruppur Chandela.	Do. ..	Jeth Sudi 10.	1,000
78			Khanpur Karauli.	Debiji ..	Baisakh Badi 3rd.	500
79			Jajamow..	Ganga Ashnan.	Katick Puranmashi.	1,000
80			Lahrapur	Ram Naomi	Chait Sudi Ram Naomi.	1,000
81			Susumau..	Debiji ..	Kunwar Sudi 8	200
82			Do. ..	Do. ..	Jeth Sudi 15.	200
83			Manakpur	Do. ..	Baisakh Badi 13.	300
84			Ruppur Chandela	Mahadeoji	Baisakh Sudi 15.	1,200
1	Purwa	Purwa ..	Purwa ..	Belleshwar Mahadeo.	Phagun Badi 14.	2,000
2			Zorawarganj	Dasehra ..	Kunwar Sudi 10.	1,000
3		Maurawan	Maurawan	Do. ..	Do ..	4,000
4			Sarwan ..	Debiji ..	Chait Sudi 8	1,000
5		Asoha ..	Kantha ..	Mahabir ..	First Tuesday of Jeth.	1,000
6		Bihar ..	Bihar ..	Bidyadhar	2nd Thursday of Pus.	10,000
7		Pauhan	Bhadha ..	Do. ..	Phagun Badi Ekadashi.	1,000
8		Bhagwant Nagar.	Bara ..	Mahabirji	First Tuesday of Baisakh.	2,000

FAIRS—(concluded).

S. no.	Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
9	Purwa—(concld.)	Patan ..	Patan ..	Takia Mohabbat Shah.	First Thursday of Pus.	50,000
10		Daundia Kherar.	Baksar ..	Ganga Ashnan.	Kartick Puranmashi.	20,000
11		Magray ..	Bighapur Kalan.	Godanleshwar.	Phagun Badi 14.	1,000
1	Mohan	Asiwan Rasulabad.	Kotra ..	Dasahra ..	Jeth Sudi 10	1,000
2		Auras ..	Gobindapur	Banarasi..	Kartick Puranmashi.	10,000
3		Jhalotar Ajgain.	Nawabganj	Durga Kusahri.	Chait Sudi 14	60,000
4		Mohan ..	Mohan ..	Katki Ashnan.	Kartki Puranmashi.	2,000
5			Newalganj	Durga Ashtami.	Chait Sudi 8th	700
6			Hasanganj	Kans Lila	Bhadon Sudi 3rd.	2,500

List of Taluqdars of the Unao district and of the Taluqdars of other districts who have property in this district.

Serial number.	Name of Taluqdar.	Name of taluqa.	Name of estate.	Number of Had-bast village.		District in which the estate lie.	Revised jama.	
				Whole.	Patti.		Of each estate.	Of each Taluqdar
			LIST OF TALUQDARS OF UNAO DISTRICT.				Rs. a. p	Rs a. p.
1	Thakur Moneshar Bakhsh	Purseni ..	Purseni (Gopal khera	3	0	Unao ..	13,268 0 0	
			Gaunaha chak ..	6	3	Lucknow ..	8,657 0 0	
			Bhara Ranipur ..	3	0	Rae Bareli ..	1,531 0 0	23,456 0 0
			Total ..	12	3		23,456 0 0	23,456 0 0
2	Thakur Sher Bahadur Singh.	andauli ..	Nandauli ..	7	2	Unao ..	8,077 0 0	
			Kurbulia ..	9	0	Lucknow ..	5,460 0 0	13,537 0 0
			Total ..	16	2		13,537 0 0	13,537 0 0
3	Musammat Afsari Begam and Saiyed Husain Ali Khan.	Mohan ..	Mohan ..	0	2	Unao ..	383 8 0	383 8 0

List of Taluqadars of the Unao district and of the Taluqdars of other districts who have property in this district.

Serial number	Name of Taluqdar.	Name of taluqa.	Name of estate.	Number of Had-bast village. Whole.	Number of Had-bast village. Patti	District in which the estate lie.	Revised Jama. Of each estate.	Revised Jama. Of each Taluqdar.
			LIST OF TALUQDAR OF UNAO DISTRICT.					
							Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.
4	Thakur Balbhaddar Singh	Kantha ..	Kantha ..	9	0	Unao ..	10,334 0 0	10,334 0 0
5	Lala Shankar Sahai ..	Maurawan	Babrei (Marwawan) Banthar.	*61	39	Unao ..	37,291 10 3	
			Madhpur, Padehra Kalan, Jaulay and Madhpur.	3	0	Rae Bareli ..	2,811 0 0	
			Raubhi ..	1	0	Bara Banki ..	380 0 0	
			Jabrauli ..	11	1	Lucknow ..	6,854 8 0	
			*Sitauli Kalan ..	0	1	Do. ..	580 9 6	47,917 11 9
			Total ..	76	41		47,917 11 9	47,917 11 9

* Half of this patti is owned by Lala Ganesh Prasad.

List of Taluqdars of the Unao district and of the Taluqdars of other districts who have property in this district.

Serial number.	Name of Taluqdar.	Name of taluqa.	Name of estate.	Number of Had-bast village.		District in which the estate lie.	Ravised jama.	
				Whole.	Patti.		Of each estate.	Of each Taluqdar.
			LIST OF TALUQDARS OF UNAO DISTRICT.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
5	Raja Shambhu Dayal and Lala Brij Kishore.	Maurawan	Domai Hasan Nagar	11	3	Unao ..	11,868 0 0	
			Khandawan ..	5	0	Rae Bareli ..	4,131 0 0	15,999 0 0
			Total ..	16	3		15,999 0 0	15,999 0 0
5	Lala Gaya Prasad and Ram Kishun.		Kathar ..	3	2	Unao ..	2,324 0 0	2,324 0 0
	Lala Ambika Prasad Bhawani Deen Swadeshri Prasad Bindeshri, Prasad, under the guardianship of Bhawani Deen.		Atwat	2	1	Unao ..	783 0 0	
			Bachhrawan ..	0	2	Rae Bareli ..	2,760 4 0	3,543 4 0
			Total ..	2	3		3,543 4 0	3,543 4 0

List of Taluqdars of the Unao district and of the aluqdars of other districts who have property in this district.

Serial number.	Name of Taluqdar.	Name of Taluqa.	Name of Estates.	Number of Had-bast village.		District in which the estate lie.	Revised Jama.	
				Whole.	Patti.		Of each estate.	Of each Taluqdar.
			LIST OF TALUQDARS OF UNAO DISTRICT.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p
5	Lala Ganesh Prasad ..		Kanchanpur and Banthar.	6	14	Unao ..	37,877 10 3	
			Kulendi ..	2	2	Rae Bareli ..	3,340 0 0	
			Jabrauli ..	10	1	Lucknow ..	6,854 8 0	48 072 2 3
			Total ..	18	17		48,072 2 3	48 072 2 3
5	Musammat Jai Dei ..	Mawrawan	Dareta ..	21	3	Unao ..	14,016 0 0	
			Ranbhi ..	0	1	Bara Banki ..	95 0 0	
			Amanwan ..	4	0	Rae Bareli ..	3,406 0 0	
			Bachrawan ..	1	1 and shares	Do. ..	3,675 4 0	21,192 4 0
			Total ..	26	5 and shares		21,192 4 0	21,192 4 0

List of Taluqdars of the Unao district and of the Taluqdars of other districts who have property in this district.

Serial number.	Name of Taluqdar.	Name of Taluqa.	Name of estates.	Number of Had-bast village. Whole.	Number of Had-bast village. Patti.	District in which the estates lie.	Revised Jama. Of each estate.	Revised Jama. Of each Taluqdar.
			LIST OF TALUQDARS OF UNAO DISTRICT.				Rs. a p	Rs. a. p.
5	Lala Kashi Prasad, Sri Kishun, Siva Sahai, Badri Prasad, Sheo Nath and Raghuber Dayal.	Mairawan..	Asrenda ..	2	1	Unao ..	2,932 0 0	
			Haunrwa ..	½	0	Rae Bareli ..	366 8 0	3,298 8 0
			Total ..	2½	1		3,298 8 0	3,298 8 0
5	Lala Chandpal ..		Baua Kalan ..	2	3	Unao ..	2,806 0 0	
			Thulendi and Hathauna.	4	0	Rae Bareli ..	2,868 7 0	5,674 7 0
			Total ..	6	3		5,674 7 0	5,674 7 0

List of Taluqdars of the Unao district and of the Taluqdars of other districts who have property in this district.

Serial number.	Name of Taluqars.	Name of Taluqa.	Name of estate.	Number of Had-bast village. Whole.	Number of Had-bast village. Patti.	District in which the estate lie.	Revised Jama. Of each estate.	Revised Jama. Of each Taluqdar.
			LIST OF TALUQDARS OF UNAO DISTRICT.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
6	Mahant Sant Rain Dass	Muswasi ..	Muswasi ..	46	14	Unao ..	38,520 9 6	
			Sarai Pemraj ..	4	0	Lucknow ..	2.748 0 0	
			Anjhi ..	1	0	Hardoi ..	1,500 0 0	
			Basantpur ..	20	15	Gonda ..	19,550 0 0	
			Ranipur ..	36	18	Bahraich ..	27 672 0 0	
			Gelhai ..	14	1	Kheri ..	8,220 0 0	98,210 9 6
			Total ..	121	48		98,210 9 6	98,210 9 6
7	Chaudhri Umrao Singh	Sarosi ..	Sarosi	6	4	Unao ..	10,039 6 8	10,039 6 8
8	Rai Bahadur Chaudhri Mahendra Singh.	Mahmudabed	Muhamadabad (Gopal Khera.)	19	4	Unao ..	16,279 10 0	16,279 10 0

List of Taluqdars of the Unao district and of the Taluqdars of other districts who have property in this district.

Serial number.	Name of Taluqdar.	Name of Taluqa.	Name of estate.	Number of Hadbast village. Whole.	Patti.	District in which the estate lie.	Revised jama. Of each estate.	Of each taluqdar.
			LIST OF TALUQDARS OF UNAO DISTRICT.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
9	Musammbt Chatarpal Kuer widow of Raghuraj Singh, and Thakur Chandrabhal Singh.	Gaura ..	Gaura	5	0	Unao ..	4,584 0 0	
			Husainabad ..	4	0	Rae Bareli ..	2,838 0 0	7,422 0 0
			Total ..	9	0		7,422 0 0	7,422 0 0
10	Thakur Chandrapal Singh	Galgalha ..	Galgalha ..	6	29	Unao ..	13,279 8 0	13,279 8 0
11	Saiyed Muhammad Mah and Talib Ali 16/10 Musammat Bakhtawar Begam 16/6	Unao ..	Unao	4	4	Unao ..	10,782 0 0	10 782 0 0
12	Raja Bishunath Singh ..	Parenda ..	Parenda ..	9	4	Unao ..	8,158 12 6	8.158 12 6

List of Taluqdars of the Unao district and of the Taluqdars of other districts who have property in this district.

Serial number.	Name of Taluqdar.	Name of Taluqa.	Name of estates.	Number of Had-bast village. Whole.	Patti.	District in which the estate lie.	Reserved Jama. Of each estate.	Of each Taluqdar.
			LIST OF TALUQDARS OF UNAO DISTRICT.				Rs a, p.	Rs. a. p.
13	Bajpai Chandarbhal ..	Kardaha Lahramau.	Kardaha ..	9	1	Unao ..	10,096 0 0	10,096 0 0
14	Thakur Janki Bakhsh, Thakur Bani Madho Bakhsh.	Patan Behar and Akberpur	Behar ..	2	4	Unao ..	2,934 8 0	
			Bajowra Atmanand Khera.	9	4	Unao ..	7,390 8 0	10,325 0 0
			Total ..	11	8		10,325 0 0	10,325 0 0
15	Khan Bahadur Shaik Wasiuzzaman.	Mianganj ..	Mianganj ..	4	13	Unao ..	7,614 2 8	7,614 2 8
16	Pandit Shiam Sunder Nath.	Bethar ..	Bethar ..	3	2	Unao ..	6,402 0 0	6,402 0 0
17	Pandit Bhabhuti Prasad and Sheo Dial.	Jagdishpur..	Jagdispur ..	2	1	Unao ..	1,310 0 0	1,310 0 0

List of Taluqdars of the Unao district and of the Taluqdars of other district who have property in this district.

Serial number.	Name of Taluqdar.	Name of Taluqa.	Name of estate.	Number of Had-bast village.		District in which the estate lies.	Revised Jama.	
				Whole.	Patti.		Of each estate.	Of each Taluqdar.
		LIST OF TALUQDARS OF OTHER DISTRICTS, WHO HAVE PROPERTY IN THE UNAO DISTRICT.					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Raja Chandra Sikhar (Lucknow).	Dadalha ..	Dadalha ..	23	1	Unao ..	18,288 0 0	18,288 0 0
2	Raja Sheopal Singh of Muramau (Rae Bareli).	Sangrampur and Digbijaipur.	Sangrampur and Digbijaipur.	15	0	Unao ..	10,263 0 0	10,263 0 0
3	Rana Sir Shiva Raj Singh, K. C. I. E., of Khajurgaon (Rae Bareli).	Patan ..	Patan ..	1	0	Unao ..	12,001 0 0	2,001 0 0
4	Thakur Raghuraj Singh of Semri (Rae Bareli).	Panadasi and Akhumpur.	Panadasi and Akhumpur.	16	0	Unao ..	10,511 0 0	10,511 0 0
5	Thakur Drigpal Singh of Pahu (Rai Bareli).	Gularya.	Gularya ..	5	0	Unao ..	18,712 0 0	18,712 0 0
6	Raja Rukmangad Singh of Katiari (Hardoi).	Fatehpur Chaurasi	Fatehpur Chaurasi	2	2	Unao ..	4,912 0 0	4,912 0 0
7	Rani Deo Kuar of Bharawan (Hardoi).	Madhopur ..	Madhopur ..	11	0	Unao ..	7,474 0 0	7,474 0 0
8	Maulvi Iltifat Rasul of Sandila (Hardoi).	Rampur Garhiwa.	Rampur Garhiwa..	12	7	Unao ..	10,656 0 0	10,653 0 0

List of Taluqdars of the Unao district and of the Taluqdars of other districts who have property in this district.

Serial number.	Name of Taluqdar.	Name of Taluqa.	Name of estate.	Number of Hadbast village.		District in which the estate lie.	Revised jama.	
				Whole.	Patti.		Of each estate.	Of each Taluqdar.
		LIST OF TALUQDARS OF OTHER DISTRICTS, WHO HAVE PROPERTY IN THE UNAO DISTRICT.					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a p.
9	Lala Durga Presad and Musammat Jagrani Kunar of Sandila (Hardoi).	Talhi Laharu	Talhi Laharu ..	2	0	Unao ..	982 0 0	982 0 0
10	Chaudhri Muhammad Jan of Sandila (Hardoi).	Asaish Kasimpur.	Asaish Kasimpur ..	29	4	Unao ..	29,214 0 0	29,214 0 0
11	Rai Sri Ram Bahadur (Fyzabad).	Jasra ..	Jasra	1	0	Unao	2,700 0 0	2,700 0 0
12	Raja Pratab Bahadur Singh C. I. E of Qila Partabgarh (Partabgarh).	Chumiani Behta Bhawani.	Chumiani Behta Bhawani.	3	1	Unao ..	7,657 10 4	7,657 10 4
13	Pandit Gajadhar Bakhsh (Insane) Rukmin Kunar of Tribediganj (Bara Banki).	Shakurabad	Shakurabad ..	1	0	Unao ..	320 0 0	320 0 0

RAE BARELI.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XXXIX

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

ALLAHABAD:

Printed by W. C. Abel, Offg. Supdt., Government Press, United Provinces.

1915.

Alterations and Additions to Part A of the Rae Bareli District Gazetteer bringing it up to date (1914).

NOTES.

TABLES I AND II.

During the last two decades the population has decreased by two per cent. This is due to years of scarcity and high mortality on account of epidemics and rise in immigration to a certain extent.

TABLES III AND IV.

The years 1905 and 1908 are noteworthy for very high mortality. In 1905 the district was visited by severe epidemics, especially plague. The year 1908 was a famine year attended with a very bad type of fever which carried away people in large numbers. Plague, for the first time, appeared in the district in 1902 when two deaths only occurred; but in subsequent years the mortality from this cause rose, till in 1905 it was at its highest, i.e. 7,335 deaths.

TABLES V AND VI.

Owing to unfavourable seasons the area under plough declined in 1912; so did poppy cultivation. The area under *Mandua* fell by a half in 1912.

The total irrigable area decreased to 272,723 acres in 1912. There was also a decline in the well irrigated area. Rae Bareli tahsil returns the smallest irrigated area of all the tahsils. The number of masonry wells available in 1912 was 30,290, of which 26,152 were actually used for irrigation purposes.

The district had to face famine in 1908. Early in December 1907, it was apprehended that distress was imminent and preliminary lists of persons entitled to gratuitous relief were drawn up. Village and town committees were formed. Scarcity was declared with effect from 1st January 1908.

The distribution of gratuitous relief commenced from 25th January 1908 and was followed by a test work on the Bachhrawan-Haidargarh road.

During the famine a sum of Rs. 2,22,348 was advanced towards the construction of wells and revenue was suspended to the extent of Rs. 1,65,056.

The highest prices that prevailed then were :—

Wheat	7·25 seers.
Barley	8 seers.
Dal, arhar	7 seers.
Gram	8 seers.

TABLE VII.

There was a considerable rise in 1911 in the number of dacoity cases. *Pasis* who live in large numbers in this district, were chiefly responsible. By Government notification no. 168/VIII—158-5, dated 29th January 1914, Pasis have been declared to be a criminal tribe. This is calculated to have a very salutary effect.

TABLE X.

The consolidated local rate of 7 per cent. was reduced to 5 per cent. from 1st April 1905, vide Government notification no. 1546/478, dated 25th May 1905.

The chaukidari cess was also reduced from 5½ per cent. to Rs. 4-14-0 with effect from the same date, vide Government resolution no. 479/VIII—5, dated the 2nd May 1905.

The patwari rate of 3 per cent. was abolished from 1st April 1906, vide Government order no. 1095/I—398, dated 31st March 1906.

TABLE XI.

This being a Mahua growing district, there is every facility for illicit distillation where all the chaukidars belong to the drinking classes. In 1911-12 there were 17 convictions.

TABLE XIII.

Since 1903 the number of assessees with an income of Rs. 2,000 has never exceeded 200 except in 1911-12 when it was 215, paying a tax of Rs. 5,781, the highest figure reached since 1903. The income from the tax assessed on persons with an income of over Rs. 2,000 steadily increased from 1906-07 to 1910-11.

TABLE XV.

The length of metalled roads is almost more than the District Board can afford to maintain in proper condition.

A new dispensary at Semri was opened under the management of District Board. A dispensary at Jagatpur is managed by the Talukdar of Shankarpur.

The district Board has two veterinary assistants, one of whom has charge of the Veterinary Hospital at head quarters and the other is available for peripatetic work. There is still a prejudice against European methods and inoculation has been little practised.

There has been an important addition to the list of fairs, i.e. the district exhibition which is gaining popularity.

TABLE XVI.

The rules regarding municipal elections for the Rae Bareli municipality were revised in 1912 by G. O. no. 1481—XI/ E.R., dated 4th May 1912.

TABLE XVII.

In 1907 there was a re-allocation of police circles; when the Lalganj police station was abolished a new police outpost was established at Jais, vide Mr. Hoskins' report.

TABLE XVIII.

In the matter of education great advances have been made during the last eight years. There are now nine vernacular middle schools, 238 village schools, nine girls schools and one Government model girls school.

The census of 1911 shows that the proportion of literate females has risen from ·16 per cent. of the whole population in 1901 to ·29 per cent. in 1911.

GENERAL.

The Co-operative movement has developed greatly since 1901. There is a District Bank at Rae Bareli with a capital of over two lakhs financing two central Co-operative Banks—one at Jais and the other at Salon—and 124 independent village banks comprising 103 rural and 21 urban societies. About 275 affiliated societies are also working in the district but they are being replaced by village banks on the principles now in vogue. The village banks are working with a capital of 96,000 and the number of members is about 7,000. Loans are issued for all purposes connected with agriculture and trade, such as, purchase of cattle, seed, yarn, cloth, &c. The rates charged to village banks are 12 per cent. They lend to their members at 15 per cent. Some of the Urban Societies of Rae Bareli and Jais are in a very flourishing condition. The societies started in 1901 in Court of

Wards villages have failed but those in the estate of Raja Rampal Singh of Kurri Sidhauli have since been reorganized and five banks are working in Bachhrawan pargana.

Gazetteer of Rae Bareli.

APPENDIX.

GAZETTEER OF RAE BARELI.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

TABLE I.—*Population by Tahsils*, 1911.

Tahsil.	Total.			Hindus.			Musalmans.			Others.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Rae Bareli ..	224,832	113,947	110,885	206,602	104,733	101,869	17,919	9,035	8,884	311	179	132
Dalmau ..	270,468	135,118	135,350	257,504	128,548	128,956	12,885	6,528	6,357	79	42	37
Mahrajganj ..	263,737	133,471	130,266	239,830	121,605	118,225	23,861	11,836	12,025	46	30	16
Salon ..	257,827	128,129	129,698	224,851	112,152	112,699	32,901	15,927	16,974	75	50	25
Total ..	1,016,864	510,665	506,199	928,787	467,038	461,749	87,566	43,326	44,240	511	301	210

TABLE II.—*Population by Thanas*, 1911.

Serial number.	Name of thana.	Total population.			Hindus.			Musalmans.			Others.		
		Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Dalmau	78,893	39,556	39,337	74,831	37,506	37,325	4,009	2,023	1,986	53	27	26
2	Sareni	88,185	43,739	44,446	85,061	42,119	42,942	3,114	1,616	1,498	10	4	6
3	Gurbakhshganj ..	85,429	42,692	42,737	81,801	40,854	40,947	3,578	1,803	1,775	50	35	15
4	Rae Bareli ..	104,345	53,237	51,108	92,151	47,041	45,110	11,933	6,050	5,883	261	146	115
5	Sheoratanganj ..	70,809	35,672	35,137	62,477	31,553	30,924	8,319	4,110	4,209	13	9	4
6	Bachhrawan ..	94,474	48,267	46,207	89,252	45,575	43,677	5,192	2,674	2,518	30	18	12
7	Mahrajganj ..	79,698	40,486	39,212	74,612	38,001	36,611	5,080	2,481	2,599	6	4	2
8	Nasirabad ..	101,919	50,888	51,031	84,190	42,355	41,835	17,692	8,505	9,187	37	28	9
9	Salon	81,770	40,398	41,372	71,302	35,332	35,970	10,440	5,052	5,388	28	14	14
10	Mohanganj ..	79,251	39,519	39,732	68,851	34,432	34,419	10,400	5,087	5,313	..	..	..
11	Mustafabad ..	64,392	32,124	32,268	60,671	30,281	30,390	3,711	1,835	1,876	10	8	2
12	Jagatpur.. ..	87,699	44,087	43,612	83,588	41,989	41,599	4,098	2,090	2,008	13	8	5
	Total ..	1,016,864	510,665	506,199	928,787	467,038	461,749	87,566	43,326	44,240	511	301	210

TABLE III.—*Vital Statistics.*

Year.	Births.				Deaths.			
	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1901 ..	46,122	23,962	22,160	44·62	34,504	17,465	17,039	33·38
1902 ..	48,277	24,948	23,329	46·70	28,686	14,513	14,173	27·75
1903 ..	49,087	25,286	23,801	47·48	44,742	22,813	21,929	43·28
1904 ..	47,150	24,594	22,556	45·61	37,037	17,979	19,058	35·82
1905 ..	43,141	22,336	20,805	41·73	54,483	26,919	27,564	52·70
1906 ..	40,654	20,903	19,751	39·33	34,838	17,421	17,417	33·70
1907 ..	40,348	20,948	19,400	39·02	43,089	21,505	21,584	41·68
1908 ..	39,794	20,575	19,219	38·49	57,830	28,155	29,675	55·94
1909 ..	29,976	15,523	14,453	28·99	37,334	18,711	18,623	36 11
1910 ..	39,923	20,714	19,209	38·62	36,910	19,034	17,876	35·70
1911 ..	44,564	23,145	21,419	43 11	41,771	21,265	20,506	40·41
1912 ..								
1913 ..								
1914 ..								
1915 ..								
1916 ..								
1917 ..								
1918 ..								
1919 ..								
1920 ..								
1921 ..								

TABLE IV.—*Deaths according to cause.*

Year.	Total deaths from					
	All causes.	Plague.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever.	Bowel complaints.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	34,504	..	4,140	16	21,934	1,533
1902	28,686	2	340	390	20,427	930
1903	44,742	343	2,231	3,578	27,369	1,193
1904	37,037	4,021	24	312	23,967	1,124
1905	54,483	7,355	10,912	188	28,147	1,147
1906	34,838	1,247	600	2,090	23,634	637
1907	43,089	4,497	152	1,556	28,338	631
1908	57,830	667	1,358	2,692	44,349	464
1909	37,334	582	47	62	31,427	233
1910	36,910	3,101	3,053	39	24,392	221
1911	41,771	4,870	4,547	28	24,628	304
1912						
1913						
1914						
1915						
1916						
1917						
1918						
1919						
1920						
1921						

TABLE V.—*Statistics of cultivation and irrigation, 1319 Fasli.*

Pargana and tahsil.	Total area.	Waste.	Culturable.	Cultivated. Irrigated. Total.	Canal.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources.	Dry.	Total.	Double cropped.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Rae Bareli ..	237,779	34,236	65,839	52,826	..	35,562	..	17,264	84,878	137,704	39,401
Total Tahsil Rae Bareli	237,779	34,236	65,839	52,826	..	35,562	..	17,264	84,878	137,704	39,401
Dalmau ..	164,310	38,971	42,538	37,807	..	17,868	..	19,939	44,994	82,801	21,301
Sareni	72,862	12,528	17,360	12,992	..	10,403	..	2,586	29,982	42,974	4,861
Khiron	65,093	13,364	15,591	14,428	..	6,639	..	7,789	21,710	36,138	5,638
Total Tahsil Dalmau ..	302,265	64,863	75,489	65,227	..	34,913	..	30,314	96,686	161,913	31,800
Inhauna	64,017	10,129	22,226	15,448	..	11,014	..	4,434	16,214	31,662	15,998
Beachhrawan ..	60,380	12,648	20,044	12,392	..	7,446	..	4,946	15,296	27,688	6,795
Semrauta	62,288	18,751	15,264	17,162	..	9,253	..	7,909	11,111	28,273	14,312
Kumhrawan ..	44,636	10,702	13,946	12,393	..	7,001	..	5,392	7,595	19,988	8,808
Mohanganj ..	50,930	13,617	12,570	14,051	..	7,791	..	6,260	10,692	24,743	10,618
Hardoi	15,575	3,420	5,032	4,306	..	2,611	..	1,695	2,817	7,123	2,801
Total Tahsil Mahrajganj	297,826	69,267	89,082	75,752	..	45,116	..	30,636	63,725	1,39,477	59,332
Parshadepur ..	34,582	6,100	7,788	10,058	..	7,364	..	2,694	10,636	20,694	8,548
Rokha	99,100	25,610	24,492	29,594	..	19,187	..	10,407	19,404	48,998	20,852
Salon	148,175	34,139	35,415	39,266	..	20,356	..	18,910	39,355	78,621	24,937
Total Tahsil Salon ..	281,857	65,849	67,695	78,918	..	43,907	..	32,011	69,395	148,313	54,337
Total District ..	1,119,727	234,215	298,105	272,723	..	1,62,498	..	110,225	3,14,684	5,87,407	184,870

TABLE VI.—*Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Rae Bareli.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.				
	Total.	Wheat.	Barley.	Barley and gram.	Gram.	Opium.	Total.	Juar.	Urd.	Rice.	Bajra.
Fasli.											
1310	75,246	18,051	4,997	16,965	16,262	6,362	101,007	18,002	12,297	34,045	5,990
1311	66,293	19,862	6,814	19,735	13,008	6,874	69,780	24,406	12,630	24,937	7,807
1312	64,466	22,071	5,824	20,253	10,273	6,045	69,780	22,640	8,727	32,387	6,026
1313	55,794	9,798	5,217	20,353	13,709	6,717	80,884	23,243	13,756	36,688	7,197
1314	78,202	17,259	7,612	21,808	13,967	6,989	105,568	21,161	9,245	36,021	6,500
1315	55,218	12,198	15,505	17,529	2,984	6,998	71,752	25,190	9,971	28,084	8,507
1316	56,473	15,468	18,639	12,444	4,055	5,867	69,513	30,158	10,987	18,823	9,545
1317	71,442	19,496	10,679	15,697	9,450	5,529	100,531	2,265	15,790	26,506	7,546
1318	73,907	18,434	10,119	17,610	12,051	5,618	102,477	2,358	12,037	23,542	8,803
1319	88,721	20,441	11,536	22,114	15,953	5,000	83,109	3,835	14,453	10,333	10,950
1320											
1321											
1322											
1323											
1324											
1325											
1326											
1327											
1328											
1329											

TABLE VI—(continued).—*Area in acres under the pincipal crops, Tahsil Dalmau.*

Year.	Rabi						Kharif.				
	Total.	Wheat.	Barley.	Barley and gram.	Gram.	Opium.	Total.	Juar.	Urd.	Rice.	Bajra.
Fasli.											
1310 ..	100,779	21,195	8,615	39,515	13,355	5,745	96,682	32,401	4,866	26,121	6,829
1311 ..	92,582	21,999	11,433	43,575	9,240	6,335	69,793	36,858	3,706	20,208	9.021
1312 ..	91,252	24,181	9,998	43,757	7,769	5,547	70,271	36,757	3,015	25,048	5,451
1313 ..	83,272	12,920	9,195	40,930	13,258	6,909	103,032	41,273	5,362	47,501	8,896
1314 ..	102,733	20,392	13,777	41,647	11,344	5.999	104,662	37,234	3,301	28,626	7,268
1315 ..	71,166	14,378	21,320	26,045	3,536	5,887	74,861	40,412	3,518	21,591	9,340
1316 ..	81,193	17,644	27,486	27,260	4,033	4,770	76,081	46,406	3,752	14,916	11,007
1317 ..	96,888	21,835	20,620	32,933	7,994	4,543	98,304	1,796	6,528	19,680	4,458
1318 ..	98,230	20,548	19,223	35,557	10,583	4,576	101,787	1,352	4,599	19,995	4,481
1319 ..	115,800	22,258	18,323	48,504	11,436	3,658	75.822	1,517	4,612	6,154	8,180
1320 ..											
1321 ..											
1322 ..											
1323 ..											
1324 ..											
1325 ..											
1326 ..											
1327 ..											
1328 ..											
1329 ..											

TABLE VI—(continued).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Salon.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.				
	Total.	Wheat.	Barley.	Barley and gram.	Gram.	Opium.	Total.	Juar.	Urd.	Rice.	Bajra.
Fasli.											
1310 ..	87,709	24,519	4,171	28,378	12,241	8,382	116,806	19,821	8,165	63,682	6,553
1311 ..	83,323	26,523	4,799	29,698	12,920	9,383	94,708	24,289	8,022	53,319	9,078
1312 ..	80,929	27,144	5,854	29,937	9,575	8,419	196,360	24,688	5,820	60,762	5,090
1313 ..	65,490	16,322	4,268	26,659	9,245	8,996	106,449	26,013	8,634	62,879	8,923
1314 ..	88,619	23,741	5,879	29,299	11,478	8,976	59,244	23,600	7,348	63,480	7,593
1315 ..	64,362	18,117	8,913	25,457	2,862	9,013	98,919	27,165	8,120	54,265	9,369
1316 ..	64,500	21,433	11,698	20,372	3,027	7,970	95,584	32,406	8,695	43,647	10,836
1317 ..	80,347	25,339	8,351	22,539	1,633	7,221	115,171	4,194	11,791	47,447	2,945
1318 ..	87,645	24,882	7,742	25,133	12,217	7,396	116,112	3,340	9,486	44,688	3,347
1319 ..	100,196	26,189	6,287	30,446	17,383	6,243	94,872	3,677	10,323	29,243	6,695
1320 ..											
1321 ..											
1322 ..											
1323 ..											
1324 ..											
1325 ..											
1326 ..											
1327 ..											
1328 ..											
1329 ..											

TABLE VI—(concluded).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Maharajganj.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.				
	Total.	Wheat.	Barley.	Barley and gram.	Gram.	Opium.	Total.	Juar.	Urd.	Rice.	Bajra.
Fasli.											
1310	86,032	30,372	652	12,002	22,416	7,538	130,046	15,079	10,865	86,899	1,386
1311	73,181	30,927	1,006	13,289	19,839	8,120	106,493	21,888	12,541	70,527	1,537
1312	72,486	32,001	838	14,780	17,795	7,072	113,518	17,799	7,555	86,749	1,415
1313	63,546	17,386	1,965	11,735	24,429	8,031	121,081	18,848	10,607	90,115	1,511
1314	89,172	27,218	2,550	15,451	22,970	8,155	135,007	16,662	8,470	92,962	1,545
1315	62,184	19,834	2,605	12,773	17,959	9,013	113,877	24,658	9,847	77,718	1,654
1316	53,582	24,312	6,615	9,255	7,008	6,392	100,897	32,401	12,767	53,837	1,892
1317	78,602	29,493	2,813	11,783	14,567	6,633	121,766	5,943	15,260	70,038	1,597
1318	84,509	28,787	2,492	11,833	19,988	6,744	123,718	6,857	13,607	64,648	1,761
1319	95,655	32,034	2,650	12,318	23,272	5,811	94,041	9,972	19,490	35,018	2,441
1320											
1321											
1322											
1323											
1324											
1325											
1326											
1327											
1328											
1329											

Table VII.—*Criminal justice.*

Year.	Number of persons convicted or bound over in respect of—												Cases under	
	Offences against public tranquality, (Chapter VIII.)	Offences affecting life.	Grievous hurt.	Rape.	Cattle theft.	Criminal force and assault.	Theft.	Robbery and *dacoity.*	Receiving stolen property.	Criminal trespass.	Bad livelihood.	Keeping the peace.	Opium Act.	Excise Act.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1901 ..	42	15	24	3	3	14	95	5	28	118	63	25	6	14
1902 ..	26	22	19	1	14	12	59	7	32	105	90	46	14	9
1903 ..	45	28	24	2	9	11	100	10	73	106	159	15	6	32
1904 ..	81	20	23	2	2	17	171	10	57	168	142	33	6	18
1905 ..	78	27	43	2	36	..	101	5	47	195	91	39	5	21
1906 ..	50	10	29	1	22	16	124	7	36	24	84	..	4	11
1907 ..	34	1	25	2	33	4	96	6	27	5	70	35	1	7
1908 ..	20	5	23	..	35	10	129	6	38	5	99	40	1	3
1909 ..	6	8	14	..	..	9	93	8	21	98	129	30	3	27
1910 ..	7	41	7	2	29	4	84	10	36	116	100	..	4	12
1911 ..	10	33	16	3	23	3	58	35	33	86	96	..	1	30
1912 ..														
1913 ..														
1914 ..														
1915 ..														
1916 ..														
1917 ..														
1918 ..														
1919 ..														
1920 ..														
1921 ..														

TABLE VIII.—*Cognizable crime.*

Year.	Number of cases investigated by police.			Number of persons.		
	Suo motu.	By orders of magistrate.	Sent up for trial.	Tried.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	1,301	39	583	793	134	635
1902	1,282	23	705	839	132	686
1903	1,272	15	656	924	188	710
1904	1,312	14	772	1,047	171	834
1905	1,506	..	863	1,110	174	936
1906	1,575	..	1,008	1,259	211	1,048
1907	1,548	..	1,019	1,249	190	1,059
1908	1,460	..	958	1,196	216	980
1909	1,238	..	694	874	666	208
1910	1,227	..	655	821	623	198
1911	1,299	..	693	890	677	213
1912						
1913						
1914						
1915						
1916						
1917						
1918						
1919						
1920						
1921						

TABLE IX.—*Revenue demand at successive settlements.*

Pargana.	Year of settlement.			
	1859.	1865.	1895.	1925.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Inhauna	44,118	63,484	83,015	
Mohanganj..	43,504	52,811	76,137	
Kumhrawan	39,923	53,717	68,505	
Bachhrawan	49,334	69,607	75,496	
Hardoi	14,579	19,798	22,476	
Simrauta	47,238	61,771	80,237	
Rae Bareli	2,06,357	2,53,825	3,19,603	
Khiron	77,780	89,297	1,04,295	
Sareni	72,670	88,102	1,03,708	
Dalmau	1,48,442	1,91,445	2,34,121	
Rokha	73,309	1,00,762	1,36,865	
Parshadepur	28,700	39,663	47,972	
Salon	1,01,963	1,51,907	1,88,787	
Total ..	9,47,917	12,39,189	15,41,217*	

* Actual demand only.

TABLE X.—*Present demand for revenue and cesses 1320 Fasli.*

Pargana and tahsil.	Where included in *Ain-i-Akbari*.	Revenue.	Cesses.	Total.	Incidence per acre.	
					Cultivated.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Rae Bareli.	Rae Bareli.	3,24,813	33,023	3,57,836	2·4	1·4
	Total tahsil Rae Bareli.	3,24,813	33,023	3,57,836	2·4	1·4
Dalmau.	Dalmau, Aihar.	2,36,513	23,592	2,60,105	2·9	1·4
Sareni.	Nisgar Tara Singhaur Deorakh, Kahanjara.	1,04,039	11,147	1,15,186	2·4	1·4
Khiron.	Satanpur.	1,04,345	10,304	1,14,649	2·8	1·6
	Total tahsil Dalmau.	4,44,897	45,043	4,89,940	2·7	1·4
Inhauna.	Inhauna, Subeha.	83,134	8,218	91,352	2·6	1·2
Bachhrawan.	Thulenda.	75,377	7,943	83,320	2·7	1·2
Simrauta.	Jais Subeha.	80,283	7,928	88,211	2·8	1·3
Kumhrawan.	Bhilwal Thulendi.	68,010	6,746	74,756	3·4	1·5
Mohanganj.	Jais.	76,272	7,532	83,804	3·0	1·4
Hardoi.	Hardoi.	22,023	2,246	24,269	3·9	1·4
	Total tahsil Mahrajganj.	4,05,099	40,613	4,45,712	2·9	1·3
Parshadepur.	Nasirabad.	48,004	4,869	52,873	2·3	1·3
Rokha jais.	Nasirabad Jais.	1,37,196	13,571	1,50,767	2·8	1·3
Salon.	Salon Qariat Guzara.	1,92,185	20,489	2,12,674	2·8	1·2
	Total tahsil Salon.	3,77,385	38,929	4,16,314	2·5	1·3
	Total District.	15,52,194	1,57,607	17,09,801	2·6	1·3

TABLE XI.—*Excise.*

Year.	Receipts from foreign liquors.	Country spirit.		Receipts from Tari and Sendhi.	Total receipts.	Drugs.			Opium.		Total receipts.	Total charges.	Incidence of receipts per 10,000 of population from—			Number of shops for sale of—		
		Receipts.	Consumption in gallons.			Total receipts.	Consumption in maunds of—		Total receipts.	Consumption.			Liquor including tari.	Drugs.	Opium.	Country spirit.	Drugs.	Opium.
							Ganja.	Charas.										
1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Mds. s. c.	Mds. s.	Rs. a. p.	Mds. s.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
1901-02	84	1,73,996	77,338	510	33,368		1 0 0	94 7	5,197 0 0	13 17	2,13,239 0 0	1,492 0 0	1,688	323	50	227	101	14
1902-03	50	1,85,256	78,202	530	39,682		0 30 0	103 16	5,370 0 0	13 21	2,30,963 0 0	1,860 0 0	1,804	385	52	227	101	13
1903-04	50	1,79,748	61,746	491	67,393		0 10 0	62 6	5,098 0 0	12 28	2,52,808 0 0	2,037 0 0	1,750	654	49	225	100	14
1904-05	50	1,85,706	58,331	421	71,920		..	78 10	5,486 0 0	14 3	2,63,634 0 0	3,344 0 0	1,808	698	53	229	100	13
1905-06	100	1,18,750	31,799	443	66,989		..	66 3	5,358 0 0	13 25	1,91,709 0 0	2,365 0 0	1,158	650	52	223	100	12
1906-07	100	1,41,641	44,183	475	63,879		0 2 9	56 35	5,325 0 0	13 24	2,11,499 0 0	2,231 0 0	1,345	618	51	187	100	12
1907-08	104	1,59,156	38,496	307	47,176		..	24 25	5,308 0 0	13 33	2,12,186 0 0	2,479 0 0	1,550	445	52	172	100	13
1908-09	102	1,44,020	34,445	482	58,350		0 11 4	43 11	6,194 0 0	16 24	2,09,232 0 0	2,422 0 0	1,398	564	59	160	100	19
1909-10	100	1,55,673	42,652	437	52,407		0 9 12	52 33	7,057 0 0	18 24	2,15,674 0 0	2,741 0 0	1,510	507	68	160	100	19
1910-11	73	2,05,986	54,925	687	46,092		0 4 0	32 21	8,890 0 0	11 4	2,61,728 0 0	2,765 0 0	2,033	453	87	158	100	20
1911-12	109	1,88,610	48,446	700	46,613		0 12 0	27 19	8,581 8 0	14 37	2,44,613 8 0	2,922 13 9	1,834	351	83	158	100	18
1912-13																		
1913-14																		
1914-15																		
1915-16																		
1916-17																		
1917-18																		
1918-19																		
1919-20																		
1920-21																		
1921-22																		

TABLE XII.—*Stamps.*

Year	Receipts from. Non-judicial.	Court fee including copies.	All sources.	Total charges.
1	2	3	4	5
1901-02	33,280	87,947	122,524	3,600
1902-03	28,027	77,689	106,925	3,215
1903-04	30,705	87,724	119,640	3,415
1904-05	30,180	92,523	123,985	3,309
1905-06	33,444	90,984	125,896	3,300
1906-07	31,344	107,994	140,871	3,293
1907-08	30,718	98,466	130,971	3,312
1908-09	27,408	91,147	128,467	3,807
1909-10	28,840	109,023	139,535	3,484
1910-11	27,233	110,451	139,684	3,524
1911-12	40,254	110,169	150,423	4,733
1912-13				
1913-14				
1914-15				
1915-16				
1916-17				
1917-18				
1918-19				
1919-20				
1920-21				
1921-22				

Table XIII.—*Income-tax.*

Year.	Total receipts.	Collected by companies.		Profits of companies.		Other sources, Part IV.				Total charges.	Objections under part IV.	
						Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000,				
		Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees	Tax.		Number filed.	Wholly or partly successful.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		
1901-02 ..	23,804	..	..	..	..	887	12,997	61	6,374	715	265	54
1902-03 ..	24,256	..	..	..	..	933	13,507	64	6,625	1,384	320	247
1903-04 ..	15,643	..	..	..	..	187	4,972	60	6,873	1,529	99	29
1904-05 ..	12,146	..	..	..	..	191	4,844	63	7,302	618	104	25
1905-06 ..	12,016	..	..	..	..	198	5,016	62	6,999	278	73	15
1906-07 ..	12,193	..	..	..	..	195	4,884	60	6,921	103	62	15
1907-08 ..	13,732	..	..	..	..	193	4,989	70	8,334	275	85	16
1908-09 ..	14,018	..	..	..	..	190	5,144	74	8,457	689	100	47
1909-10 ..	14,540	..	..	..	..	190	5,032	74	9,066	221	66	9
1910-11 ..	14,566	..	..	..	..	198	5,260	73	9,306	287	78	24
1911-12 ..	14,863	..	...	..	..	222	6,074	71	8,789	486	131	49
1912-13 ..												
1913-14 ..												
1914-15 ..												
1915-16 ..												
1916-17 ..												
1917-18 ..												
1918-19 ..												
1919-20 ..												
1920-21 ..												
1921-22 ..												

TABLE XIV.—*Income-tax by tahsils (Part IV only).*

Year.	Tahsil Rae Bareli.				Tahsil Dalmau.			
	Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.		Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.	
	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1	2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1901-02 ..	194	3,057	26	2,542	228	3,099	14	1,954
1902-03 ..	234	3,557	27	2,779	226	2,898	16	2,058
1903-04 ..	59	1,476	24	2,601	31	814	16	2,606
1904-05 ..	69	1,812	25	3,404	44	1,036	13	1,719
1905-06 ..	60	1,593	26	3,365	50	1,179	13	1,687
1906-07 ..	58	1,532	24	3,139	49	1,131	12	1,696
1907-08 ..	47	1,304	31	3,962	49	1,124	13	2,040
1908-09 ..	48	1,285	37	4,021	48	1,234	16	2,181
1909-10 ..	45	1,219	36	4.101	48	1,191	17	2,469
1910-11 ..	53	1,343	36	4,471	44	1,095	15	1,516
1911-12 ..	61	1,681	34	4 076	59	1,488	15	2,258
1912-13 ..								
1913-14 ..								
1914-15 ..								
1915-16 ..								
1916-17 ..								
1917-18 ..								
1918-19 ..								
1919-20 ..								
1920-21 ..								
1921-22 ..								

TABLE XIV.—*Income-tax by tahsils (Part IV) only*—(concld.).

Year.	Tahsil Mahrajganj.				Tahsil Salon.			
	Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.		Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.	
	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1	2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1901-02 ..	227	3,218	11	933	238	3,623	10	945
1902-03 ..	231	3,268	13	1,106	246	3,829	9	744
1903-04 ..	38	1,027	15	1,234	59	1,610	5	431
1904-05 ..	35	898	18	1,545	37	930	6	490
1905-06 ..	42	1,074	15	1,252	42	1,067	6	671
1906-07 ..	36	924	16	1,304	52	1,297	8	782
1907-08 ..	31	821	17	1,446	66	1,740	9	886
1908-09 ..	32	919	15	1,499	62	1,706	6	756
1909-10 ..	38	994	16	1,707	59	1,628	5	789
1910-11 ..	36	972	17	2,403	65	1,850	5	915
1911-12 ..	39	1,171	16	1,535	63	1,734	6	920
1912-13 ..								
1913-14 ..								
1914-15 ..								
1915-16 ..								
1916-17 ..								
1917-18 ..								
1918-19 ..								
1919-20 ..								
1920-21 ..								
1921-22 ..								

TABLE XV.—*District Board.*

Year.	Receipts.							Expenditure.									
	Education.	Medical.	Scientific, &c.	Miscellaneous.	Civil works.	Pounds.	Ferries.	Total expenditure.	Contributions to Provincial funds.	General Administration.	Education.	Medical.	Scientific, &c.	Miscellaneous.	Civil works.	Pounds.	Debts
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02 ..	8,912	3,868	80	5,273	763	7,780	..	1,07,423	..	1,980	36,591	12,855	568	121	52,185	3,123	..
1902-03 ..	8,652	5,655	88	4,446	824	8,684	..	1,22,017	..	2,042	41,622	15,057	707	150	59,091	3,341	7
1903-04 ..	9,240	4,442	80	153	1,294	8,875	825	1,26,445	..	1,917	43,631	14,821	1,197	147	61,055	3,677	..
1904-05 ..	9,148	9,148	80	105	848	10,426	225	1,29,028	..	2,043	43,442	14,242	1,236	253	63,857	3,955	..
1905-06 ..	9,585	5,247	80	194	741	5,271	248	1,36,871	..	2,208	47,895	15,645	1,225	368	66,487	2,719	324
1906-07 ..	8,650	5,892	79	185	651	6,324	578	1,38,920	..	3,075	51,383	17,029	1,495	240	62,794	2,654	250
1907-08 ..	10,600	4,455	81	72	1,629	7,956	254	1,43,097	..	4,027	57,148	15,977	1,539	370	61,028	2,978	30
1908-09 ..	11,727	5,039	81	201	1,038	7,454	750	1,56,266	..	4,471	67,936	17,085	1,777	509	61,993	2,496	..
1909-10 ..	12,282	4,707	87	1,088	2,020	9,505	427	1,57,437	..	4,204	67,760	18,436	1,746	611	54,497	2,277	138
1910-11 ..	8,746	9,808	93	277	1,632	8,845	82	1,35,421	..	4,840	61,625	19,146	2,341	628	44,684	2,032	93
1911-12 ..	7,873	5,494	107	435	1,968	11,419	582	1,37,374	..	4,795	59,322	28,151	2,430	455	40,019	2,258	129
1912-13 ..																	
1913-14 ..																	
1914-15 ..																	
1915-16 ..																	
1916-17 ..																	
1917-18 ..																	
1918-19 ..																	
1919-20 ..																	
1920-21 ..																	
1921-22 ..																	

TABLE XVI.—*Municipality of Rae Bareli.*

Year.	Income.							Expenditure.									
	Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes.	Public safety.	Water supply and drainage.		Conservancy.	Hospitals and Dispensaries.	Public works.	Public instructions.	Other heads.	Total.
										Capital.	Maintenance.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02 ..	18,339	..	43	949	..	9,789	29,120	5,058	3,337	..	1,533	5,743	1,571	8,393	1,932	2,849	30,416
1902-03 ..	17,346	..	54	936	..	10,210	28,546	5,114	3,475	..	266	6,436	1,732	3,378	6,996	4,847	32,244
1903-04 ..	17,779	..	28	874	..	13,428	32,119	5,053	3,024	2,967	307	5,649	1,245	5,855	2,221	4,768	32,289
1904-05 ..	16,541	..	51	1,251	..	14,216	32,159	4,971	3,232	3,004	359	6,072	1,234	2,906	2,403	6,524	31,305
1905-06 ..	17,936	..	54	1,538	..	12,271	31,799	4,947	2,549	1,940	467	7,923	1,244	3,788	2,349	7,161	32,368
1906-07 ..	17,155	..	60	1,731	..	9,570	28,516	5,024	1,407	6,278	743	6,901	1,252	3,210	2,344	7,163	34,322
1907-08 ..	17,226	..	69	2,017	..	13,107	32,419	5,049	1,473	1,761	706	7,029	966	6,091	2,232	5,008	30,315
1908-09 ..	17,619	..	67	1.724	..	13,110	32,520	4,911	1,612	3,983	1,115	8,384	1,287	4,091	2,051	4,974	32,408
1909-10 ..	19,595	..	459	1,834	..	13,417	35,305	4,631	3,598	2,306	998	8,035	1,057	4,395	2,037	5,581	32,698
1910-11 ..	19,468	..	1,122	1,879	..	11,554	34,023	4,771	1,716	6,181	689	7,367	1,052	3,066	2,311	6,583	33,736
1911-12 ..	19,406	..	1,296	1,873	..	13,115	35,690	4,749	2,023	..	615	7,486	957	5,277	2,497	7,347	30,951
1912-13 ..																	
1913-14 ..																	
1914-15 ..																	
1915-16 ..																	
1916-17 ..																	
1917-18 ..																	
1918-19 ..																	
1919-20 ..																	
1920-21 ..																	
1921-22 ..																	

TABLE XVII.—*Distribution of police, 1911.*

Name of Police Station.	Provincial Police.			Municipal Police.		Town Police.		Chaukidars.	
	Sub-Inspectors.	Head Constables.	Constables.	Head Constables.	Constables.	Jamadars.	Chaukidars.	Rural.	Road.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rae Bareli ..	3	1	16	3	24	..	..	190	6
Dalmau ..	2	1	12	..	..	1	7	165	4
Jagatpur ..	2	1	10	..	..	..	..	189	2
Mustafabad ..	2	1	10	..	..	..	..	150	..
Salon ..	2	1	10	..	..	..	..	196	2
Nasirabad ..	2	1	11	..	..	..	..	194	..
Mohanganj ..	2	1	10	..	..	..	..	162	..
Sheoratanganj ..	2	1	10	..	..	..	..	154	..
Mahrajganj ..	2	1	10	..	..	..	..	175	..
Bachhrawan ..	2	1	11	..	..	..	..	195	..
Gurbakhshganj ..	2	1	10	..	..	..	..	173	..
Sareni ..	2	1	10	..	..	..	..	203	..
Outpost Jais ..	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
Civil Police Reserve.	8	13	63	..	4	..	..	..	..
Armed Police ..	1	17	99	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	35	42	295	3	28	1	7	2,146	14

TABLE XVIII.—*Education.*

Year.	Total.			Secondary education.			Primary education.		
	Schools and Colleges	Scholars.		Schools.	Scholars.		Schools.	Scholars.	
		Males.	Females.		Males	Females.		Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1901-02 ..	169	7,616	39	7	974	..	154	6,583	39
1902-03 ..	190	8,643	68	7	824	..	183	7,819	68
1903-04 ..	194	8,816	70	7	995	..	187	7,821	70
1904-05 ..	209	8,850	81	7	1,064	..	212	8,086	81
1905-06 ..	292	11,284	168	7	1,053	..	285	10,231	168
1906-07 ..	311	12,528	373	7	1,263	..	304	11,265	373
1907-08 ..	335	13,763	489	9	740	..	326	13,023	489
1908-09 ..	323	12,931	429	10	814	..	314	12,374	429
1909-10 ..	321	13,680	329	10	871	..	311	12,809	329
1910-11 ..	320	13,597	329	10	977	..	310	12,620	329
1911-12 ..	308	13,325	367	10	967	..	221	11,340	235
1912-13 ..									
1913-14 ..									
1914-15 ..									
1915-16 ..									
1916-17 ..									
1917-18 ..									
1918-19 ..									
1919-20 ..									
1920-21 ..									
1921-22 ..									

LIST OF SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR 1912-13.

Tahsil	Pargana.	Locality.	Class of school.	Averagee attendance.
		A. SECONDARY SCHOOLS.		
Rae Bareli.	Rae Bareli	Rae Bareli ..	High School ..	261
		Do. ..	Vernacular Middle School.	107
		Sataon	Do. ..	41
Dalmau ..	Sareni ..	Behta Kalan ..	Do. ..	111
Maharajganj-	Semrauta ..	Maharajganj ..	Do. ..	57
	Inhauna ..	Inhauna ..	Do. ..	66
	Bachhrawan	Bachhrawan ..	Do. ..	27
Salon ..	Salon ..	Salon	Do. ..	89
	Rokha ..	Jais	Do. ..	49
	Do. ..	Nasirabad ..	Do. ..	45
		B. PRIMARY SCHOOLS.		
Rae Bareli.	Rae Bareli ..	Rae Bareli District Board Model Girls' School.	Upper Primary ..	53
		Do. Government Model Girls' School.	Lower Primary ..	22
		Rahwan Girls' School.	Do. ..	6
		Rae Bareli Mission School.	Upper Primary Aided School.	38
		Rae Bareli Jahanabad.	Lower Primary ..	26
		Rae Bareli. Bailieganj.	Do. ...	57
		Do. Baillie Patshala.	Do. ..	37
		Do. Jahanabad Deccan Darwaza.	Do. ..	30
		Do. Jahanabad Capperganj	Do. ..	24
		Rae Bareli Jahanabad Uttar Darwaza.	Do. ..	16
		Bela Bhela ..	Upper Primary ..	7
		Johwa Sharqi ..	Do. ..	82
		Rahwan ..	Do. ..	102
		Rahi ..	Lower Primary ..	24
		Sultanpur Khera ..	Do. ..	24
		Kathwara ..	Do. ..	22
		Korihar ..	Upper Primary ..	48
		Sataon	Lower Primary ..	69
		Harchandpur ..	Upper Primary ..	86
		Baragaon ..	Do. ..	79
		Kunsah ..	Do. ..	93
		Lohda	Do. ..	57
		Shora	Do. ..	78
		Dedaur	Lower Primary ..	23
		Bela Khara ..	Do. ..	21
		Rupamau ..	Do. ..	29
		Bardar ..	Do. ..	41
		Maheri ..	Upper Primary ..	58

LIST OF SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR 1912-13—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class of school.	Average attendance.
Rae Bareli—(*contd.*).	Rae Bareli—(*contd.*).	Itaura Ruzurg ..	Upper Primary ..	65
		Rae Bareli Municipal.	Do. ..	163
		Arobar	Lower Primary ..	47
		Bawan Buzurg ..	Do. ..	60
		Rae Bareli Municipal.	Do. ..	47
		Rae Bareli Preparatory School.	Do. ..	62
		Gouhanna ..	Do. ..	26
		Ghura Dih ..	Upper Primary ..	53
		Sultanpur Aima ..	Lower Primary aided	25
		Sandi Nagin ..	Do. ..	29
		Lodhwari ..	Upper Primary aided	46
		Sarai Mughlan ..	Lower Primary aided	31
		Kishunpur Ram Chand	Do. ..	19
		Behta	Do. ..	13
		Hardaspur ..	Do. ..	26
		Dewanandpur ..	Do. ..	22
		Thulwansa ..	Do. ..	24
		Porai ..	Do. ..	22
		Sarai Damo ..	Do. ..	28
		Paudriganeshpur ..	Do. ..	30
		Paindepur ..	Do. ..	30
		Sedhauna ..	Do. ..	19
		Bela Tekai ..	Do. ..	26
		Majorganj ..	Do. ..	20
		Chaturbhujpur ..	Do. ..	30
		Ratansipur ..	Do. ..	..
Dalmau	Dalmau ..	Dalmau	Upper Primary ..	46
		Samarpaha ..	Do. ..	75
		Thulrai ..	Do. ..	51
		Dineganj ..	Lower Primary ..	18
		Karkasa ..	Do. ..	22
		Jagatpur ..	Upper Primary ..	120
		Ambara Pachhum ..	Do. ..	71
		Aihar	Do. ..	44
		Qaziana	Lower Primary ..	50
		Jalalpur Dhai ..	Upper Primary ..	115
		Rounsi	Do. ..	77
		Lalganj	Do. ..	65
		Khajurgaon ..	Do. ..	93
		Madhkarpur ..	Lower Primary ..	48
		Gegason	Upper Primary ..	52
		Kathgar	Lower Primary ..	33
		Bhiragobindpur ..	Upper Primary ..	51
		Chandrabhukhanganj	Do. ..	57
		Sardarganj ..	Do. ..	50
		Sultanpur Janauli ..	Lower Primary ..	49
		Narsawan ..	Do. ..	25
		Gaura Bazar ..	Upper Primary ..	133
		Gaura Rupai ..	Lower Primary ..	32
		Bibipur	Do. ..	78
		Tikar Agachipur ..	Do. ..	37
		Bahai	Do. ..	16
		Makhdumpur ..	Do. ..	22

LIST OF SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR 1912-13—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class of school.	Average attendance.
Dalmau—(*contd.*)	Dalmau—(*concluded.*)	Otra Gouri ..	Lower Primary ..	24
		Barara Buzurg ..	Do. ..	22
		Chanda Tikar ..	Do ..	37
		Chilaula	Upper Primary ..	51
		Korauli Budhkar ..	Do. ..	52
		Korauli Dama ..	Lower Primary Aided.	23
		Ondwa	Do. ..	25
		Kalianpur ..	Do. ..	20
		Utrawan ..	Do. ..	18
	Sareni ..	Ibrahimpur ..	Upper Primary ..	36
		Bhojpur ..	Do. ..	75
		Bishun Khera ..	Do. ..	62
		Sareni	Do. ..	92
		Raepur Majhgawan ..	Do. ..	98
		Malkegaon ..	Do. ..	50
		Behta Girls' School ..	Lower Primary ..	3
		Nisgar	Do. ..	3
		Chinta Khera ..	Do. ..	24
		Behta Kalan ..	Do. ..	109
		Sotwa Khera ..	Do. ..	24
		Rasulpur ..	Lower Primary Aided.	28
		Majhgawan Girls' School.	Do. ..	15
		Tewaripur ..	Do. ..	15
		Mada Khera Girls' School.	Do. ..	12
		Rautapur ..	Do. ..	25
		Lakhnapur Girls' School.	Do. ..	8
		Hamirgaon ..	Do. ..	5
		Barsaitpur ..	Do. ..	26
		Nibi	Do. ..	18
		Gugumau ..	Do. ..	31
		Dundi	Do. ..	26
		Usru	Do. ..	18
		Mahraniganj ..	Do. ..	13
		Sagra	Do. ..	13
		Pura Pande ..	Do. ..	17
		Sabzi	Do ..	17
		Jasaomau ..	Do. ..	25
		Chheolaha ..	Do. ..	12
		Bhupganj ..	Do. ..	26
	Khiron ..	Khiron	Upper Primary ..	47
		Atrahar.. ..	Do. ..	33
		Bhitargaon ..	Do. ..	95
		Paho	Do. ..	68
		Semri	Do. ..	52

LIST OF SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR 1912-13—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class of school.	Average attendance.
Dalmau -(*concld.*)	Khiron—(*concld.*)	Bhitargaon Girls' School.	Lower Primary ..	9
		Meroi	Upper Primary ..	18
		Drigpalganj ..	Do. ..	52
		Mubarakpur ..	Lower Primary ..	20
		Nehustha ..	Do. ..	33
		Dukanha ..	Do. ..	28
		Khanpur Khushti ..	Upper Primary Aided.	20
		Bargaon Sakatpur ..	Lower Primary Aided.	15
Mahraj-ganj.	Semrauta ..	Semrauta ..	Upper Primary ..	101
		Chandapur ..	Do. ..	84
		Halaur ..	Do. ..	108
		Rewan ..	Lower Primary ..	29
		Phula	Do. ..	31
		Mau Sharqi ..	Upper Primary ..	63
		Jamrawan ..	Lower Primary Aided.	26
		Nirthwa	Do. ..	25
		Usah	Do. ..	20
		Janai	Do. ..	25
		Sewan	Do ..	20
		Mahrajganj Practising School.	Do. ..	40
		Mahrajganj ..	Lower Primary ..	66
	Hardoi ...	Hardoi ..	Upper Primary ..	6
		Para Kalan ..	Lower Primary ..	27
		Salethu ..	Do. ..	20
	Mohanganj.	Tiloi	Upper Primary ..	103
		Shahmau ..	Do. ..	52
		Tiloi Girls' School ..	Lower Primary ..	21
		Shankarganj ..	Upper Primary ..	65
		Kamai	Do. ..	70
		Ahori	Lower Primary ..	24
		Pura Baison ..	Lower Primary Aided.	32
		Mohanganj ..	Do. ..	26
		Barkot	Do. ..	24
	Inhauna ..	Rastamau ..	Upper Primary ..	92
		Sheoaratanganj ..	Do. ..	122
		Fatehpur ..	Do. ..	85
		Banbhariya ..	Lower Primary ..	31
		Kharawan ..	Do. ..	48
		Inhauna ..	Do. ..	101
		Mujibganj ..	Do. ..	14
		Bahwa ..	Upper Primary ..	50
		Kotwa Muhamadabad.	Lower Primary Aided.	23
		Panhauna ..	Do. ..	22
		Satanpurwa ..	Do. ..	18
		Achai ..	Do. ..	25

LIST OF SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR 1912-13—*continued.*

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class of school.	Average attendance.
Maharajganj—(*concld.*)	Kumhrawan	Kotwa	Upper Primary ..	45
		Sheoagarh ..	Do. ..	88
		Baite ..	Do. ..	70
		Gudh	Do. ..	38
		Sehgon	Do. ..	77
		Bedaru	Lower Primary ..	29
		Dehli	Do. ..	23
		Khajron	Lower Primary Aided.	20
		Bhawanigarh ..	Do. ..	19
	Bachhrawan.	Bachhrawan ..	Lower Primary ..	31
		Ichauli	Do. ..	39
		Thulehdi ..	Upper Primary ..	41
		Sudauli	Do. ..	100
		Nim Tikar ..	Do. ..	64
		Kundanganj ..	Do. ..	17
		Tilenda	Lower Primary ..	28
		Isia	Upper Primary ..	40
		Rajamau ..	Lower Primary Aided.	28
		Kasrawan ..	Do. ..	12
		Jalalpur	Do. ..	24
		Dostpur	Do. ..	28
		Bannaon.. ..	Do. ..	22
Salon ..	Salon ..	Umron	Upper Primary ..	57
		Mustafabad ..	Do. ..	82
		Akorhia	Do. ..	35
		Babuganj ..	Do. ..	62
		Paksarawan ..	Do. ..	27
		Arkha	Lower Primary ..	33
		Salon Girls' School ..	Do. ..	21
		Pahargarh ..	Do. ..	41
		Suchi	Do. ..	41
		Rasulpur ..	Do. ..	37
		Lachhmiganj ..	Do. ..	36
		Salon	Do ..	102
		Karahiya ..	Do. ..	32
		Nain	Do. ..	33
		Qauli Mehman ..	Do. ..	42
		Dubhan ..	Do. ..	20
		Kandrawan ..	Do. ..	22
		Bazar Gauriganj ..	Do. ..	25
		Itaura Buzurg ..	Do. ..	21
		Atartharia ..	Do. ..	20
		Ishwar Daspur ..	Do. ..	15
		Bahadurganj ..	Do. ..	28
		Mamni	Do. ..	22
		Hazaribagh ..	Do. ..	17
		Dharai	Do. ..	31
		Kharauli ..	Do. ..	14
		Besayia ..	Do. ..	19

LIST OF SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR 1912-13—(*concluded.*)

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class of school.	Average attendance.
Salon—(*concld.*)	Parshadepur	Parshadepur ..	Upper Primary ..	123
		Dih	Do. ..	71
		Nigohan	Do. ..	76
	Rokha ..	Nasirabad ..	Lower Primary ..	83
		Ondwa	Do. ..	25
		Nigohi	Do. ..	31
		Mau	Do. ..	28
		Ghatampur ..	Do. ..	19
		Rokha	Do. ..	37
		Berwaon Dayalpur ..	Upper Primary Aided.	52
		Parayia Nimaksar ..	Lower Primary ..	22
		Pothai	Do. ..	20
		Jais	Do. ..	66
		Jais Practising School.	Do. ..	42
		Khalespur ..	Do. ..	17
		Betaura ..	Do. ..	27
		Sarai Manik ..	Do. ..	22
		Pathae	Do. ..	28
		Kuarmau ..	Do. ..	33
		Jais City ..	Do. ..	31
		Nagdeiyapur. ..	Do ..	17

ROADS, 1912.	Length.	
	Mls.	Frgs.
I.—First class roads metalled, bridged and drained throughout		
(1) Lucknow, Rae Bareli and Partabgarh (provincial) ..	54	0
(2) Bachhrawan to Maharajganj	3	0
(3) Rae Bareli to Jais	22	1
(4) Ditto Haidargarh	9	5
(5) Ditto Lalganj	14	7
(6) Ditto Allahabad	9	0
(7) Ditto Dalmau	16	3
(8) Ditto Unao	3	6
(9) Jais Mohanganj (District Board)	4	6
(10) Ditto (Court of Wards)	5	1
(11) Parshadepur to Nasirabad	3	0
(12) Salon to Parshadepur	3	6
(13) Approach road to Jais Railway station	0	2
(14) Ditto Harchandpur ditto ..	0	3
(15) Ditto Railway goods shed, Rae Bareli ..	0	2
(16) Ditto Fursatganj Railway Station ..	0	7
Total ..	151	1
II.—Second class roads unmetalled and drained throughout.		
(1) Maharajganj to Haidargarh	10	5
(2) Rae Bareli to Allahabad	14	1
(3) Ditto Unao	21	0
(4) Ditto Mohanganj	23	0
(5) Ditto Lucknow	2	4
(6) Salon to Unao	43	1
(7) Salon to Jahanabad	5	2
(8) Bachhrawan to Nigohan	23	3
(9) Do. Maurawan	8	0
(10) Lucknow to Inhauna	8	7
(11) Inhauna to Rudauli	3	4
(12) Parshadepur to Dharampur	4	7
Total ..	168	2
III.—Class roads unmetalled, partially bridged and drained.		
(1) Haidargarh to Fatehpur	47	0
(2) Inhauna to Gutnighat	46	5
(3) Salon to Khaga	18	2
Total ..	111	7
IV.—Class roads raised partially bridged and drained.		
(1) Maharajganj to Inhauna	18	5
(2) Nasirabad to Fursatganj	9	1
(3) Mau to Goknaghat	24	3
Total ..	52	1

ROADS, 1912—(*concluded*).	Length.	
	Mls.	Frgs.
VI.—*Class roads, cleared only.*		
(1) Rae Bareli to Parshadepur	18	0
(2) Khiron to Sareni	16	4
(3) Lalganj to Dondia Khera	15	0
(4) Mohanganj to Haidargarh	15	0
(5) Maugharbi to Chandapur	3	0
(6) Jais to Jagdishpur	2	0
(7) Bais bridge to Kathgar	8	6½
(8) Karhauga to Ateha	1	0
(9) Gurbakhshganj to Majhgawan	1	0
(10) Kutiya to Kharoli	3	0
(11) Mustafabad to Dalmau	20	2¾
(12) Sataon to Maharajganj	14	7½
(13) Sheogarh to Inhauna	13	2
Total ..	131	6¾
Grand total ..	615	1¾

FERRIES, 1912.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Village.	Name of ferry.	River.	Management.
Dalmau	Sareni ..	Gahrauli ..	Kishanpur ..	Ganges..	Fatehpur District Board.
		Nisgar ..	Rawatpur ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Rampur Kalan.	Adampur ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Ralpur ..	Bhitaura ..	Do. ..	Do.
	Dalmau	Gegason ..	Asni ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Khajurgaon	Lakhpura ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Dalmau ..	Rajghat ..	Do. ..	Rae Bareli District Board.
		Dhiranpur ..	Kotila ..	Do. ..	Fatehpur District Board.
		Hamirmau ..	Samapur ..	Do. ..	Do.
Rai Bareli	Rai Bareli	Saidanpur ..	Saidanpur ..	Sai ..	Private.
		Behta ..	Behta ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Jaraula ..	Jaraula ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Kurchandamau.	Kurchandamau.	Do. ..	Do.
		Kala Haibatpur.	Kala ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Lodhwari ..	Pura Dube ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Anti Naugawan.	Anti Naugawan.	Naiya ..	Do.
		Talagopalpur	Talagopalpur	Sai ..	Do.
		Basarh ..	Basarh ..	Do. ..	Do.
Salon	Salon ..	Gokna ..	Paharpur ..	Ganges	Fatehpur District Board.
		Georgiegarh	Nauhasta ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Kandrawan	Ajura ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Kotra ..	Rasulpur ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Pirnager ..	Puranagar	Sai ..	Private.
		Mohiuddinpur.			
	Parshadepur	Kachnaon ..	Makrahaghat	Naiya ..	Do.
		Dih ..	Kulnaghat ..	Sai ..	Do.
		Sunga ..	Keshwapurghat.	Do. ..	Do.
		Gussygarh ..	Saraiangh a t	Do. ..	Do.
		Gopalpur ..	Ghat Pura Lachminarain.	Do. ..	Do.

POST OFFICES, 1912.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Office.	Class.
Rae Bareli.	Rae Bareli. ..	Rae Bareli	Head office.
		Rae Bareli Kachahri ..	Sub-office.
		Bela Khara	Branch office.
		Harchandpur	Ditto.
		Hardaspur	Ditto.
		Purai	Ditto.
		Rae Bareli Qila	Ditto
		Rahwan	Ditto.
		Kunsa	Ditto.
		Amawan	Ditto.
		Gur Bakhshganj ..	Sub-office.
Mahraj-ganj.	Bachhrawan..	Kundangani	Branch office.
		Kurri Sudauli	Ditto
		Khajron	Ditto.
		Bachhrawan	Sub-office.
	Kumhrawan ..	Bainti	Branch office.
		Binaekpur	Ditto.
		Sheogarh	Ditto.
	Mohanganj ..	Shahmau	Branch office.
		Tiloi	Sub-office.
		Shankarganj	Branch office.
	Simrauta ..	Chandapur	Branch office.
		Halaur	Ditto.
		Mau Gharbi	Ditto
		Simrauta	Ditto.
		Mahrajganj	Sub-office.
	Hardoi ..	Salethu	Branch office.
	Inhauna ..	Sheoratanganj ..	Branch office.
		Bahua	Ditto.
		Fatehpur	Ditto.
		Inhauna	Sub-office.
Dalmau	Sareni ..	Sareni	Sub-office.
		Bhojpur	Ditto.
		Behta	Branch office.
		Nehastha	Ditto.
		Chheolaha	Ditto.
	Dalmau ..	Bahai	Branch office.
		Gaura	Ditto.
		Sardarganj	Ditto.
		Jagatpur	Sub-office.
		Gegason	Branch office.
		Dalmau	Sub-office.
		Lalganj	Ditto.

POST OFFICES, 1912.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Office.	Class.
Dalmau ..	Khiron ..	Bhitargaon	Branch office.
		Khiron	Ditto.
		Paho	Ditto.
		Simri	Ditto.
Salon ..	Rokha ..	Jais	Sub-office.
		Fursatganj	Branch office.
		Mau	Ditto.
		Harbansganj	Ditto.
		Jais city	Ditto.
		Nasirabad	Ditto.
	Salon ..	Mustafabad	Sub-office.
		Salon	Ditto.
		Suchi	Branch office
		Babuganj	Ditto.
		Arkha	Ditto.
		Kharauli	Ditto.
		Karahiya ki Bazar ..	Ditto.
		Rasulpur	Ditto.
	Parshadepur ..	Dih	Branch office.
		Parshadepur	Ditto.

MARKETS, 1912.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of bazar.	Day or days.
Rai Bareli.	Rae Bareli	Rasehta ..	Rasehta ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Rupamau ..	Rupamau ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Sikandarpur ..	Sikandarpur ..	Monday and Friday.
		Samnahda ..	Samnahda ..	Wedesday and Saturday.
		Hardaspur ..	Gauriganj ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Garhi Mutwalli	Munshiganj ..	Sunday and Tuesday.
		Lodhwari ..	Lodhwari ..	Monday and Friday.
		Kanauli ..	Kanauli ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Bhaon ..	Bhaon ..	Monday and Friday.
		Bela Bhela ..	Bela Bhela ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Kasho Khas ..	Husainganj ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Kandaura ..	Raghubirganj..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Audobar ..	Ramganj ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Unai Paharpur	Gurbakhshganj	Ditto.
		Korihar ..	Korihar ..	Monday and Friday.
		Nakphulha ..	Nakphulha ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Manehru ..	Shankarganj ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Bela Tikai ..	Bela Tikai ..	Monday and Friday.
		Ataura Khurd..	Durgaganj ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Bardar ..	Bardar ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Rahwan ..	Rahwan ..	Ditto.
	Sareni ..	Rautapur ..	Ruatapur ..	Saturday and Wednesday.
		Chhulha ..	Bhupganj ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Sagar Khera ..	Benimadhoganj	Monday and Friday.
		Sareni ..	Sareni ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Haibatpur Khurd	Kotahbir ..	Wednesday.
		Bhojpur ..	Bhojpur ..	Sunday and Thursday.
Dalmau.	Khiron..	Simri ..	Jagannathganj	Tuesday and Friday.
		Bhitri ..	Mahraniganj ..	Thursday and Sunday.
		Khiron ..	Raghunnathganj	Monday and Thursday.
		Do. ..	Balbhaddarganj	Wednesday and Sunday.
		Bhitargaon ..	Anandiganj ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Paho ..	Bazar Paho ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Aindhi ..	Dirgpalganj ..	Thursday and Sunday.
		Alampur ..	Sheorajganj ..	Monday and Friday.
	Dalmau..	Datauli ..	Lalganj ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Dalmau ..	Ataganj ..	Monday and Friday.
		Do. ..	Baba ka Bazar	Sunday and Thursday.
		Jatya Mau ..	Dinganj ..	Saturday and Tuesday.
		Ambara Pachham	Ambara ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Ghurwara ..	Chandrabhukhan-ganj.	Thursday and Monday.
		Govindpur Bhira	Narpatganj ..	Monday and Friday.
		Khajurgaon ..	Raghunathganj	Saturday and Tuesday.
		Jalalpur Dhai	Dhai ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Hamirmau ..	Sardarganj ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Sudamapur ..	Kakoran ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Jagatpur ..	Jagatpur ..	Saturday and Tuesday.
		Purabgaon ..	Raghurajganj..	Monday and Friday.
		Gaura Hardo	Achalganj ..	Saturday and Tuesday.

MARKETS, 1912—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of bazar.	Day or days.
Salon.	Salon ..	Salon ..	Fazalganj ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		..	Saidganj ..	Thursday and Sunday.
		..	Karimganj ..	Monday and Friday.
		Basantganj ..	Basantganj ..	Thursday and Sunday.
		Salori ..	Bindaganj ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Ataganj ..	Ataganj ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Dharai ..	Dharai ..	Monday and Friday.
		Nain ..	Nain ..	Ditto.
		Unchahar ..	Mazharganj ..	Wednesday and Sunday.
		..	Yusufganj ..	Saturday, Monday, Tuesday and Thursday.
		Arkha ..	Gurbakhshganj	Tuesday and Friday.
		..	Jagannathganj	Ditto.
		Rasulpur ..	Hashimganj ..	Thursday and Sunday.
		Bhiknapur ..	Gauriganj ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Payagpur Nadaura.	Lachhmiganj ..	Ditto.
		Gana ..	Gana ..	Thursday and Sunday.
		Piarepur ..	Karahia ..	Ditto.
		Salon ..	Mominganj ..	Wednesday.
		Matrauli ..	Babuganj ..	Monday and Friday.
	Parshadepur.	Sunga ..	Khudaganj ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Bara ..	Bara ..	Thursday and Sunday.
		Gopalipur ..	Kaptanganj ..	Monday and Friday.
		Bikapur ..	Bikapur ..	Wednesday and Sunday.
		Mau ..	Pura Lokai ..	Thursday and Sunday.
		Sarai Manik ..	Gulabganj ..	Ditto.
		Dih ..	Dih ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Gopalpur ..	Gopalpur ..	Wednesday and Sunday.
		Sunsari ..	Pragi ka Bazar	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Rokha ..	Jais ..	Munshiganj ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Do. ..	Ghafurganj ..	Wednesday and Sunday.
		Do. ..	Kazimganj ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Do. ..	Purani Bazar ..	Daily.
		Nasirabad ..	Jaintiganj ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Do. ..	Riasatganj ..	Ditto.
		Brahmani ..	Fursatganj ..	Thursday and Sunday.
		Odari ..	Muzzamganj ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Mawai Alampur	Harbansganj .. alias Ramganj.	Daily.
		Kudha ..	Kudha ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Bamhanpur ..	Bamhanpur ..	Thursday and Sunday.
		Birnawan ..	Birnawan ..	Monday and Friday.
		Bitaura ..	Bitaura ..	Ditto.
		Chhatoh ..	Chhatoh ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Rokha ..	Rokha ..	Monday and Friday.

MARKET, 1912—(*concluded*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of bazar.	Day or days.
Mahrajganj.	Inhauna	Jehta Usarha..	Sheoratanganj	Monday and Friday.
		Rastamau ..	Khudaganj ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Do. ..	Do. ..	Monday and Friday.
		Karangaon ..	Karangaon ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Fatehpur ..	Fatehpur ..	Ditto.
		Bahua ..	Bahna ..	Ditto.
		Kathora ..	Kathora ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Inhauna ..	Ratanganj ..	Ditto.
		Do. ..	Chaudhri Sahib	Every Friday.
		Singhpur ..	Sarabjit Singh	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Naukhera ..	Hazariganj ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Kharawan ..	Kharawan ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Satanpur ..	Satanpur ..	Monday and Friday.
	Bachhrawan.	Bachhrawan ..	Bachhrawan ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Nim Tikar ..	Hasanganj ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Thulendi ..	Thulendi ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Rajaman ..	Rajaman ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Rampur Sudauli	Rampur Sudauli	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Ditto ..	Bhauneshwar	Every Monday.
		Karanpur ..	Kundanganj ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Bahadurnagar	Bahadurnagar	Monday and Thursday.
	Semrauta	Achhai ..	Achhai ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Semrauta ..	Semrauta ..	Wednesday and Sunday.
		Shamspur Halor	Halor ..	Thursday and Sunday.
		Baryarpur ..	Baryarpur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Jamrawan ..	Jamrawan ..	Ditto.
		Mau ..	Mahbubganj ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Chandapur ..	Chandapur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Atrehta ..	Mahrajganj ..	Monday and Friday.
	Kumrahwan.	Jagdispur ..	Jadishpur ..	Ditto.
		Sheogarh ..	Sheogarh ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Bainti ..	Bainti ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Sehgon Pachhamgaon.	Sehgon Pachhamgaon.	Sunday and Thursday.
		Bhausi ..	Sumerganj ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
	Mohanganj	Tiloi ..	Tiloi ..	Ditto.
		Chhatahuan ..	Shankarganj ..	Monday and Friday.
		Barkot ..	Lalganj ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Shahman ..	Shahman ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Kotwa ..	Mammanganj	Sunday and Thursday.
	Harodi..	Para Khurd ..	Newalganj ..	Monday and Friday.
		Salethu ..	Salethu ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Hardoi ..	Hardoi ..	Monday and Friday.

FAIRS, 1912.

Tahsil	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
Rae Bareli.	Rae Bareli.	Suenthi ..	Siwari Debi-ka-mela.	Kuwar Sudi Ashtimi and Chait Sudi Ashtimi.	2,000
		Sataon ..	Parbatiji-ka-Mela.	From Kuar Sudi Naumi to Puranmashi and Chait Sudi Naumi to Puranmashi.	8,000
		Hardaspur ..	Nag Lila ..	Bhadon Badi Dasmi.	500
		Chhiula Mau..	Nag Lila (Reoti Ram tank.)	Bhadon Badi Teras.	3,000
		Mahalla .. Sarjupur .. (Rae Bareli) ..	Ram Lila ..	Kuar Sudi Dasmi	5,000
		Thulwansa ..	Dhanush jag ..	Aghan Sudi Satmi to Dasmi.	3,000
Dalmau	Dalmau.	Dalmau ..	Kartiki ..	Kartik Sudi 15 ..	1,00,000
		Gegason ..	Dashara ..	Jeth Sudi 10 ..	6,000
		Sudamapur ..	Kakoran ..	Sawan Sudi 4 ..	5,000
	Khiron.	Bhitargaon ..	Anandi Devi ..	Jeth Badi 8 ..	1,500
	Sareni.	Nisgar ..	Kartiki ..	Kartik Sudi 15 ..	2,500
Salon.	Salon.	1. Gokna ..	Kartiki fair ..	Kartik Puranmashi.	10,000
		2. Badshahpur hamlet of Shahzadpur.	Do. ..	Ditto ..	5,000
		3. Mustafabad..	Madar Sahib ..	7th of Rabiulawal	2,000
		4. Yusufganj hamlet of Unchahar.	Gangaur ..	Chait Badi Astmi	4,000
		5. Arkha ..	Do ..	Ditto ..	2,000
		6. Kaithwal ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	2,000
		7. Ataganj ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	1,000
		8. Basantganj..	Do. ..	Chait Badi Panchami.	2,500
		Ditto ..	Dasahra ..	Kuar Sudi Dasmi	2,000
		9. Salon ..	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan Badi Satmi	4,000
		10. Sanehi ..	Dasahra ..	Kuar Sudi Dasmi	1,000
	Parshadepur.	11. Ahora Rampur	Do. ..	Kuar Puranmashi	3,000
		Ditto ..	Sohbat ..	Last Sunday of Baisakh.	4,000

FAIRS, 1912—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
Salon—(*concluded.*)	Parshadepur—(*concluded*).	12. Dih ..	Dasahra ..	Kuar Sudi Dasmi	4,000
		13. Bara ..	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan Sudi Panchmi.	1,000
		14. Jagdispur ..	Ramlila ..	Kuar Sudi Puranmashi.	200
		15. Ghatampur	Do. ..	Ditto ..	200
		16. Khetaudhan	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan Sudi Panchmi.	200
		17. Dilawalpur	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	200
	Rokha.	18. Jais ..	Makhdum Sahib	1st to 10th Iduzzuha.	5,000
		" ..	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan Sudi Panchmi.	1,500
		19. Nasirabad..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	2,000
		Ditto ..	Dasahra ..	Kuar Sudi Dasmi	2.000
		20. Bamhanpur	Do. ..	Kuar Puranmashi	1,000
		21. Fursatganj	Do. ..	Ditto ..	2,000
		22. Mawai Alampur.	Surajkund ..	Katik Puranmashi	2,000
		23. Kunai Mau	Durgaji ..	Jeth Sudi Ashtmi.	500
		24. Pothai ..	Kanslila ..	Katik Badi Panchmi.	200
		25. Birnawan ..	Ramlila ..	Kuar Sudi Puranmashi.	300
Maharajganj.	Inhauna.	Jehta Usarha ..	Dasahra ..	Kuar Sudi Dasmi	2,000
		Phula ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	800
		Karangaon ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	3,000
		Do. ..	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan Sudi Puranmashi.	1,000
		Inhauna ...	Takia Haji Shah	Every Thursday..	200
		Do. ..	Do Urs..	May or June ..	1,000
		Ahorwa ..	Debi Ahorwa ..	Every Monday and Friday.	200
		Do. ..	Do. ..	Kuar and Chait Sudi Ashtmi.	4,000
		Jagatpur ..	Baba Chandika Das.	Magh Sudi Basant Panchmi.	2,000
		Jugrajpur ..	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan ..	400
	Bachrawan.	Rampur Sudauli	Bhaureswar Mahadeo.	Phalgun Sudi Chaturdashi.	4,000
		Ditto ..	Do. ..	Every Monday ..	100
		Bachhrawan ..	Dhanushjag ..	Pus Sudi Puranmashi.	1,000
		Bairampur ..	Ditto ..	Aghan Sudi Naumi	500
		Bachhrawan ..	Dangal ..	Savan Sudi Puranmashi.	600
		Ditto ..	Ramlila ..	Kuar Sudi Puranmashi.	1,000
		Bannaon ...	Rahasjag ..	Aghan Sudi Panchmi.	700
		Rampur Mohiuddin.	Do. ..	Aghan Sudi Sattmi	400
		Pastaur ..	Do. ..	Aghan Sudi Panchmi.	500

FAIRS, 1912—(*concluded*).

Tahsil.	Pargana	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
Maharajganj.—(*concluded.*)	Bachhrawan—(*concluded.*)	Thulendi ..	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan Sudi Puranmashi.	1,000
		Do. ..	Ursmian Puttan Shah.	Aghan Badi Ashtimi.	500
		Do. ..	Sohbat ..	First Sunday of Jaith.	500
		Rajaman ..	Dangal ..	Kartik Badi Puranmashi.	400
		Shaikhpur Samandha.	Dhanush Jag..	Aghan Sudi Puranmashi.	500
		Kesrawan ..	" ..	Aghan Sudi Panchmi.	400
		Do. ..	" ..	Aghan Sudi Saptami.	400
		Malhipur ..	Ramlila ..	Kuar Sudi Dashmi.	300
		Malhipur ..	Dangal ..	Bhadon Sudi Panchmi.	300
		Karanpur ..	Janam Ashtimi	Bhadon Badi Ashtimi.	250
		Nim Tikar ..	Hapa ..	Sawan Sudi Chhath.	300
		Do. ..	Dhanush Jag ..	Aghan Badi Dasmi till Terus.	500
		Sabzi ..	Ditto ..	Aghan Sudi Panchmi.	400
	Simrauta.	Janai ..	Kund ..	Kartik Sudi Puranmashi.	2,000
		Chandapur ..	Janam Ashtimi	Bhadon Badi Ashtimi.	1,000
		Atrehta ..	Dasehra ..	Kuar Sudi Dashmi	5,000
		Do. ..	Dhanush Jag ..	Aghan Sudi Puranmashi.	1,000
	Kumhrawan.	Jagdispur (Araruganj.)	Ditto ..	Aghan Sudi Panchmi.	400
		Sehgon pachumgaon.	Ditto ..	Aghan Sudi Ashtimi.	1,000
	Mohanganj.	Bar Dharmi ..	Kund Karam Debi.	Kartik Sudi Puranmashi.	500
		Chhatahuan (Shankarganj).	Dasahra ..	Kuar Sudi Dashmi	1,000
		Tilai ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	2,000
		Pakargaon ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	1,000
	Hardoi.	Para Khurd ..	Dhanush Jag ..	Aghan Sudi Chaturdashi.	300
		Para Kalan ..	Ditto ..	Aghan Badi Aikadashi	400
		Tauli ..	Ditto ..	Aghan Sudi Saptami.	300
		Raghopur ..	Ditto ..	Aghan Sudi Panchmi.	250
		Salethu ..	Ditto ..	Aghan Sudi Duj..	300

Taluqdar holding land in the Rae Bareli district, 1912.

Number.	Name of estate.	Name of Taluqdar.	Caste.	Pargana.	Villages. Whole mahals.	Villages. Portions.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
							Rs.
1	Murar Mau ..	Raja Bhagwati Bakhsh Singh	Tilok Chandi Bais	Sareni, Dalmau	100	..	50,342
2	Rampur Dharupur.	Raja Oudhesh Singh ..	Bisen ..	Salon	2	..	875
3	Dera ..	Raja Rudra Partab Sahi ..	Rajkumar ..	Simrauta, Rokha	8	..	7,446
4	Tiloi ..	Raja Bishnath Saran Singh ..	Kanhpuria ..	Rae Bareli, Mohanganj, Inhauna, Dalmau, Parshadepur, Rokha and Salon.	94	16	1,03,511
5	Khajurgaon ..	The Hon'ble Rana Sir Sheoraj Singh, K.C.I.E.	Saibaisi Bais ..	Dalmau, Sareni, Kheiron and Rae Bareli.	141	1	134,286
6	Parhat ..	Raja Lal Bahadur Singh ..	Dirgbansi ..	Simrauta	1	..	486
7	Bansinghpur ..	Raja Rameshur Bakhsh Singh	Amethia ..	Dalmau, Khiron, Sareni, Rae Bareli, Kambransan and Inkauna.	71	19	77,100
8	Kurri Sudauli ..	Raja Rampal Singh, C.I.E. ..	Naihasta Bais ..	Rae Bareli and Bachhrawan ..	24	..	34,271
9	Atra Chandapur	Raja Chandrchur Singh ..	Kanhpuria ..	Dalamau, Simrauta, Rae Bareli, Hardoi, Inhauna and Mohanganj.	33	13	46,097

Number.	Name of estate.	Name of Taluqdar.	Caste.	Pargana.	Villages. Whole mahals.	Villages. Portions.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
							Rs.
10	Sisaindi ..	Raja Chandr Sekhar ..	Brahman ..	Sareni	1	..	1,420
11	Shahmau ..	Raja Sukhmangal Singh ..	Kanhpuria ..	Mohanganj, Parshadepur and Rokha.	36	5	38,889
12	Bahvi ..	Lala Shankar Sahai ..	Khatri ..	Bachhrawan and Hardoi ..	3	..	2,811
13	Kanchanpur ..	Lala Ganesh Prasad ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	4	..	3,340
14	Darehta ..	Rani Jai Dei	Do. ..	Bachhrawan and Hardoi and Khiron.	4	1	3,691
15	Deomai ..	Raja Shambhu Dayal ..	Do. ..	Bachhrawan and Hardoi ..	4	1	4,131
16	Kather ..	Lala Gaya Prasad ..	Do. ..	Bachhrawan	2	1	3,675
17	Atwat ..	Lala Ambika Prasad ..	Do. ..	Ditto	1	1	2,760
18	Asrenda ..	Lala Kahshi Prasad ..	Do. ..	Ditto	..	1	366
19	Barua Kalan ..	Lala Jai Dayal	Do. ..	Bachhrawan and Inhauna ..	4	..	2,808
20	Bhiragobindpur..	Sardar Nihal Singh ..	Sikh ..	Dalmau and Rae Bareli ..	10	..	12,118

Taluqdars holding land in the Rae Bareli district 1912—(continued).

Number.	Name of estate.	Name of Taluqdar.	Caste.	Pargana.	Villages.		Revenue.
					Whole mahals.	Portions.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
							Rs.
21	Khurehti ..	Sardar Prem Singh ..	Sikh ..	Rae Bareli and Khiron ..	15	2	13,997
22	Bela Bhela ..	Sardar Amar Singh ..	Do. ..	Rae Bareli	10	1	13,307
23	Pandri Ganeshpur	Shahzada Basdeo Singh ..	Do. ..	Dalmau, Rae Bareli and Kumhrawan.	23	3	12,258
24	Bhilwal ..	Chaudhari Shafiquzzaman ..	Sheikh ..	Simrauta	6	..	2,950
25	Khanpur ..	Chaudhri Mustafa Husain ..	Do. ..	Do.	4	..	1,960
26	Do. ..	Chaudhri Fida Husain ..	Do. ..	Do.	3	..	1,060
27	Semri ..	Thakur Raghuraj Singh ..	Naihasta Bais ..	Khiron and Rae Bareli ..	25	..	27,167
28	Korihar Sataon..	Thakur Gajraj Singh ..	Saibasi Bais ..	Rae Bareli, Dalmau and Khiron.	33	2	35,369
29	Gaura Kasehti ..	Thakur Sheonarayan Singh ..	Do. ..	Dalmau, Rae Bareli and Sareni	49	1	43,459
30	Siwan ..	Lal Chandrmul Singh ..	Kanhpuria ..	Simrauta	17	..	19,666

Taluqdars holding land in the Rae Bareli district, 1912—(continued).

Number.	Name of estate.	Name of Taluqdar.	Caste.	Parganas.	Villages. Whole mahals.	Villages. Portions.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
							Rs.
31	Paho ..	Thakur Drigpal Singh ..	Saibasi Bais ..	Khiron, Sareni and Dalmau ..	7	1	9,627
32	Rampur ..	Thakur Rudra Partab Singh ..	Bachhgoti ..	Parshadepur	..	1	387
33	Kathgar ..	Thakurain Ratan Kunar ..	Saibasi Bais ..	Dalmau and Sareni ..	11	..	8,140
34	Shankarpur ..	Babu Bhubhan Niranjan Mukerji.	Bengali Brahman	Dalman, Sareni and Rae Bareli	19	1	14,391
35	Hasnapur ..	Thakur Jaganath Bakhsh ..	Naihasta Bais ..	Rai Bareli and Bachhrawan ..	29	..	14,692
36	Tikari ..	Babu Ganga Bakhsh Singh ..	Kanhpuria ..	Salon, Rokha, Parshadepur, Rae Bareli and Mohanganj.	42	7	31,320
37	Purseni ..	Thakur Muneshar Bakhsh ..	Janwar ..	Khiron	3	..	1,514
38	Narindpur Charhar.	Thakur Ram Partab Singh ..	Saibasi Bais ..	Dalmau, Rae Bareli and Sareni	37	2	27,877
39	Hamir Mau Kola	Thakur Tirbhuan Bahadur Singh.	Ditto ..	Dalmau, Sareni, Khiron and Rai Bareli.	32	1	22,602
40	Gaura ..	Thakur Chandrapal Singh and Thakurain Chhatrapal Kunwar.	Naihasta ..	Khiron	4	..	2,838

Taluqdars holding land in the Rae Bareli district 1912—(continued).

Number.	Name of estate.	Name of Taluqdar.	Caste.	Parganas.	Villages.		Revenue.
					Whole mahals.	Portions.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
							Rs.
41	Amawan ..	Muhammad Wahid Khan and Mumtaz Bibi.	Pathan ..	Rae Bareli	18	..	3,787
42	Pahremau ..	Mumtaz Ali Khan, Karam Ali Khan, Ramzan Ali Khan and Muhammad Yaqub Khan.	Pathan ..	Rae Bareli and Bachhrawan ..	18	1	9,639
43	Udrehra ..	Thakur Sheonarain Singh ..	Naihasta Bais ..	Bachhrawan and Khiron ..	12	1	12,473
44	Pahruli ..	Chaudhrain Mithan Kunar ..	Janwar ..	Khiron and Sareni ..	22	3	20,648
45	Raghopur ..	Mirza Muhammad Wajib ..	Pathan ..	Hardoi	1	..	2,730
46	B.nohra ..	Saiyad Siraj Ahmad ..	Saiyad ..	Rae Bareli	13	2	6,890
47	Azizabad ..	Sheikh Niaz Ahmad ..	Sheikh ..	Salon	15	..	8,053
48	Nuruddinpur ..	Babuain Jadonath Kunar ..	Kanhpuria ..	Do.	24	..	14,381
49	Bahua ..	Thakur Amir Haidar Khan	Bharsaiyan Khanzada.	Inhauna	11	3	13,151
50	Deogana Girdharpur.	Thakur Partab Narain Singh	Saibasi Bais ..	Dalmau	9	..	4,131

Taluqdar holding lands in the Rae Bareli district, 1912—(concluded).

Number.	Name of estate.	Name of Taluqdar.	Caste.	Parganas.	Villages. Whole mahals.	Villages. Portions.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
							Rs.
51	Hardaspur ..	Thakurain Jagraj Kunar ..	Kayasth ..	Rae Bareli	2	..	4,439
52	Bara ..	Rai Bisheshar Bakhsh Singh ..	Gautam ..	Parshadepur	10	..	6,500
53	Tirbediganj ..	Gajadhar Bakhsh ..	Brahman ..	Bachhrawan and Dalmau ..	2	..	855
54	Panhauna ..	Rawat Kanhaiya Bakhsh Singh	Gaumaha Bais ..	Inhauna	13	3	9,953
55	Usah ..	Babu Shahdeo Singh ..	Amethia ..	Kumhrawan	6	..	8,010
56	Pilkha ..	Thakurain Jugraj Kunar ..	Saibasi Bais ..	Dalmau	4	..	1,570
57	Sihgon Pachhimgaon.	Chaudhri Gauri Shankar ..	Kurmi ..	Kamhrawan	3	1	5,137
58	Kasarua ..	Thakur Bhagwant Singh ..	Saibasi Bais ..	Dalmau and Rae Bareli ..	4	..	2,455
59	Dehli ..	Babu Jagannath Bakhsh Singh	Amethia ..	Kumhrawan	3	..	3,800
60	Mainahar Katra	Misrain Sheorani Kumar ..	Brahman ..	Bachhrawan	1	..	1,700
61	Alipur Chakrai ..	Saiyad Ahmad Shafi ..	Saiyad ..	Dalmau	4	..	637
62	Majhgawan Hardoi	Beni Prasad Singh ..	Bais ..	Rae Bareli	1	..	930

No. I.

Pedigrees of the Bais.

I.—TILOKCHANDI.

- Tilok Chand.
  - Pirthi Chand.
    - Ajai Chand.
      - Bhikham Deo
        - Bhoj Raj.
          - Narsingh Deo.
            - Bhupat Singh.
              - Chatter patti.
                - Bhopal Sah.
                  - Chandarman.
                    - Amar Singh.
                      - Debi Singh.
                        - Ranjit Singh.
                          - Harhar Singh.
                            - Roshan Singh.
                              - Zalim Singh.
                                - R. Drigbijai Singh.
                                  - *R. Sheopal Singh* (Murarmau).
                                    - R. Bhagauti Bakhsh Singh (adopted, Murarmau).
                    - Gopal Singh. (Rajkumars).
      - Deo Rai.
        - Bhairon Das.
          - Tara Chand.
            - Sangram Singh.
              - Kanak Singh.
                - Pirthi Singh.
                  - Purandar.
                    - Mardan Singh.
                      - Raghunath Singh.
                        - Bairi Lal.
                          - Hari Singh.
                      - Udat Singh.
                        - Hindu Singh.
                          - Basant Singh.
                            - Ram Bakhsh. (Daundia Khera).
                      - Achal Singh.
                        - Ajit Singh.
                          - Amar Singh.
                            - Debi Bakhsh (Purwa).
  - Harhar Deo. (*vide* II).

No. II.

Pedigrees of the Bais.

II.—SAIBASI.

Rana Harhar Deo (*vide* I).

- Ram Chandra.
  - Khem Karan.
    - Sakat Singh.
      - Rana Doman Deo.
        - Ajit Mal.
          - Kharag Singh.
            - Amar Singh.
              - Sangram Singh.
                - Pahar Singh.
                  - Chain Singh.
                    - Buddh Singh.
                      - Aman Singh.
                        - Raghunath Singh.
                          - Jadunath Singh.
                            - Rana Shankar Bakhsh Singh.
                              - *Rana Sheoraj Singh* (Khajurgaon).
                          - Bishannath Singh.
                            - *Sheo Singh.*
                              - *Shimbhu Nath Bakhsh,* adopted. (Katghar).
            - Narind Sah.
              - Nihal Sah.
                - Pal Singh.
                  - Audhut Singh.
                    - Durga Bakhsh.
                      - Sheo Parshad.
                        - Bani Madho (Shankarpur).
          - Gulal Sah
            - Dula Rai.
              - Bhupat Singh.
                - Pirthi Singh.
                  - Barjor Singh.
                    - Din Sah.
                      - Sher Bahadur.
                        - Bajrang Bali.
                          - Ajodhya Bakhsh.
                            - *Chattardhar Singh.*
                              - Ram Partab Singh.
                                - (Narindpur-Charhar).
                    - Lal Sah.
                      - Ram Bakhsh.
                        - Indrajit.
                          - . hopal Singh.
                            - *Sheo Narain Singh,* adopted. (Gaura-Kasehti).
                - Khushal Singh (Kasarua).
                - Ahlad Singh.
                  - Risal Singh.
                    - Newal Singh.
                      - Mardan Singh.
                        - Jang Bahadur.
                          - Jagmohan Singh.
                            - *Partab Narain Singh,* adopted. (Deogaon).
        - Pahar Singh (*vide* III).
        - Mitrajit (*vide* III).
      - Rudra Sah (*vide* III).
  - Karan Rai (*vide* IV).

No. III.

Pedigrees of the Bais.

II.—SAIBASI—(continued).

Sakat Singh (*vide* II).

- Rana Doman Deo.
  - Ajit Mal (*vide* II).
  - Pahar Singh, *d.* 1647.
    - Chunni Singh.
    - Hindupat.
    - Udat Singh.
    - Panwar Singh.
    - Kirat Singh.
    - Ban Singh.
    - Chhatardhari.
    - Duniapat.
    - Gur Bakhsh.
    - Fateh Bahadur (adopted).
    - Chandarpal Singh.
    - *Ga*[illegible] (Korihar
  - Mitrajit Singh.
    - Kalian Sah.
    - Indrajit.
    - Fateh Singh.
    - Jai Singh.
    - Mardan Singh.
    - Hindupat.
    - Achal Singh.
    - Bhup Singh.
    - Bishnath Singh.
    - Shankar Bakhsh.
    - Rajendra Bahadur.
    - *Drigpal Singh*, adopted (Pahu).
  - Tirbhubhan Sah. (Pilkha).
- Rudra Sah.
  - Mukand Rai.
  - Kuber Singh.
    - Pirthi Raj.
      - Maha Singh.
      - Sheo Singh.
      - Daulat Singh.
      - Lalji.
      - Fateh Bahadur.
      - Basant Singh. (adopted) = Dariao Kunwar.
      - Sher Bahadur Singh (Simarpaha).*
    - Hindupat.
      - Achal Singh.
      - Mohan Singh.
      - Dalpat Singh.
      - Mihrban Singh.
      - Sardar Singh.
      - *Tribhubhan Bahadur Singh* (by will) Chandania).

* Now held by the taluqdar of Birsinghpur.

Jad-

Ra

No. IV.

Pedigrees of the Bais.

III.—NAIHASTA.

Karan Rai (*vide* II).

- Harsingh Rai.
  - Ram Singh.
    - Sangram Singh.
      - Abhai Raj.
        - Sukh Sah.
          - Ban Singh.
            - Sadak Singh.
              - Sikandar, *d. s. p.*
          - Ajab Singh.
            - Inayat Ali.
              - (with Sikandar) Drigpal Singh (adopted).
                - Dalthaman Singh.
                  - Hindpal Singh (adopted).
                    - Balgobind Singh.
                      - *R. Rampal Singh* (Kurri Sudauli).
            - Rahmat Ali.
              - Raghunath Singh.
                - Jawahir Singh.
                  - Bhagwan Bakhsh (adopted).
                    - *Sheonarain Singh* (Udrehra).
            - Rustom Ali.
              - Fateh Singh.
                - Rajpal Singh.
                  - Tej Singh.
                    - Thakur Bakhsh.
                      - Bishnath Bakhsh.
                        - Raghubir Bakhsh.
                          - *Jagannath Bakhsh* (Hasnapur).
      - Bal Singh.
        - Doman Deo.
          - Debi Singh.
            - Bhikham Singh.
              - Duniapat.
                - Ram Din.
                  - Bhagwan Bakhsh.
                    - Jagannath Bakhsh.
                      - *Lal Raghuraj Singh* (Simri).
- Birsingh Rai.
  - Bhairon Das.
    - Chhatarpati.
      - Hindu Singh.
        - Partab Singh.
          - Bakhtawar Singh.
            - Sakat Singh.
              - Khushal Singh.
                - Mahesh Bakhsh, *d. s. p.*
                - Arjun Singh.
                  - *Beni Madho Bakhsh* (Patan-Bihar.)
          - Mihrban Singh (Gaura).

No. V.

Pedigrees of the Kanhpurias.

Parshad Singh (seventh from Kanh).

- Janga Singh.
  - Raghuraj Singh.
    - Jagdis Rai.
      - Mitrajit Singh.
        - Kandhe Rai.
          - Udebhan.
            - Surat Singh.
              - Gopal Singh.
                - Mohan Singh
                  - Pem Singh.
                    - Balbhaddar Singh.
                      - Shankar Singh (adopted).
                        - Bunyad Singh.
                          - Jagpal Singh.
                            - Surpal Singh.
                              - *R. Bishnath Saran Singh* (Tiloi).
          - Gulal Sah.
            - Kalian Sah.
              - Bhikham Sah.
                - Din Singh.
                  - Jamaiyat Rai.
                    - Chhatardhari.
                      - Zalim Singh.
                        - Dirgaj Singh.
                          - *R. Sukhmangal Singh*, adopted (Shahmau).
                      - Jang Bahadur.
                        - Raghunath Singh.
                          - Sarabjit Singh.
                            - Ganga Bakhsh Singh. (Tikari).
      - Indrajit Singh.
        - Balbhaddar Singh.
          - Four sons (Katari and Sultanpur Kanhpurias).
- Man Singh (Ateha, Partabgarh).
- Madan Singh (Simrauta).
  - Sultan Singh.
    - Fateh Singh.
      - Ram Chandra.
        - Kesri Singh.
          - Jagat Singh.
            - Jagraj Singh.
              - Mandhata Singh.
                - Zorawar Singh.
                  - Aman Singh.
                    - Drigbijai Singh.
                      - Raghunath Singh (adopted).
                        - Sheodarshan Singh.
                          - Har Parshad Singh (adopted).
                            - R. Jagmohan Singh.
                              - *R. Chandra Chhur Singh* adopted. (Atra Chandapur).
              - Jaswant Singh.
                - *Lal Chandra Mul Singh* (Siwan).

No. VI.
Pedigree of the Amethias.

Pirthi Chand of Kalinjar.

- Raja Pahar Singh of Kalinjar.
- Bal Singh.
  - Raipal Singh.
    - Mahpal Singh.
      - Ajaipal Singh.
        - Jamdhar Singh.
          - Dingar Singh.
            - Udairaj.
              - Jamnibhan.
                - Hardewal Singh.
                  - Bir Singh.
                    - Kasturi Singh.
                      - Jagat Singh.
                        - Kharag Singh.
                          - Tribhubhan Singh.
                            - Bahadur Singh.
                              - Gaj Singh.
                                - Sheo Singh.
                                  - Rajan Singh.
                                    - Araru Singh.
                                      - Daljit Singh.
                                        - Jagmohan Singh.
                                          - Bisheshwar Bakhsh.
                                            - *R. Rameshwar Bakhsh Singh* (Birsinghpur).
                                  - Bijori Singh.
                                    - Bakhtawar Singh.
                                      - Sheoraj Singh.
                                        - *Jagannath Singh* (Deb"
                          - Indrajit.
                            - Man Singh.
                              - Six generations.
                                - Sheoambar Singh.
                                  - *Sheo Sahai Singh,* adopted.
                                    - B. Shahdeo Singh. (Usah).
          - Lohang Rai. (Akhiapur).
          - Ram Singh.
            - Kirat Singh.
              - Sakat Singh.
                - Kalian Singh.
                  - Balbhaddar Singh. (Pokhra Ansari).
                  - Deo Rai (Ramnagar).

List of Deputy Commissioners of Rae Bareli District.

Name.	Period.	
	From	To
Capt. A. P. Orr	September 1858	September 1859.
W. C. Capper	October 1859	December 1859.
W. Glynn	1st January 1862	31st January 1863.
Capt. I. F. Macandrew	1st February 1863	31st July 1864.
C. R. Crommelin	1st August 1864	30th June 1868.
J. A. Steel	1st July 1868	1st April 1872.
J. Low	2nd April 1872	30th September 1872.
E. O. Bradford	1st October 1872	9th February 1873.
H. W. Harrington	10th Februay 1873	31st October 1873.
R. Ousley	1st November 1873	14th May 1874.
Lt.-Col. C. R. Shaw	15th May 1874	21st December 1874.
Capt. F. Currie	22nd December 1874	16th October 1875.
C. L. Prendergash	17th October 1875	18th November 1875.
J. Woodburn	19th November 1875	8th January 1877.
G. B. Maconchie	9th January 1877	5th September 1877.
M. L Ferrar	6th September 1877	14th December 1877.
P. Whalley	15th December 1877	31st March 1878.
W. C. Wood	1st April 1878	28th February 1879.
A. H. Harrington	1st March 1879	3rd March 1882.
C. Chapman	4th March 1882	22nd May 1883.
Col. Marriot	23rd May 1883	8th July 1883.
H. B. Jones Bateman	9th July 1883	25th August 1883.
C. Chapman	26th August 1883	10th May 1886.
Col. Harrison	11th May 1886	9th August 1886.
C. Chapman	10th August 1886	30th November 1887.
H. C. Irwin	1st December 1887	3rd May 1889.
V. A. Smith	4th May 1889	3rd March 1890,
E. T. Lloyd	4th March 1890	22nd September 1890.
J. Penney	23rd September 1890	19th November 1890.
C. W. Whish	20th November 1890	31st May 1892.
H. K. Gracey	1st June 1892	17th July 1892.
C. W. Whish	18th July 1892	10th October 1892.
D. C. Baillie	11th October 1892	1st June 1893.
B. Lindsay	2nd June 1893	4th July 1893.
D. C. Baillie	5th July 1893	22nd May 1894.
S. H. Fremantle	23rd May 1894	12th November 1894,
D. C. Baillie	13th November 1894	17th May 1895.
Muhammad Ishaq Khan	18th May 1895	6th February 1896.
H. F. Bartlett	7th February 1896	18th March 1896
S. H. Fremantle	19th March 1896	15th November 1896.
A. M. W. Shakespear	16th November 1896	13th December 1897.
P. Wyndham	14th December 1897	22nd July 1898.
T. C. Edwards	23rd July 1898	13th October 1898.
P. Wyndham	14th October 1898	23rd August 1899.
T. C. Edwards	24th August 1899	23rd November 1899.
P. Wyndham	24th November 1899	16th March 1900.
A B fforde	17th March 1900	13th November 1900.
H. W. Reynolds	14th November 1900	25th March 1901.
A. B. fforde	26th March 1901	22nd September 1901.
S. P. O'Donnell	23rd September 1901	21st October 1901.
A. B. fforde	22nd October 1901	30th April 1902.
J. S. Stevinson	1st May 1902	12th October 1902.

List of Deputy Commissioners of Rae Bareli District.

Name.	Period.	
	From	To
W. A. W. Last..	13th October 1902	2nd September 1903.
E. A. H. Blunt	3rd September 1903	6th October 1903
W. A. W. Last ..	7th October 1903	1st August 1905.
L. M. Stubbs ..	2nd August 1905	1st October 1905.
W. A. W. Last	2nd October 1905	5th May 1906.
Maulvi Nehal-ud-din Ahmad	6th May 1906	24th May 1906.
W. A. W. Last	25th May 1906	20th June 1906.
R. P. Dewhurst	21st June 1906	20th May 1908.
R. C. Hobart ..	21st May 1908	31st May 1908.
A. W. Pim ..	1st June 1908	2nd August 1909.
G. F. Adams ..	3rd August 1909	13th November 1909.
A. W. Pim ..	14th November 1909	7th April 1910.
Hafiz Ahmad Husain	8th April 1910	14th April 1910.
L. H. Turner ..	15th April 1910	11th September 1911.
F. C. Carleton..	12th September 1911	17th October 1911.
L. H. Turner ..	18th October 1911	21st September 1912.
P. W. Marsh ..	22nd September 1912	25th October 1912
L. H. Turner ..	26th October 1912	3rd May 1913
J. C. Faunthorpe	4th May 1913	..

SITAPUR.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XL

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

ALLAHABAD:

Printed by W. C. Abel, Offg. Supdt., Government Press, United Provinces.

1914.

Alterations and additions to Part A of the Sitapur District Gazetteer, bringing it up to date.

GENERAL NOTES.

1. Some ancient silver coins and two idols were found buried under the ground in 1886 in village Khairandeshnagar, owned by M. Ganeshi Lal, in tahsil Sidhauli. It is probably the site of a ruined town, and articles of archaeological interest might be found, if excavation is carried on.

2. The district was visited by an unusually strong and destructive cyclone on the 8th June 1912, which destroyed many trees, which in their turn crushed to death several persons and beasts.

TABLE I AND II.

Pargana Pirnagar was transferred from tahsil Sitapur to tahsil Sidhouli with effect from the 1st October 1911, vide Notification No. 285/I—888, dated the 10th February 1911, published on page 163-1 of the *United Provinces Gazette* of the 11th idem.

TABLE V.

In the year 1908 A.D. famine was proclaimed in the district with effect from January 1st to September 30th, vide district report No. 4005/XIII—64, dated the 10th September 1908.

TABLE VI, TAHSIL BISWAN.

There were unusual floods in the riparian tracts in the rainy season of 1910. They were more frequent, lasted for longer periods and covered a larger area than usual.

TBBLE VI, TAHSIL SIDHOULI.

There were unusual floods in the riparian tracts in the rainy season of 1910. They were more frequent, lasted for longer periods and covered a larger area than usual.

TABLE IX.

In January 1905, crops were damaged by frost and hail and a sum of Rs. 2,41,483 was remitted on account of Land Revenue for rabi under B. O. No. 716N,/III—1243, dated 26th May 1905, and G. O. No. 2534/I—734, dated 29th August 1905. Remission of land revenue was also sanctioned on account of drought in 1907 as under :—

Kharif.

G. O. No. 684/I—1250, dated 6th March 1908, Rs. 33,643.

G. O. No. 1608/I—1250, dated 10th June 1908, Rs. 36,283.

2. Local rate reduced from 3½ P. C. to 2½ P. C. under Notification No. 1546/478—50, dated 25th May 1905 and patwari rates abolished, vide G. O. No. 1095/I-398—1906, dated $\frac{\text{31st March}}{\text{3rd April}}$ 1906.

The kharif crops of 1316 Fasli, in parganas Hargam and Laharpur, failed partially and a remission of Rs. 13,479, on account of land revenue, was sanctioned, vide G. O. No. 69/I—956 dated the 11th January 1909.

Owing to a large deposit of sand by the chouka river, the rabi harvest of 14 mahals in tahsil Biswan was unusually poor and a remission of Rs. 858-8-0 on account of land revenue of the same mahals was sanctioned under G. O. No. 1336/I—465, dated the 15th July 1911.

A remission of Rs. 119 was also sanctioned in mahal Pipri Kalan in tahsil Sitapur owing to the damage done by fire under G. O. No. 1719/I—615, dated the 18th September 1911.

TABLE XI.

The excise account which was kept according to the revenue year, has, with effect from the 1st April 1904, been kept according to the financial year in accordance with the Commissioner of Excise's No. 2579/XIII—341, dated 1st July 1905.

The Government distillery at Sitapur was abolished from 1st April 1909, and three bonded warehouses were opened at Sitapur, Sidhouli and Biswan and four Inspectors on peripatetic duty were appointed, vide letter No. 98C.E./II—337, dated the 4th September 1908, from the Commissioner of Lucknow.

TABLE XIV.

The income-tax was amended by Act XI of 1903 and the last class of 500 and upwards but, under 1,000, was abolished with effect from 1st April 1903.

TABLE XV.—*District Board.*

English schools became a provincial charge with effect from the 1st July 1910, vide G. O. No. 587/IX—3600, dated the 28th June 1910.

A veterinary hospital was opened at Sitapur in 1910.

TABLE XVI.—*Municipality af Sitapur.*

Troops were withdrawn from Sitapur, vide G. O. No. 90, dated the 1st June 1909.

ROADS.

Rosa and Sitapur Railway was opened on the 18th June 1910.

Balamau and Sitapur Railway was opened on the 9th March 1910.

Sitapur-Burhwal extension of the Bengal North-Western Railway opened in March 1911.

FAIRS.

The Khairabad fair was revived in January 1910.

Supplementary notes to be added to the list of Talukdars.

BELAHRA.

Raja Muhammed Qaim Khan died and was succeeded by Raja Abbul Hassan Khan, the present talukdar.

SAADAT NAGAR.

Rani Jani Begam died in 1909 and was succeeded by her daughter Musammat Abadi Begam and her grandson Mirza Mushtaq Ahmad Beg, minor, whose estate is managed by the Court of Wards, Sitapur.

AURANGABAD.

Mirza Muhammad Ali Beg died in 1908. The succession was disputed between his brother M. Ahmad Mirza Beg and his nephews M. Hamid Mirza Beg and M. Amir Mirza Beg and the estate was taken under direct managemeut, but after sometime they came to terms and the case was compromised. Mutation was effected in the names of all three, but M. Ahmad Mirza Beg is the acknowledged representative of the family.

BARAGAON.

The estate was released from the management of the Court of Wards in 1905 on the request of the talukdar.

QUTUBNAGAR.

Mirza Haider Ali Beg died and was succeeded by M. Muhammad Ahmad Shah. The property now consists of only two villages paying a revenue of Rs. 1,270 only.

AKBARPUR.

Appeal in the Privy Council preferred by Thakur Amjad Ali against Thakur Nawab Ali Khan was dismissed in 1906.

HALWAPUR.

Thakur Kalka Bakhs Singh died and was succeeded by his son Thakur Durga Baksh Singh, the present talukdar.

BISAINDI.

Lala Bhajju Lal died and was succeeded by his son Lala Lalit Bihari Lal.

THANGAON.

Babu Chandra Bhan Singh having been unsuccessful in the Revenue Courts brought a civil suit for the entire estate of Musammat Brij Nath Kunwar but lost it in the court of the Subordinate Judge of tahsil Biswan, district Sitapur in 1906. On appeal, the Judicial Commissioner decreed the Rajpur Keotana estate to B. Chandra Bhan Singh on 5th July 1907, and dismissed his claims for the rest of the estate owned by Rana Raghuraj Singh. His decree was upheld by the Privy Council on 15th July 1910. During the pendency of the case in Civil Court, B. Debi Baksh Singh died and the mutation of names of his estate was made in the name of his son B. Suraj Bikram Singh who had to make over the Rajpur Keotana estate to B. Chandra Bhan Singh in accordance with the Decree of the Privy Council referred to above.

BASAIDIHA.

Thakur Jawahir Singh died in 1910. The succession was disputed between his son Thakur Suraj Bakhsh Singh and his grandson Thakur Sripal Singh, but not long after the dispute was referred to the arbitration of His Honour Sir John P. Hewett, K.C.S.I., C. I. E., the Hon'ble Mr. E. M. Des C. Chamier and the Hon'ble Mr. A. L. Saunders and under the award made by them the taluka was awarded to Thakur Suraj Baksh Singh who under the conditions of the award executed a deed of transfer for some villages in favour of Thakur Sripal Singh, his nephew.

RAMPUR MATHURA.

The estate has been under the management of the Court of Wards since 1910 under section 8 (C) of Act III of 1899. The talukdar had encumbered the estate heavily and the Court of Wards have now sold a portion of the estate to pay up the debts as there was no prospect of saving the property otherwise.

Mallanpur.

Raja Muneshwar Baksh Singh died and was succeeded by his son Raja Debi Baksh Singh, the present talukdar, in 1911.

Ramkot.

Thakur Baldeo Baksh having been given only one-third portion of the estate like his other brothers brought a suit in the Civil Court and at last got his right for the whole property of Thakur Kalka Baksh decreed by the Privy Council.

Siwaijpur.

Kunwar Karan Singh died in 1908. The succession was disputed between his widow and his mother but after sometime they came to terms and Musammat Khem Kunwar, widow of the deceased, was acknowledged as representative of the family and held charge of Hardoi property while the mother got the Sitapur property for her maintenance.

Muiz-uddinpur.

Seth Raghubar Dayal received the personal title of Rai Bahadur and Raja in recognition of his loyalty and Public spirit in advancing the cause of education by building and endowing an industrial school at Sitapur. The Raja died in 1911 and was succeeded by Seth Swami Dayal, the present talukdar, who was also granted the personal title of Raja in the same year.

Mubarakpur.

Thakur Drigbijai Singh died in 1911 and was succeeded by Thakur Kanhaiya Lal, the present talukdar.

Rampur Kalan.

Thakur Bishambar Nath Singh's share was released from the management of the Court of Wards in 1905 on his attaining majority and Thakur Ganga Baksh's property was also released in 1910 on his own request.

Persendi.

The estate was released from the management of the Court of Wards in 1909 under section 41 of Act III of 1899.

Ferries.

Amitia Bhamela ferry closed, vide Government Notification No. 308/IX—60, dated the 17th April 1911, printed on page 177—III of the *United Provinces Gazette.*

Gazetteer of Sitapur.

APPENDIX.

GAZETTEER OF SITAPUR.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

Table I.—*Population by tahsils.*

Tahsil.	Total.			Hindus.			Musalmans.			Others.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Sitapur ..	308,689	163,417	145,272	247,456	131,968	115,488	60,799	31,264	29,535	434	185	249
Biswan ..	287,954	152,054	135,900	240,021	126,922	113,099	47,884	25,108	22,776	49	24	25
Sidhouli ..	283,650	150,292	133,358	241,147	127,962	113,185	42,451	22,304	20,147	52	26	26
Misrikh ..	258,703	140,576	118,127	238,024	129,329	108,695	20,645	11,228	9,417	34	19	15
Total ..	1,138,996	606,339	532,657	966,648	516,181	450 467	171,779	89,904	81,875	569	254	315

TABLE II.—*Population by thanas.*

District.	Serial number of thanas.	Name of thanas.	Total population.			Hindu.			Musalmans.			Others.		
			Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sitapur.	1	Pisawan ..	43,416	23,357	20,059	38,857	20,936	17,921	4,538	2,407	2,131	21	14	7
	2	Mahsoi ..	58,793	31,436	27,357	54,942	29,427	25,515	3,841	2,003	1,838	10	6	4
	3	Tambour ..	86,546	45,215	41,331	73,198	38,294	34,904	13,346	6,920	6,426	2	1	1
	4	Biswan ..	79,861	42,435	37,426	62,473	33,300	29,173	17,323	9,103	8,220	65	32	33
	5	Mahmudabad ..	92,201	49,085	43,116	71,817	38,333	33,484	20,225	10,658	9,567	159	94	65
	6	Sadarpur ..	66,079	35,309	30,770	56,077	30,028	26,049	9,975	5,262	4,713	27	19	8
	7	Thangaon ..	67,590	35,638	31,952	59,183	31,243	27,940	8,399	4,389	4,010	8	6	2
	8	Sidhouli ..	90,578	47,717	42,861	80,167	42,216	37,951	10,185	5,336	4,849	226	165	61
	9	Kamalpur ..	71,832	87,804	34,028	66,251	34,893	31,358	5,532	2,886	2,646	49	25	24
	10	Sitapur ..	108,943	58,582	50,361	86,361	46,954	39,407	21,865	11,261	10,604	717	367	350
	11	Misrikh ..	65,606	36,952	28,654	58,344	32,869	25,475	7,228	4,061	3,167	34	32	12
	12	Maholi ..	75,585	40,840	34,745	70,537	38,052	32,485	4,961	2,743	2,218	87	45	42
	13	Laharpur ..	79,930	41,861	38,069	63,926	33,739	30,187	15,964	8,099	7,865	40	23	17
	14	Hargam ..	70,950	37,362	38,588	58,491	30,889	27,602	12,456	6,470	5,986	3	3	0
	15	Talgaon ..	81,083	42,746	38,340	65,128	34,427	30,701	15,941	8,306	7,635	17	13	4
		Total.	11,38,996	606,339	532,657	965,752	515,600	450,152	171,779	89,904	81,875	1,465	835	630

Sitapur District.

TABLE III.—*Vital statistics.*

Year.	Births.				Deaths.			
	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1901	50,868	26,578	24,285	43·27	34,192	17,868	16,324	29·09
1902	55,018	28,642	26,376	46·80	36,783	19,457	17,326	31·29
1903	58,029	30,400	27,629	49·36	55,842	29,766	26,076	47·50
1904	55,223	28,650	26,573	46·98	38,808	19,384	19,424	33·01
1905	47,451	24,962	22,489	40·36	45,865	24,171	21,694	39·02
1906	51,167	26,552	24,615	43·53	37,679	19,490	18,189	32·05
1907	52,108	27,593	24,515	44·33	43,577	22,796	20,781	37·07
1908	32,643	17,232	15,411	27·77	69,627	36,278	33,349	59·23
1909	28,993	15,166	13,827	24·66	50,489	25,672	24,817	42·57
1910	50,322	26,004	24,318	42·83	40,642	21,689	18,953	34·58
1911	53,719	27,697	26,022	45·70	57,512	30,216	27,396	48·93

TABLE IV.—*Deaths according to cause.*

Years.		Total deaths from Sitapur.					
		All causes.	Plague.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever.	Bowel com-plaints.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	..	34,192	..	3,384	2	26,829	109
1902	..	36,783	..	417	7	31,966	88
1903	..	55,842	1,723	407	25	37,704	248
1904	..	38,808	3,773	36	6	28,628	163
1905	..	45,865	382	5,207	8	35,336	82
1906	..	37,679	1,324	3,432	20	27,602	113
1907	..	43,577	..	400	30	31,550	134
1908	..	69,627	..	4,070	106	52,735	154
1909	..	3,370	..	814	..	46,258	47
1910	..	6,198	..	3,730	..	30,646	68
1911	..	2,477	1,415	15,574	1	32,911	134

TABLE V.—*Statistics of cultivation and irrigation,* 1319 *Fasli.*

Pargana and tahsil.	Total area.	Waste.	Culturable.	Cultivated.						Double cropped.
				Irrigated.				Dry.	Total.	
				Total.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
T. Sitapur, P. Khairabad ..	85,291	10,648	16,890	662	482	..	180	57,091	57,753	7,818
" Ram Kot ..	12,533	1,281	3,881	266	251	..	15	7,105	7,371	530
" Sitapur ..	73,713	7,108	14,293	2,207	1,879	..	328	50,105	52,312	7,202
" Lahorpur ..	122,964	10,822	15,608	1,129	648	..	481	95,405	96,534	15,276
" Hargaon ..	42,191	4,280	5,575	429	265	..	164	31,907	32 336	4,747
Total ..	336,692	34,139	56,247	4,693	3,525	..	1,168	241,613	246,306	35,573
T. Biswan, P. Biswan ..	140,552	12,662	19,489	31,85	2,403	..	782	105,216	108,401	30,056
" Tambour ..	119,618	14,936	21,075	914	321	..	593	82 693	83,607	42,453
" Kundri north ..	101,603	10,529	20,390	215	208	..	7	70.469	70,684	27,793
Total ..	361,773	38,127	60,954	4,314	2,932	..	1,382	258,378	262,692	110,302
T. Sidhauli, P. Bari ..	79,592	9,846	10,453	47,44	1,148	..	3,596	54,549	59,293	17,570
Pirnagar ..	27,960	3,695	3,752	379	76	..	303	20,135	20,514	3,557

TABLE V.—*Statistics of cultivation and irrigation, 1319 Fasli.*

Pargana and tahsil.	Total area.	Waste.	Culturable.	Cultivated.						Double cropped.
				Irrigated.				Dry.	Total.	
				Total.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
T. Sidhauli, P. Sadrpur ..	68,753	6,855	11,822	3,671	3,121	..	550	46,405	50,076	17,462
" Kondri south..	46,137	5,913	16,148	21	20	..	1	24,055	24,076	12,370
" Mahmudabad..	82,876	9,069	13,113	4,225	1,950	..	2,275	56,469	60,694	17,370
" Manwan ..	44,268	5,911	6,702	2,498	1,301	..	1,197	29,157	31,655	7,661
Total ..	349,586	41,289	61,990	15,538	7,616	..	7,922	230,770	246,308	75,990
T. Misrikh, P. Aurangabad..	38,173	3.200	11,748	513	309	..	204	22,712	23,225	1,474
" Chandra ..	82,392	4,759	17,840	2,005	1,584	..	421	57,788	59,793	2,568
" Korouna ..	29,348	2,013	6,327	631	483	..	148	80,377	21,008	1,777
" Gondlamao ..	40,871	4,616	6,193	285	144	..	141	29,777	30,062	2,803
" Machhrehta ..	69,006	5 171	13,030	1,114	783	..	331	49,691	50,805	6,720
" Misrikh ..	81,248	6,664	19 664	2,614	1,984	..	630	52,306	54,920	4,501
" Maholi ..	51,306	4,433	8,672	3,698	2,998	..	700	34,503	38,201	5,952
Total ..	392,344	30,856	83,474	10,860	8,285	..	2,575	267,154	278,014	25,795

TABLE VI.—*Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Biswan.*

Year.	Rabi					Kharif.							
	Total.	Wheat alone.	Barley alone and mixed.	Gram.	Opium.	Total.	Rice.	Sugar cane.	Urd and mung.	Maize.	Kodon.	Sawan.	Bajra alone and mixed.
Fasli.													
1309	149,833	41,339	54,262	25,775	7,285	206,798	62,311	5,244	25,794	44,496	44,281	3,801	1,871
1310	150,271	48,353	46,327	24,348	6,578	195,454	60,471	4,515	25,731	40,233	44,646	3,504	1,527
1311	172,412	64,536	48,433	19 901	68,85	193,886	48,582	4,709	29,087	54,035	39,566	3,665	1,613
1312	159,884	60,322	40,139	19,988	6,948	155,689	62,037	5,987	24,204	37,096	17,298	4,525	1,167
1313	142,193	51,344	41,913	21,445	7,391	201,041	77,309	7,171	25,512	30,628	15,142	4,794	1,332
1314	164,860	53,018	54,464	28,110	6,193	203,308	90,897	8,894	21,893	23,344	13,597	4,184	1,168
1315	82,355	19,417	23,340	2,875	4,905	214,101	75,871	9,972	21,444	30,169	50,942	6,365	2,168
1316	73,080	28,719	39,059	3,188	2,114	195,041	44,086	7,996	17,871	37,394	75,329	9,248	3,117
1317	120,309	44,321	61,529	12,405	2,054	187,653	53,651	4,818	26,319	34,140	56,496	7,617	4,662
1318	141,502	60,702	58,346	19,776	2,678	165,641	63,341	4,270	23,886	21,163	42,658	7,134	3,189
1319	123,741	54,100	39,904	27,048	2,689	173,139	76,056	5,999	20,220	24,168	37,782	3.960	4,954

TABLE VI—(continued). *Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Sidhauli.*

Years.	Rabi.					Kharif.							
	Total.	Wheat alone.	Barley alone and mixed.	Gram.	Opium.	Total.	Rice.	Sugar-cane.	Urd and mung.	Maize.	Kodon.	Sawan.	Bajra alone and mixed.
Fasli.													
1309 ..	134,033	42,200	32,925	42,532	6,100	166,013	73,170	13,651	22,000	9,171	20,305	9,510	4,969
1310 ..	140,003	46,893	32,285	43,663	5,431	160,902	68,960	13,038	23,085	9,602	20,474	10,061	3,547
1311 ..	154,877	56,639	38,883	39,433	5,747	151,493	56,297	12,843	27,410	9,220	21,048	7,808	4,915
1312 ..	139,553	54,552	28,171	38,386	5,317	161,137	60,114	14,679	19,290	6,138	4,252	6,229	2,769
1313 ..	126,514	43,997	27,738	39,349	6,556	171,631	68,942	14,787	23,493	7,591	2,651	5,744	3,635
1314 ..	138,254	45,461	29,350	46,270	6,589	168,471	76,505	15,780	19,526	5,721	3,458	5,419	3,317
1315 ..	87,066	31,364	21,545	5,123	8,334	167,178	64,744	17,364	21,282	5,882	22,285	12,174	6,430
1316 ..	87,089	42,860	30,052	8,010	6,167	152,467	52,040	12,660	21,463	11,127	31,027	16,575	7,575
1317 ..	98,539	48,706	28,074	16,904	4,855	147,208	49,929	10,962	25,141	12,390	27,201	13,750	7,735
1318 ..	115,434	54,703	24,175	31,317	5,239	142,855	55,676	9,671	23,331	10,733	23,508	12,135	7,871
1319 ..	134,374	57,580	21,302	50,933	4,559	143,805	49,202	12,942	25,895	9,597	24,000	8,754	13,615

TABLE VI—(continued).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Sitapur.*

Year.	Rabi.					Kharif.							
	Total.	Wheat alone.	Barley alone and mixed.	Gram.	Opium.	Total.	Rice.	Sugar-cane.	Urd and mung.	Maize.	Kodon.	Sawan.	Bajra alone and mixed.
Fasli.													
1309 ..	136,579	46,245	35,587	6,716	2,105	178,224	52,847	6,202	45,771	1,324	26,881	14,553	9,025
1310 ..	141,253	52,128	24,979	45,524	1,948	175,748	47,098	3,485	47,731	2,080	32,737	15,380	6,990
1311 ..	141,673	59,314	37,948	35,000	1,767	171,251	36,068	3,988	56,329	1,706	31,925	13,666	7,563
1312 ..	140,826	62,825	33,754	35,833	1,069	177,862	40,571	3,711	55,477	1,959	862	20,459	5,318
1313 ..	136,314	48,548	33,733	46,449	2,073	196,616	45,773	4,942	53,979	3,513	3,570	21,080	6,304
1314 ..	146,002	51,770	24,386	50,507	1,776	185,688	48,886	8,736	48,013	2,829	2,935	13,015	6,643
1315 ..	66,521	13,879	28,570	8,142	1,982	189,804	38,573	9,646	45,265	2,331	36,209	21,694	11,314
1316 ..	71,095	24,531	38,056	7,271	1,237	177,486	18,772	5,129	54,010	3,452	45,449	35,953	14,721
1317 ..	77,171	20,043	37,151	9,901	976	147,281	20,529	1,948	28,691	3,846	44,438	29,294	18,535
1318 ..	108,640	42,624	35,152	30,005	859	166,801	31,186	2,643	51,322	4,250	36,831	26,163	14,406
1319 ..	106,277	41,268	22,950	41,877	182	128,820	20,841	4,442	52,888	2,017	20,465	7,641	20,526

TABLE VI—(concluded).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Misrikh.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.						
	Total.	Wheat alone.	Barley alone and mixed.	Gram.	Opium.	Total.	Rice.	Sugar-cane.	Urd and mung.	Maize.	Kodon.	Sawan.	Bajra alone and mixed.
Fasli													
1309 ..	143,580	36,078	70,447	31,511	2,885	163,768	28,188	7,723	38,659	533	4,983	17,467	38,680
1310 ..	150,569	40,196	71,881	32,635	2,620	165,349	26,003	4,955	45,154	898	5,286	21,384	36,776
1311 ..	154,399	43,098	76,955	28,545	2,400	155,967	19,047	2,925	50,365	296	4,175	12,528	39,540
1312 ..	148,011	46,302	70,893	25,114	2,266	168,801	21,314	5,650	47,465	572	1,148	8,520	33,031
1313 ..	141,870	32,987	69,088	34,745	3,000	185,365	27,079	6,301	46,592	1,974	2,160	17,847	36,962
1314 ..	153,549	38,460	72,587	37,064	2,680	176,299	29,262	9,549	40,888	2,033	2,081	12,282	37,738
1315 ..	77,650	12,343	29,863	3,759	3,184	176,299	23,860	9,549	32,094	1,573	5,733	22,963	45,928
1316 ..	91,262	17,691	65,068	6,281	2,222	158,820	9,470	6,195	38,016	2,392	5,999	39,608	57,140
1317 ...	108,893	24,991	70,054	11,665	2,183	156,480	14,857	3,038	38,274	4,137	9,529	29,978	56,667
1318 ..	121,067	29,092	65,714	24,087	2,174	145,786	15,271	3,252	36,196	4,191	7,749	28,660	50,467
1319 ..	117,748	30,719	54,662	30,816	1,551	132,442	11,498	5,311	43,748	1,616	5,007	10,141	55,121

Table VII.—*Criminal Justice.*

Year.	Number of persons convicted or bound over in respect of Sitapur.												Cases under	
	Offences against public tranquillity (Chapter VIII).	Offences affecting life.	Grievous hurt.	Rape.	Cattle theft.	Criminal force and assault.	Theft.	Robbery and docoity.	Receiving stolen property.	Criminal trespass.	Bad livelihood.	Keeping the peace.	Opium Act.	Excise Act.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1901 ..	74	26	106	3	..	23	151	42	71	108	97	133	12	1
1902 ..	63	45	63	1	..	26	154	21	49	115	92	46	38	3
1903 ..	49	44	67	3	..	48	186	60	68	153	119	15	32	9
1904 ..	26	66	127	3	..	35	180	24	108	110	135	91	33	2
1905 ..	102	40	78	2	..	44	223	21	74	181	235	64	17	12
1906 ..	73	27	94	..	..	35	213	32	64	147	113	47	17	15
1907 ..	68	24	55	1	..	20	284	66	103	215	118	122	12	15
1908 ..	106	81	43	4	..	25	700	98	140	389	493	15	4	9
1909 ..	53	14	36	3	..	28	327	17	118	230	285	30	12	116
1910 ..	32	18	62	..	1	23	225	10	92	142	184	161	5	28
1911 ..	61	12	21	4	..	28	277	12	73	194	135	97	3	20

TABLE VIII.—*Cognizable Crime.*

Year.	Number of cases investigated by police.			Number of persons.		
	Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate.	Sent up for trial.	Trieb.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	1,800	27	926	1,162	253	909
1902	1,469	13	873	1,094	234	860
1903	1,805	22	1,137	1,363	239	1,124
1904	1,767	24	1,030	1,375	340	1,035
1905	1,910	50	1,019	1,358	302	1,056
1906	1,825	..	786	1,142	265	877
1907	2,037	..	989	1,451	272	1,179
1908	2,983	..	2,026	2,798	376	2,422
1909	1,816	..	1,260	1,636	177	1,459
1910	1,753	..	891	1,134	239	895
1911	2,234	..	929	1,236	240	996

TABLE X.—*Present demand for revenue and cesses for the year 1319 Fasli.*

Pargana and tahsil.	Where includde in *Ain-i-Akbari.*	Revenue.	Cesses.	Total.	Incidence per acre.	
					Cultivation.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Khairabad	Khairabad	88,399	9,821	98,220	1 8 0	1 0 0
Ram Kot	Ram Kot	15,072	1,658	16,730	2 0 0	1 3 0
Sitapur	Chhiliapur	78,833	9,382	88,215	1 8 0	1 1 0
Laharpur	Laharpur	1,55,067	19,939	1,72,006	1 9 0	1 4 0
Hargaon	Hargaon	44,200	4,863	49,063	1 5 0	1 0 0
Total, tahsil Sitapur ..	..	3,81,571	45,663	4,24,234	7 14 0	5 8 0
Biswan	Biswan	1,94,665	26,171	2,15,836	1 9 0	1 5 0
Tambour	Imla Nawagarh ..	1,03,817	11,420	1,15,237	1 3 0	0 9 0
Kundri North	Do. ..	88,268	9,710	98,078	1 3 0	0 9 0
Total, tahsil Biswan ..	..	3,86,750	47,301	4,29,151	3 15 0	2 7 0

Table X.—*Present demand for revenue and cesses for the year 1319 Fasli—(concluded).*

Pargana and tahsil.	Where included in *Ain-i-Akbari.*	Revenue.	Cesses.	Total.	Incidence per acre.	
					Cultivation.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Bari	..	1,22,938	13,634	1,36,571	2 4 10	1 11 5
Sadarpur	..	90.918	10.009	1,00.927	2 0 3	1 7 6
Kundri South	..	31.090	3.452	54 542	1 6 11	0 12 0
Mahmudabad	..	1,54,198	16,822	1,710.20	2 13 1	2 1 0
Manwan	..	72,319	7,955	80,274	2 8 7	1 13 0
Pirnagar	..	34,704	3,818	38,522	1 14 0	1 6 1
Total, tahsil Sidhauli ..	..	5,06,167	55,690	5,61,856	12 15 8	9 3 0
Aurangabad	..	31,319	3,429	34,748	1 8 0	0 14 7
Chandra	..	65,183	7,170	72,353	1 4 0	0 14 1
Korauna	..	34,836	4 192	39,028	1 13 9	1 5 3
Gundla Mao	..	35,082	3,969	40,051	1 5 6	0 15 8
Machhrehta	..	95,6[illegible]8	10,570	1 06.238	2 1 6	1 8 8
Misrikh	..	78.679	9,193	87,872	1 9 7	1 1 3
Maholi	..	56,663	7,716	64.379	1 11 0	1 4 0
Tatal, tahsil Misrikh ..	..	3,98,430	46,239	4,44,669	11 5 4	7 15 6
District Total ..	..	16,72,918	1,94,893	18,49,910	36 2 0	25 1 6

TABLE XI.—*Excise.*

Year.	Receipts from foreign liquors.	Country spirits.		Receipts from Tiari and Sendhi.	Total receipts.	Drugs. Consumption in maunds of—			Opium.			Total receipts.	Total charges.	Incidence of receipts per 10,000 of population from—			Number of shops for sale of—		
		Receipts.	Consumption in gallons.			Ganja.	Charas.		Total receipts.	Consumption.				Liquor including Tari.	Drugs.	Opium.	Country spirits.	Drugs.	Opium.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Mds.	s.	Rs.	Mds.	s.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
1901-02	365	1,63,106	64,275	220	38,988	..	74	37	7,969	19	21	210,698	1,812	1,399	332	68	194	69	15
1902-03	417	1,69,209	63,511	220	39,522	..	78	10	8,556	20	9	217,952	1,660	1,452	338	73	201	74	15
1903-04	419	1,66,655	61,856	150	52,034	..	61	10	7,889	17	19	227,278	1,240	1,419	445	67	201	74	15
1904-05	429	1,69,660	62,698	190	52,446	..	63	0	8,358	19	8	231,252	1,301	1,448	446	71	170	73	15
1905-06	470	1,24,119	41,280	205	37,333	..	78	19	7,659	19	7	170,010	1,428	1,061	318	65	178	73	15
1906-07	470	1,47,038	54,408	182	51,617	..	56	25	8,144	18	24	207,771	2,127	1,262	441	70	177	73	15
1907-08	270	1,12,793	35,302	158	37,804	..	32	5	7,796	17	26	158,821	3,579	1,053	315	66	177	73	15
1908-09	270	91,518	21,758	144	39,610	..	30	3	8,473	17	7	128,576	3,200	786	313	72	177	73	15
1909-10	866	77,367-8-0	19,359	112	29 000	..	28	24	9,434-8-0	18	13	116,344	4,349	664	330	81	167	73	11
1910-11	250	1,05,669	27,409	75	38,479	..	27	5	10,871	14	24	155,343	5,056	898	327	92	167	73	11
1911-12	250	1,42,649	33,709	75	58,024	..	75	22	11,845	14	24	212,845	5,951	1,222	496	101	1,180	73	11

Table XII.—*Stamps.*

Year.	Receipts from.			Total charges.
	Non-judicial.	Court-fee including copies.	All sources.	
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-2	35,944	1,09,505	1,45,840	3,481
1902-3	43,419	1,07,648	1,52,587	5,618
1903-4	39,893	1,10,280	1,51,509	5,907
1904-5	40,666	1,25,713	1,67,905	7,362
1905-6	42,476	1,33,976	1,78,084	4,826
1906-7	40,634	1,39,244	1,81,708	5,805
1907-8	44,773	1,24,211	1,70,081	5,822
1908-9	29,913	1,14,175	1,15,783	3,466
1909-10	34,055	1,40,706	1,76,786	4,597
1910-11	36,215	1,43,491	1,81,675	3,737
1911-12	37,478	1,34,010	1,73,508	3,756

TABLE XIII—*Income-tax.*

Year.	Total receipts.	Collected by companies.		Profits of companies.		Other sources, Part IV.				Total Charges.	Objections under Part IV.	
						Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.				
		Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.		Number filed.	Wholly or partly successful.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Rs. a. p.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
1901-02	26,890 0 0	..	..	1	24	725	11,510	83	10,516	951	180	76
1902-03	28,036 0 0	..	..	1	25	744	11,229	85	10,780	747	264	100
1903-04	21,245 0 0	..	..	..	..	228	6,025	82	11,027	255	81	25
1904-05	17,233 0 0	..	..	..	..	229	5,711	84	11,190	63	61	22
1905-06	16,095 0 0	..	..	..	..	222	5,698	83	10,018	75	53	10
1906-07	17,627 0 0	..	..	..	..	227	5,999	91	11,628	..	65	12
1907-08	20,998 0 0	..	..	..	..	258	6,862	97	13,725	..	111	41
1908-09	22,644 14 5	..	..	..	..	311	8,163	113	14,174	..	186	18
1909-10	23,924 0 0	..	..	..	..	324	8,789	111	13,739	..	123	34
1910-11	26,553 0 0	..	..	..	..	332	9,305	125	16,502	..	158	39
1911-12	27,821 0 0	..	..	..	..	343	9,430	127	17,558	..	159	95

TABLE XIV.—*Income-tax by tahsils, Part IV only.*

Year.	Tahsil Sitapur.				Tahsil Biswan.			
	Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.		Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.	
	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Bs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02 ..	175	2,881	50	6,616	229	3,434	16	1 522
1902-03 ..	174	2,954	46	6,321	245	3,817	20	1,818
1903-04 ..	61	1,672	44	6,985	67	1,703	19	1,673
1904-05 ..	61	1,612	41	5,788	73	1,707	19	1,631
1905-06 ..	64	1,711	45	6,095	65	1,545	18	1,718
1906-07 ..	70	1,859	46	6,824	65	1,559	19	1,770
1907-08 ..	73	1,904	50	7,503	64	1,652	17	1,658
1908-09 ..	74	1,927	57	8,273	64	1,661	17	1,735
1909-10 ..	81	2,122	58	7.831	65	1,764	17	1,659
1910-11 ..	89	2,496	73	9,359	64	1,323	17	1,701
1911-12 ..	94	2,653	70	9,189	67	1,768	19	1,789

Year.	Tahsil Sidhauli.				Tahsil Misrikh.			
	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02 ..	163	2,709	9	1,523	158	2,486	8	855
1902-03 ..	170	2,935	10	1,719	155	2,523	9	922
1903-04 ..	46	1,251	10	1,472	54	1,399	9	896
1904-05 ..	40	997	15	2,932	55	1,395	9	839
1905-06 ..	41	1,099	11	1,859	52	1,343	9	839
1906-07 ..	37	1,101	13	1,882	50	1,333	11	965
1907-08 ..	74	2,043	18	3,539	51	1,346	12	1,130
1908-09 ..	106	2,904	23	2,616	59	1,569	13	1,206
1909-10 ..	115	3,424	22	2,449	63	2,316	14	1,481
1910-11 ..	118	3,210	22	3,416	61	1,876	17	1,626
1911-12 ..	117	3,143	21	5,096	65	1,866	17	1,484

TABLE XV.—*District Board.*

Year.	Receipt.							Expenditure.									
	Education.	Medical.	Scientific, &c.	Miscellaneous.	Civil work.	Pounds.	Ferries.	Total expenditure.	Contributions to provincial funds.	General administration.	Education.	Medical.	Scientific, &c.	Miscellaneous.	Civil work.	Pounds.	Debt.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1911-12 ..	28,101	9,574	50	545	6,912	16,199	15,089	1,67,610	..	4,353	63,865	23,334	1,893	763	67,908	4,134	1,360

TABLE XVI.—*Municipality of Sitapur.*

Year.	Income.							Expenditure.									
	Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes.	Public safety.	Water supply and drainage.		Conservancy.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Public works.	Public instruction.	Other heads.	Total.
										Capital.	Maintenance.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02..	20,238	39	2,703	5,732	..	10,085	38,797	7,820	4,098	2,819	24	10,418	1,624	5,109	2,184	15,756	49,862
1902-03..	22,570	..	3,422	12,444	..	7,383	45,819	6,721	3,860	2,285	281	9,462	1,624	7,767	1,677	7,439	41,116
1903-04..	16,469	..	2,480	10,726	..	8,443	38,118	8,246	4,111	1,948	383	9,378	1,624	5,735	2,210	19,482	53,147
1904-05..	20,132	..	2,708	15,809	..	10,907	49,676	6,786	4,170	2,925	295	10,440	1,624	5,496	10,266	9,467	51,469
1905-06..	12,046	..	4,587	13,483	..	13,007	43,923	6,621	2,828	..	301	11,071	1,624	3,406	3,407	7,214	36,482
1906-07..	15,408	..	4,915	15,905	..	7,984	44,212	6,671	2,542	886	304	12,624	1,674	3,374	3,015	4,378	40,468
1907-08..	19,498	..	4,133	12,790	..	6,916	43,397	7,141	2,720	3,521	213	15,143	1,674	4,583	3,433	8,587	47,015
1908-09..	17,729	..	3,021	12,550	..	8,969	42,869	7,781	3,002	..	170	16,885	2,018	3,821	3,155	10,839	47,671
1909-10..	16,089	..	3,616	12,733	..	8,746	41,184	7,426	2,762	192	282	15,094	1,706	3,527	3,261	6,800	41,050
1910-11..	14,848	..	4,330	16,742	..	8,488	44,408	6,689	2,614	..	211	12,044	1,679	5,617	3,034	6,905	39,343

TABLE XVI.—*Municipality of Khairabad.*

Year.	Income.							Expenditure.									
										Water supply and drainage.							
	Octroi.	Tax on houses and land.	Other taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes.	Public safety.	Capital.	Maintenance.	Conservancy.	Hospital and dispensaries.	Public works.	Public instructions.	Other heads.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02..	7,449	..	149	1,205	..	1,508	10,411	2,877	1,855	..	38	2,943	402	472	502	1,769	10,858
1902-03..	6,937	..	153	1,533	..	1 720	10,843	2,146	1,844	..	14	2,429	400	201	527	1,659	9,220
1903-04.	5,283	..	142	1 181	..	2,529	9,135	2,428	1,903	971	..	2,223	400	1,236	607	2,547	12,325
1904-05..	6,987	..	145	1,516	..	2,392	11,040	2,421	2,159	..	36	2,541	400	124	647	1,734	10,062
1905-06.	5,354	..	1,397	1,449	..	1,618	9,818	2,636	422	..	..	2,515	400	656	847	2,326	9,802
1906-07..	6,247	..	1,372	1,288	..	1,501	10,508	2,622	450	41	36	3,099	400	1,332	847	1,822	10,449
1907-08..	7,360	..	1,600	1,253	..	1,519	11,732	2,713	280	..	13	3,639	418	994	785	2,132	10,974
1908-09..	7,424	..	1,372	1,408	..	2,173	12,377	2,781	729	..	90	3,789	420	963	785	2,780	12,347
1909-10..	5,987	..	1,521	1.512	..	2.570	11,590	2,510	668	..	26	3,205	420	1,464	785	1,499	10,577
1910-11..	6,690	..	1,498	1,694	..	1 853	11,725	2,831	706	..	..	3,157	420	813	785	1,835	10,607

TABLE XVIII.—*Education.*

Year.	Total.			Secondary education.			Primary education.		
	Schools and colleges.	Scholars.		Schools.	Scholars.		Schools.	Scholars.	
		Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1901-02	178	7,318	216	12	1,334	47	165	5,955	169
1902-03	206	8,679	369	12	1,374	60	194	7,305	309
1903-04	218	8,688	489	12	1,229	62	203	7,459	427
1904-05	239	9,658	599	14	1,595	83	225	8,063	516
1905-06	238	10,784	586	14	1,890	89	224	8,894	497
1906-07	255	11,903	917	14	1,999	93	241	9,904	824
1907-08	258	11,234	952	7	1,319	..	251	9,915	952
1908-09	269	11,061	811	7	843	..	262	10,218	811
1909-10	272	10,450	891	7	934	..	265	9,516	891
1910-11	257	11,153	921	7	975	..	250	10,178	921
1911-12	261	11,346	804	8	718	..	253	10,628	804

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attendance.*
		A.—Secondary.		
Sitapur ..	Khairabad	Sitapur ..	Middle vernacular	93
		Khairabad ..	Ditto ..	67
	Laharpur	Laharpur ..	Ditto ..	91
Misrikh ..	Misrikh	Misrikh ..	Ditto ..	84
	Machhrehta	Machhrehta ..	Ditto ..	71
Biswan ..	Biswan	Biswan ..	Ditto ..	59
	Tambour	Tambour ..	Ditto ..	34
Sidhauli ..	Bari ..	Bari	Ditto ..	59
		B.—Primary Schools.		
Sitapur ..	Khairabad	Khairabad ..	Upper Primary Girls (Government.)	37
		Naibasti ..	Ditto ...	17
		Sadar Bazar ..	Lower Primary ..	32
		Gujra	Upper Primary ..	34
		Tappa Khajuria ..	Lower Primary ..	23
		Khairabad ..	Ditto ..	48
		Naibasti ..	Ditto ..	23
		Jalalpur ..	Ditto ..	17
		Chilwara ..	Lower Primary Aided.	25
		Gopal Patshala ..	Ditto ..	43
		Dhaunan tola ..	Lower Primary Municipal.	Closed on account of plague.
	Sitapur ..	Barai Raipur ..	Upper Primary ..	57
		Neri Hempur ..	Ditto ..	35
		Hathia Qasimpur ..	Lower Primary ..	42
		Bambhaura ..	Upper Primary ..	52
		Jar	Lower Primary ..	25
		Baseti	Ditto ..	35
		Rojha	Ditto ..	37
		Tihar	Ditto ..	35
		Mohiuddinpur ..	Ditto ..	34
		Saraura Sarkaha ..	Ditto ..	26
		Central Primary .. Sitapur ..	Upper Primary ..	168
		Alia	Lower Primary ..	27
		Gohiaqa ..	Upper Primary ..	38
		Hempur ..	Lower Primary ..	30
		Bilgawa ..	Ditto ..	29
		Mohiuddinpur ..	Ditto ..	32
		Saraura Sarkha ..	Lower Primary Girls.	44
		Kaiman ..	Lower Primary Aided.	20

* The figures are for December 1911. Plague was then prevalent in places and some schools were temporarily closed, and in others the attendance was very low.

LIST OF SCHOOL, 1911—*(continued)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attendance.
Sitapur ..	Hargam ..	Hargam ..	Upper Primary ..	112
		Nawa	Lower Primary ..	31
		Dholai Kalan ..	Ditto ..	16
		Dodwara ..	Upper Primary ..	62
		Rajapur ..	Lower Primary ..	29
		Seluman ..	Upper Primary ..	42
		Alawalpur ..	Lower Primary ..	22
		Narharpur ..	Ditto ..	23
		Hargaon ..	Lower Primary Girls (Aided).	24
		Koraya Bhadewan	Ditto ..	23
		Keoti Kalan ..	Lower Primary ..	18
	Laharpur..	Koraya Bhadewan	Upper Primary ..	84
		Talgaon ..	Ditto ..	82
		Badaon Tola ..	Preparatory ..	62
		Akbarpur ..	Upper Primary ..	57
		Mubarakpur ..	Ditto ..	67
		Mewa	Lower Primary ..	51
		Mandrasan ..	Ditto ..	20
		Parsehri ..	Upper Primary ..	42
		Jita mao ..	Ditto ..	47
		Shahqulipur ..	Preparatory ..	17
		Dhondhi ..	Upper Primary ..	64
		Kakrahi ..	Lower Primary ..	19
		Nabinagar ..	Upper Primary ..	123
		Mahmudpur ..	Lower Primary ..	23
		Nawagaon ..	Upper Primary ..	58
		Katesar ..	Lower Primary ..	34
		Laharpur ..	Ditto ..	44
		Koraya Sarawan ..	Ditto ..	27
		Nebauri ..	Ditto ..	26
		Bilaria ..	Ditto ..	14
		Mahadeo Atra ..	Ditto ..	32
		Lachhannagar ..	Lower Primary Preparatory.	57
		Manpur ..	Lower Primary ..	24
		Sarayan ..	Lower Primary Aided.	27
		Takeli ..	Ditto ..	21
		Kalan Bahadurpur	Ditto ..	30
		Danyalpur ..	Ditto ..	26
	Ram Kot..	Ram Kot ..	Upper Primary ..	53
		Barsohia ..	Lower Primary Aided.	23
		Humayunpur ..	Ditto ..	28
Misrikh ..	Misrikh ..	Qutubnagar ..	Upper Primary ..	84
		Wazirnagar ..	Lower Primary ..	25
		Ant	Upper Primary ..	69
		Buchhwal ..	Lower Primary..	26
		Indrauli ..	Lower Primary ..	22
		Kaimahra Panwar	Ditto ..	32

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911—*(continued)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attendance.
Misrikh ..	Misrikh ..	Bihat Gauran ..	Upper Primary ..	57
		Pata bojh ..	Ditto ..	50
		Misrikh ..	Lower Primary ..	80
		Garhi Kherwa ..	Ditto ..	22
		Arthana ..	Ditto ..	33
		Mondarwa ..	Ditto ..	12
		Nirhan ..	Ditto ..	19
		Misrikh ..	Upper Primary Girl.	36
		Qutubnagar ..	Lower Primary Girl.	23
		Ant	Lower Primary Girls (Aided).	24
		Wazirnagar ..	Ditto ..	20
	Aurangabad	Nimkhar ..	Upper Primary ..	90
		Aurangabad ..	Ditto ..	72
		Bilahri ..	Lower Primary Aided.	34
		Aurangabad ..	Lower Primary Girls.	55
	Machhrehta	Parsada ..	Upper Primary ..	46
		Bihat Bairam ..	Ditto ..	94
		Bania Mao ..	Lower Primary ..	32
		Gandharia ..	Ditto ..	26
		Hans Khera ..	Ditto ..	23
		Nansoha ..	Ditto ..	26
		Bartal	Upper Primary ..	55
		Piprawan ..	Lower Primary ..	32
		Machhrehta ..	Ditto ..	80
		Jalepara ..	Lower Primary Aided.	32
		Rala Mao ..	Ditto ..	10
		Anogi ..	Ditto ..	23
		Kakori ..	Ditto ..	23
		Bhitaura ..	Ditto ..	25
		Bihat Biram ..	Lower Primary Girls.	18
		Machhrehta ..	Lower Primary Aided Girls.	18
	Karauna ..	Karauna ..	Upper Primary ..	61
		Ramgarh ..	Lower Primary ..	24
		Saraosa ..	Ditto ..	48
		Kondera ..	Ditto ..	17
		Tarsawan ..	Ditto ..	18
		Kaimohra Dichhit	Ditto ..	30
		Kalli	Ditto ..	22
		Nogwa Jairam ..	Ditto ..	26
		Dingra ..	Ditto ..	31
		Chhawan ..	Ditto ..	20
		Karkhila ..	Ditto ...	27
		Karauna ..	Lower Primary Girls.	31

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911—*(continued)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attendance.
Misrikh ..	Gondla Mao	Gondla Mao ..	Upper Primary ..	32
		Assal ..	Lower Primary ..	27
		Saholi ..	Lower Primary Aided.	27
		Barbatpur ..	Ditto ..	30
		Moorea Kaila ..	Lower Primary ..	17
	Maholi ..	Urdauli ..	Upper Primary ..	45
		Mahewa ..	Ditto ..	68
		Maholi ..	Ditto ..	72
		Kosaila ..	Lower Primary ..	15
		Barmhouli ..	Upper Primary ..	68
		Chaturaya ..	Lower Primary ..	25
		Rohilla ..	Ditto ..	29
		Baragaon ..	Upper Primary ..	113
		Kherwa ..	Lower Primary ..	19
		Basora ..	Ditto ..	27
		Baragaon ..	Lower Primary Girls.	40
		Barmhouli ..	Ditto ..	31
		Maholi ..	Ditto ..	36
		Imilia ..	Lower Primary Aided.	23
	Chandra ..	Moonda Kalan ..	Lower Primary ..	25
		Neri Bargawan ..	Upper Primary ..	68
		Pisawan ..	Ditto ..	41
		Kachuri ..	Lower Primary ..	31
		Chandra ..	Ditto ..	31
		Mathan ..	Ditto ..	35
		Bargawan ..	Upper Primary ..	50
		Gursara ..	Lower Primary Aided.	22
		Masouli ..	Ditto ..	30
		Parariya ..	Ditto ..	28
		Kutra ..	Ditto ..	25
		Neri Bargawan ..	Lower Primary Girls.	21
Biswan ..	Biswan ..	Mahraj Nagar ..	Upper Primary ..	66
		Kandooni ..	Lower Primary ..	51
		Sanda ..	Upper Primary ..	42
		Ramabhari ..	Lower Primary ..	20
		Manpur ..	Upper Primasy ..	49
		Keoti Basaidih ..	Lower Primary ..	26
		Pakarya ..	Upper Primary ..	47
		Jahangirabad ..	Lower Primary ..	16
		Kotra ..	Upper Primary ..	45
		Hathia Daltham-bhan Singh.	Lower Primary ..	23
		Ulra ..	Ditto ..	19
		Bilwa Bahadurpur	Lower Primary ..	24
		Biswan ..	Ditto ..	67
		Sheothana ..	Ditto ..	34
		Madnapur ..	Upper Primary ..	42

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attendance.
Biswan	Biswan	Gathia	Lower Primary	24
		Teola	Upper Primary	50
		Manpur	Lower Primary Girls.	6
		Biswan	Lower Primary Aided.	25
		Rohampurwa	Ditto	25
		Kondsar	Ditto	28
		Tikra	Ditto	20
		Rasoolpur	Ditto	24
		Deokalia	Ditto	23
		Biswan	Lower Primary Girls (Aided).	26
	Kundri North.	Seota	Upper Primary	30
		Thangaon	Lower Primary	21
		Hariharpur Nawada	Ditto	31
		Rajapur Kalan	Ditto	30
		Khanpur	Ditto	23
		Gurarwa	Ditto	21
		Bamhnawan	Lower Primary Aided.	..
		Reosa	Ditto	20
		Salpur	Ditto	45
	Tambour	Tambaur	Lower Primary	81
		Bihta Pakauri	Ditto	23
		Mallanpur	Upper Primary	74
		Shahpur	Ditto	40
		Ratauli	Lower Primary	26
		Bhadphar	Ditto	21
		Parbatpur	Ditto	11
		Marsara	Upper Primary	34
		Kalnapur	Ditto	38
		Bohra	Lower Primary	20
		Shahpur	Lower Primary Girls.	16
		Tambour	Ditto	20
		Khamaria	Lower Primary	17
Sidhauli	Bari	Bhandia	Ditto	31
		Sidhauli	Upper Primary	64
		Manpara	Ditto	31
		Sita Rasoin	Lower Primary	30
		Ghazipur	Ditto	22
		Sarwa Jalalpur	Ditto	21
		Neorajpur	Ditto	19
		Bari	Ditto	59
		Chauria Tandwa	Ditto	24
		Garia Hasanpur	Lower Primary Girls.	22
		Andhna	Lower Primary Aided.	22

LIST OF SOHOOLS, 1911—*(concluded)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attendance.
Sidhauli	Manwan	Manwan	Lower Primary	36
		Baunabhari	Upper Primary	55
		Mao	Ditto	24
		Nilgaon	Lower Primary	29
		Umbarpur	Ditto	30
		Kunarpur	Upper Primary	66
		Kondariya	Lower Primary Aided.	22
		Mangraura	Upper Primary	39
		Birhoura	Lower Primary	26
		Sair	Ditto	26
	Mohmudabad.	Guraicha	Ditto	16
		Golra Mao	Upper Primary	55
		Samardoha	Lower Primary	23
		Kanchanpur	Ditto	27
		Bilauli Bazar	Lower Primary Aided.	17
		Unchgaon	Ditto	18
	Sadarpur	Sadarpur	Upper Primary	64
		Bajehra	Lower Primary Aided.	28
		Sekhpur	Ditto	19
		Shamshabad	Ditto	26
	Kondri south.	Paintepur	Upper Primary	8
		Bansura	Ditto	50
		Rampur Mathura	Lower Primary	32
		Mathura	Lower Primary Aided.	21
	Pirnagar	Pirnagar	Upper Primary	40
		Mahoteypur	Ditto	51
		Saroura Chand Khan.	Lower Primary	21
		Kasmonda	Ditto	31
		Kamalpur	Upper Primary	62
		Chitrehta	Lower Primary	33
		Dikchhit purwa	Lower Primary Aided.	39
		Pirnagar	Lower Primary Girls (Aided).	21

ROADS 1911.		Length.	
A.—Provincial.	Ms.	fr.	ft.
Metalled roads, bridged and drained throughout.			
(i) Lucknow to Sitapur and Shahjahanpur	55	6	0
(ii) Kamalpur railway feeder	0	1	215
(iii) Ataria railway feeder	0	0	434
(iv) Sitapur-Bahraich	18	0	0
(v) Maholi railway feeder	0	1	556
(vi) Neri ditto	0	1	338
(vii) Maigalganj railway feeder	0	0	356
Total ..	74	3	579
Provincial unmetalled.			
(i) Biswan to Bahraich..	18	6	0
B.—Local.			
I.—First class roads, metalled, bridged and drained throughout.			
(i) Sitapur-Bahramghat (vide II-i)	0	2	240
(ii) Sidhauli cross road	0	3	0
(iii) Sitapur-Mehndighat (vide II-ii)	2	2	613
(iv) Sitapur-Lakhimpur (vide II-iii)	7	0	0
(v) Nimkhar railway feeder	0	2	68
(vi) Sitapur to Tarinpur	1	2	0
(vii) Misrikh railway feeder	0	2	430
(viii) Khairabad to Bargadiaghat (vide III-iv)	6	4	500
(ix) Kasraila to Parsehra	2	4	0
(x) Bari to Mahmudabad (vid) II-iv)	18	5	0
(xi) Bari to Biswan (vide II-v)	18	5	0
(xii) Bari to Chandra	2	0	0
(viii) Biswan to Lakhimpur (vide III-vi)	1	0	0
(xiv) Misrikh to Rajghat (vide III-xiii)	1	0	0
(xv) Kamalpur to Joraura	4	2	0
(xvi) Maholi to Baragaon	7	1	0
(xvii) Hargaon to Laharpur	10	3	0
Total ..	83	7	431
Second class roads, unmetalled, bridged and drained throughout.			
(i) Sitapur to Bahramghat (vide I-i)	18	4	0
(ii) Sitapur to Mehndighat (vide I-ii)	18	2	0
(iii) Sitapur to Lakhimpur (vide I-iii)	10	4	0
Total ..	47	2	0

ROADS—(*concluded*).	Length.		
	Ms.	fr.	ft.
III.—*Second class roads, unmetalled partially bridged and drained.*			
(i) Sitapur to Mallanpur	41	0	0
(ii) Sitapur to Gola	14	5	0
(iii) Sitapur to Dadhnamaughat and Hardoi	19	5	0
(iv) Khairabad to Bargadiaghat (vide I-x)	16	0	0
(v) Khairabad to Laharpur	5	4	0
(vi) Biswan to Lakhimpur (vide I-x)	22	4	0
(vii) Lakhimpur to Bahraich	10	0	0
(viii) Lakhimpur to Lucknow	2	0	0
(ix) Mahmudabad to Tambaur	33	0	0
(x) Mahmudabad to Lucknow	2	0	0
(xi) Mahmudabad to Bilehra	6	4	0
(xii) Misrikh to Rajghat (vide I-xi)	6	2	0
(xiii) Misrikh to Jalalpur	17	2	0
(xiv) Bari to Chandra	39	0	6
(xv) Chandra to Pihani	10	0	0
(xvi) Maholi, Chandra, Biswan and Gopamau	11	0	0
(xvii) Maholi, Baragaon, Hargam and Laharpur	17	4	0
(xviii) Wazir Nagar to Mahsunian	8	0	0
(xix) Manwan to Sandila	4	0	0
(xx) Ataria to Magraura..	6	0	0
(xxi) Mahmudabad and junction road	0	4	0
Total ..	292	2	0
IV.—*Sixth class roads, cleared onny.*			
(i) Sitapur to Bazar Baragaon	15	0	0
(ii) Biswan to Bansura and Chandpur	28	0	0
(iii) Aurangabad to Bhanpur	3	4	0
(iv) Misrikh to Ant	2	0	0
(v) Bari to Kachura	3	4	0
Total ..	52	0	0
Grand total ..	549	7	350

Statement showing ferries under District Board on the 31st December 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Ferry.	River.	Management.	Income.
					Rs.
Biswan	Tambour ..	Chandi Daheli ..	Chauka 1st class ..	District Board ..	4,600
	D'tto ..	Zalimpur ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	1,300
	Kundri North ..	Gowari ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	1,100
	Tambour ..	Dahai ..	Dahawar 1st class ..	Ditto ..	575
	Kundri North ..	Bairagipur ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	200
	Ditto ..	Chandwapur ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	550
	Diito ..	Domatha ..	Dahawar 2nd class	Ditto ..	18
	..	Sherpur ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	6
Sidhauli	Sadarpur ..	Bansura ..	Chauka 1st class ..	Ditto ..	1,275
	Ditto ..	Jairampur ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	375
	Kundri South ..	Gobar	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	1,325
	Manwan ..	Khanipur ..	Gomti 2nd class ..	Ditto ..	225
	Ditto ..	Ramghat ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	55
	Kundri South ..	Chandaul ..	Chauka 1st Class ..	Ditto ..	2,150

List of Post Offices in the Sitapur District

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Name of Post Office.	Class.	Managements whether Imperial or district's.	Remarks.
Sitapur.	Khairabad ..	Sitapur ..	2nd class ..	Imperial	Head post-office, Sitapur.
	Ditto ..	Sitapur city ..	Sub-office ..	Do.	Do.
	Ditto ..	Sitapur old town	Branch office ..	Do.	Do.
	Ditto ..	Khairabad ..	Sub-office ..	Do.	Do.
	Hargam ..	Hargam ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Laharpur ..	Laharpur ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Ditto ..	Nabinagar ..	Branch office ..	Do.	Do.
	Kamalpur ..	Kasmanda ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
Biswan.	Kundri (North)	Mallanpur ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Ditto ..	Thanagaon ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Tambour ..	Tambour ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Ditto ..	B.hti Pakauri ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Biswan ..	Biswan ..	Sub-office ..	Do.	Do.
	Ditto ..	Kotra ..	Branch office ..	Do.	Do.
	Ditto ..	Maharajnagar ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
Sidhauli.	Pirnagar ..	Kamalpur ..	Sub-office ..	Do.	Do.
	Mahmudabad ..	Mahmudabad ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Ditto ..	Paintepur ..	Branch office ..	Do.	Do.
	Sardarpur ..	Bansra ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do
	Ditto ..	Sardarpur ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Kundri (South)	Rampur Mathura	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Bari ..	Bhandia ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Bari ..	Sidhauli ..	Sub-office ..	Do.	Do.
	Bari ..	Gangaganj ..	Branch office ..	Do.	Do.
Misrikh.	Maholi ..	Maholi ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Ditto ..	Pisawan ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.

List of Post Offices in the Sitapur district.—(concluded).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Name of Post Office.	Class.	Managements whether Imperial or districts.	Remarks.
Misrikh.	Misrikh ..	Misrikh ..	Sub-office ..	Imperial	Head post-office, Sitapur.
	Ditto ..	Kutubnagar ..	Branch office..	Do.	Do.
	Aurangabad ..	Aurangabad ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Ditto ..	Nimsar ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.
	Machhrehta ..	Machhrehta ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do
	Gundla Mao ..	Mahsoi ..	Ditto ..	Do.	Do.

List of Markets in the Sitapur district.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of market.	Market days.
Sitapur.	Khairabad	Cantoment ..	Sadar Bazar ..	Every day.
	Do.	Thompsonganj ..	Thompsonganj ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Khairabad ..	Bari Bazar ..	Every day.
	Do.	Wazirganj ..	Raniganj ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Ramganj ..	Rakabganj ..	Ditto.
	Do	Ditto ..	Katra ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Unsia ..	Unsia ..	Monday and Thursday.
	Do.	Rakhauna ..	Rakhauna ..	Tuesday and Sunday.
	Do.	Narsohi ..	Shahmaholi ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Saraiyan ..	Saraiyan ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Kasraila ..	Deoria ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Sitapur ..	Bamhaura ..	Bamhaura ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Neri Kalan ..	Neri ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Amilia Sultanpur	Amilia ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Arbania Grant ..	Kateli ..	Tuesday and Friday.
	Do.	Kamulia ..	Kamulia ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Kachnar ..	Kachnar ..	Thursday and Sunday.
	Do.	Saraura ..	Saraura ..	Saturday.
	Do.	Kusmha ..	Kusmha ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Parai Raipur ..	Parai Raipur ..	Wednesday.
	Ram Kot	Ram Kot ..	Ram Kot ..	Thursday and Monday.
	Laharpur	Akbarpur ..	Akbarpur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Tanda Kalan ..	Tanda ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Dhakhera ..	Kedar Tanda ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Mandrasan ..	Mandrasan ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Angrasi ..	Sheikhwapur ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Pahladpur ..	Bargadia ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Parsendi ..	Parsendi ..	Monday and Fridy.
	Do.	Raipurganj ..	Ganeshganj ..	Tuesday and Friday,
	Do.	Rorapur ..	Rorapur ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Talgaon ..	Husanganj ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Rajaypur ..	Rajaypur ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Sultanpur ..	Sultanpur ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Kakrahi ..	Karraia ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Jitamau ..	Jitamau ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Shahqulipur ..	Mungrahia ..	Tuesday.
	Do.	Sherpur ..	Paharpur ..	Wednesday.
	Do.	Daryapur ..	Daryapur ..	Monday and Thursday.
	Do.	Katiara ...	Katiara ..	Tuesday and Friday.
	Do.	Kishunpur ..	Kishunpur ..	Wednesday.
	Do.	Ramnagar ..	Manwan ..	Wednesday and Saturday
	Do.	Andeshnagar ..	Munawarki Bazar	Sunday and Wednesday.

List of Markets in the Sitapur district—(concluded).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of markets.	Market days.
Sitapur.—(*concluded*).	Laharpur	Mohruia Kalan ..	Mohruia Kalan ..	Monday,
	Do.	Agarpur ..	Agarpur ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Makanpur ..	Makanpur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Karseora ..	Karseora ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Pahladpur ..	Gurkhet ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Hargam	Tirpatpur ..	Narpatpur ..	Tuesday and Friday.
	Do.	Gurdhapa ..	Gurdhapa ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Jahangirabad ..	Ganj Mahewa ..	Daily.
	Do.	Jilaipur ..	Jilaipur ..	Sunday.
	Do.	Pipra Ghori ..	Pipra Ghori ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Bajehra ..	Seoraha ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Haidarpur ..	Colonelganj ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Selumao ..	Selumao ..	Monday and Thursday.
	Do.	Mumtazpur ..	Mumtazpur ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Keonti Kalan ..	Keonti Kalan ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Sarai ..	Sarai Pithu ..	Monday and Thursday.
	Do.	Mahampur ..	Mahampur ..	Tuesday and Friday.
	Do.	Dodwara ..	Dodwara ..	Ditto.
Piswan.	Biswan	Biswan ..	Rai Ganj ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Ditto ..	Qila Darwaza ..	Tuesday and Wednesday.
	Do.	Ulra ..	Ulra ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Manpur ..	Manpur ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Sarai ..	Sarai ..	Ditto
	Do.	Maharajnagar ..	Maharajnagar ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Shahpur ..	Lohsara ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Jalalpur ..	Mirzaganj ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Madarganj included in Marsanda.	Madarganj ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Jalalpur ..	Mianganj ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Ditto ..	Aliganj ..	Saturday and Tuesday.
	Do.	Jahangirabad ..	Jahangirabad ..	Wesnesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Bhitaura ..	Bhitaura ..	Saturday and Tuesday.
	Do.	Sanda ..	Sanda ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Ahmadabad ..	Ahmadabad ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
	Do.	Ramrapur ..	Ramrapur ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Dhaukalganj ..	Dhaukalganj ..	Saturday and Wednesday.

List of Markets in the Sitapur district—(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of market.	Market days.
Biswan.	Biswan	Bambhaura ..	Bambhaura ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Basedi ..	Basedi ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Maharajnagar ..	Ghaznipur ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Ahrauri ..	Ahrauri ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Pipra Khurd ..	Harria ..	Ditto.
	Kundri North.	Seota ..	Seota ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Mallanpur ..	Mallanpur ..	Monday and Wednesday
	Do.	Hariharpur ..	Kusmaura ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
	Do.	Airapur ..	Sipauli ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Itauri ..	Itauri ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Ranipur Gundwa	Ranipur ..	Ditto
	Do.	Sipauli ..	Sipauli ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Kursa ..	Kursa ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Bamhniawan ..	Bamhniawan ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Ditto ..	Ditto cattle	Monday and Saturday.
	Do.	Khanpur ..	Khanpur ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Ajaipur ..	Ajaipur ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Bhadewan ..	Bhadewan ..	Monday and Thursday.
	Do.	Thangaon ..	Thangaon ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Anantgaon ..	Anantgaon ..	Wednesday and Thursday.
	Do.	Jagdespur Hazaria.	Jagdespur ..	Tuesday and Friday.
	Do.	Hataura ..	Hataura ..	Ditto.
	Tambour	Tambour ..	Tambour ..	Sunday and Wednesday
	Do.	Sakran ..	Sakran ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Bhadphar ..	Bhadphar ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Musiana ..	Musiana ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Ahrauri Samaria	Maraucha ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Shahpur ..	Shahpur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Behta ..	Behta ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Phulpur Gyan ..	Phulpur Gyan ..	Monday and Thursday.
	Do.	Hazratpur ..	Hazratpur ..	Ditto
	Do.	Mandila ..	Mandila ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Bhawanipur ..	Bhawanipur ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Khairi ..	Khairi ..	Tuesday and Friday.
	Do.	Dumahi ..	Raghubarganj ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Rihar ..	Rihar ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Samaulia ..	Samaulia ..	Ditto.
Sidhauli.	Sadarpur	Bilauli Naukari..	Bilauli ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Bansura ..	Bansura ..	Sunday and Thursday.

List of Markets in the Sitapur district—(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of market.	Market days.
Sidhauli.	Sadarpur.	Rasulabad ..	Rasulabad ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
	Do.	Intia ..	Intia ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Bangawan ..	Bangawan ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Chandpur ..	Chandpur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Sadrpur ..	Sadrpur ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Bakhawan ..	Bakhawan ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Kundri South.	Rampur ..	Rampur ..	Monday and Thursday.
	Do.	Kudaura ..	Kudaura ..	Sunday and Tuesday.
	Do.	Bahadurganj ..	Bahadurganj ..	Sunday and Tuesday.
	Do.	Pararamnagar ..	Pararamnagar ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Baryarpur ..	Chakdaha included in Baryarpur.	Sunday and Wednesday.
	Mahmudabad.	Mahmudabad ..	Mahmudabad ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Bilauli Bazar ..	Bilauli ..	Monday and Thursday.
	Do.	Mohamadpur ..	Harharpur ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Niamatpur Laharha.	Niamatpur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Murshidabad ..	Murshidabad ..	Tuesday and Thursday.
	Do.	Saraiyan ..	Patti ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Bhitaura ..	Bhitaura ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Painteypur ..	Painteypur ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do	Rasulpur ..	Rasulpur ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
	Manwan.	Manwan ..	Manwan ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Ataria ..	Ataria ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Kunwarpur ..	Gangaganj ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Akbarpur Rewan	Akbarpur ..	Monday and Friday.
	Sidhauli.	Bari ..	Bari ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Sarauli ..	Sarauli ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Kasmanda ..	Kasmanda ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Mirzapur ..	Mirzapur ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Sidhauli ..	Sidhauli ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Uncha Khera ..	Uncha Khera ..	Tuesday and Sunday.
	Do.	Rampur Kalan ..	Rampur ..	Wednesday and Sunday.
	Do.	Bhundia ..	Bhundia ..	Thursday and Sunday
	Do.	Sita Rasoi ..	Sita Rasoi ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Mangraura ..	Kamar Garhi ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Behman ..	Behman ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Kabra ..	Kabra ..	Tuesday and Saturday.

List of Markets in the Sitapur district—(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of market.	Market days.
Sidhauli—(concld.).	Pirnagar	Bithauli ..	Bithauli ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Kamalpur ..	Kamalpur ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Jairampur ..	Jairampur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Sadarpur	Bansura ..	Bansura ..	Sunday and Thurday.
	Do.	Intea ..	Intea ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Chandpur ..	Chandpur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Bakhawan ..	Bakhawan ..	Sunday and Thursday.
Misrikh.	Misrikh	Misrikh ..	Misrikh ..	Tuesday and Friday.
	Do.	Qutbnagar ..	Qutbnagar ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Bihat Gour ..	Bihat Gour ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Ant ..	Ant ..	Monday and Thursday.
	Do.	Arthana ..	Arthana ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Pata Bojh ..	Pata Bojh ...	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Islamnagar ..	Islamnagar ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Wazirnagar ..	Wazirnagar ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Bachwal ..	Bachwal ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
	Aurangabad.	Nimkhar ..	Nimkhar ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Aurangabad ..	Aurangabad ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Machhrehta.	Machhrehta ..	Machhrehta ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Dingra ..	Dingra ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
	Do.	Mirzapur ..	Mirzapur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Bihat Bairam ..	Bihat Bairam ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Bhitaura ..	Bhitaura ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Bania Mao ..	Bania Mao ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Rola Mao ..	Rola Mao ..	Ditto.
	Karauna	Korauna ..	Korauna ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Mohkamganj ..	Mohkamganj ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Chandra	Pisawan ..	Pisawan ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Kherwa ..	Kherwa ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Pipri Shodipur ..	Pipri Shodipur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Munda Kalan ..	Munda Kalan ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Neri ..	Neri ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Gursanda ..	Gursanda ..	Ditto.
	Gundlamao.	Kamalpur ..	Kamalpur ..	Monday and Friday.
	Do.	Gundla Mao ..	Gundla Mao ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Kursi ..	Kursi ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Moholi..	Moholi ..	Moholi ..	Sunday and Wednesday.

List of Markets in the Sitapur district—(concluded).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of market.	Market days.
Misrikh—(concld.).	Moholi..	Ghorka Tara ..	Ghorka Tara ..	Tuesday and Friday.
	Do.	Selapur ..	Selapur ..	Ditto.
	Do.	Bara Gaon ..	Bara Gaon ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Do.	Urdauli ..	Urdauli ..	Monday and Thursday.
	Do.	Bandanpur included in Akbarpur.	Akbarpur ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Do.	Mahsunia ..	Mahsunia ..	Tuesday and Friday.
	Do.	Katia Ghazipur..	Katia ..	Ditto.

List of Fairs in the Sitapur district.

Tahil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date.	Approximate attendance.
Sitapur.	Sitapur	Torinpur ..	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Sudi 10th	4,500
	Do.	Raipur ..	Dhanushjag ..	Last Aghan ..	4,500
	Do.	Jar ..	Bamaria Pir ..	Two last Sundays of Jeth and two first of Asarh.	3,000
	Do.	Hatia ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	300
	Do.	Padarkha ..	Lalta Debi ..	Every Amawas ..	1,500
	Do.	Khagasiamau	Jalbihar ..	Bhadon Sudi 12th	1,000
	Do.	Bamhaura ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	1,000
	Do.	Amilia ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	1,000
	Do.	Basaiti ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	1,000
	Do.	Nawada ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	1,000
	Do.	Rojha ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	1,000
	Do.	Gaddipur ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	800
	Do.	Sitapur ..	Kanslila ..	Bhadon Badi 10th	2,000
	Khairabad.	Khairabad ..	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Sudi 10th	3,000
	Do.	Ditto ..	Jalbihar ..	Bhadon Sudi 12th	3,000
	Do.	Ditto ..	Gurparb ..	Kunwar Badi 12th	2,000
	Do.	Kasimpur ..	Nazar Ali Shah	Magh Sudi 5th ..	1,000
	Do.	Khairabad ..	Khairabad fair	January ..	20,000
	Do.	Kasraila ..	Kanslila ..	Bhadon Sudi 12th	1,500
	Do.	Umri ..	Mazar Umar Khan.	Jeth ..	500
	Do.	Daselia ..	Takia ..	Jeth Badi 1st ..	1,400
	Ram Kot.	Ram Kot ..	Dhanushjag ..	Last Aghan ..	5,000
	Do.	Raseora ..	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Sudi 1st	2,000
	Laharpur.	Nabinagar ..	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan Sudi 1st..	2,000
	Do.	Akbarpur ..	Suraj Kund ..	Every Sunday of Sawan and Bhadon and Salono.	1,000
	Do.	Tahpur ..	Jangli Nath ..	Sawan Puranmashi and Sheoratri.	3,000
	Do.	Parsendi ..	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Sudi 10th	5,000
	Do.	Udnapur ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	1,000
	Do.	Ambar Sarai ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	1,000
	Do.	Ibrahimpur ..	Dhanushjag ..	Last Aghan ..	500
	Do.	Lalpur ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	500
	Do.	Jita Mau ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	500
	Do.	Sadipur ..	Gauri Shankar Mahadeo.	Salono and Sheoratri.	4,000
	Do.	Laharpur ..	Moharram ..	In the month of Moharram.	15,000
	Do.	Lachhannagar	Id ..	On the date of Id	2,000
	Do.	Shahqulipur ..	Urs Maja Shah Kalandar.	May ..	100
	Do.	Nawa gaon Behti.	Shordpurno ..	Kunwar Sudi puranmashi.	1,000

List of Fairs in the Sitapur district—(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date.	Approximate attendance.
Sitapur.—(concld.).	Hargam	Rampur Barwa	Kartiki ..	Kartik Purunmashi.	100,000
	Do.	Alawalpur ..	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan Sudi 5th..	2,000
	Do.	Pachehra ..	Ditto ..	Aghan Sudi 11th	2,500
Biswan.	Biswan	Ulra ..	Ditto ..	Aghan Sudi Parewa to Astami.	3,000
	Do.	Teola ..	Balapir ..	First Sunday in Jeth.	4,000
	Do.	Kundasa ..	Nand Piryag ..	Kartik Purunmashi	200
	Do.	Sanda ..	Mela Dargah ..	Id-ul fitr ..	1,000
	Do.	Mandarwa ..	Burhan baba..	Middle of Jeth ..	1,500
	Do.	Belwa Basaiha	Dhanushjag ..	Pus 1st ..	1,500
	Do.	Sukhawan ..	Bhagat baba ..	First Sunday in Jeth Sudi.	2 000
	Do.	Hasnapur ..	Ram Kunar ..	Kartik Purunmashi	2,000
	Do.	Amarnagar ..	Mansa Ram .	Purunmashi ..	1,000
	Do.	Maharajnagar	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Sudi 10th	5,000
	Do.	Katra ..	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan Sudi 1-8th	700
	Do.	Saraiyan Kalan	Ditto ..	Pus ..	2,000
	Do.	Deotapur ..	Mahadeo ..	Sheoratri ..	1,000
	Do.	Jalalpur ..	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Sudi 10th	1,000
	Tambour	Ahmadabad ..	Saiyed Burhan Uddin.	First Sunday in Jeth.	1,000
	Do.	Guraila ..	Mandwa ..	From the end of Aghan to the end of Pus.	1,000
	Do.	Tambour ..	Danushjag ..	Aghan badi 1-8th	9,000
	Kundri North	Mallanpur ..	Do. ..	Aghan Sudi 1-8th	1,000
	Do.	Seota ..	Saiyed Marief..	Basant Panchmi	400
	Do.	Do. ..	Sonasar Debi..	Every full moon	500
Sidhauli.	Bari ..	Khairundeshnagar.	Sheo asthan Ram Kond.	Jeth and Kartik Purunmashi.	1,500
	Do.	Kaima ..	Gangeshwar Nath.	Every Monday of Sawan.	1,000
	Do.	Sunari included in Sita Rasoi.	Mahabir ka Mela.	Aghan Purunmashi.	1,000
	Do.	Ahmadpur Jat	Pir Sahib ..	Baisakh ..	300
	Pirnagar	Bhithouli ..	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan Sudi 6 and 7th.	2,000
	Do.	Kamalpur included in Maholi	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Sudi 1-10th.	6,000
	Do.	Jairampur.	Bansibati ..	Aghan Sudi 2-15th	15,000
	Do.	Moholi ..	Mohothi Ram	Chait Sudi 14 and 15th.	10,000
	Do.	Hasnapur included in Mahoteypur.	Panch Pir ..	First Sunday of Amawas of the beginning of Jeth.	6,000

List of Fairs in the Sitapur district—(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date of fair.	Approximate attendance.
Sidhauli—(*concluded*).	Sadarpur	Bansura ..	Panch Pir ..	First Sunday of Jeth	1,000
	Do.	Ditto ..	Sia Ram ..	Kartik Sudi Purunmashi.	1,500
	Do.	Balalnagar ..	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Sudi 10th	2,000
	Kundri South.	Mathura ..	Malang Shah..	Aghan Badi 9th..	600
	Do.	Rampur ..	Dhanusjag ..	Aghan Sudi 5th	4,000
	Mahmudabad.	Panteypur ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	10,000
	Do.	Ditto ..	Sangat Nanak Shah.	Kartik Sudi 11th	1,000
	Do	Ditto ..	Miyan Mansab Ali.	Shaban 21st ..	2,500
	Do.	Mahmudabad..	Nathu Pir ..	First Sunday of Jeth.	10,000
	Do.	Amilia Manpur.	Mahadeo ..	Every Monday of Sawan.	2,000
	Manwan	Manwan ..	Dasehra ..	Jeth Sudi 10th ..	1,500
	Do.	Ditto ..	Kartik Ashnan	Kartik Purunmashi	1,500
	Do.	Barsapar ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	2,000
	Do.	Dharanagri ..	Dharnag ..	Kartik Purunmashi and in Magh Mauni Amawas.	8,000
	Do.	Kunwarpur ..	Kanslila ..	Aghan Sudi Purunmashi.	1,000
Misrikh.	Misrikh	Misrikh ..	Kartki Asnan	Purunmashi ..	1,200
	Do.	Ditto ..	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Sudi 2nd	2,000
	Do.	Ditto ..	Paikarma ..	Phagun Sudi 11th	150,000
	Do.	Deogawan ..	Ditto ..	Do. 6th..	15,000
	Do.	Mandarwa ..	Ditto ..	Do. 7th..	15,000
	Do,	Marahti ..	Ditto ..	Do 10th..	15,000
	Do.	Qutubnagar ..	Kanslila ..	Kartik Sudi 2nd..	4,000
	Do.	Wazirnagar ..	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan Sudi 2nd..	4,000
	Do.	Islamnagar ..	Ramlila ..	Kartik Badi 6th..	300
	Aurangabad.	Nimkhar ..	Chakr Tirath and Lalta Debi.	Each Amawas and Purunmashi.	40,000
	Do.	Nimkhar ..	Paikarma ..	Phagun Sudi 9th	30,000
	Do.	Bakcherwa ..	Ganga Ashnan	Kartik Purunmashi.	2,000
	Karauna	Korauna ..	Paikarma ..	Phagun Sudi 1st	15,000
	Do.	Jargawan ..	Ditto ..	Do. 8th	15,000
	Do.	Morhia ..	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Sudi 1st	4,000

List of Fairs in the Sitapur district—(conlcuded).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date of fair.	Approximate attendance.
Misrikh.	Karauna	Kalli ..	Kanslila ..	Bhadon Sudi 8th	1,000
	Do.	Kunera ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	1,000
	Gundla Mao.	Chheola Ghat	Ganga Ashnan	Kartik Purunmashi.	1,000
	Do.	Dhakha Ram Ghat.	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	1,000
	Do.	Kurshi ..	Lohara Ghat Kartik Ashnan.	Kartik Sudi Purunmashi.	400
	Do.	Khali Garhi ..	Bhuinyan ..	Aghan Sudi Purunmashi.	600
	Do.	Patti Newada	Panch Pakaria Debi.	Chait Sudi Purunmashi.	(00
	Do.	Para ..	Tapesuri Debi	Chait Sudi 8th ..	300
	Do.	Garhi Kherwa	Gaura ki Bhuinyan.	Asarh Sudi Purunmashi.	500
	Machhrehta.	Machhrehta ..	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Sudi 10th	5,000
	Do.	Dingra ..	Mahasen ka Lila	Asarh Sudi 7th..	3,000
	Do.	Jaleypara ..	Dhanushjag ..	Aghan Sudi 5th..	1,000
	Do.	Sikrara ..	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Purunmashi.	600
	Moholi	Soilapur ..	Silhat ..	Chait and Kunwar Badi 8th.	4,000
	Do.	Bagehan ..	Salono ..	Sawan Purunmashi	500
	Do.	Chamkar ..	Kamaria Debi	Chait and Kunwar Sudi 8th.	500

List of Taluqdars in the Sitapur district.

No.	Name of taluqa.	Name of taluqdar.	Caste.	Pargana in which estate lies.	Village. Whole.	Village. Part.	Revenue. Rs. a. p.
1	Mahmudabad ..	Raja Ali Mohamad Khan ..	Sheikh ..	Mahmudabad, Kundri South, Sadarpur, Hargam, Biswan Tambour, Kundri North, Misrikh and Mahali.	253	49	233,538 15 2
2	Jahangirabad ..	Raja Tasaduq Rasul Khan ..	Do. ..	Mahmudabad	1	2	1,097 8 0
3	Bilehra ..	Raja Abul Hasan Khan ..	Do. ..	Sadarpur, Mahmudabad ..	44	5	38,385 13 9
4	Oel ..	Raja Krishna Datt Singh ..	Chauhan ..	Hargam	1	..	600 0 0
5	Mallanpur ..	Raja Debi Bax Singh ..	Raikwar ..	Biswan, Tambour and Kundri North.	42	11	23,022 0 0
6	Kanwa Khera ..	Nawab Mirza Mohammad Baqar Ali Khan.	Mughal ..	Tambour, Sitapur, Laharpur Khairabad, Maholi, Misrikh, Machhrehta.	51	8	37,547 2 0
7	Saadatnagar ..	Rani Barkatulnisa, Mirza Mushtaq Ahmad, Musammat Abadi Begam.	Do. ..	Chandra, Misrikh, Machhrehta, Aurangabad.	23	17	22,312 2 8
8	Mahewa ..	Raja Indar Bahadur Singh ..	Chauhan ..	Tambour	1	..	85 0 0

List of Taluqdars in the Sitapur district—(continued).

No.	Name of taluqa.	Name of taluqdar.	Caste.	Pargana in which estate lies.	Village. Whole.	Village. Part.	Revenue. Rs.	a.	p.
9	Rampur Mathura under C. W.	Thakur Sheopal Singh ..	Raikwar ..	Biswan, Tambour, Kundri North, Buri, Kundri South and Sadarpur.	38	5	39,517	14	8
10	Katesar ..	Rani Pirthi Pal Kunwar ..	Gour ..	Tambour, Biswan, Kundri North, Sitapur, Laharpur and Hargam.	108	7	98,2[illegible]0	3	4
11	Khajhurara ..	Thakur Shankar Bax Singh ..	Do. ..	Tambour	6	1	5,972	0	0
12	Aurangabad ..	Mirza Ahmad Mirza Beg ..	Mughal ..	Aurangabad, Misrikh and Machhrehta.	31	4	32,390	0	0
13	Bhatwa Mao ..	Mohammad Sardar Husain Khan.	Sheikh ..	Sadarpur, Mahmudabad ..	6	6	5,438	5	4
14	Saraura ..	Thakur Harihar Bax Singh ..	Panwar ..	Bari, Manwan, Gondlamau ..	31	3	34,790	2	0
15	Akbarpur ..	Thakur Nawab Ali Khan ..	Gaur Musalman	Biswan, Tambour, Sadarpur and Hargam.	37	2	33,265	4	0
16	Basaidih ..	Thakur Suraj Bax Singh, Thakur Sripal Singh, Thakur Ram Singh.	Bais ..	Bari, Pirnagar, Sadarpur, Khairabad, Sitapur, Hargam, Laharpur, Biswan, Tambour, Kundri North, Chandra, Kurauna, Gundla Mao, Machhrehta, Misrikh and Maholi.	93	204	113,869	14	8

List of Taluqdars in the Sitapur district—(continued).

No.	Name of taluqa.	Name of taluqdar.	Caste.	Pargana in which estate lies.	Village. Whole.	Village. Part.	Revenue. Rs. a. p.
17	Nilgaon ..	Thakur Lalta Bax Singh ..	Panwar ..	Sitapur, Bari, Manwan and Maholi.	23	3	27,843 15 0
18	Kanhmau ..	Thakur Raghuraj Singh ..	Bais ..	Bari, Pinagar, Biswan, Maholi and Machhrehta.	24	19	21,892 14 1
19	Kutubnagar ..	Mirza Mohammad Ahmad Shah, Saiyid Azam Shah, Saiyid Aulad Ali.	Said ..	Misrikh	2	..	1 270 0 0
20	Jalalpur ..	Said Iltafat Rasul ..	Said.. ..	Tambour	5	..	1,926 0 0
21	Muizuddinpur ..	Raja Swami Dayal and Seth Jai Dayal.	Khattri ..	Biswan, Tambour, Hargam, Laharpur, Bari, Sadarpur, Mahmudabad, Maholi and Gondla Mau.	34	26	39,638 0 0
22	Rampur Kalan ..	Thakur Shankar Bax Singh, Thakur Bishambar Nath, Thakur Ganga Bax, Thakurain Ram Kali.	Kayasth ..	Biswan, Khairabad, Bari Sadarpur, Mahmudabad, Maholi Chandra.	24	26	22 047 1 3

List of Taluqdars in the Sitapur district—(concluded).

No.	Name of taluqa.	Name of taluqdar.	Caste.	Pargana in which estate lies.	Village. Whole.	Village. Part.	Revenue. Rs. a. p.
23	Mubarakpur ..	Chaudhari Kanhya Lal, Chaudhari Radha Kishun, Chaudhari Jamna Parshad, Chaudhari Bishun Dayal, Chaudhari Maharaj Singh.	Kayasth ..	Khairabad, Laharpur ..	7	1	4,186 12 0
24	Sawaijpur ..	Rani Khem Kunwar ..	Som Bansi ..	Tambour	10	..	7,713 0 0
25	Gopa Mau ..	Mohamad Abdul Samad, Mohamad Kamil, Mohamad Akil, Mohamad Fazil.	Sheikh ..	Chandra	1	..	450 0 0
26	Baragaon ..	Mirza Faiz Husain Beg ..	Mughal ..	Maholi	7	..	8,126 0 0
27	Bisendi ..	Lala Birj Behari Lal, Mathura Parshad, Parag Narayan.	Khattri ..	Biswan, Kundri North, Bari, Maholi, Misrikh Kurauna.	6	22	9,228 0 0
28	Ramkot ..	Thakur Lalji Singh, Thakur Baldeo Bax Singh.	Janwar ..	Ramkota, Khairabad, Misrikh, Maholi, Aurangabad and Machhrehta.	23	8	18,134 0 0
29	Mahewa ..	Molvi Imran Ahmad ..	Sheikh ..	Maholi..	..	1	328 0 0
30	Jar Saadatnagar	Thakur Durga Bax ..	Gaur ..	Sitapur, Misrikh	13	5	7,849 13 8
31	Thangaon ..	Babu Chandar Bhan Singh ..	Bais ..	Kundri North, Kundri South..	18	..	10,255 0 0

HARDOI.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XLI

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

ALLAHABAD:

Printed by W. C. Abel, Offg. Supdt., Government Press, United Provinces.

1915.

CORRECTION SLIP.

Hardoi Gazetteer, Volume A, page 31—In the second line, *for* "Kharif food crop" *read* "Rabi food crop."

CONTENTS.

NOTES ON CHAPTER I.

General Features.

Area.

There has been a noticeable increase of 1,847 acres, or nearly 3 square miles in the area of the district since 1903. The increase is chiefly due to alluvion in pargana Kachandau of tahsil Bilgram, in consequence of a steady alteration in the course of the Ganges pressing farther south on the Farrukhabad border.

Fever.

The heaviest mortality from fever was in 1908, amounting to 64,821, or more than double the average of an ordinary year up to 1906. This epidemic outbreak of fever in 1908 was shared in common with nearly all other districts of the provinces, and is ascribed to the general heavy rainfall early in May of that year. The same year was, unusually, remarkable for severe epidemics of small-pox and cholera also, and the mortality from all causes was the highest on record, amounting to 80,343. Since then the annual average of deaths from fever has remained above 30,000.

Cholera.

The high record of 1901, with 5,822 deaths, was again beaten in 1911, with 6,587 deaths. The alternate years 1906, 1908, and 1910 were also bad.

Small-pox.

There is a curious periodicity in the recurrence of the epidemics of cholera and small-pox in their exceptional severity, more noticeable in the case of small-pox than cholera, which expert investigation may show to be not altogether fortuitous. After a comparative immunity of the five years ending in 1906, there were serious epidemics of small-pox in the two successive years of 1907 (with 2,022 deaths) and 1908 (with 3,132 deaths). This is again succeeded by a comparative lull to the present day (1912).

Plague.

that the epidemic recurred only in a sporadic manner up to the season ending 30th June 1909. In the next season (1909-10) too it was not particularly strong, with 1,111 seizures and 966 deaths. But the mortality in the following season of 1910-11 reached the terrific roll of 11,111 deaths, breaking all previous records. The first outbreak in each season usually occurred in Mallawan police circle, bordering on the Unao district. Prompt evacuation is now fully appreciated to be the best preventive measure, and is readily resorted to. Inoculation was introduced in 1908, and an Assistant Surgeon on inoculation duty was posted to the district for a couple of months; but, though after several years' experience the attitude of people is no longer hostile, its popularity, as a preventive measure, largely resorted to in the beginning, has been steadily on the wane.

NOTES ON CHAPTER II.

AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

CULTIVATED AREA.

There has been a steady expansion of cultivation in the last decade. The total area under the plough is now 1,012,279 acres, or 41,560 acres more than in 1903, Shahabad tahsil contributing more than one-third of the increase, and Hardoi following with one quarter of the total excess. All parganas have developed more or less.

OPIUM.

Opium cultivation has considerably declined since 1315-1316 Fasli, till it is not half of what it was in 1309 Fasli. In Sandila tahsil, the area under poppy has dropped to a quarter of what it was in 1309 Fasli, in Hardoi to one-third, and in Bilgram to one-half. In Shahabad tahsil alone the decline has not been so marked.

KHARIF CROPS.

A new kharif crop, in popular demand as a dry fruit, named *moongphali*, has been introduced in this district since about 1318 Fasli. In 1320 Fasli, 136 acres were sown with this crop in Sandila tahsil, four acres in Bilgram tahsil, and only one acre in Shahabad. The produce is exported to Cawnpore at 7 to 8 rupees per maund.

FAMINE.

After recovery from the famine of 1896, there followed nearly 10 years of continued prosperity broken only slightly in 1905 by local calamities. Early in January 1905, there was some damage to the rabi from frost, necessitating a remission of Rs. 1,80,135 of the revenue, and in the kharif following there was a further remission of Rs. 1,195, on account of a deficiency of the rainfall. But a dry September in 1907 was again the harbinger of a widespread famine, outlasting all its predecessors in duration. A sum of Rs. 4,00,687 was promptly distributed as takavi for seeds and kachcha wells, to help the rabi sowings. The kharif also had largely suffered from drought, and Rs. 4,55,620 were suspended out of the kharif demand, of which Rs. 4,16,347 were subsequently remitted. By the beginning of November acute distress became visible in pitiable sights of

starving and destitute persons wandering about in search of food or lying exhausted on the roadside. The first poorhouse was opened on 4th November 1907 and three more followed in the course of the month. Test work was started on 2nd December 1907. On 1st January 1908 the number on the Test Work rose to 1,000. Four more Test works were started, and drew large numbers. Scarcity was declared on 1st January, and Famine on 18th February 1908. The number of persons obtaining relief reached the maximum on 21st March 1908, when there were 11,783 workers and 7,066 dependants on the works, 15,208 on gratuitous relief and 97 in poorhouses, total 34,154. By 11th April, the numbers fell off to 6,902 workers and 2,863 dependants: total 9,765. Three poorhouses were closed about the beginning of May, but the fourth was not closed till 24th August, and 10,598 persons received valedictory doles up to 12th September 1908. Rupees 83,303 out of the rabi demand, including cesses, were suspended, and Rs. 1,15,842 were advanced for kharif seeds. Relief operations were finally closed on 22nd September 1908.

There were ten relief works executed by the Public Works Department, consisting of six tanks, two drainage channels, one road, and one railway, the line from Balamau to Sitapur. The total number of persons relieved on these works was 794,645 workers and 348,672 dependants, or 1,143,317; the cost, excluding staff and contingencies, was Rs. 60,902, or 10·2 pies per head, or roughly 20 units to a rupee. There were, in addition, 41 Civil Works at a cost of Rs. 36,097, and 72 Aided Works, for which Rs. 39,939 were advanced. The total cost of Gratuitous relief was Rs. 1,23,547, and its incidence per unit was 11·5 pies. The poorhouses cost Rs. 6,812, giving an incidence of 4 annas 4 pies, per unit; but this cost included Rs. 2,260 spent on the construction of the poorhouses. As many as 77,686 persons were also relieved at a total cost of Rs. 6,039 on private relief works organized by the talukdars, of whom mention may be made of Raja Rukmangad Singh of Katiari, who spent Rs. 3,858, and Thakur Maharaj Singh of Hathaora, who spent Rs. 1,197 on their Private Relief Organizations.

There was also the inevitable scarcity of fodder, due to two short rabi and one bad kharif season. The total number of

cattle reported to have died is given as 47,500 and the number sold as 38,500. These figures are possibly exaggerated, but the scarcity of fodder was not less real than that of food. A sum of of Rs. 1,136 was spent on imports from grass farms for the relief of cattle.

VILLAGE BANKS.

There have been vast developments in the Co-operative Credit Societies since 1904. The towns of Hardoi, Bilgram, and Sandila, which had originally participated in the Co-operative scheme with a small Village Bank each, are now the head quarters of Central Urban Banks, financing and controlling a rapidly growing number of Co-operative Village Banks, and trade and industrial associations. In Hardoi, *the District Co-operative Bank, Limited,* was started in 1907-8, with a Board of Directors consisting of three of the leading talukdars, leading members of the local bar, and others, with the Depty Commissioner as the Chairman. It has a share capital of Rs. 14,200, and on 30th June 1912, the fixed deposits amounted to Rs. 83,850, the working capital to Rs. 1,03,732, and the reserve fund to Rs. 3,300, and the bank was in a position to declare a net profit of Rs. 2,850 and allow a dividend of 8⅛ per cent. to the shareholders. There are 58 societies working under it, of which 53 are rural agricultural societies, and 5 Urban Credit Banks on the Co-operative system, consisting of (1) Bazar Traders' Society, (2) Petty Traders' Society, and societies of (3) Weavers, (4) Kunjaras (fruit sellers) and (5) Butchers. These societies have a working capital of Rs. 81,623, and a reserve fund of Rs. 3,558. In 1912, the advances from the District Bank to these societies amounted to Rs. 1,22,238, and the loans issued by the societies to their members, to Rs. 1,29,345, and the net profits of the societies were Rs. 2,215. The Bank pays interest on fixed deposits at 4½, 6, and 7 per cent, and charges interest on loans at 12 per cent. to the societies who, in their turn, charge 15 per cent to the members. The repayments are prompt and full. Arrangements are also made by the Bank, in co-operation with the Agricultural Department, for keeping a store of improved ploughs and other agricultural implements, and supplying a better class of seeds to the members.

The Central Co-operative Bank, Bilgram, has 22 societies under it with 862 members, including an Urban Butchers' Co-operative Bank at Bilgram. It has a share capital of Rs. 3,050, a working capital of Rs. 25,884, and a reserve fund of Rs. 800. Fixed deposits amount to Rs. 13,406 and loans issued by the bank to Rs. 34,856. The income from interest on loans in 1912 was Rs. 2,347 to the Bank, which charges 12 per cent. to the societies who, in their turn, charging 15 per cent. to the members, made a clear profit of Rs. 288.

At *Sandila*, there are a *Co-operative Urban Bank, Limited*, a *Co-operative Weavers' Society*, and a *Co-operative Stores, Limited.* The last two are, in fact, offshoots of the Urban Bank, started since 1908-9 and 1911-12 respectively, and are financed by it. The *Co-operative Weavers Society* has 154 members, a share capital of Rs. 840, and a working capital of Rs. 11,746. The *Co-operative Stores, Limited*, has 98 members, a share capital of Rs. 7,665, and a working capital of Rs. 14,776. The *Sandila Co-operative Urban Bank, Limited*, has 78 rural and 7 urban societies, working directly under its control. The latter comprise a Traders', a Butchers', a Manihars' (glass bangle makers'), a Pedlars', and three Weavers' Societies. The Bank has a working capital of Rs. 1,41,194 and a reserve fund of Rs. 3,500. Loans are given to the societies working under it generally at 12 per cent., to the traders' society at 10 per cent. and to the Co-operative Weavers' Society and Cooperative Stores, Limited, at 8 per cent. In 1912 the fixed deposits amounted to Rs. 46,260, the loans issued to societies amounted to Rs. 1,88,370, interest received to Rs. 11,184, and a net profit of Rs. 3,722 was declared. The 85 societies working directly under the control of the Urban Bank have 3,060 members, a share capital of Rs. 12,118, deposits amounting to Rs. 2,552, and a working capital of Rs. 1,39,189. The societies had advanced Rs. 1,46,268 for agricultural and other purposes and Rs. 42,619 for trade purposes in 1912, and instalments due, amounting to Rs. 1,26,319, were realised in full.

The co-operative movement is now firmly established. It has outlived the opposition of the money-lender, and outgrown the original tentative scheme of purely agricultural banks with unlimited mutual liability. The principles of co-operation are more

generally understood and fully appreciated; and a rapidly increasing number of agiculturists, artizans, and petty traders is joining the movement, with growing confidence in the financial stability and the advantages of the system.

MANUFACTURES.

There are hardly any new additions to the meagre list of industries and manufactures of the district. The outturn of the Sandila weaving school now includes carpets, and silk pieces on the line of Kashi silk. The Bilgram carpenters are now producing good imitations of office furniture, municipal carts, and lanterns. They also make carved jewellery boxes with ingenuous puzzle locks. Carved doors and lintels are now made at Madhoganj also in fairly neat patterns. The iron locks and iron safes made in Durgaganj are becoming known for their combination of strength with ingenuity.

FACTORIES.

The indigo factories have all ceased working. Of the two saltpetre works at Hardoi, the one belonging to Lala Lalta Prasad still exists, but it dees not afford employment now to more than 20 operatives. The *Oudh Ginning and Pressing Mills Company*, which has got its premises near the railway station at Hardoi, is now the only large factory. Besides ginning and pressing cotton, it also works as a flour mill and ice factory. It uses steam power, and works by shifts and mid-day stoppages, with Sundays observed as holiday. The average daily number of operatives employed is 19 males, 27 females, and no children. The factory is owned chiefly by the members of the local bar, as shareholders and direc. tors. The outturn is very variable as the work is often stopped, for months together. According to the latest Directors' report the outturn of ginning and pressing brought in a value of Rs. 44,875; and an income of Rs. 5,000 was made from the sale of ice and flour and other job work. There are two small concerns of very recent origin at Sandila, started by Saiyid Iltifat Rasul, talukdar,—the Saunders' Sugar Factory, manufacturing sugar on the *Hadi* system, and the Lovett Flour Mills, called respectively after the Commissioners Mr. A. L. Saunders, C. S. I., and Mr. H. V. Lovett, C.S.I. The former employs 10 men, and the annual outturn is 350 maunds, value Rs. 2,138; the

latter employs 14 men, and the annual outturn is 7,592 maunds, value Rs. 2,114. There is also a sugar factory on the *Hadi* system at Bilgram, but it is still in its infancy.

MARKETS.

Next to the municipal market near the railway station at Hardoi, the market near the railway station, Baghaoli, has now risen into importance as a centre of grain exports, and the intermediate railway stations of Karna and Masit have also, within the last two years, attracted the notice of the wholesale merchants of Hardoi, as likely markets.

FAIRS.

Hardoi Cattle Fair and Exhibition.

There has been an important addition to the list of fairs, namely the Hardoi Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition and Cattle Fair, usually held in the month of February. It started with the small beginning of a flower show, lasting for a day organized by Mr. Hope, the Deputy Commissioner, in 1904. The show was revived by Mr. Turner on a lage scale in 1907, as an agricultural and industrial exhibition.

In 1910, Mr. Way added a horse and cattle fair to supply the local demand for agricultural stock. It has now expanded into an annual exhibition week and a horse and cattle fair similar to the Imperial Fairs at Aligarh, Nauchandi (Meerut) and Makanpur (Cawnpore) though still on a smaller scale. The dates are arranged so as to fall between the Makanpur fair and Aligarh cattle show, with a few days to spare at either end, for the convenience of the horse and cattle dealers and general merchants attending from all parts of the province, and even from outside. With the assistance of the department of Land Records and Agriculture, a special court has been opened for the benefit of the agriculturists. The programme includes ploughing, weaving, and other competitions, magic lantern lectures on agriculture, a conference of the Co-operative Credit Societies, and a police conference, varied with the usual flower show, wrestling matches, school and police sports, congress of poets, and bioscope and other shows of the amusement court. Apart from its instructive utility to the agriculture and local industries, the institution is undoubtedly fulfilling a real demand for agricultural stock. There were Rs. 1,70,525 worth cattle sold in the exhibition of 1912,

and the sale proceeds rose to Rs. 2,09,032 in the following year, exclusive of the price of horses sold, which also amounted to Rs. 15,206, bringing up the total sales of horses and cattle to a round sum of 2¼ lakhs of rupees. The average attendance cannot be accurately stated, but an estimate of 70,000 will not err on the side of exaggeration. The number of cattle brought for sale was 9,268, and number of horses 171 in the last Exhibition.

The cost of the Exhibition is met from contributions from the district and municipal boards and notified areas, amounting to Rs. 2,120, and private subscriptions; and the Government also grants a subsidy annually for awarding special prizes. To make the institution self-supporting in due course, a beginning has been made by charging moderate rents from shop-keepers, and a small entrance fee of 6 pies per head of cattle brought for sale.

RAILWAYS.

The station at Samoda is no longer called by that name. Its present name is Lonahra, derived from a village about 4 miles distant. The project for direct connection of Sandi with Hardoi was abandoned in favour of continuing the Balamau branch line from Madhoganj on to Sandi, a distance of 17 miles, passing through Bilgram and Durgaganj as intermediate stations. There is now another line, under construction, from Unao to Madhoganj, connecting the latter thereby more directly with the Cawnpore trade centre, and a project to carry the Sandi line on from Sandi to Farrukhabad. In another direction, the Balaman-Sitapur branch, commenced as a famine project in 1908, was rapidly completed, and has been open to traffic since 1909.

NOTES ON CHAPTER III.

THE PEOPLE.

CENSUS OF 1911.

The first six years after the census of 1901 were years of uninterrupted prosperity and low death-rates, excepting a short epidemic of fever in 1903. The two following years of 1907 and 1908 were, however, unexceptionally unhealthy. Vitality was at its lowest on account of the famine, and small-pox, cholera, and plague, all had their turns, culminating in an extraordinarily high mortality from fever in 1908, which had never before reached so high as 65,000 in the experience of the present generation. The death-rate of the next year, 1909, was also high, because recovery from the weakening effects of the inroads on health from all directions in two successive years, must necessarily be slow. Lastly, in 1911, the havoc played by the plague was the highest on record for this district. But, notwithstanding these disasters of the later years, the recovery in the first six years of the decade was so great that, at the enumeration of 1911, the total, population rose to 1,121,248, against 1,092,834, in 1901 and 1,113,211 in 1891. Bilgram and Sandila tahsils remained practically stationary, the decrease of 694 shown by the former, and of 1,369 shown by the latter, being due to the exodus on account of the plague, which raged in these tahsils at the time of census. In Hardoi and Shahabad the plague had run its course and people had returned to their homes. Tahsil Hardoi showed an increase of 19,541, and Shahabad of 10,936. These tahsils are comparatively more salubrious and less susceptible to the ravages of malaria, which played such havoc in 1908, than tahsils Sandila and Bilgram, with their large tracts of jungle.

RELIGIONS.

The proselytizing activity of the Arya Samaj has been apparently keeping pace with that of the Christian missions. Both the Christian and the Arya populations are now nearly double of their number at the census of 1901. The Aryas number 1,260 against 666 in 1901, and the Christians 1,111 against 513 in 1901.

CHRISTIANITY.

The mission work was commenced here in 1869 as an outstation of Lucknow. It is now under the charge of an Indian

Mission Superintendent, the Reverend S. B. Finch, and Mrs. L. S. Parker, a Missionary, who are assisted by twelve ordained and twenty unordained preachers. Besides fourteen small schools in the district, there are two Anglo-Vernacular Middle Schools for Christian boys and girls in the head quarters town of Hardoi. All Europeans and a few native Christians in the town belong to State, Presbyterian, and Roman Catholic churches, visited now and then by their respective chaplains. But the Evangelistic work is done only by the Methodistic Episcopal Church Mission Society which owns a church and a school building in Hardoi, and other petty houses scattered over the district, built at a total cost of Rs. 52,000. A small Anglican Church was built in 1889, in which the Divine Services are held by visiting chaplains from Bareilly and Shahjahanpur.

KATIARI.

Rani Satrupa Kunwar, died in 1905, and has been succeeded by the present owner, Raja Rukmangad Singh, son of Kunwar Sumer Singh, a cousin of the late Raja Kalka Singh. The estate has been augmented by the purchase of nine villages in pargana Sandi from Raja Partab Bahadur Singh of Qila Partabgarh. The Raja is the head of the Chhatri community in this district and the president of the local Chhattri Sabha which owns a fine building at Hardoi, named Edward Memorial Chhattri Boarding House, towards the cost of which the Raja contributed the munificient sum of Rs. 20,000. The poorhouse at Hardoi was also re-built entirely at the cost of the Raja. The personal title of Raja was conferred on him on 26th June 1908.

BHARAWAN.

This estate is now in possession of Rani Deo Kunwar, the widow of the late Raja Madho Singh.

ATWA-NASIRPUR.

Thakur Maharaj Singh died in November 1912, leaving two widows, and a minor son, 8 years old, Thakur Shyama Kunwar Singh, who has succeeded to the Estate under the guardianship of his mother, Thakurain Abhiraj Kunwar, the younger widow, while the other widow receives an allowance.

KHAJURAHRA.

This estate has again come under superintendence of the Court of Wards, on account of indebtedness, since 1912.

SIWAIJPUR.

Karan Singh died in 1907, leaving a widow, Rani Khem Kunwar. The estate is, however, divided equally between her and Karan Singh's mother.

PARTABGARH.

Nine villages in pargana Sandi, belonging to this estate, have been purchased by the Raja of Katiari. The property now comprises eight whole villages and one mahal.

SARAWAN.

The title of Raja has been conferred upon Kunwar Durga Prasad this year, in recognition of his good services as the non-official chairman of the Sandila Municipal Board, the administration of which under him has been a record of progress and tactful management. The Raja is an Honorary Magistrate of first class powers for life, and a member of the Bench of Honorary Munsifs at Sandila. He takes a keen interest in all the affairs of the town, and the local Anglo-Vernacular School has greatly prospered under his management.

CHAUDHURI NASRAT ALI.

The notable career of Chaudhuri Nasrat Ali has been marred by his conviction for perjury in 1910. The title of Khan Bahadur conferred on him has been withdrawn.

GOPAMAU.

Muhammad Kamil is dead, and his share has been inherited by his minor sons, Muhammad Adil, Muhammad Amil, and Muhammad Qabil. Both his shares and the share of the third brother, Muhammad Fazil, have been sold. This family is now represented on the list of talukdars by Muhammad Abdus Samad alone.

BASITNAGAR.

The title of Nawab was again officially recognized and converted into a hereditary title in 1907. The Nawab is an Honorary Magistrate, with powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

NOTES ON CHAPTER IV.

Revenue and Administration.

District Staff.

The Session's Judge of Hardoi no longer exercises jurisdiction over the Unao district. The benches in the municipalities of Hardoi and Sandila now exercise second class powers; and since 1910 there is a bench in the notified area of Sandi. Outside the municipality, Raja Durga Prasad of Sarawan now exercises first class powers within police circles Sandila and Ghausganj, and Saiyid Iltifat Rasul, powers of a Magistrate of second class within police circles Atrauli, Beniganj, and Ghausganj. Both these talukdars and Mir Muhsin Ali in the notified area of Pihani are Honorary Magistrates for life. The other Honorary Magistrates have powers limited to a term of 5 years. They are Saiyid Ali Bahadur, Khan Bahadur, exercising first-class powers within police circle Bilgram, Saiyid Muhammad Jawwad, with second-class powers within police circles Bilgram, Harpalpur and Mallawan, Nawab Muhammad Abdul Karim Khan, with second-class powers within police circle Shahabad, and Thakur Nirmal Singh, Pandit Ratan Lal Thulal, Lala Kedar Nath and Shaikh Nazir Husain, with third-class powers respectively. The two last-named Magistrates form a bench at Gopamau.

Civil Courts.

There are now four Munsifs, one for each of the four sub-divi sions of the district. The two Munsifs of Hardoi and Sandila are both stationed at Hardoi. Chaudhuri Muhammad Jan is no longer an Honorary Munsif. In his place Saiyid Iltifat Rasul exercises jurisdiction as an Honorary Munsif in tahsil and pargana Sandila, and there are benches of Honorary Munsifs at Hardoi, Sandi and Sandila. Saiyid Ali Bahadur, Khan Bahadur, of Bilgram, and M. Abdul Wadud of Sandila are also Honorary Assistant Collectors under the Oudh Rent Act, with first and second-class powers respectively.

Cesses.

The patwari rate was abolished by G. O. no. 1095/I—398-1906, dated the 31st March 1906.

Police Stations.

The 15 police circles have remained the same as before;

but Harpalpur police station has now got an outpost at Arwal, with one sub-inspector and 3 constables; and there are reporting outposts at Hardoi and Railwayganj in the Hardoi police circle, at Sardarganj and Jumma Masjid in the town of Shahabad, and at Pehani, Sandila, and Sandi, under a head constable and a variable number of constables.

Folice Force.

Increase of 72 road and 53 village chaukidars was sanctioned in G. O. nos. 539 and 542, dated the 13th May 1906, and in 1909 there was a reorganization of the police force, under which the total strength of the regular police was raised from 424 to 577, the number of armed police from 122 to 135, and the civil reserve from 79 to 91. There are now two visiting inspectors instead of one, and a Deputy Superintendent is also posted to the district to assist the Superintendent. The municipal police force has been provincialized and merged into the regular force. Bilgram and Madhoganj notified areas, however, have still a force of three dafadars and 28 men, and the towns of Pali and Mallawan, one dafadar and nine men, and two dafadars and 18 men respectively.

Excise.

The contract system was introduced in 1909, and Messrs. Carew and Company of the Rosa Factory of Shahjahanpur, have now the monopoly of supplying country liquor at the fixed price of Re. 1 per gallon. Bonded warehouses were established at Hardoi, Shahabad, and Sandila, and one Excise Inspector for each tahsil was appointed in the same year. The Excise Inspector at Bilgram has only peripatetic duties to perform, while the remaining three have to make issues from the bonded warehouses on two fixed dates in the week, and are required to tour about in their circles on "off" days. Issue of liquor at L. P. strength was abolished from 1st April 1908, and the strength at which the liquor may now be issued has been fixed at 25° and 50° U. P. At the same time, the duty on liquor was raised from Rs. 1-14-0 per gallon to Rs. 2-4-0 per gallon in rural tracts, and from Rs. 2-4-0 to Rs. 3 per gallon in the town. A further enhancement is in contemplation, in view of the increased consumption. The total receipts from all sources now amount to over 2 lakhs of rupees, spirits, drugs, and opium, all contributing to the increase.

OPIUM.

The price at which Government opium is sold to the public was raised from Rs. 17 to Rs. 20 per seer, from 1st April 1900. The number of shops licensed for the sale of opium has been reduced to 13.

DRUGS.

The duty on charas has been raised from Rs. 8 to Rs. 12 per seer, since 1st April 1912.

REGISTRATION.

There is no registration office at Pihani now, so that, beside the four registration offices at tahsili head quarters, there is only one more registration office, that at Sandi. Unao still continues to be under the District Registrar of Hardoi; but with the establishment of a separate judgeship at Unao, this will no doubt be altered.

MUNICIPALITIES—*Notified Areas.*

Madhoganj was converted into a notified area fron 1st April 1907 and Bilgram from 1st April 1911. Thus there are now three municipalities of Hardoi, Shahabad, and Sandila, and four notified areas of Bilgram, Madhoganj, Sandi, and Pihani. Sandila is the only municipality now which derives its income from octroi, but proposals have already been submitted to the Government for replacing octroi here also, with a tax on circumstances and property and other minor taxes. All the municipalities, except Shahabad, have non-official chairmen. Raja Durga Prasad is the chairman of the Sandila municipality, and Babu Bijay Kumar Dutta, M.A., a member of the local bar, is the chairman of the Hardoi Municipal Board. All the three municipalities have paid secretaries to supervise the routine details of the administration. The Tahsildar of Bilgram is the President of the Notified Areas of Bilgram and Sandi, and the sub-divisional officers of tahsils Bilgram and Shahabad are Presidents of Madhoganj and Pihani Notified Areas respectively. The Committee, in each case, consists of two members and the president.

ACT XX TOWNS.

Of the towns administrated under Act XX of 1856, there are now only two: Pali and Mallawan. The latter was a municipality up to August 1890, and, before the mutiny of 1857, the

head quarters of the district. It is six miles from Madhoganj, on the metalled road, and, in 1907, the choice lay between Madhoganj and Mallawan for conversion into a notified area. Madhoganj, as an important centre of grain trade, and with a railway line recently constructed to connect it with the main line of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway at Balamau, was eventually preferred. A new railway line from Unao to Madhoganj is shortly to be constructed, with a station near Mallawan, which may revive its importance. It is more truly urban than Madhoganj in its buildings, roads, and avenues, its occupations, and indigenous metal and other industries. The income derived from house tax is Rs. 2,600 per annum, or more than the income from taxes in Madhoganj or Pihani notified areas already, and there is the nazul of Bajiganj within its limits, for a further addition to its income, if brought under the same management. Pali is a town of greater antiquity but of secondary importance, with an annual income of Rs. 1,030 only.

SCHOOLS.

There was an Anglo-Vernacular School at Bilgram also, which was converted to a Vernacular Middle School in 1903. Thus the number of Middle Schools now is eight, and a ninth school at Pali has been added since 1913. In 1907 the Hardoi Municipal Middle School and six Municipal Primary Schools were transferred to the control of the District Board, and two new Lower Primary Schools were opened at Hardoi and Gopamau; the number of Primary Schools receiving grants-in-aid also rose from 71 to 85, and the system of a capitation grant of 2 annas per girl added to the roll of boys' schools had been introduced in 1906, The result was that in the three years 1906-7 to 1908-9, there was a large increase in the number of scholars, male and female, and in the number of Primary Schools. The capitation grant was reduced to 8 annas per five girls, and finally abolished in 1908, resulting naturally in a noticeable set-back; but the figures did not go back to as low as they stood in 1904 and 1905. At the end of March 1912 the number of Primary Schools was 231, with 8,695 boys and 961 girls. The number of girls' schools was 31, of which seven are managed by municipalities, eight by the Board, and 16 receive grants-in-aid. Five of the Town Schools have

training classes attached to them, and the inspecting staff has been strengthened by the addition of one more Sub-Deputy Inspector. There is also a Model Girls' School at Hardoi, with a training class attached, under direct management by the department.

DISPENSARIES.

A new dispensary at Pihani has been added since 1st February 1910, and a veterinary dispensary was built at Hardoi in 1905. The board employs two veterinary assistants, one of whom is in charge of the dispensary, and the other on peripatetic duty. The average number of animals treated annually at the dispensary is 1,296. A horse stallion is kept for breeding purposes, and the number of mares covered annually averages 70. From July 1911 a travelling dispensary has also been attached to the district, to extend the distribution of quinine and medical aid to the villagers at their homes. The Civil Surgeon has now got two Assistants, one stationed at Hardoi and another stationed at the Sandila dispensary.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE DIRECTORY.

ARSENI, *pargana* AND *tahsil* SANDILA.

A railway station on the Balamau-Sitapur branch, midway between Balamau and Beniganj

ARWAL, *pargana* KATIARI, *tahsil* BILGRAM.

An outpost of police station Harpalpur, with one sub-inspector and three constables, is located at Arwal since 1909, and a Government building is being erected for it.

ATWA, *pargana* MALLAWAN, *tahsil* BILGRAM.

This village is usually designated Atwa Kursat, to distinguish it from other villages of the same name. It is a railway station between Balamau and Madhoganj on the Balamau-Sandi line.

BENIGANJ, *pargana* AND *tahsil* SANDILA.

There is now a railway station at Beniganj, on the Balamau-Sitapur branch of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

BILGRAM, *pargana* AND *tahsil* BILGRAM.

This town is administered since 1st April 1911 as a notified area, under a committee, with the tahsildar as *ex officio* president, and Saiyid Ali Bahadur, Khan Bahadur, and Saiyid Muhammad Jawwad, Honorary Magistrates, as members. The Upper Primary School in the old fort was made a Middle School in 1903, and a separate school has been built for the primary classes. There is also a Lower Primary Aided Girls' School. A railway station, not far from the town, connects it with Madhoganj on the one side and Sandi on the other. The Central Co-operative Bank of Bilgram, and a sugar factory on the Hadi system, and an annual Ram Lila fair, under a local committee formed by the Syed *raises* of the town, with an estimated attendance of 10,000, are the latest institutions at Bilgram that have sprung up under the untiring energy of Saiyid Ali Bahadur, Khan Bahadur, a retired Deputy Collector. The latest addition to the list of famous men produced by the small town of Bilgram is Syed Husain Bilgrami, whose literary attainments and eminent services in the Hyderabad State raised him to a seat in the India Council, from which he has lately returned to serve his old State again as an assistant to the young minister of the Nizam.

DURGAGANJ, *pargana* AND *tahsil* BILGRAM.

There is a railway station named after this village, between Bilgram and Sandi. The station is at the distance of a mile and a half from the village itself. The place has a local reputation for iron safes and ingenuous iron locks manufactured here. An Upper Primary Boys' School is the only public institution here.

MADHOGANJ, *pargana* MALLAWAN, *tahsil* BILGRAM.

Madhoganj is administered as a notified area since 1st April 1907. As an important centre of grain and cotton trade it has been lately attracting much attention. The Balamau-Sandi branch of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway owes its existence to the importance of this town. Another line from Unao to Madhoganj is under construction, to give it a more direct connection with the Cawnpore trade centre. The Allahabad Bank has established a branch here since last year.

SANDI, *pargana* SANDI, *tahsil* BILGRAM.

Sandi is now the terminus station of the Balamau-Sandi branch line. A bench of Honorary Magistrates and another of Honorary Munsifs, and a Girls' School are recent additions to the institutions of the town.

Gazetteer of Hardoi.

APPENDIX.

TABLE I.—*Population by tahsils* 1911.

Tahsil.	Distribution by religion.														Number of literate persons.					
	Hindu, Brahmanic.		Hindu Arya.		Hindu Brahmo.		Jain.		Sikh.		Muhammadan.		Christian.		0—15.		15-20.		20 and over.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Hardoi ..	152,039	125,365	258	177	2	2	4	..	14	11	12,673	10,616	257	281	1,032	236	989	142	5,563	496
Shahabad ..	122,769	102,060	300	265	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,666	17,020	205	184	1,075	89	954	52	5,095	295
Bilgram ..	145,505	120,423	146	114	..	..	5	7	18	13	14,233	12,631	89	70	1,135	94	874	56	5,462	258
Sandila ..	124,925	106,150	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	12	17,734	15,967	12	13	678	59	652	34	4,604	191
Total ..	545,238	453,998	704	556	2	2	9	7	45	36	63,306	56,234	563	548	3,920	478	3,469	284	20,724	1,240

TABLE II.—*Population by thanas*, 1911.

No.	Name of thana.	Population.			Hindus.			Muhammadans.			Others.		
		Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Hardoi	92,614	51,115	41,499	84,489	46,767	37,922	7,435	4,194	3,241	690	354	336
2	Tandiaon.. ..	65,581	35,366	30,215	57,862	31,368	26,494	7,697	3,984	3,713	22	14	8
3	Pihani	86,405	46,272	40,133	73,181	39,381	33,800	13,127	6,841	6,286	97	50	47
4	Shahabad ..	86,966	46,874	40,092	68,430	37,227	31,203	17,939	9,333	8,606	597	314	283
5	Pali	85,026	46,757	38,269	79,644	43,855	35,789	5,152	2,777	2,375	230	125	105
6	Behta Gokul ..	58,222	32,156	26,066	54,918	30,354	24,564	3,067	1,666	1,401	237	136	101
7	Bilgram	66,786	36,510	30,276	58,051	31,939	26,112	8,627	4,516	4,111	108	55	53
8	Sandi	66,653	36,438	30,215	61,583	33,731	27,852	4,992	2,657	2,335	78	50	28
9	Mallawan ..	93,927	50,925	43,002	83,624	45,519	38,105	10,207	5,357	4,850	96	49	47
10	Harpalpur ..	81,561	44,832	36,729	77,879	42,781	35,098	3,454	1,925	1,529	228	126	102
11	Sandila	69,603	37,166	32,437	53,802	29,089	24,713	15,776	8,065	7,711	25	12	13
12	Beniganj.. ..	65,813	35,890	29,923	60,988	33,202	27,786	4,812	2,682	2,130	13	6	7
13	Ghausganj ..	61,928	33,153	28,775	54,730	29,312	25,418	7,192	3,837	3,355	6	4	2
14	Atrauli	72,331	39,080	33,251	66,437	35,922	30,515	5,888	3,155	2,733	6	3	3
15	Baghauli ..	67,832	37,333	30,499	63,618	34,991	28,627	4,175	2,317	1,858	39	25	14
	Total ..	1,121,248	609,867	511,381	9,99,236	545,238	453,998	119,540	63,306	56,234	2,472	1,323	1,149

TABLE III.—*Vital Statistics.*

Year.	Births.				Deaths.			
	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1901 ..	56,037	29,003	27,034	51·28	42,280	21,835	20,445	38·69
1902 ..	59,636	30,779	28,857	54·57	35,640	18,393	17,247	32·61
1903 ..	60,857	31,326	29,531	55·69	49,400	25,666	23,734	45·17
1904 ..	57,989	29,766	28,223	53·06	37,302	18,811	18,491	34·13
1905 ..	52,727	26,997	25,730	18·25	39,025	20,016	19,009	35·71
1906 ..	55,301	28,584	26,717	50·60	38,387	19,508	18,879	35·13
1907 ..	59,598	30,972	28,626	54·53	51,110	26,017	25,093	46·77
1908 ..	44,090	22,988	21,102	40·34	80,343	40,211	40,132	73·52
1909 ..	35,111	18,201	16,910	30·20	51,956	26,262	25,694	47·54
1910 ..	51,523	26,606	24,917	47·15	42,435	22,438	19,997	38·92
1911 ..	56,219	29,188	27,031	51·44	62,379	32,008	30,371	57·08
1912 ..								
1913 ..								
1914 ..								
1915 ..								
1916 ..								
1917 ..								
1918 ..								
1919 ..								
1920 ..								
1921 ..								

TABLE IV.—*Deaths according to cause.*

Year.	Total deaths from—					
	All causes.	Plague.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever.	Bowel complaints.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901 ..	42,280	..	5,822	14	29,205	218
1902 ..	35,640	6	22	129	28,099	146
1903 ..	49,400	194	6	712	35,482	244
1904 ..	37,302	1,573	..	156	28,341	111
1905 ..	39,025	2,741	698	57	28,660	149
1906 ..	38,387	1,881	1,004	346	27,972	120
1907 ..	51,110	4,327	43	2,022	33,049	129
1908 ..	80,343	345	2,987	3,132	64,821	130
1909 ..	51,956	478	39	30	46,441	140
1910 ..	42,435	2,770	1,062	12	31,580	188
1911 ..	62,379	10,437	6,507	121	36,490	..
1912 ..						
1913 ..						
1914 ..						
1915 ..						
1916 ..						
1917 ..						
1918 ..						
1919 ..						
1920 ..						
1921 ..						

TABLE V.—*Statistics of cultivation and irrigation*, 1319 *Fasli*.

Pargana and Tahsil.	Tota area.	Waste.	Culturable.	Cultivated. Irrigated. Total.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources including tanks.	Dry.	Total.	Double cropped.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Acres.	Acres	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Bangar	91,540	9,050	19,379	5,861	2,926	..	2,935	57,250	63,111	8,053
Bawan	43,979	3,402	5,003	2,843	1,396	..	1,447	32,731	35,574	1,962
Gopamau	210,115	21,402	43,402	9,972	5,640	..	4,332	135,339	145,311	9,467
Sara South	27,306	2,926	7,096	1,915	713	..	1,202	15,369	17,284	1,116
Barwan	33,501	2,686	9,349	2,871	682	..	2,189	18,595	21,466	948
Total Hardoi ..	406,441	39,466	84,229	23,462	11,357	..	12,105	259,284	282,746	21,546
Bilgram	88,008	16,458	15,149	5,309	2,523	..	2,786	51,092	56,401	9,341
Sandi	106,506	13,040	15,040	4,026	2,298	..	2,728	74,400	78,426	17,072
Katiari	63,476	9,289	8,862	1,848	1,429	..	419	43,477	45,325	10,383
Kachandau	32,793	6,492	5,957	744	485	..	259	19,600	20,344	5,421
Mallawan	91,639	1,2799	17,661	11,590	7,759	..	3,831	49,589	61,179	8,146
Total Tahsil Bilgram ..	382,422	58,078	62,669	23,517	14,494	..	9,023	238,158	261,675	50,363
Shahabad	82,804	5,949	15,570	6,018	4,949	..	1,069	55,267	61,285	4,920
Pachhoha	57,936	2,968	7,029	2,400	1,750	..	650	45,539	47,939	2,054
Pali	46,576	2,766	11,421	1,966	1,495	..	471	30,423	32,389	1,371
Siromannagar	22,683	2,039	5,468	2,134	668	..	1,466	13,042	15,176	1,372
Panderwa	51,361	4,187	9,803	2,219	1,575	..	644	35,152	37,371	3,843
Sara North	30,633	2,363	6,290	1,984	1,410	..	574	19,996	21,980	1,408

TABLE V.—*Statistics of cultivation and irrigation*, 1319 *Fasli*—(concluded).

Pargana and Tahsil.	Total area.	Waste.	Culturable.	Ciutivated.						Double cropped.
				Irrigated.				Dry.	Total.	
				Total.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources including tanks.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Alamnagar	37,855	2,496	12,722	2,044	1,525	..	519	20,593	22,637	1,319
Mansurnagar	16,704	1,880	5,354	1,700	1,050	..	650	7,770	9,470	568
Total, Tahsil Shahabad ..	346,552	24,648	73,057	20,465	14,422	..	6,043	227,782	248,247	16,855
Balamau	15,585	1,421	1,777	1,047	318	..	729	11,340	12,387	1,346
Sandila	211,014	49,506	42,488	21,016	7,591	..	13,425	98,004	119,020	18,831
Kalianmal	40,492	4,538	8,599	2,986	1,364	..	1,622	24,369	27,355	2,690
Gondwa	90,219	11,145	18,225	2,730	1,364	..	1,366	58,119	60,849	6,297
Total, Tahsil Sandila ..	357,310	66,610	71,089	27,779	10,637	..	17,142	191,832	219,611	29,164
Total, District ..	1,492,725	188,802	291,644	95,223	50,910	..	44,313	917,056	1,012,279	117,928

TABLE VI.—*Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Hardoi.*

Year.	Rabi.							Kharif.						
	Total.	Wheat.	Wheat and Gram.	Wheat and Barley.	Barley.	Gram.	Opium.	Total.	Bajra.	Juar.	Urd and Mung.	Rice.	Sugar-cane.	Maize.
Fasli.														
1308 ..	*	..	..	..	..	..	..	148,216	51,250	19,268	21,129	23,823	..	..
1309 ..	154,733	55,199	7,605	24,663	22,150	28,159	3,388	144,907	47,208	19,982	25,407	23,453	5,438	5,757
1310 ..	157,133	63,756	6,027	25,549	24,294	23,089	3,009	142,396	47,185	21,640	28,307	33,239	1,583	5,532
1311 ..	169,944	70,634	6,167	27,124	28,237	20,120	2,944	138,742	54,943	27,087	25,757	11,608	2,286	2,778
1312 ..	166,108	72,326	4,659	25,970	26,721	21,510	2,340	145,118	42,854	24,479	30,574	21,621	2,933	5,385
1313 ..	150,444	5,533	10,239	21,276	25,696	26,369	2,414	106,261	47,507	29,050	23,396	28,682	5,355	8,181
1314 ..	165,213	57,653	11,272	22,076	25,848	30,466	2,022	165,402	46,244	25,868	22,238	30,231	11,341	6,257
1315 ..	89,588	16,710	2,817	14,637	33,937	2,287	1,769	170,322	56,023	29,351	16,748	24,744	7,924	7,091
1316 ..	112,748	25,060	1,004	25,035	50,520	4,161	1,280	168,535	61,658	35,012	14,585	12,394	5,969	8,483
1817 ..	143,569	38,762	2,380	25,904	50,064	14,302	1,101	160,888	62,162	27,554	17,450	18,088	1,941	8,188
1318 ..	152,734	45,601	6,714	23,790	37,097	21,563	1,241	153,305	64,995	22,094	12,702	14,831	1,583	5,893
1319 ..	164,837	55,479	8,807	23,193	33,371	24,942	1,119	138,935	73,016	15,424	20,605	5,465	3,025	1,307

* No figures available on account of settlement operations.

TABLE VI—(continued).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Bilgram.*

Year.	Rabi.							Kharif.						
	Total.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Barley.	Gram.	Opium.	Total.	Bajra.	Juar.	Urd and mung.	Rice.	Sugar-cane.	Maize.
Fasli.														
1308 ..	143,074	45,271	11,790	21,857	12,393	16,302	8,931	150,342	45,988	25,574	1,596	22,344	5,475	31,027
1309 ..	*	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1310 ..	160,249	54,920	13,434	27,184	17,026	12,220	5,950	129,139	41,821	24,615	1,503	16,287	3,626	24.973
1311 ..	192,765	69,936	10,486	30,071	20,784	8,167	7,656	122,919	59,385	27,928	1,247	7,632	2,032	15,391
1312 ..	107,801	71,989	11,783	29,067	17,981	13,873	7,131	118,553	34,540	25,353	2,442	17,530	2,946	20,015
1313 ..	144,201	35,568	21,677	19,975	16,372	11,865	7,397	151,827	46,132	31,364	1,794	23,583	6,018	23,543
1314 ..	183,537	47,774	17,810	26,340	19,144	20,141	6,878	145,974	39,829	27,689	1,078	25,078	7,307	23,271
1315 ..	109,964	16,073	6,189	20,219	28,575	1,539	5,677	157,870	53,654	26,641	1,292	27,670	4,527	20,972
1316 ..	126,150	26,814	3,609	30,570	34,285	3,659	3,507	152,396	50,002	36,245	871	13,647	4,064	24,885
1317 ..	169,689	47,036	7,514	31,717	32,616	12,031	3,484	130,134	52,874	21,653	1,058	15,954	2,729	18,903
1318 ..	194,882	61,267	13,502	29,156	23,656	9,704	3,776	117,244	52,864	18,949	838	8,407	2,574	14,668
1319 ..	198,939	58,941	19,167	25,361	19,775	17,576	3,049	110,149	66,117	11,814	1,225	5,070	5,155	5,979

*No figures available on account of settlement operations.

TABLE VI—(continued).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Shahabad.*

Year.	Rabi.							Kharif.						
	Total.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Barley.	Gram.	Opium.	Total.	Bajra.	Juar.	Urd and mung.	Rice.	Sugar-cane.	Maize.
Fasli. 1308 ..	126,959	48,522	7,224	22,089	16,042	21,743	2,690	125,590	45,209	19,451	11,560	24,884	9,464	1,001
1309 ..	140,421	52,386	8,464	23,806	19,162	23,896	2,522	121,030	41,515	17,078	13,911	25,368	9,660	1,330
1310 ..	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
1311 ..	Under settlement.			..	..	..	..	109,106	46,229	22,251	15,658	6,808	5,871	671
1312 ..	138,867	69,137	4,066	22,385	20,144	13,199	2,213	120,538	40,932	21,137	17,980	18,434	7,670	1,115
1313 ..	134,786	54,622	4,985	22,824	21,949	19,606	2,653	133,569	44,116	27,081	13,342	19,462	9,150	1,773
1314 ..	145,655	56,886	8,348	22,827	21,092	24,203	2,641	135,160	42,946	24,222	12,341	24,149	10,887	1,570
1315 ..	94,300	24,151	5,220	16,779	27,838	4,326	2,710	143,667	51,406	23,512	10,347	26,380	9,643	1,232
1316 ..	115,187	36,415	3,587	23,879	36,557	6,196	2,168	135,041	52,917	33,476	10,051	7,256	8,334	1,438
1317 ..	131,278	40,414	5,684	23,862	36,772	13,065	2,226	132,390	55,090	25,484	10,012	15,272	3,967	1,773
1318 ..	140,453	46,755	9,461	23,681	26,900	18,955	2,391	126,588	61,698	18,644	7,754	11,231	4,899	1,169
1319 ..	145,650	49,069	12,474	22,542	25,296	21,776	1,982	119,014	61,489	15,111	8,774	6,449	8,285	535

* No figures available on account of settlement operations.

TABLE VI—(concluded).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Sandila.*

Year.	Rabi.							Kharif.						
	Total.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Barley.	Gram.	Opium.	Total.	Bajra.	Juar.	Urd and mung.	Rice.	Sugar-cane.	Maize.
308 ..	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	136,918	36,855	14,335	13,809	27,686	854	12,959
309 ..	121,959	31,169	4,488	19,227	8,339	23,718	8,246	132,347	33,079	16,185	16,128	25,616	969	13,563
310 ..	122,849	35,795	3,421	20,981	10,348	18,620	7,466	129,658	29,969	24,995	16,895	22,231	649	15,718
311 ..	132,313	41,146	2,866	25,081	13,675	18,459	7,133	127,238	38,831	17,659	19,083	17,400	617	10,526
312 ..	134,540	44,263	2,403	26,114	13,125	19,387	6,151	128,675	26,136	16,200	18,772	26,427	874	13,430
313 ..	113,747	24,771	4,717	11,639	11,095	25,097	6,825	152,090	30,100	18,906	13,070	33,634	1,646	15,640
314 ..	127,089	31,604	5,004	15,888	12,045	25,670	6,269	148,190	30,809	15,568	9,622	32,680	4,227	16,490
315 ..	64,510	10,246	1,121	10,923	15,076	1,279	5,008	150,271	42,979	17,778	8,647	20,651	2,546	16,200
316 ..	74,411	13,468	319	16,515	30,139	4,311	3,191	148,209	47,273	20,918	7,841	8,507	1,814	19,092
317 ..	103,438	22,986	1,206	19,414	29,666	13,114	3,369	145,852	47,023	19,817	11,344	15,916	629	16,194
318 ..	112,199	27,526	2,576	16,939	21,834	18,305	3,613	138,571	46,577	13,830	9,604	12,474	281	14,145
319 ..	124,231	33,342	3,905	17,461	17,365	80,777	2,603	123,962	59,915	10,564	12,550	7,022	459	6,792

TABLE VII.—*Criminal Justice.*

Year.	Number of persons convicted or bound over in respect of—												Cases under—	
	Offences against public tran-quility (Chapter VIII).	Offences affect-ing life.	Grievous hurt.	Rape.	Cattle theft.	Criminal force and assault.	Theft.	Robbery and dakaiti.	Receiv-ing stolen property.	Criminal trespass.	Bad liveli-hood.	Keeping the peace.	Opium Act.	Excise Act.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1901 ..	79	35	42	..	11	35	192	..	56	117	157	38	7	14
1902 ..	199	18	69	3	6	43	146	1	48	114	80	125	8	12
1903 ..	93	19	53	..	10	24	185	3	50	179	149	313	8	6
1904 ..	79	26	57	..	5	39	145	5	56	176	147	872	7	2
1905 ..	173	24	84	..	16	46	224	8	74	161	119	711	9	4
1906 ..	92	24	67	..	25	69	250	1	65	131	64	448	7	6
1907 ..	112	22	50	..	33	70	298	10	47	146	18	235	6	2
1908 ..	80	16	73	..	..	34	705	5	130	339	193	60	12	4
1909 ..	50	10	60	..	..	15	264	7	92	94	212	137	..	18
1910 ..	38	11	38	2	23	61	170	4	42	121	201	227	3	20
1911 ..	82	10	41	..	..	41	175	4	73	174	67	223	6	7
1912														
1913														
1914														
1915														
1916														
1917														
1918														
1919														
1920														
1921														

TABLE VIII.—*Cognizable crime.*

Year.	Number of cases investigated by police.			Number of persons.		
	Suo motu.	By orders of Magistrate.	Sent up for trial.	Tried.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901 ..	2,247	20	907	1,422	346	1,021
1902 ..	1,934	39	939	1,380	291	1,086
1903 ..	2,036	28	871	1,355	435	920
1904 ..	1,966	53	959	1,413	416	947
1905 ..	2,604	62	1,020	1,695	566	1,129
1906 ..	3,560	..	1,088	1,652	1.157	429
1907 ..	2,041	..	828	1,445	473	972
1908 ..	2,680	43	1,372	2,370	476	1,894
1909 ..	1,552	57	843	1,312	325	987
1910 ..	1,568	199	716	1,078	232	840
1911 ..	1,666	378	557	842	162	680
1912 ..						
1913 ..						
1914 ..						
1915 ..						
1916 ..						
1917 ..						
1918 ..						
1919 ..						
1920 ..						
1921 ..						

TABLE IX.--*Revenue demand at successive settlements.*

Pargana.	Year of settlement.				
	1858.	1866.	1873, revision.	1896.	1901 revision.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.
Bangar ..	51,132	85,990	79,307	1,07,082	1,00,058
Bawan ..	30,520	45,251	43,350	58,886	54,773
Gopamau ..	1,06,618	1,75,445	1,56,119	2,38,293	2,32,901
Sara South ..	22,110	27,507	26,448	29,754	27,831
Barwan ..	18,560	28,435	24,536	22,460	20,199
Shahabad ..	71,527	93,426	88,476	95,836	94,885
l achhoha ..	25,837	46,158	44,284	40,900	40,146
Pali ..	25,197	37,041	33,468	29,192	27,957
Sirommanugar	16,487	22,298	21,911	18,820	18,437
Pindarwa ..	24,310	40,176	40,061	54,056	53,867
Sara North ..	23,683	32,625	30,855	32,783	32,570
Alamnagar ..	12,937	24,517	22,098	28,435	28,251
Mansurnagar ..	8,652	11,128	10,549	13,927	13,457
Balamau ..	18,012	20,408	18,761	24,130	22,930
Sandila ..	1,35,029	1,92,553	1,83,236	2,53,713	2,46,544
Kalyan Mal ..	41,569	46,169	42,003	55,206	54,675
Gundwa ..	97,039	1,05,146	93,064	1,22,817	1,21,092
Bilgram ..	55,677	74,689	73,467	74,927	72,288
Sandi ..	1,03,321	1,27,218	1,18,304	1,06,637	1,04,949
Katiari ..	36,204	58,809	57,022	51,210	50,290
Kachhandao ..	23,082	33,782	27,783	28,489	27,026
Mallawan ..	69,209	1,02,292	95,037	1,20,767	1,16,350
Total ..	10,16,712	14,31,063	13,30,139	16,08,319	15,61,476

TABLE X.—*Present demand for revenue and cesses, 1319 Fasli.*

Pargana and Tahsil.	Where included in *Ain-i-Akbari*.	Revenue.	Cesses.	Total.	Incidence per acre.	
					Cultivated.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Bangar	Bilgram	99,505	10,596	1,10,101	1·57	1·08
Gopamau	Gopamau	2,08,509	25,589	2,34,098	1·43	·99
Sara South	Sara	27,897	3,069	30,966	1·61	1·02
Bawan	Bawan	52,762	6,015	58,777	1·48	1·19
Barwan	Sandi	24,550	2,805	27,355	1·14	·73
Total, tahsil Hardoi ..	..	4,13,225	48,074	4,61,297	1·46	1·01
Alamnagar	Barwar Anjana ..	26,726	3,107	29,833	1·18	·70
Shahabad	Pali	1,05,276	11,117	1,16,393	1·71	1·27
Sara North	Sara	32,564	3,583	36,147	1·48	1·06
Pindarwa	Barwar Anjana ..	51,960	5,691	57,651	1·39	1·01
Pachhoha	Pali	46,286	5,091	51,377	·96	·79
Pali	Pali	38,201	4,153	42,354	1·17	·82
Sirommannagar	Pali Sara	22,057	2,427	24,484	1·45	·97
Mansurnagar	Sara Gopamau ..	13,307	1,480	14,787	1·40	·79
Total, tahsil Shahabad ..	..	3,36,377	36,649	3,73,026	1·35	·97

TABLE X.—*Present demand for revenue and cesses, 1319 Fasli*—(concluded).

Pargana and Tahsil.	Where included in *Ain-i-Akbari.*	Revenue.	Cesses.	Total.	Incidence per acre.	
					Cultivated.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Bilgram	Bilgram	83,050	9,125	92,175	1·47	·94
Sandi	Sandi	1,34,107	15,730	1,49,837	1·70	1·25
Katiari	Sandi, Pali ..	70,693	9,043	79,736	1·55	1·11
Kachandau	Kachandau ..	31,517	3,482	34,999	1·54	·96
Mallawan	Mallawan	1,16,060	12,234	1,28,384	1·89	1·26
Total, tahsil Bilgram ..	..	4,35,427	49,704	4,85,131	1·66	1·13
Sandila	Sandila	2,46,215	26,993	3,73,408	2·07	1·16
Kalyan Mal	Gundwa	54,749	6,021	60,770	2·00	1·35
Gundwa	Do.	1,21,083	13,318	1,34,401	1·98	1·34
Balamau	Sandila	22,944	2,524	25,468	1·85	1·47
Total, tahsil Sandila ..	..	4,45,191	48,856	4,94,047	2·02	1·24
Total for the district ..	..	16,30,218	1,83,283	18,13,501	1·61	1·15

TABLE XI.—*Excise.*

	Receipts from foreign liquors.	Country spirits.		Receipts from Tari and Sendhi.	Drugs.				Opium.			Total receipts.	Total Charges.	Incidence of receipts per 10,000 of population from—			Number of shops for sale of—		
		Receipts.	Consumption in gallons.		Total receipts.	Consumption in maunds of— Ganja.		Charas.		Total receipts.	Consumption.				Liquor including Tari.	Drugs.	Opium.	Country spirit.	Drugs.	Opium.
	2	3	4	5	6	7		8		9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Mds.	s.	Mds.	s.	Rs.	Mds.	s.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
	38	69,104	34,225	2,400	35,788	0	15	96	6	4,239	10	10	1,11,607	1,014	655	327	39	142	101	12
	156	1,03,900	41,455	2,530	40,801	..		119	7	5,021	12	15	1,52,477	496	977	374	46	145	101	16
	512	1,23,687	44,261	2,600	40,923	..		119	37	5,930	14	1	1,73,707	295	1,163	375	98	146	101	17
	376	1,26,885	44,326	3,200	79,076	..		96	32	5,721	13	12	2,15,258	660	1,193	723	52	147	101	18
	528	1,23,205	42,067	3,348	78,631	..		94	38	3,499	13	21	2,09,211	696	1,162	719	32	147	101	20
	365	95,584	28,223	3,150	76,393	..		85	25	3,773	14	13	1,13,305	607	907	699	34	147	101	15
	128	1,07,891	41,327	2,750	72,575	..		81	38	3,738	14	18	1,86,977	424	1,004	664	33	146	101	14
	75	1,01,394	30,684	1,667	54,407	..		44	10	3,437	13	17	1,60,827	1,779	943	498	30	146	101	12
	75	68,402	19,730	2,585	49,062	..		39	19	3,559	16	15	1,37,666	2,707	649	448	32	125	99	11
0	93	77,971	25,029	2,900	59,234	..		53	23	4,081	18	15	1,44,186	6,203	740	542	37	123	99	12
1	107	1,17,227	38,416	3,246	57,389	..		58	31	8,813	16	2	1,86,675	5,687	1,102	525	80	110	98	13
2	168	1,39,864	41,313	3,334	55,334	..		53	6	9,667	16	28	2,08,367	5,703	1,310	506	88	101	98	13
3																				
4																				
5																				
16																				
17																				
18																				
19																				
20																				
21																				
22																				

TABLE XII.—*Stamps.*

Year.	Receipts from— Non-judicial.	Court-fee including copies	All sources.	Total charges.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
1900-1	31,259	1,16,589	1,49,927	1,753
1901-2	34,426	1,23,481	1,60,233	3,823
1902-3	35,544	1,29,733	1,67,522	3,525
1903-4	34,094	1,38,066	1,74,485	4,099
1904-5	33,559	1,39,062	1,74,864	3,845
1905-6	38,170	1,46,430	1,86,932	4,337
1906-7	37,233	1,58,499	1,98,254	3,808
1907-8	45,609	1,33,762	1,81,750	4,664
1908-9	31,588	1,47,255	1,81,258	4,863
1909-10	42,015	1,69,663	2,14,378	5,925
1910-11	38,518	2,03,020	2,44,636	4,177
1911-12	44,367	1,94,342	2,42,092	6,409
1912-13				
1913-14				
1914-15				
1915-16				
1916-17				
1917-18				
1918-19				
1919-20				
1920-21				
1921-22				

TABLE XIII.—*Income-tax.*

Year.	Total receipts.	Collected by companies.		Profits of companies.		Other sources, Part IV.				Total charges.	Objections under Part IV.	
						Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.				
		Asses-sees.	Tax.	Asses-sees.	Tax.	Asses-sees.	Tax.	Asses-sees.	Tax.		Number filed.	Wholly or partly success-ful.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		
1900-1	28,926	..	..	..	..	1,087	16,508	91	8,389	131	410	61
1901-2	28,492	..	..	..	..	1,072	16,333	89	8,055	42	223	42
1902-3	28,916	..	..	..	..	1,081	16,819	91	8,148	130	277	53
1903-4	16,246	..	..	..	..	302	8,100	91	8,145	415	142	30
1904-5	15,967	..	..	..	..	313	8,302	91	7,665	157	165	66
1905-6	15,456	..	..	..	..	320	8,512	82	6,944	49	167	53
1906-7	14,854	..	..	..	..	310	8,134	81	6,721	20	111	31
1907-8	15,437	..	..	..	..	322	8,306	83	7,131	20	120	46
1908-9	16,136	..	..	..	..	332	8,734	82	7,374	..	161	39
1909-10	16,338	..	..	1	42	332	8,730	84	7,323	..	164	59
1910-11	15,813	..	..	..	..	332	8,676	81	6,825	..	144	29
1911-12	16,285	..	..	1	208	322	8,394	83	7,325	55	153	35
1912-13												
1913-14												
1914-15												
1915-16												
1916-17												
1917-18												
1918-19												
1919-20												
1920-21												
1921-22												

TABLE XIV.—*Income-tax by tahsils (Part IV only).*

Year.	Tahsil Hardoi.				Tahsil Shahabad.			
	Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.		Under Rs. 2,000.		Over. Rs. 2,000.	
	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1	2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1900-1 ..	350	5,083	33	3,122	240	3,769	18	1,359
1901-2 ..	340	5,001	31	2,847	242	3,900	14	1,060
1902-3 ..	341	5,084	34	3,099	254	4,238	13	886
1903-4 ..	92	2,252	32	3,073	77	2,236	15	933
1904-5 ..	94	2,437	33	2,801	77	2,154	18	1,266
1905-6 ..	95	2,474	31	2,689	79	2,267	13	907
1906-7 ..	98	2,535	31	2,716	72	1,998	13	848
1907-8 ..	107	2,695	30	3,151	73	1,994	13	796
1908-9 ..	118	2,916	28	3,155	70	1,967	13	862
1909-10 ..	115	2,878	32	3,353	73	2,017	14	893
1910-11 ..	113	2,940	28	3,007	66	1,787	16	967
1911-12 ..	107	2,850	28	3,042	65	1,678	18	1,154
1912-13 ..								
1913-14 ..								
1914-15 ..								
1915-16 ..								
1916-17 ..								
1917-18 ..								
1918-19 ..								
1919-20 ..								
1920-21 ..								
1921-22 ..								

TABLE XIV.—*Income-tax by tahsils (Part IV only)*—(concluded).

Year	Tahsil Sandila.				Tahsil Bilgram.			
	Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.		Under Rs. 2,000		Over Rs. 2,000.	
	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1	2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs
1900-1 ..	245	3,890	20	1,796	246	3,766	20	2,110
1901-2 ..	248	3,851	21	1,836	242	3,581	23	2,312
1902-3 ..	248	3,888	20	1,836	238	3,599	24	2,326
1903-4 ..	66	1,724	21	1,898	67	1,688	23	2,211
1904-5 ..	67	1,814	20	1,701	75	1,897	20	1,897
1905-6 ..	71	1,914	19	1,544	75	1,857	19	1,830
1906-7 ..	71	1,941	19	1,505	69	1,660	18	1,651
1907-8 ..	72	1,971	18	1,444	70	1,643	22	1,640
1908-9 ..	71	2,049	20	1,684	73	1,805	21	1,673
1909-10 ..	76	2,192	18	1,455	68	1,643	20	1,621
1910-11 ..	82	2,235	18	1,327	71	1,714	19	1,523
1911-12 ..	77	2,109	20	1,809	73	1,759	17	1,319
1912-13 ..								
1913-14 ..								
1914-15 ..								
1915-16 ..								
1916-17 ..								
1917-18 ..								
1918-19 ..								
1919-20 ..								
1920-21 ..								
1921-22 ..								

Table XV.—*District Board.*

Year.		Receipts.							Expenditure.									
		Education.	Medical.	Scientific &c.	Miscellaneous.	Civil works.	Pounds.	Ferries.	Total expenditure.	Contributions to provincial funds.	General Administration.	Education.	Medical.	Scientific &c.	Miscellaneous.	Civil works.	Pounds.	Debt.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1900-1	..	7,763	3,552	80	1,660	862	7,379	*2,541	97,466	..	2,142	36,214	12,344	582	72	42,760	2,352	1,000
1901-2	..	8,822	4,791	80	33	1,354	9,750	2,887	96,408	..	2,233	36,791	11,762	611	97	41,705	2,609	600
1902-3	..	9,126	4,422	80	144	1,175	11,379	3,801	1,08,804	..	2,218	40,274	12,480	665	106	49,076	3,385	600
1903-4	..	9,631	4,019	56	173	1,212	10,009	3,498	1,19,962	..	2,274	43,021	12,767	663	39	56,438	4,160	600
1904-5	..	9,702	4,673	104	190	1,548	14,903	3,475	1,19,855	..	2,560	44,455	13,527	733	143	53,811	4,026	600
1905-6	..	9.615	4,728	80	160	1,570	8,723	3,227	1,34 865	..	2,627	50.903	14,170	1,260	267	62,310	2,642	575
1906-7	..	9.563	7,436	117	251	1,768	8,339	3,540	1,49,580	..	3,178	52,855	12,487	1,130	194	75,320	3,090	1,325
1907-8	..	13,382	4,566	80	176	158	9,911	2,118	1,41,909	..	4,376	55.972	12,709	1,871	315	63,422	2,644	600
1908-9	..	13,113	6,142	80	2,544	1,058	8,197	3,533	1,75,605	..	4,222	66,311	16,180	2,425	474	82,180	3,213	600
1909-10	..	13,702	6,605	82	799	1,260	8,499	3,235	1,65,191	..	3,571	62,294	17,657	2,748	790	74,784	2,846	1,001
1910-11	..	10,159	4,684	73	275	1,520	11,092	2,723	1,49,324	..	4,052	56,752	15,565	3,244	218	61,062	2,721	710
1911-12	..	32,282	7,904	388	383	10,341	10,924	2,891	1,52,120	..	4,052	53,896	15,941	2,684	1,636	70,951	3,066	600
1912-13	..																	
1913-14	..																	
1914-15	..																	
1915-16	..																	
1916-17	..																	
1917-18	..																	
1918-19	..																	
1919-20	..																	
1920-21	..																	
1921-22	..																	

*From this year the gross receipts from ferries were for the first time credited to the District Board.

TABLE XVI.—*Municipality of Hardoi.*

Year.	Income.							Expenditure.									
	Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes.	Public safety.	Water supply and drainage.		Conservancy.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Public works.	Public instruction.	Other heads.	Total.
										Capital.	Maintenance.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1900-1 ..	..	1,361	6,759	582	..	7,994	16,696	1,079	2,409	827	247	4,472	976	3,032	789	2,442	16,273
1901-2 ..	..	1,424	7,065	2,400	..	5,746	16,635	1,617	2,502	600	641	4,728	1,228	1,868	1,069	1,669	15,922
1902-3 ..	..	1,392	7,249	4,068	..	7,289	19,998	1,439	2,488	232	106	6,035	1,288	4,071	1,529	2,866	20,054
1903-4 ..	..	1,445	7,248	2,362	..	7,360	18,415	1,557	2,717	410	392	4,669	1,302	2,494	1,626	3,068	18,235
1904-5 ..	..	1,431	7,095	2,351	..	8,813	19,690	1,539	3,351	1,264	678	6,023	1,353	5,747	1,689	2,353	23,997
1905-6 ..	..	1,503	6,341	2,302	..	5,928	16,074	1,703	1,491	174	463	4,446	1,318	1,150	1,782	2,927	15,454
1906-7 ..	..	1,480	6,550	2,068	..	5,874	15,972	1,540	1,056	149	480	4,350	1,354	2,285	1,958	3,102	16,274
1907-8 ..	..	1,480	6,575	2,128	..	5,602	15,785	1,593	1,004	722	123	5,190	1,354	1,143	1,515	2,238	14,882
1908-9 ..	..	1,927	7,161	2,529	..	5,463	17,080	1,639	1,207	205	264	6,145	2,197	1,974	1,515	2,283	17,429
1909-10 ..	..	2,100	7,512	2,852	..	6,425	18,889	1,893	1,448	792	97	6,463	1,354	1,427	1,515	2,334	17,323
1910-11 ..	..	2,093	7,488	3,322	..	17,607	30,510	2,336	1,704	9,457	100	6,905	1,414	1,938	1,515	2,611	27,988
1911-12 ..	..	2,291	7,583	4,250	..	7,466	21,590	2,507	1,979	710	926	7,562	1,454	2,281	1,515	4,851	23,788
1912-13 ..																	
1913-14 ..																	
1914-15 ..																	
1915-16 ..																	
1916-17 ..																	
1917-18 ..																	
1918-19 ..																	
1919-20 ..																	
1920-21 ..																	
1921-22 ..																	

TABLE XVI—(continued).—*Municipality of Shahabad.*

Year.	Income. Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Expenditure. Adminis-tration and collec-tion of taxes.	Public safety.	Water supply and drainage. Capital.	Water supply and drainage. Main-tenance.	Conser-vancy.	Hospi-tals and dispen-saries.	Public works.	Public instruc-tions.	Other heads.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1900-1 ..	..	1,336	4,999	2,222	..	4,450	13,007	1,040	2,957	350	24	3,813	140	1,231	578	1,562	11,695
1901-2 ..	..	1,733	4,995	3,027	..	3,794	13,549	1,430	2,889	379	228	3,831	350	1,466	762	1,810	13,145
1902-3 ..	..	1,694	5,237	3,625	..	4,232	14,788	1,453	3,279	385	513	4,491	350	679	964	1,489	13,603
1903-4 ..	..	1,703	5,334	3,820	..	5,751	16,608	1,312	3,557	1,193	400	4,353	350	1,015	1,087	3,398	16,658
1904-5 ..	..	1,637	5,306	3,779	..	5,861	16,583	1,404	3,439	181	147	5,012	350	3,802	1,067	2,262	17,695
1905-6 ..	..	1,640	4,936	3,541	..	5,930	16,047	1,168	1,907	357	166	4,571	350	2,330	1,419	2,571	14,839
1906-7 ..	..	1,557	4,922	3,874	..	6,521	16,874	1,567	451	510	68	4,584	350	1,385	1,233	6,774	16,945
1907-8 ..	..	1,272	4,246	3,787	..	11,891	21,196	1,370	615	758	75	4,813	350	4,853	1,374	2,574	16,782
1908-9 ..	..	1,628	4,651	3,978	..	7,416	17,673	1,454	907	2,146	73	5,244	803	3,365	1,423	3,608	19,023
1909-10 ..	..	1,376	4,546	4,147	..	6,892	16,961	1,434	987	1,501	75	5,427	350	5,194	1,516	2,169	18,653
1910-11 ..	..	1,267	4,193	4,564	..	4,410	14,434	1,569	837	908	82	6,905	1,414	1,938	1,515	12,812	27,970
1911-12 ..	..	1,477	4,229	4,663	..	5,309	15,678	1,089	827	70	89	4,797	350	1,616	1,777	2,529	13,144
1912-13 ..																	
1913-14 ..																	
1914-15 ..																	
1915-16 ..																	
1916-17 ..																	
1917-18 ..																	
1918-19 ..																	
1919-20 ..																	
1920-21 ..																	
1921-22 ..																	

TABLE XVI—(continued).—*Municipality of Sandila.*

Year	Income.							Expenditure.									
	Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes.	Public safety.	Water supply and drainage. Capital.	Water supply and drainage. Maintenance	Conservancy.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Public works.	Public instructions.	Other heads.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R .	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
00-1 ..	11,266	..	720	118	..	1,570	13,674	2,506	2,425	399	192	2,707	850	1,386	796	1,349	12,610
01-2 ..	13,038	..	720	294	..	1,399	15,451	3,293	2,507	..	498	2,542	998	774	959	1,579	13,150
02-3 ..	10,482	..	646	357	..	1,463	12,948	2,582	2,713	548	308	2,684	1,033	185	1,212	4,789	16,054
03-4 ..	10,855	..	532	565	..	3,374	15,326	2,919	2,474	1,469	110	2,757	656	931	800	5,512	17,555
04-5 ..	11,755	..	552	413	..	3,047	15,767	2,941	2,930	753	544	2,862	1,075	1,433	1,394	1,575	15,507
05-6 ..	11,492	..	540	414	..	3,785	16,231	2,759	1,580	..	867	2,555	1,278	952	1,546	2,387	13,924
06-7 ..	12,588	..	768	552	..	2,069	15,977	3,150	571	662	866	3,332	1,388	1,545	1,738	2,173	15,425
07-8 ..	15,906	..	596	572	..	2,018	19,092	3,137	629	1,469	626	3,873	1,142	1,785	2,122	1,032	15,815
08-9 ..	11,756	..	658	825	..	1,765	15,004	3,247	854	..	400	3,389	1,888	1,172	2,146	1,807	14,903
09-10 ..	12,832	..	890	953	..	2,278	16,953	3,432	1,045	92	84	3,662	1,135	2,694	2,365	1,681	16,188
10-11 ..	14,130	..	830	1,187	..	2,023	18,170	3,757	762	..	89	4,113	1,135	7,247	2,338	1,621	21,062
11-12 ..	14,914	..	1,060	1,475	..	4,928	22,377	2,032	771	..	105	3,425	1,135	1,414	3,362	4,532	16,776
12-13 ..																	
13-14 ..																	
14-15 ..																	
15-16 ..																	
16-17 ..																	
17-18 ..																	
18-19 ..																	
19-20 ..																	
20-21 ..																	
21-22 ..																	

TABLE XVI— (continued).—*Municipality of Sandi.**

Year.	Income.							Expenditure.									
	Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes.	Public safety.	Water supply and drainage. Capital.	Water supply and drainage. Maintenance.	Conservancy.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Public works.	Public instruction.	Other heads.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1900-1 ..	..	103	2,569	..	..	1,982	4,654	448	1,372	..	10	1,233	250	151	370	410	4,244
1901-2 ..	..	100	2,542	..	..	2,544	5,186	494	1,331	..	284	1,300	225	159	433	848	5,074
1902-3 ..	..	107	2,679	..	..	2,961	5,747	490	1,422	325	513	1,626	247	185	482	688	5,978
1903-4 ..	..	132	2,724	..	..	5,998	8,854	549	1,455	2,410	746	2,177	249	229	493	801	9,109
1904-5 ..	..	192	3,130	..	..	3,747	7,069	564	1,362	..	50	1,739	279	2,216	448	672	7,330
1905-6 ..	..	185	3,173	..	..	2,846	6,198	419	..	..	550	1,364	271	1,179	564	1,410	5,757
1906-7 ..	..	176	3,013	..	..	3,234	6,423	451	..	..	535	1,725	258	1,022	433	1,283	5,707
1907-8 ..	..	189	3,147	..	..	2,242	5,578	552	..	250	120	1 796	240	876	445	549	4,828
1908-9 ..	..	161	3,077	..	..	2,367	5,605	515	..	400	182	2,271	240	970	445	483	5,506
1909-10 ..	..	..	3,318	..	..	2,568	5,878	..	..	..	..	1,802	..	2,107	445	1,336	5,690
1910-11 ..	..	..	3,306	..	..	2,568	5,874	..	..	..	..	2,150	..	1,750	445	1,524	5,869
1911-12 ..	..	..	3,076	..	..	2,935	6,011	429	..	..	..	2,100	..	2,283	461	1,107	6,380
1912-13 ..																	
1913-14 ..																	
1914-15 ..																	
1915-16 ..																	
1916-17 ..																	
1917-18 ..																	
1918-19 ..																	
1919-20 ..																	
1920-21 ..																	
1921-22 ..																	

* Converted into a notified area from 1st April 1904.

Table XVI—(continued).—*Municipality of Madhoganj.**

ar.	Income.							Expenditure.										
	Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes.	Public safety.	Water supply and drainage.		Conservancy.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Public works.	Public instruction.	Other heads.	Total.
										Capital.	Maintenance.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
-8 ..	..	158	1,571	64	..	638	2,431	190	63	..	..	866	..	275	300	393	2,087
-9 ..	..	..	2,839	64	..	541	3,444	220	..	59	..	1,362	..	271	250	305	2,467
-10 ..	..	..	2,782	64	..	741	3,587	255	..	..	..	1,130	..	783	250	382	2,800
-11 ..	..	..	2,629	62	..	1,289	390	314	..	..	..	1,263	..	2,107	250	721	4,341
-12 ..	..	..	2,440	2,070	..	698	5,208	379	..	..	..	1,534	..	1,402	250	1,012	4,198
-13 ..																	
-14 ..																	
-15 ..																	
-16 ..																	
-17 ..																	
7-18 ..																	
8-19 ..																	
9-20 ..																	
0-21 ..																	
-22 ..																	

TABLE XVI—(*continued*).—*Municipality of Pihani.**

Year.	Income.							Expenditure.									
	Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes.	Public safety.	Water supply and drainage.		Conservancy.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Public works.	Public instruction.	Other heads.	Total.
										Capital.	Maintenance.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1900-1 ..	..	641	1,553	1	..	1,430	3,625	425	1,043	..	80	839	25	39	333	483	3,267
1901-2 ..	..	654	1,528	..	..	1,5[illegible]3	3,745	503	1,046	..	141	886	25	450	339	708	4,097
1902-3 ..	..	759	1,557	11	..	2,123	4,450	346	1,056	120	134	957	25	626	337	675	4,276
1903-4 ..	..	801	1,461	224	..	4,4[illegible]2	6,888	396	1,160	1,068	321	1,298	25	1,352	326	846	6,792
1904-5 ..	..	783	1,415	216	..	2,106	4,520	386	1,032	..	147	1,017	25	904	309	546	4,366
1905-6 ..	..	761	1,387	224	..	1,173	3,545	411	66	..	135	976	25	733	302	1,063	3,711
1906-7 ..	..	740	1,450	171	..	1,571	3,932	353	..	..	125	1,223	25	1,103	137	1,331	4,297
1907-8 ..	..	721	1,481	209	..	1,483	3,894	363	..	500	71	1,254	25	787	290	435	3,725
1908-9 ..	..	682	1,522	290	..	1,004	3,498	394	..	491	76	1,230	25	881	290	4[illegible]4	3,811
1909-10 ..	..	..	2,268	..	..	1,493	3,761	383	..	..	..	1,178	..	1,341	290	565	3,757
1910-11 ..	..	..	2,263	..	..	1,439	3,702	378	..	..	..	1,252	25	1,111	290	650	3,616
1911-12 ..	..	..	2,506	..	..	1,850	4,356	402	..	..	..	1,244	25	1,164	290	1,098	3,821
1912-13 ..																	
1913-14 ..																	
1914-15 ..																	
1915-16 ..																	
1916-17 ..																	
1917-18 ..																	
1918-19 ..																	
1919-20 ..																	
1920-21 ..																	
1921-22 ..																	

* Converted into a notified area from 1st April 1904.

TABLE XVI—(concluded).—*Notified area of Bilgram.**

Year.	Income.							Expenditure.										
	Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes	Public safety.	Capital.	Maintenance.	Conservancy.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Public works.	Public instruction.	Other head.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1911-12 ..	..	..	2,8[illegible]5	..	..	1,733	4,598	278	119	..	..	1,537	..	1,416	100	1,154	4,336
1912-13 ..																	
1913-14 ..																	
1914-15 ..																	
1915-16 ..																	
1916-17 ..																	
1917-18 ..																	
1918-19 ..																	
1919-20 ..																	
1920-21 ..																	
1921-22 ..																	

* Converted into a notified area from 1st A[illegible]

TABLE XVIII.—*Education.*

Year.	Total.			Secondary education.			Primary education.		
	Schools and Colleges.	Scholars.		Schools.	Scholars.		Schools.	Scholars.	
		Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1900-1 ..	171	6,529	229	10	1,372	..	160	5,103	229
1901-2 ..	175	6,705	218	10	360	..	164	6,299	218
1902-3 ..	182	7,763	219	10	1,697	..	172	6,066	219
1903-4 ..	183	7,961	287	10	1,771	..	173	6,190	287
1904-5 ..	229	9,694	290	10	1,855	..	219	7,839	290
1905-6 ..	229	9,665	290	10	1,994	..	219	7,671	290
1906-7 ..	350	12,079	713	10	1,602	..	340	10,477	713
1907-8 ..	286	10,277	1,558	8	1,422	..	275	9,452	1,505
1908-9 ..	296	10,610	1,227	8	996	..	285	9,852	1,169
1909-10 ..	289	9,991	1,123	8	1,086	..	281	9,094	1,123
1910-11 ..	238	8,937	918	8	1,000	..	230	8,051	918
1911-12 ..	237	9,638	882	8	1,057	..	231	8,695	961

LIST OF SCHOOLS 1912.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attendance.
		I. Secondary.		
Hardoi	Bangar ..	Hardoi	High School ..	212
	Bangar ..	Hardoi Mission Girls ..	Middle Anglo-Vernacular	69
	,, ..	Hardoi ..	Vernacular Middle	112
	Gopamau ..	Gopamau	Ditto ..	54
Shahabad.	Shahabad ..	Shababad ..	Ditto ..	121
	Pindarwa ..	Pihani	Ditto ..	116
	Pali ..	Pali	Ditto ..	Shortly to be opened.
Bilgram	Bilgram ..	Bilgram	Ditto ..	99
	Sandi ..	Sandi	Ditto ..	85
	Mallawan ..	Mallawan	Ditto ..	110
Sandila.	Sandila ...	Sandila	Anglo-Vernacular	78
..	..	..	Vernacular Middle	172
		II. Primary.		
Hardoi.	Bangar.	Hardoi	Lower primary ..	74
		Hardoi (Railwayganj) ..	Upper primary ..	67
		Hardoi Preparatory ..	Lower primary ..	38
		Hardoi Mission School (Girls.)	..	
		Bhadaicha	Lower primary ..	34
		Khajurahra ..	Ditto ..	29
		Kasrawan	Ditto ..	19
		Pachkuhra	Ditto ..	29
		Turtipur	Upper primary ..	48
		Husiapur	Lower primary ..	27
		Bamhnakhera ..	Ditto ..	31
		Sursa	Ditto ..	28
		Asauli	Lower primary ..	31
		Harha	Lower aided ..	21
		Khetni	Lower do. ..	24
		Hardoi (Railwayganj) ..	Lower primary ..	15
		Do. (Whiteganj) ..	Ditto girls ..	15
		Do. (Model girls) ..	Upper primary ..	43
		Bawan	Ditto. ..	56
		Behta Gokul ..	Lower primary ..	31
		Manpur	Upper primary ..	31
		Kaundha	Lower primary ..	43
		Bawan (Girls' school) ..	Ditto ..	24
		Behta Gokal, do. ..	Ditto. ..	21
	Bawan ..	Auhadpur ..	Ditto ..	32
		Barwan	Upper primary ..	24
		Bazpur	Lower primary..	28

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1912—(*continued.*)

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class of school.	Average attendance.
Hardoi—(*concld.*).	Barwan—(*concld.*).	Naktora	Lower primary ..	22
		Dularpur	Ditto ..	23
		Purauri	Ditto ..	18
		Sakra	Ditto ..	43
		Pakri	Ditto ..	30
		Lonar	Ditto aided	21
		Garthana	Ditto do...	18
	Sara south ..	Antdanpur.. ..	Lower primary ..	38
		Haryawan	Upper primary ..	87
		Bijgawan	Ditto ..	38
		Path Kuan.. ..	Lower primary ..	19
	Gopamau ..	Ahrori	Lower primary ..	30
		Behsari	Ditto ..	52
		Bahorwar	Ditto ..	24
		Bakharbia	Ditto ..	31
		Dhobia	Ditto ..	20
		Gopamau	Ditto ..	77
		Kathgara	Ditto ..	18
		Managalapur ..	Ditto ..	30
		Manjhia	Ditto ..	28
		Mohalia	Ditto ..	29
		Nir	Ditto ...	24
		Rara	Ditto ..	27
		Sikrohri	Ditto ..	21
		Tandiyawan ..	Ditto ..	25
		Thamarwa	Upper primany ..	45
		Umra	Lower primary ..	13
		Bakhana	Ditto ..	29
		Ram Nagar ..	Ditto ..	31
		Karim Nagar ..	Ditto ..	25
		Sehama	Ditto ..	28
		Japra	Ditto ..	18
		Budhagaun ..	Ditto ..	25
		Bhaunsa	Ditto aided	28
		Bahadiara ..	Ditto do. ..	30
		Kunyan	Ditto do. ..	36
		Utra	Ditto do. ..	30
		Behta Kishun ..	Ditto do. ..	13
		Sakhan	Ditto do. ..	26
		Bagocha	Ditto do. ..	28
		Gondarao	Ditto do. ..	37
		Anwanpur	Ditto do. ..	25
Sandila.	Sandila ..	Asai Azampur ..	Lower primary ..	36
		Bendar Kalan ..	Upper primary ..	40
		Baragaun	Lower primary ..	27
		Behsar	Ditto ..	21
		Bahlolpur	Ditto ..	22
		Beniganj	Upper primary ..	60
		Ghausganj	Ditto. ..	84

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1912—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attendance.
Sandila—(*concluded.*)	Sandila—(*concld.*).	Gauri Khalsa ..	Upper primary ..	51
		Hia	Ditto ..	32
		Jarhu	Lower primary ..	20
		Kahli	Ditto ..	22
		Mohamadpur ..	Ditto ..	19
		Barauli	Ditto ..	39
		Behdar Khurd ..	Ditto ..	24
		Naira	Ditto ..	28
		Purwa	Ditto ..	14
		Sathra	Ditto ..	30
		Sandila	Ditto ..	58
		Samodha	Ditto ..	10
		Tosaura	Ditto ..	22
		Umrari	Ditto ..	29
		Zahidpur	Ditto ..	32
		Kodauri	Ditto ..	18
		Purwabajirao ..	Upper primary ..	19
		Jharouia	Lower primary ..	14
		Malayan	Ditto. ..	22
		Gauridayampur ..	Do. aided ..	29
		Purwa baji rao ..	Ditto ..	22
		Sandila patshala ..	Ditto ..	43
		Sandila (Kaziana) ..	Ditto ..	44
		Tiloya (Kalan) ..	Ditto ..	21
		Chaun	Ditto ..	15
		Malehra	Ditto ..	..
		Jangawan	Ditto ..	32
		Ashiazampur ..	Do. aided girls	15
		Ashraf Tola ..	Ditto do...	21
		Kania patshala ..	Ditto do...	30
	Balawan ..	Balamau	Upper primary ..	48
		Kachona	Ditto ..	48
		Kalauli	Lower primary ..	29
	Gondwa ..	Atrauli	Lower primary..	26
		Bhatpur Katka ..	Ditto ..	27
		Bar Kherwa ..	Ditto ..	21
		Gondwa	Upper primary ..	54
		Harha	Lower primary ..	24
		Jaksara	Ditto ..	23
		Kukri	Ditto ..	19
		Karondh	Ditto ..	23
		Mahetha	Ditto ..	18
		Bharawan	Upper primary ..	48
		Jangaun	Lower primary ..	43
	Kaliyanmal	Kaliyanmal ..	Lower primary ..	44
		Mahgawan	Ditto ..	28
		Sailamaw	Ditto ..	28
		Bahoti	Ditto aided	20
		Parkapur	Ditto do..	19

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1912—(*continued.*)

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attendance.
Bilgram.	Bilgram ..	Bilgram	Upper primary..	132
		Dabha	Ditto ..	47
		Durgaganj ..	Ditto ..	55
		Meora	Lower primary..	25
		Negpur Newada ..	Ditto ..	27
		Rafatganj	Ditto ..	28
		Behti	Ditto ..	26
		Bilgram Mal Kanth ..	Ditto aided	17
		Gaura	Lower primary do	22
		Sadarpur	Ditto do ..	25
		Sarhyapur	Ditto do. ..	23
		Chibramau.. ..	Ditto do. ..	..
		Bilgram	Ditto do. girls	15
	Kateari.	Aliganj Nan Kherya ..	Lower primary ..	31
		Behta Rampura ..	Ditto ..	19
		Dhana Mau ..	Ditto ..	20
		Gauria	Ditto ..	18
		Laluamai	Ditto ..	63
		Khair-ud-dinpur ..	Ditto ..	28
		Khasaura	Upper primary ..	42
		Tethgaun	Lower primary ..	15
		Mahabatpur ..	Ditto do...	14
		Moorcha	Ditto do...	25
		Khasaura	Lower primary aided girls.	25
	Mallawan.	Bhithanf	Upper primary ..	47
		Bansa	Ditto ..	51
		Bhagwant Nagar ..	Lower primary..	16
		Kursat	Upper primary..	74
		Mallawan	Lower primary..	126
		Madhoganj.. ..	Ditto ..	56
		Parbawwan ..	Ditto ..	26
		Phulai	Ditto ..	21
		Sultanganj.. ..	Ditto ..	26
		Shahpur	Ditto ..	24
		Tajipur	Ditto ..	35
		Bajiganj	Sanskrit aided ..	38
		Bakharya	Lower primary ..	21
		Gangarampur ..	Ditto aided	40
		Bansa	Ditto girls	18
		Mallawan	Ditto do...	23
	Sand ..	Arwal	Lower primary..	22
		Bomtapur	Ditto ..	26
		Barnai Chotarkha ..	Ditto ..	22
		Chhochhpur ..	Ditto ..	32
		Chachrapur ..	Ditto ..	28
		Tikar	Ditto ..	23
		Harpalpur	Ditto ..	30
		Jasmai	Ditto ..	26
		Palia	Ditto ..	48
		Sandi Nawabganj ..	Ditto ..	82
		Dasauli	Ditto ..	29

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1912—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Claas.	Average attendance.
Bilgram—(*concld.*).	Sardi—(*concld.*).	Admapur	Lower primary ..	25
		Ghatwasa	Ditto ..	30
		Jajwasi	Ditto ..	23
		Chausar	Ditto aided	25
		Shatiapur	Ditto do...	21
		Samarya	Ditto do...	28
		Karanpur	Ditto do ..	30
		Jasmai	Ditto girls	17
		Sandi	Ditto do ..	22
		Sandi	Lower primary..	74
	Kachhandao	Ausanpur	Ditto ..	27
		Israpur	Ditto ..	43
Shahabad.	Shahabad.	Allahpur	Lower primary ..	29
		Basitnagar.. ..	Ditto ..	49
		Buhd-ka-Bazar ..	Ditto ..	26
		Fatehpur Goind ..	Ditto ..	25
		Husainganj ..	Dftto ..	140
		Janera	Ditto ..	18
		Pareli	Ditto ..	23
		Parehta	Ditto ..	22
		Parial	Ditto ..	27
		Tamurki	Ditto ..	26
		Udhranpur.. ..	Upper primary ..	87
		Anjhi	Lower primary ..	27
		Gujdai	Ditto ..	26
		Maugyawan ..	Ditto aided..	15
		Nasuamau	Ditto do. ..	21
		Naraetha	Ditto do. ..	23
		Sarma	Ditto do. ..	28
		Udhranpur.. ..	Ditto do. girls	8
		Barwa Bazar ..	Ditto do. ..	25
	Pindarwa.	Dohelya	Upper primary ..	23
		Del Pandaura ..	Ditto ..	49
		Pihani	Lower primary ..	91
		Pihani chota ..	Ditto ..	31
		Pipri	Ditto ..	43
		Rabha	Ditto ..	25
		Raigaon	Ditto ..	29
		Sahtinagar.. ..	Ditto ..	23
		Jajupara	Ditto aided..	27
		Pihani	Ditto do. girls	21
		Pihani Kalan ..	Ditto do. ..	19
		Pihani chota ..	Ditto no. ..	24
		Pihani chauhatta ..	Ditto do. ..	16
		Pihani chipitola ..	Ditto do. ..	10
		Rabha	Ditto do ...	17
	Saromannagar.	Dalelnagar ..	Lower primary ..	27
		Nasauli Gopal ..	Upper primary ..	39
		Behgaon	Lower primary ..	16

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1912—(*concluded*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attendance.
Shahabad—(*concluded*).	Saroman-naagar—(*concld.*)	Saromannagar ..	Upper primary ..	56
		Nasauli Damar ..	Lower primary ..	29
		Butamau	Ditto aided	27
		Saroman nagar ..	Ditto girls	14
	Pali ..	Amirta	Lower primary ..	22
		Babarpur	Ditto ..	28
		Kahrai	Ditto ..	25
		Naktaura	Ditto ..	27
		Pali	Upper primary ..	52
		Sahjanpur	Ditto ..	48
		Sawaijpur	Lower primary ..	35
		Behti	Ditto ..	35
		Rahtaura	Ditto aided	21
		Bhansada	Ditto do...	29
		Pali Urdu	Lower primary ..	15
		Pali Hindi	Ditto girls	23
		Sahjanpur	Ditto do ..	23
		Babarpur	Ditto do...	18
	Pachhoha ..	Anakpur	Lower primary ..	20
		Birampur	Upper primary ..	52
		Barkhani	Lower primary ..	21
		Barwara	Ditto ..	31
		Lakhnoor	Ditto ..	29
		Girdharpur.. ..	Upper primary..	50
		Kondi	Lower primary..	23
		Chandrampur ..	Ditto ..	19
		Amtara	Ditto ..	28
		Biloar hillan ..	Ditto aided	20
		Barwara	Ditto do...	28
		Dhani nagla ..	Ditto do...	18
	Alamnagar.	Bijgawan	Lower primary ..	45
		Karawan	Ditto ..	34
		Manjhla	Ditto aided	28
		Patras	Ditto do ..	23
	Sara north.	Chathia Dhanwar ..	Lower primary ..	23
		Saadatnagar ..	Ditto ..	23
		Tonderpur	Ditto ..	19
		Umrauli	Ditto ..	22
		Ayari	Ditto ..	30
		Chathia Dhanwar ..	Ditto aided girls	17

ROADS.	Length.	
	Miles	Fur.
A.—Provincial.		
1. Lucknow, Sitapur, and Shahjahanpur.. ..	3	6
B.—Local.		
I First-class roads, metalled, bridged, and drained throughout.		
1. Hardoi to Sandi and Farrukhabad (Vide V, 2) ..	13	5
2. " Bilgram and Kanauj (Vide III, 1) ..	16	4
3. " Bargadiaghat and Sitapur	22	9
4. " Pihani (Vide II, 1)	11	2
5. Lucknow, Hardoi and Shahjahanpur (Vide II, 2 ..	4	2
6. Sitapur, Rudamau, and Mehdighat (Vide V,5) ..	25	2
7. Rudamau to Sadarpur	3	5
8. Shahabad, Sandi, Bilgram, and Unao (Vide II, 3 V, 4 and VI, 1)	1	1
9. Shahabad to Anjhi Station	1	7
10. Circular roads, Hardoi	4	0
11. " " Sandila	1	7
12. Hardoi railway feeders	0	3
13. Balamau railway feeder	0	2
14. Baghauli	0	1
15. Sandila	0	2
16. Between Hardoi-Bargadiaghat road and Hardoi-Pihani road.	1	4
II.—Second-class roads, unmetalled, bridged, and drained throughout		
1. Hardoi to Pihani (Vide I, 4)..	7	0
2. Lucknow, Hardoi, and Shahjahanpur (Vide I, 5) ..	64	0
3. Shahabad, Sandi, Bilgram, and Unao (Vide I, 8 V, 4 and VI, 1).	10	0
4. Sandila, Beniganj, and Sitapur	20	0
5. " to Mallawan	23	4
6. Pihani to Chandpur station	8	4
7. Hardoi railway diversion	3	4
III.—Second-class roads, unmetalled, partially bridged, and drained.		
1. Hardoi to Bilgram and Kanauj (Vide I, 2) ..	4	4
2. " Saighat and Farrukhabad (Vide 3) ..	7	6
3. Shahabad to Pali and Farrukhabad (Vide V, 13) ..	10	0
IV.—Fourth-class roads, banked, partially bridged, and drained.		
1. Sandi to Baghauli	21	0
2. Masit to Nimkhar	9	4
V.—Fifth-class roads, cleared, partially bridged, and drained.		
1. Hardoi to Nimkhar and Sitapur	12	6
2. " Sandi and Farrukhabad (Vide I, 1) ..	15	0
3. " Saighat and Farrukhabad (Vide III, 2) ..	17	

ROADS—(*concluded*).	Length.	
V.—Fifth class roads cleaned, partially bridged, and drained—(concluded).	Miles.	Fur.
4. Shahabad to Sandi, Bilgram and Unao (Vide I, 8 II, 3 and VI, 1.)	23	0
5. Sitapur to Rudamau and Mehdighat (Vide I, 6) ..	15	0
6. Mallawan to Mehdighat	8	4
7. " Rudamau	5	2
8. Beniganj to Hardoi (Vide I, 3)	2	4
9. " Atrauli and Pipargaon	20	0
10. Sandila to Unao	5	0
11. " Bangarmow	12	2
12. " Manwan	19	4
13. Shahabad to Pali and Farrukhabad (Vide III, 3) ..	9	4
14. " Pihani and Chandra	22	0
15. " Allahganj	14	4
16. Road from Masit Bazar to Railway Station ..	0	2½
17. Anjhi station road	0	6
18. " to Alamnagar	13	4
19. Chandpur station road	2	4
20. Karna station road	1	0
21. Pihani to Tandiawan	11	4
22. " Chaparthala	8	6
VI.—Sixth-class roads, clear only.		
1. Shahabad to Sandi Bilgram and Unao (Vide I, 8 II, 3 and V, 4).	17	0
2. Pihani to Shahjahanpur	13	0
3. " Mahamdi	11	0
4. Masit to Bhainsri	13	3
5. Malehara to Hatiaghat	13	0

FERRIES.

Pargana.	Village.	Ferry.	River.	Management.	Income.
					Rs.
Gopamau ..	Sarai ..	Dadhnamaughat ..	Gumti ..	District Board, Hardoi	125
Barwan ..	Bazpur Naktaura ..	Naktauraghat ..	Garra ..	Ditto ..	*
	Beniganj ..	Rajghat ..	Gumti ..	Ditto ..	130
Sandila ..	Bargadia ..	Bargadiaghat ..	Do. ..	Distict Board, Sitapur	..
	Mahua kola ..	Mahadewaghat ..	Do. ..	Distict Board, Hardoi	*
Kalyanmal ..	Katghara ..	Hatiaghat ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	450
	Bhatpur ..	Bhatpurghat ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	400
Gundwa ..	Deokalu ..	Birsinghpurghat ..	Do. ..	Distict Board, Sitapur	..
Pindarwa ..	Kulhabar ..	Kulhabarghat ..	Do. ..	Distict Board, Hardoi	52
Pachhoha ..	Piparia ..	Pipariaghat ..	Garra ..	Ditto ..	190
Pali ..	Pali ..	Palighat ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	568
Sandi ..	Sandi ..	Rajghat ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	668
..	Harpalpur ..	Nilmaughat ..	Sendha nala ..	Ditto ..	*
..	Katri Chochpur ..	Jalesarghat ..	Ganges ..	District Board, Farrukhabad.	..
..	Haidrabad ..	Kusamkherghat ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	..
Bilgram ..	Rampur Majharin ..	Majharinghat ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	..
..	Meora ..	Meoraghat ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	..
Kachhaudan ..	Ishrapur ..	Rajghat ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	..
..	Magraha ..	Mehndighat ..	Do ..	Ditto ..	..
..	Kutbapur ..	Gujar ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	..
..	Shahpur ..	Aukinghat ..	Do. ..	District Board, Cawnpur.	..
Katiari ..	Deosipur ..	Deosipurghat ..	Ramganga ..	District Board, Hardoi	600

These three ferries are not leased.

POST-OFFICES, 1912.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Office.	Class.	Management.
Hardoi..	Bangar ..	Hardoi ..	Head office ..	Imperial.
		Do. Bazar ..	Branch office..	Do.
	Gopamau ..	Do. Railway Mail Service.	Sub record office	Do.
		Gopamau ..	Branch office..	Do.
		Baghauli ..	Ditto ..	Do.
		Tandiaon ..	Ditto ..	Do.
	Bawan ..	Bawan ..	Ditto ..	Do.
		Behta Gokul ..	Ditto ..	Do.
	Barwan ..	Naktaura ..	Ditto ..	Do.
		Harpalpur ..	Ditto ..	Do.
Sandila ..	Sandila ..	Sandila ..	Sub office ..	Do.
		Beniganj ..	Branch office ..	Do.
		Kachhauna ..	Ditto ..	Do.
		Sandila Town ..	Ditto ..	Do.
		Behudar ..	Ditto ..	Do.
		Ghausganj ..	Ditto ..	Do.
	Gondwa ..	Atrauli ..	Ditto ..	Do.
		Madhoganj Bharawan.	Ditto ..	Do.
Bilgram	Bilgram ..	Bilgram ..	Sub office ..	Do.
	Sandi ..	Sandi ..	Ditto ..	Do.
	Katiari ..	Khasaura ..	Branch office ..	Do.
	Kachhaudan	Raghopur ..	Ditto ..	Do.
	Mallawan ..	Mallawan ..	Sub office ..	Do.
		Madhoganj ..	Ditto ..	Do.
		Bhagwant Nagar..	Branch office ..	Do.
		Kursat ..	Ditto ..	Do.
Shahabad	Shahabad..	Shahabad ..	Sub office ..	Do.
		Udhranpur ..	Branch office ..	Do.
	Pali ..	Pali	Ditto ..	Do.
		Sahjanpur ..	Ditto ..	Do.
		Sawaijpur ..	Ditto ..	Do.
	Saromannagar.	Saromannagar ..	Ditto ..	Do.
	Pindrawa ..	Pihani ..	Sub office ..	Do.
	Pinani ..	..	..	..

MARKETS, 1912.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Market days.
Hardoi	Bangar ..	Hardoi (Hardeoganj)	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Pachkohra ..	Ditto.
		Tikri ..	Friday and Tuesday.
		Udra (Ujagar Singh)	Thursday and Sunday.
		Sonhana Buzurg ..	Saturday and Thursday.
	Gopawan ..	Gopamau ..	Sunday.
		Gondarao ..	Ditto and Wednesday.
		Karimnagar Saidapur	..
		Behta Murtza Baksh	Monday and Thursday.
		Husepur ..	Ditto.
		Victoriaganj ..	Ditto. and Friday
		Husainganj (hamlet of Victoriaganj).	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Tandiaon ..	Monday and Friday.
		Bhadeora ..	Ditto.
		Baghauli Station ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Ahrori	Ditto.
		Manjhia	Ditto.
		Hariharpur ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Thamarwa ..	Ditto.
		Katehly	Monday and Friday.
		Nir Thok Kala ..	Saturday and Tuesday.
		Nir Thok Hansa ..	Thursday and Monday.
		Pura Bahadur ..	Friday and Sunday.
		Bahar	Friday and Monday.
		Atwa Kataiya ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
	Sara South ..	Mawaia ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Hariawan ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Somai	Thursday and Monday.
		Utra	Saturday and Tuesday.
		Bijgawan ..	Sunday.
	Bauram ..	Bazpur Naktaura ..	Monday and Friday.
	Bawan ..	Bawan	Monday and Thursday.
		Manpur ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Behta Dhera ..	Monday and Friday.
	Shahabad ..	Shahabad (Sabzmandi)	Daily.
		" (Sardarganj)	Do.
		" (Katra) ..	Do.
		" (Miranbasti)	Tuesday.
		Basitnagar ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Pachhoha ..	Lakhnaur ..	Saturday and Tuesday.
		Bharkani ..	Ditto.
		Hathaura ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Maikpur ..	Tuesday and Satusday.

MARKETS, 1912—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Market days.
	Pindarwa ..	Pihani	Monday and Thursday.
		Raigaon	Monday and Friday.
		Pindarwa ..	Wednesday and Sunday.
		Dahilia	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Manikapore ..	Saturday and Tuesday.
	Alamnagar ..	Karawan ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Pali ..	Pali	Thursday and Sunday.
		Inaitpur hamlet of Samajhala.	Ditto.
		Siwaichpur ..	Saturday and Tuesday.
	Siromannagar	Bootamau ..	Wednesday.
		Nasauli Damar ..	Sunday and Thursday.
	Sara North ..	Ayari	Tuesday and Friday.
		Umrauli	Friday.
		Kaimi	Sunday.
		Sikandarpore ..	Tuesday.
		Urli	Monday.
		Saadatnagar ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
Bilgram	Bilgram ..	Bilgram (Mianganj)..	Monday and Thursday.
		Do. (Gailao) ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Nekpur Newada ..	Wednesday and Saturday
		Dabha	Tuesday and Friday.
		Chhibra Mau ..	Thursday and Sunday.
	Mallawan ..	Mallawan (Bajig nj)..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Do. (Katra) ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Do. (Bhagwant Nagar.)	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Do. (Netganja..	Saturday.
		Nasrat Nagar ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Kursat Buzurg ..	Saturday and Wednesday.
		Ditto. ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Madhoganj ..	Ditto.
		Jalabad	Friday and Tuesday.
		Kazipur Farhatnagar	Wednesday and Sunday.
		Purbawan ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Bansa	Sunday and Thursday.
	Kachhandao	Ishrapur.. ..	Ditto.
		Puran Mau ..	Ditto.
		Matia Mau ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Shahpur Sahibganj ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Raghopur ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Bairya Nazirpur ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Rampur	Wednesday and Sunday.
	Katiari ..	Dharampur ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Aliganj.. ..	Ditto. Friday.
		Khasaura ..	Sunday and Wednesday
		Arwal	Ditto. Thursday.
		Khair-ud-dinpur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.

MARKETS, 1912—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Market days.
Bilgram—(*concluded*).	Sandi ..	Sandi (Nawabganj ..	Monday.
		,, (Auladganj) ..	Sunday.
		,, (Rai Tola) ..	Tuesday.
		,, (Salam-u l-l a h-ganj).	Wednesday.
		,, (Munshiganj)..	Friday.
		Badana	Saturday.
		Simaria	Monday and Friday.
		Chochpur ..	Ditto.
		Adampur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Palia	Ditto
		Chachrapur ..	Friday.
Sandila	Sandila ..	Sandila	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Hathura.. ..	Ditto.
		Hiya	Ditto.
		Mandar	Ditto.
		Beniganj.. ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Raison	Ditto.
		Dewari	Ditto.
		Gadaura	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Behndar Kalan ..	Ditto.
		Kothawan ..	Ditto.
		Berwa	Monday and Thursday.
		Ghausganj ..	Monday, Thursday, Saturday, and Tuesday.
		Kachhauna ..	Wednesday and Sunday.
		Allahdadpur ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Anaura Mau ..	Ditto.
		Jasu	Ditto.
		Malaiyan ..	Ditto.
		Asai Azampur ..	Wednesday and Sunday.
		Bhitauli ..	Ditto Saturday.
		Malehra	Sunday and Tuesday.
		Khajauna ..	Thursday and Monday.
		Girdharpur ..	Monday and Saturday.
		Shahpur (hamlet of Mamrezpur).	Ditto Thursday.
		Umrari	Do.
		Nagwa	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Basgaon ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Jarha	Wednesday and Sunday
		Sanodha	Tuesday and Friday.
	Gondwa ..	Gondwa	Sunday.
		Goni	Wednesday.
		Pawayan ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Deokali	Ditto.
		Sikruri	Monday and Thursday.
		Bharawan ..	Ditto.
		Dhakauni ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Newada	Ditto.
		Atrauli	Tuesday and Saturday.

MAKKETS, 1912—(*concluded*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Market days.
Sandila—(*concld.*).	Gondwa ..	Jagsora	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Jangaon	Ditto.
		Aira Kaku Mau ..	Wednesday and Sunday.
	Kalayan Mal	Kalyan Mal ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Mahgaon ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Rahimabad ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Pirkapur ..	Ditto.
			Ditto.
	Balamau ..	Balamau ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Shamspur ..	

Fairs held in the Hardoi District.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
Hardoi	Bangar	Hardoi	Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition and cattle fair.	One week in February or March.	70,000
		Hardoi (Hardeoganj.)	Babaji	Chait and Kuar Sudi 10th.	5,000
	Gopamau	Gopamau	Lal Pir	Jeth Badi 10th	2,000
		Dahi	Tirath Dadhich.	Aghan Badi 6th	15,000
	Barwan	Barsuya	Poramhans-ki-Samadh.	Aghan and Chait Puranmashi.	3,000
	Bawan	Sakaha	Sankat Harn	Phagun Badi 13th.	2,000
Bilgram	Sandi	Sandi	Mangala Debi	Chait Badi 8th	10,000
		Adampur	Brahmavart.	Bhadon Janm Ashtmi.	40,000
		Simaria	Kalka Debi	Last week of Pus and Baisakh.	50,000
		Antwa	Dasehra	Kuar Sudi 10th	400
		Haidarabad	Ganga Ashnan.	Kartik Puranmashi.	15,000
	Bilgram	Bilgram	Ram Lila	Do.	10,000
Sandila	Sandila	Gaju	Kamaksha Debi.	Jeth Badi 8th and Kuar Sudi 8th.	1,500
		Nagwa	Paikarma Tirath nimsar.	Phagun Sudi 3rd.	50,000
		Umrari	Do.	Phagun Sudi 4th.	50,000
		Kondri	Cattle fair and Ram Lila.	Kuar Sudi 2nd to 11th.	600
		Sandila	Urs Munshi Fazal Rasul.	21st Rajab to 20th.	2,000
		Gangapur, hamlet of Majhgawan.	Dhanush Jag	Aghan Sudi 10th to 15th.	1,000
		Atwa	Debi-ka-mela	Kuar Badi 15th	1,000
		Do	Do.	Chait Badi 15th	1,000
		Gausganj	Mahabir-ka-mela.	Jeth Sudi 2nd to Asarh Badi 2nd.	10,000
		Do.	Kans Lila	Aghan Sudi 2nd to Pus Badi 2nd.	10,000
		Do.	Ram Lila	Kuar Sudi 11th to 15th.	2,000

Fairs held in the Hardoi District—(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
Sandila	Sandila ..	Raison ..	Dhanush Jaj	Pus Badi 1st ..	1,000
		Hathaura ..	Do. ..	Aghan Badi 3rd to Sudi 7th.	8,000
	Kalyanmal	Haraiya ..	Paikarma Tirath nimsar.	Phagun Sudi 2nd.	50,000
		Kalyan Mal	Dhanush Jag	Aghan Sudi 1st to 6th.	2,000
		Bhaingaon ..	Hathia Haran	Bhadon every Sunday.	20,000
		Mahgaon ..	Krishn Lila	End of the Bhadon month.	1,000
	Gundwa ..	Pipargaon ..	Dhanush Jag	Aghan Sudi 1st to 6th.	2,000
		Bhatpur ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	1,000
		Jhangaon ..	Ram Lila ..	Kuar Sudi 1st to 10th.	4,000
		Koili ..	Debi ..	Chait Sudi 1st	150
		Goni ..	Do. ..	Kuar and Jeth Sudi 8th.	400
		B a m hnawa Peng.	Do ..	Do. ..	300
		Mandauli ..	Do. ..	Chait and Kuar Sudi 9th.	300
	Balamau ..	Kalauli ..	Do. ..	Baisakh Sudi 8th.	800
Shahabad.	Shahabad	Shahabad ..	Ram Lila ..	Kartik Sudi 11th.	800
		Do. ..	Narbada Talab	Do. ..	700
		Do. ..	Sankata Debi	Asarh, Mondays and Fridays.	1,500
		Do. ..	Charai ..	Chait Badi 8th	1,700
		Do. ..	Jalhihar ..	Bhadon Badi 11th.	900
		Do. ..	Ganjaur ..	Chait Sudi 2nd	500
		Udhranpur	Ram Lila ..	Kuar Sudi 1st to 11th.	5,000
		Do. ..	Chaiti Puranmashi.	Chaith Sudi 15th.	1,000
		Basit Nagar	Debi ..	Baisakh Sudi 13th.	1,000
		Sarmau ..	Baram Baba	Aghan and Baisakh Sudi 5th.	350
	S h a h a-bad.	Nagla Lothu	Ram Lila ..	Kuar Sudi 10th	2,000
		Chandupur ..	..	Aghan and Baisakh Sudi, 1st Monday	100
		Mangiyamau	..	Baisakh Badi 7th.	125
	Pachhoha.	Bhapur Sapha	Debi ..	Pus Sudi 9th ..	200
		Baragaon ..	Do. ..	Chait Badi 9th	1,000

Fairs held in the Hardoi District—(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Name of fairs.	Date.	Average attendance.
Shahabad—(*contd.*).	Pachhoha—(*concld.*).	Kamalpur ..	Deb ..	Baisakh Sudi 13th.	500
		Murtiza Nagar.	Do. ..	Baisakh Sudi 3rd.	2,000
		Anugpur ..	Dhanushjag	12 days in Pus	400
		Belsar Halsen	Kanhhiya Lal	Baisakh Sudi 9th.	100
		Mau Nagla ..	Ram Tal ..	When eclipse occurs and Kartik Purnmashi.	200
		Bhorkhani ..	Debi ..	Baisakh Sudi 13th.	500
		Lakhnaur ..	Ram Lila ..	Kuar Sudi 1st to 10th.	4,000
		Do. ..	Debi ..	Baisakh Sudi 8th.	200
		Hathaura ..	Do. ..	Baisakh Badi 8th.	300
		Negpur ..	Baramdeo ..	Jeth Sudi 15th	250
	Pindarwa	Pihani ..	Sitla Debi ..	Chait Badi 7th	200
		Do. ..	Ram Naumi	Chait Sudi 11th	3,000
		Do. ..	Rauza ..	1st Sunday of Jeth.	3,000
		Do. ..	Singh Bhawani.	Asarh Sudi 1st to 15th Monday and Friday.	2,000
		Do. ..	Janamashtimi.	On Friday after Bhadon Badi 7th Baisakh Badi 8th.	9,000
		Do. ..	Ram Lila ..	Kuar Sudi 2nd	5,000
		Raigawan ..	Debi ..	Chait Sudi 10th and Aghan Sudi 10th.	1,000
		Raigaon ..	Janamashtimi	Bhadon Sudi 11th.	500
		Do. ..	Ram Lila ..	Kuar Sudi 1st to 10th	1,000
		Do. ..	Tirbeni ..	Every Amawas of every month.	300
		Dahelia ..	Shahidmard	On Friday after two Sundays passed in the month of Jeth.	300
		Jahani Khera	Deo Bhagat	Kartik Puranmashi and Jeth Sudi 10th.	450

Fairs held in the Hardoi district—(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
Shahabad—(*contd.*).	Pindarwa—(*conlcd.*).	Rabha ..	Shaikh Paimbar.	Aghan Sudi 14th and Baisakh Sudi 14th.	225
		Kulhobar ..	Gumti Ashnan.	Kartik Purnmashi.	8,000
		Do. ..	Baqi Shahid	Jeth Sudi 10th	8,000
		Gauria ..	Mahadeo ..	Phagun Badi 13th.	200
	Sara North	Urli ..	Debi ..	Aghan Sudi 1st Monday Baisakh Sudi 1st Monday.	300
		Sathri ..	Do. ..	Aghan Badi 8th and Baisakh Badi 8th.	160
		Indarpur ..	Ram Lila ..	Kuar Sudi 1st to 10th.	400
		Chathia Barhaiya.	Baram Deo..	Aghan Badi 10th.	100
		Jondarpur ..	Debi ..	Jethi and Asarahi.	40
		Umrauli ..	Ram Lila ..	Kuar Sudi Pariwa.	500
		Panaura Balia	Bause Baba	Aghan Badi 6th and Baisakh Badi 6th.	900
		Saadat Nagar	Debi	Chait Badi 8th	1,000
	Saroman-Nagar.	Nasuli Gopal	Do. ..	Aghan Badi 15th and Sudi 1st.	200
		Do. ..	Do. ..	Baisakh Badi 15th and Sudi 1st.	200
		Bohgawan ..	Do. .	Aghan Badi 15th and Jeth Badi 15th.	150
		Dalil Nagar	Bhainsa Sur	Asarhi Purnmashi.	300
	Pali ..	Kanahri ..	Mahabir ..	1st Tuesday of Chait Sudi and of Bhadon Sudi.	300
		Pali Khas ..	Ram Lila ..	Kuar Badi 15th to 11th.	1,500
		Sarai ..	..	Chait Sudi 9th	500
		Kaunsia ..	Kanhaiya Lal.	Chait Sudi 2nd	50
		Sawaijpur ..	Ram Lila ..	Kuar Sudi Pariwa to 11th.	2,500
		Do. ..	Debi ..	Every Monday and Friday of Asarh.	100

Fairs held in the Hardoi district—(concluded).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
Ahahabad—(*concld.*).	Pali—(*conld.*).	Lakhanpur ..	Debi ..	Aghan and Chait Sudi 10th.	500
		Salauni Sarai	Do. ..	Asarh Sudi ..	200
		Sarai Ragho	Do. ..	Aghani and Chait.	100
	Alam Nagar.	Nagania ..	Jindpur ..	Aghan and Baisakh.	500
		Lila Purwa, hamlet of Bijgawan.	Mela ..	Baisakh Sudi 13th.	300

List of Taluqdars holding land in the Hardoi district.

Serial no.	Taluqa.	Name of Taluqdar.	Caste.	Pargana.	No. of villages.		Revenue.			Remarks.
					Whole.	Part.	Rs.	a.	p.	
1	Katiari ..	Raja Rukmangad Singh ..	Katyar ..	Katiari, Sandi, and Gopamau.	67	57	72,683	1	0	
					15	..	20,402	5	0	
					82	57	93,085	6	0	
2	Bharawan ..	Rani Deo Koer	Bais ..	Gondwa and Kalian Mal	32	5	32,250	10	0	
3	Basitnagar ..	Nawab Abdul Karim Khan ..	Pathan ..	Shahabad, Sara North, and Pachhoha.	32	7	23,669	10	2	
4	Saadatnagar ..	Rani Barkat-ul-nisa ..	Moghal ..	Gopamau	4	..	1,561	0	0	
5	Partabgarh ..	Raja Partab Bahadur Singh ..	Sombansi ..	Shahabad, Pali, and Sara North.	8	1	4,719	5	0	
6	Maswasi ..	Mahant Harcharan Das ..	Nanakshahi	Shahabad	1	..	1,500	0	0	
7	Kakrali ..	Chaudhuri Muhammad Jan ..	Shaikh ..	Sandila, Kalian Mal, Gondwa, Mallawan, and Kachandao.	62	3	58,243	10	9	
8	Atwa ..	Thakur Maharaj Singh ..	Nikumbh ..	Sandila, Balamau, and Mallawan.	47	12	58,871	9	6	
9	Sarawan Baragaon.	Raja Durga Prasad .. } Rani Chandra Koer .. }	Kayasth ..	Sandila, Kalian Mal, Gondwa, and Balamau.	49	4	53,836	8	0	
10	Lohrasatpur ..	Thakurain Dalel Koer ..	Nikumbh ..	Sandila .. .	12	3	21,580	0	0	

11	Khajurahra ..	Thakur Shankar Bakhsh ..	Gaur ..	Bangar and Bilgram ..	27	10	26,611	10	6	Under superintendence of court of wards.
12	Bhagaitapur ..	Saiyid Mehdi Haider ..	Saiyid ..	Bilgram, Mallawan and Bangar.	24	..	24,578	0	0	
13	Asafpur ..	Saiyid Mohammad Jawwad ..	Do ..	Bilgram	4	..	3,295	0	0	
14	Baghiari ..	Muhammad Zain-ul-abdin .. Nurul Hasan.	Do. ..	Do.	7	..	4,505	0	0	
15	Qutbnagar ..	Mirza Haidar Ali Beg ..	Do. ..	Gopamau	8	..	2,028	0	0	
16	Jalalpur ..	Saiyid Iltifat Rasul ..	Do. ..	Sandila, Sandi, Kalyan Mal, Gopamau, and Kachhandao.	10 1 11	12 .. 12	12,674	5	3	
17	Siwaijpur ..	Rani Khem Koer	Sombansi ..	Pali, Katiari ..	25	2	13,095	0	0	
18	Gopamau ..	Sheikh Abdus-samad ..	Shaikh ..	Gopamau	5	..	3,376	0	0	
19	Pawayan ..	Thakur Sarabjit Singh ..	Bais ..	Gondwa	6	..	5,194	0	0	
20	Bhanapur ..	Abid Ali Khan .. .. Ayad Ali Khan .. Hamid Ali Khan .. .. Mohammad Ali Khan .. Hamid Ali Khan .. .. Muhammad Ali Khan and Musammat Phulan.	Pathan ..	Sandi	2	..	2,485	0	0	

KHERI.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XLII

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

ALLAHABAD:
Printed by W. C. Abel, Offg. Supdt., Government Press, United Provinces.
1915.

Alterations and Additions to Part A of the Kheri District Gazetteer, bringing it up to date (1913-14).

DUPTY COMMISSIONER'S NOTES ON KHERI GAZETTEER.

Page 4.—KATHNA RIVER.

East of the Gumti is the Kathna which rises in Puranpur pargana in Pilibhit district and after a southerly course of about 25 miles along the eastern border of Pilibhit district and south-easterly course of about 10 miles through Shahjahanpur district first touches this district at Kurai near Mailani. Thence it flows in a southerly direction along the western borders of parganas Kukra Mailani, Haiderabad and Kasta, after which it flows into the Sitapur district, eventually falling into the Gumti after a course of about 125 miles. Its banks are clothed almost throughout with jungle on either side and for this reason, and also owing to the depth of the channel it is not used for irrigation. The river is crossed by four roads, from Muhamdi to Gola, from Muhamdi to Lakhimpur, from Mamri to Piparia, and from Lakhimpur to Aurangabad. The Muhamdi-Gola road crosses the Kathna by a pukka bridge.

Pages 9 *to* 21.—Forests.

From page 12, last line but one, *delete* the words " This plan however, is at present under revision " to the bottom of page 13, and *substitute* the following :—

" After this plan had been in force for two years, it became evident that, on account of the unsoundness of the stock of 1st class trees, a great loss, amounting to at least a lakh of rupees annually, would result if the prescription of the plan were followed for 30 years. When the Inspector-General of Forests visited the Kheri Division in March 1905, Mr. Clutterbuck, the Divisional Forest Officer, took the opportunity of putting up a note on the subject. His proposals were approved by the Inspector-General of Forests, and the Government of the United Provinces directed that a scheme should be submitted to give effect to the recommendations of the Inspector-General."

At first it was intended only to correct the plan of 1902 in accordance with the approved alterations in the scheme of working but afterwards it was found that as many other changes had occurred since the plan of 1902 was drawn up, the only satisfactory way was to revise the plan, and reprint it. The plan of 1902 was in force for 3 years from 1903-4 to 1905-6 inclusive. The scheme of working prescribed in the revised plan was brought into force with effect from 1906-7.

The changes which had taken place since the working plan of 1902 was written, referred to above, were as follows :—

In the first place the scheme of fellings was altered, and this necessitated the scheme of subsidiary fellings and climber cuttings being altered also. The new scheme further necessitated the closings of the forests, except during the fellings, to the extraction of dry timber. The Khairigarh exchange was concluded in 1904, and an additional area of 18,361 acres was added to the reserved forests in Notification No. 330, dated the 12th June 1905. This additional area necessitated not only corrections in the areas of compartments and working circles, but also brought under the plan the management of forest villages under rules sanctioned in G. O. No. 742 XIV—391A, dated the 15th December 1904. In 1905 the two ranges, including 20 beats, were sub-divided into four ranges with 31 beats; and it became necessary to bring the plan up to date in this respect also. A revised record of concessions was sanctioned in Notification No. 106, dated the 9th March 1907. The increased number of ranges and beats necessitated a revised scheme of building work, and the introduction of the monopoly system of sale made the plan of 1902 out of date in this respect also. Under existing arrangements the Trans-Sarda forest is divided into four ranges known as Bankatti, Sathiana, Sonaripur and Fort; each of which is divided into two working circles. In the Bankatti Range the circles are part of the West Sal, which comprises all the forest land proper, and is divided into 10 compartments, part of the West Open Circle which consists of low alluvial soil below the high bank and comprises the Bangaon and part of the Mohan blocks in the north and part of the Sathiana block in the south, and five villages between the Mohan river and the Sal forests. The Sathiana Range, which is separated from the former by a line

running south-east from Belghat on the Nagra Nala to the Nepal boundry pillar No. 180A, consists of the rest of West Sal Working Circle (which is divided into 25 compartments of forest land), the rest of the West Open Circle (which comprises the low alluvial soil of the Sumerpur), the rest of the Sathiana in the south-west, and part of the Mohan blocks in the north, and four villages between the Sal Working Circles and the Mohan block. The Sonaripur range, which is divided from the Sathiana range by the old Masankhamb line, running north-east from Dudua to Nepal pillar No. 155, consists of part of the East Sal Working Circle (whch is divided into 22 compartments of forest land,) part of the East Open Circle, (which comprises the low alluvial soil of Phersia, Kakraha and Gulra blocks in the south and part of the Mohan block in the north) and six villages between the sal forest and the Mohan block. The Fort range, which is divided from the | Sonaripur range by a line running north-east from Kusumbha to Nepal pillar No. 140, consists of the rest of the East Sal Working Circle (which is divided into 18 compartments of forest land) and the rest of the East Open Working Circle (which comprises the low alluvial soil of the Kusumbha, Maholi and Nunia blocks in the south and the rest of the Mohan block in the north). The general working scheme is to remove, during a period of 21 years, all the exploitable trees excepting those whose retention is necessary from a sylvicultural point of view in both working circles. The growth of the younger stock will at the same time be promoted by improvement fellings, thinnings, and cleanings.

The area of the whole forest is to be operated on in 21 years, an approximately equal area forming each year's annual coupe.

The Bunkatti and Sathiana ranges, which form the west Sal and West Open Working Circles, have a total area of 77,481, acres, of which 49,674 acres are in the West Sal Working Circle. Of the latter 42,706 acres are under fire protection, including 6,451 acres of open grass land, nalas and fire lines. Of the remaining area 19,023 acres forming the West Open Working Circle, are stocked half with miscellaneous unprotected forest, and half with grass and nalas. The other 8,784 acres are occupied by nine of the Bardia villages. The Sonaripur and Fort Ranges,

which form the remaining two working circles, have a total area of 1,11,918 acres of which 79,913 acres belong to the East Sal Working Circle; of this 64,640 acres are under fire protection, including 10,317 acres of grass lands, nalas and fire lines. Of the remaining areas 29,293, forming the East Open Working Circle, are stocked half with miscellaneous trees, which consist chiefly of khair and shisham, and half with grass and nalas. The remaining 2,712 acres are occupied by the remaining six Bardia villages.

On page 14. Line 1 *delete* the word "Bhira" and *substitute* "Cis Sarda." In the margin also make the same alteration. In line 23 *delete* the word "lastly." In line 24 *after* the word "Bijua" *add* the following :—

"Lastly 7,466, acres of forest known as the Kataia Grant were made over by the district authorities in 1908."

In line 27 *delete* the word "recently." On page 16, 1st line *after* the word "compiled in 1896" *add*:—

In 1904-5 the Inspector-General of Forests toured through these forests and in his "notes," dated the 27th March 1905, he made certain recommendations concerning their future management. He considered that all sal areas within a reasonable distance of the railway should be managed under selection fellings for poles, combined with thinnings of coppice shoots while the remaining more remote areas should be treated under improvement fellings; also that in the earlier coupes of the coppice working circles, supplementary operations should be undertaken for the removal of supernumerary standards.

In 1906, Mr. P. H. Clutterbuck, the Divisional Forest Officer, wrote the preliminary report for the revision of these working plans. In consequence of the excessive damage done by frost in 1906, he suggested that the only advisable method of treatment of the main part of these forests was by improvement fellings, which should have for their object (1) the removal of worthless stock, (2) the encouragement of young growth of the better species and (3) the thinning out of poles, wherever they were too close to develop; always provided that the openings so made were not large enough to induce frost and that wherever there was thick grass no fellings were to be made at all. He therefore proposed to

post-pone the carrying out of the recommendation of the Inspector-General for the remaining 12 years of the plans, and to manage for this period all the main part of the forest under careful improvement fellings. In the Gola and Mahorena Sub-Working Circle, which on account of their outlying positions were almost free from frost, it was proposed to continue the method of coppice with standards. The Inspector-General accepted the preliminary report, excepting in so far as the method of treatment by improvement fellings was concerned, and directed that as previously recommended by him, the selection method should be applied.

In 1907, as no Working Plans Officer was available, the sanction of Government was obtained as a temporary measure to the areas which were badly damaged by frost being left alone for the remaining years of the rotation, and for the remainder of the area, which is eventually to be worked under the selection method, to be considered to be in a transition stage and to be treated only to cultural operations such as thinnings, cleanings, weeding and removal of unsound trees where necessary. In consequence of the drought of 1908, a detailed examination of these forests was made by Mr. Canning, Divisional Forest Officer, who reported that the drying up of trees was proceeding at such a rate, and had already made such progress, that the measures sanctioned by the Local Government and quoted above for the management of these forests were not sufficient, and he proposed that existing working plans should be cancelled, and that the Conservator should be given power to manage these forests on an annual plan of operations. This was approved, and since then only dead trees have been extracted from these forests.

Page 18. Line 10. *Delete* from the words "The staff" down to the words "at the dèpôts" line 16 and *substitute* the following :—

"The staff of the Cis-Sarda Forests comprises two Range Officers, a Deputy Ranger and 24 Forest Guards, whilst it is annually strengthened by the addition of a large temporary establishment for protective purposes. In the Trans-Sarda Forests there are four Range Officers, two Deputy Rangers, one Forester and 31 Forest Guards, and during the working season the staff is supplemented to assist in the marking and felling operations."

Page 18. Line 21. *Delete* the words "There are bungalows" down to the end of the paragraph line 25 and *substitute* the following :—

"There are bungalows in the Bankatti Range at Kiratpur and Bankatti, in the Sathiana Range at Sathiana, Dudua and Masankhamb, in the Sonaripur Range at Chandan Chauki, Sonaripur and Salukapur, in the Fort Range at Changa Nala, Belraien and the Gauri Shah Fort, in the Marha Range at Marha, Mailani, Gola and Mahorena; and in the Kishenpur Range at Bhira and Kishenpur. A new rest house is under construction in the Fort Range at Bela Persua."

Page 19. Line 3. *for* the word "Bhira" *substitute* "Cis-Sarda."

Pages 25 *to* 27.—"CATTLE".

The following measures have recently been suggested or adopted for improving the breed of cattle and for extending grazing facilities in the district.

1. The establishment of a bull rearing farm at Manjhra near Lakhimpur.

2. The reservation of grazing grounds on the following conditions :—

(*a*) Government to reduce the land revenue at the rate of 2 annas per acre in favour of zemindars and taluqdars who reserve lands for grazing with power to re-impose it in case of any breach of the conditions.

(*b*) Owners not to bring under cultivation any portion of the reserved grazing grounds, and not to charge more than two annas per head for cows and oxen for a period of six months or less.

3. The exchange of Government villages for private villages suitable for grazing purposes.

The second measure was sanctioned experimentally for the term of the present settlement in G. O. No. 1334-423, dated the 17th December 1910, and grazing areas aggregating 40,114 acres in all, have now been reserved, at a reduction of land revenue of Rs. 3,039 per annum. The details are :—

Khairigarh estate (19,826), Hearsey estate (6,948), Oel estate (4,688), Jhandipurwa estate (3,000), Esanagar estate (1,752), Ramnagar estate (2,800) and Nimgaon estate (1,100).

As regards the third measure, proposals were submitted to exchange the Government villages of Grant Sujanpur and Wali with Allenganj and Grant No. 3 belonging to Raj Raghuber Singh, taluqdar of Jhandipurwa; and the Government villages of Saahpur, Bhirawan, Gularha and Ibrahimpur with the Ghola belonging to the Hearsey estate. These proposals were not accepted by the Government on the ground of expense, in the case of Jhandipurwa; and on account of various administrative complications as regards the Hearsey estate (vide G. O. No. 400/XIV—35 dated the 30th June 1913). A further proposal to exchange grants Sinra, Salahpur, and Gularha for Benn Gunj, belonging to the Mahant of Fyzabad, whose property is held in trust, is at present under consideration.

Page 27.—"CATTLE CENSUS."

A third Census was taken in the beginning of 1909, when the following figures were returned:—

Bulls and bullocks 247,567 cows 323,848, male buffaloes 4,007, cow buffaloes 742,290, young stock 265,948, sheep 62,967, goats 153,772, horses and ponies 15,781. The number of carts was 29,980.

Page 28.—"CATTLE DISEASE."

The practice of removing the skins from the bodies of animals dying of infectious disease prevails throughout the district, and is an important feature in the dissemination of cattle diseases. In nearly all the larger estates in Nighasan tehsil especially, the hide contracts form an appreciable item of the estate income; and the attempts made to abolish this pernicious custom met with much resistence, active and passive. In 1912 when rinderpest was very severe and general, orders were issued absolutely prohibiting this practice; and cases under the Indian Penal Code were freely instituted wherever evidence could be secured. Cattle owners were strongly advised to slash the skins of all animals dying of infectious diseases so that the hide contractors might have no inducement to remove the skins. These measures produced a considerable effect; but the practice still prevails to a large extent. Inoculation is still unpopular, despite the example and encouragement of the leading taluqdars and zemindars.

Page 31.—HEALTH.

A table of births and deaths is given in the appendix (table III). From the figures for the past 8 years 1905 to 1912 it will be seen that the birth rate exceeded the death rate in every year excepting the famine year of 1908, when the birth rate was 36·6 per mille against a death rate of 60·47, and to a lesser extent in the year following, when the figures were 34·93 and 38·54 respectively. This is of course a well recognised result of famine conditions and calls for no special comment. In the two prosperous years of 1910 and 1911 the birth rate reverted to its pre-famine level. The deaths from the principal diseases, such as plague, cholera, small-pox, fever and bowel complaints are shown in Table IV. There has been a lower death rate in 1912 than in the preceding 8 years.

Page 31.—FEVER.

The death rate per cent. from fever as compared with that from all causes still remains high. In 1912 it was 76·45, which is about the lowest recorded in any single year. The average for the past five years 1908-12 was 76·68. In 1912 there was considerably less malaria than in previous years, and the cycle of dry years which seems now to have been established is rapidly lowering the fever mortality.

Page 31.—CHOLERA.

Cholera continued to recur in every single year from 1901 to 1912. During this period it was worst in the years 1906, 1908 and 1911, when the deaths from this disease were 9,270, 6,827 and 5,716 respectively. The best years were 1904 and 1907 when there were no epidemics, the sporadic cases in these years accounting for 59 and 249 deaths respectively. Importation from Nepal would appear to be the chief causative factor in the introduction of the disease into this district.

A system has recently been introduced of organised permanganation of the water supplies; and so far every outbreak accruing after the adoption of this system has been rapidly and successfully dealt with.

Page 32.—SMALL-POX.

The average annual number of deaths from this disease during the past 22 years, i. e. 1891 to 1912 has been 296·23. As

a proof of the more satisfactory state of vaccination in recent years it is only necessary to mention that in the last 4 years 1909 to 1912 only 12 deaths were recorded from small-pox. In 1912 there were no deaths from this disease.

Page 33.—PLAGUE.

From the year 1903, when plague first appeared in this district up to 1912, there have been altogether 3,389 deaths, making an annual average of 338·90. Of this period, 1903 to 1912 the years 1909 and 1910 were absolutely free. It will thus be seen that Kheri is one of the least affected districts in the province so far as plague is concerned.

Page 46.—WELLS.

A well survey was made in 1905, and as a result villages in the district were classified as follows:—

1. Villages with adequate water supply	656
2. Villages where the supply can be made adequate by cheap and rapidly made *kachcha* wells, with the help of liberal *taqavi* advances	1,020
3. Villages where more masonry wells are required for protection against drought	73
Total	1,749

There are very few masonry wells used for irrigation; and the taccavi advances given during recent years for the construction of such wells have either been misapplied, or the wells constructed have rapidly fallen in. The net addition to the number of wells has been insignificant.

Page 50.—FAMINE OF 1907-08.

The rains began very late: but up till about the 20th August the crops were not bad, and if more rain had fallen there would have been a fair harvest. But hot dry winds then set in with fatal results. The rainfall from the 1st June 1907 to the 30th September 1907 was as follows:—

Lakhimpur	8·96 inches.
Muhamdi	14·09 ,,
Nighasan	14·40 ,,

The result was that the kharif crop was about 5½ annas only in the tarai tracts (portions of Bhur and Srinagar parganas and all Nighasan except pargana Ferozabad) and about 2 annas only in the rest of the district. No rain fell in October, November or December; and as a consequence there was a serious

contraction of the rabi area, which was about 38 % of the normal in Lakhimpur, 33 % in Muhamdi and 25 % in Nighasan.

A poorhouse was opened at Lakhimpur on the 28th November 1907, and the first test work started on the 16th December. Scarcity was declared on the 1st January 1908, and famine a fortnight later. The number of casual wanderers relieved by the police was quite insignificant. Two test works attracted 1,732 workers in December, but the numbers rose rapidly, and they were converted into relief works on the 18th January. Three more works were opened in January, when the numbers rose to over 20,000. In February there were 9 Public Works Department works and in March 14 Public Works Department and 29 aided works. The rabi of 1908 was also a failure; it did not relieve the famine pressure. From 10th May, however, the Public Works Department works began gradually to be broken up into groups of civil works; and, except the poor house which was kept open until the 15th September, all relief was closed on the 31st August 1908, with the payment of a valedictory dole. Gratuitous relief was commenced at the beginning of January. Numbers rose steadily, but the increase was very noticeable in the latter part of July and August, the greatest number 76,974 being reached on the 15th August. This increase would have taken place earlier, had it not been that much assistance was given by a good mango crop.

There was no fodder famine in the district. Some blocks of the reserved forest were however thrown open to grazing.

Rupees 5,53,000, was advanced for rabi seed in October 1907 and Rs. 5,70,000 in June and July 1908 for kharif sowings. In addition to this Rs. 50,000 was advanced for sugarcane in March 1908. Suspensions amounted to Rs. 2,19,674 and remissions to 6,49,085.

Expenditure on the different relief measures was as follows:—

		Rs.
Public Works Department works	..	9,45,437
Civil works	..	2,31,936
Aided "	..	1,02,651
Gratuitous relief	..	4,00,870
Poorhouse	..	6,956

Pages 60—61.—LOCAL ROADS.

The local roads of the district are divided into five classes, and have a total length of 673 miles, 5 furlongs. Of this only 76

miles and 1 furlong are metalled, and with the exception of the Gola-Shahjahanpur and Lakhimpur-Sitapur roads, the metalling consists merely of short lengths in places where the sandy nature of the soil necessitates such treatment. The absence of metalled roads is largely due, as in the case of Bahraich, to the difficulty of procuring good kunkar at cheap rates; in the few places where it is found, it is of indifferent character. The roads from Lakhimpur to Gola, Nighasan, Bahraich and Katesar (Bahram Ghat) are metalled for a short distance in the neighbourhood of head quarters, while the rest of the metalling consists of portions of the roads to Chapartala, Dhaurahra, Muhamdi via Bhikhampur in the approaches to bridges and in sandy parts where the heavy soil renders an unmetalled road useless.

A list of all the roads in the district will be found in the appendix. Few of them unmetalled roads are open throughout the year, and only three, those from Lakhimpur to Sitapur and Shahjahanpur, and from Gola to Aliganj, are raised and bridged throughout. The direct road from Lakhimpur to Muhamdi has been greatly improved by the construction of a large pile-bridge over the Kathna; and the roads from Lakhimpur to Chapartala and Dhaurahra are also bridged as far as the Peerai and Chowka rivers respectively. The chief need of the district is an increase in the number of bridges; but permanent bridges of brick masonry are very costly to construct, not so much on account of the violence of the floods, as because of the alluvial nature of the soil, which affords no solid foundation, and is liable every year to be pierced by new channels. Slow progress is, however, being made in this direction. The chief semi-permanent bridges are the two wooden bridges over the Gumti, one on the provincial road and the other on the road from Gola to Muhamdi and Shahjahanpur; the bridges over the Ul on Lakhimpur-Singahi road, Gola Mailani road, and Gola-Aliganj road; the bridge over the old Chowka river on the Dhaurahra road; and those over the Kathna river on Mamri-Piparia and Lakhimpur-Muhamdi roads. The only permanent bridge of over fifty feet water way is that over the Kathna on the Goia-Shajahanpur road. There are inspection bungalows on the local roads at Muhamdi and Gola on the Lakhimpur-Shahjahanpur road; at Mailani on the Lakhimpur-Pilibhit road; at Nighasan and Adilabad

on the road from Lakhimpur to Singahi; at Bhikhampur on the direct line from Lakhimpur to Muhamdi; and at Mitauli on the Lakhimpur-Chapartala road. The inspection house at Dhaurahra collapsed in 1911 and has not been rebuilt yet. There is however a Court of Wards bungalow at Runjitganj, five miles from Dhaurahra.

TALUQDARS.—*Pages 89 to 99.*

Twenty-three taluqdars have landed possessions in the Kheri district, but 11 of them reside in other districts. The list of taluqdars attached gives full particulars.

Mahewa.—Rani Raghubans Kunwar succeeded by Thakur Rajendra Bahadur Singh, who died on the 18th October 1912. His successor is Thakur Jai Indra Bahadur Singh, the son of the former taluqdar's half-brother whose estate has been taken under the Court of Wards.

Kaimahra.—This estate has been merged into the Oel estate after long litigation with Mahewa.

Isanagar.—Thakur Raghuraj Singh died on the 7th November 1909 and was succeeded by his son Thakur Rajendar Bahadur Singh. The estate continues under the management of the Court of Wards.

Bhur.—This estate has now been partitioned between the two brothers Raj Mangal Singh and Raj Raghuber Singh. The estate of the former is now under the court of wards.

Mallanpur.—Raja Muneshar Bakhsh Singh died on the 20th June 1911. His son Raja Debi Bakhsh Singh is the present taluqdar.

Paila.—Rai Ram Din Bahadur has declared his estate to be subject to the provisions of the Oudh Settled Estates Act.

Muiz-uddinpur.—Raja Raghuber Dial died on the 27th March 1911. His son Raja Swami Dayal and his brother Seth Jai Dayal are the present taluqdars.

Jalalpur.—Muhammad Lutf Ullah Khan died on the 28th July 1908 and was succeeded by his son Muhammad Hamid Ullah Khan. This estate, which has now passed into other hands, has become extinct.

Kotwara.—Saiyid Raza Husain has declared practically the whole of his estate to be subject to the Oudh Settled Estates Act.

Mamri.—Mr. L. D. Hearsey died on the 11th April 1912. An application for probate of his will, dated the 16th October 1908, was filed by Mr. W. A. Hearsey, an executor in the court of the District Judge of Sitapur; this application was opposed by Mr. J. B. Hearsey, the eldest legitimate son of the testator. Under this will, the testator's legitimate family was disinherited. A compromise was ultimately arranged between the parties to the effect that the will should be declared invalid on the ground that the testator was subject to various delusions; that the Caveator should pay Rs. 25,000 to each of the 13 legatees under the will within a specified time, and Rs. 250 per month to Mrs. Hariet Hearsey for her life-time, this sum being made a charge on the estate. The compromise was filed in court on the 1st September 1913, and the Judge decreed the case in accordance with the terms of the compromise. The question whether all the legatees accept this compromise is still pending.

As the debts due by the estate have not yet been liquidated, the estate has been retained under the superintendence of the court of wards.

A new taluqdar.—Sardar Jogendra Singh's name has been entered in the list of taluqdars in Oudh under G. O. No. 1091/IV—166, dated the 9th December 1910, in place of Mr. Sutherland a taluqdar who had sold a portion of his Aira estate to Sardar Jogendra Singh's father, Sardar Jwala Singh, a grantee.

Zemindari Estates.—Muhammad Khalil Ullah Khan, Khan Bahadur, died on the 20th August 1912, leaving two sons Muhammad Abdul Bashir Khan and Muhammad Ashkar Ullah Khan. The latter, who was appointed an Honorary Magistrate in 1910, has succeeded his father on the Darbar list. The zemindari has been partitioned between the brothers and their mother.

Page 109.—DISTRICT STAFF.

The district is in charge of a Deputy Commissioner, who is subject to the control of the Commissioner of the Lucknow Division. The magisterial and revenue staff consists ordinarily of three Deputy Collectors of 1st class powers and three Tahsildars; but an extra Deputy Collector is given each cold weather to relieve the Sub-Divisional Officer of Nighasan from the charge of the Treasury

and to enable him to go on tour in his Sub-Division. Besides these, there is a Bench of Magistrates at Lakhimpur exercising 2nd class powers. The members are Lala Tulsi Ram, Babu Har Prasad, Babu Sham Lal and Seth Sita Ram. Outside the Municipality there are nine Honorary Magistrates. Their names, powers, and jurisdiction are given below :—

Names.	Powers.	Jurisdiction.
1. Saiyid Tasadduq Husain, Khan Sahib	3rd class ..	Within police circles Mitauli and Pasgawan.
2. Râja Debi Bakhsh Singh ..	Do. ..	Police circle Isanagar.
3. Muhammad Abdul Ghani Khan	Do. ..	Police circles Bhira and Gola.
4. Muhammad Abdul Rahman Khan.	Do. ..	Ditto ditto.
5. Kunwar Bam Bahadur Sah, Rai Bahadur.	Do. ..	Within the limits of the Khairigarh estate situated within police circles Nighasan, Palia and Dhaurahra.
6. Raj Raghuber Singh ..	Do. ..	Within police circle Nighasan, excluding the Khairigarh estate.
7. Saiyid Raza Husain ..	2nd class ..	Within the limits of his estate situated in police circles of Gola and Nimgaon.
8. Munshi Muhammad Ashkar Ullah Khan.	3rd class ..	Within police circles Bhira and Gola.
9. Sardar Mujib-ul Rahman Khan	Do. ..	Within police circle Bhira.

The district lies within the jurisdiction of the District and Sessions Judge of Sitapur. There is a Subordinate Judge at head quarters, and one Munsif is also posted at Lakhimpur. Sardar Jogendra Singh of Aira is an Honorary Munsif for pargana Dhaurahra and Kunwar Dillipat Shah for pargana Khairigarh. The remaining staff includes the Superintendent of Police, the Civil Surgeon, the Assistant Surgeon, the District Engineer, the Deputy Conservator of Forests, two extra Assistant Conservators, the Special Manager and the two Assistant Special Managers of the Court of Wards, the Head Master of the High School, and the Post Master.

Page 120.—POLICE STATIONS.

Cut out the last sentence.—"It is at present...............down to areas."

Page 121.—Police Force.

Details of the police force entertained will be found in the appendix No. XVII. The whole is under the District Superintendent, who is assisted by one Deputy Superintendent, one Reserve and two Visiting Inspectors. The ordinary regular police force consists of 182 men of all grades, but in addition to this, there is the civil reserve of 64 men, and the armed police, 95 strong. They are maintained at an annual cost of somewhat over Rs. 61,000. There are no municipal police; they have been amalgamated with the provincial force. The town police in the Notified Area of Muhamdi have now been converted into Provincial constabulary. Town police still exist in the two Act XX towns of Kheri and Gola. The village chaukidars, numbering 1,730 men or one to every 523 inhabitants, are now the paid servants of Government, the cost of their upkeep being met from the Oudh rural police rate, which has been in force since the last settlement. As usual in Oudh, they are mainly drawn from the Pasi caste. Lastly, there are 32 road chaukidars who patrol the roads from Shahjahanpur to Sitapur and to Aliganj, as well as those running along the railway in the Bhira circle and from Gola to Khutar. Special arrangements are made for patrolling the roads round Gola during the season of pilgrimage.

Page 123.—Jail.

The district jail was originally located at Muhamdi, and was destroyed with the rest of the civil buildings during the Mutiny. After annexation temporary accommodation was found at Muhamdi in the police havalat, which was found to be far too small for the purpose. In 1864, when the civil buildings at Lakhimpur were erected, a new jail was made at that place, a small mud walled structure on the ordinary pattern of the Oudh 3rd class jails. It was originally designed to hold 149 prisoners, but subsequent improvements and alterations have been made with the result that it has now an accommodation for 350 prisoners. The present jail is partly of bricks and partly of mud. The construction of four additional quarters for warders has recently been sanctioned. The average number of inmates during the years 1905 to 1912 was 309·06, maintained at a total average cost of Rs. 57-9-6 per head. The manufactures at the jail are of the ordinary descriptions, and

include cotton cloth, dusters, cotton tape, netting, rugs and baib matting of an excellent quality; the average earnings of each prisoner during the years 1905 to 1912 were Rs. 7-8-0. The jail is, as usual, under the charge of the Civil Surgeon.

Pages 123 *to* 127.—EXCISE.

There are now three excise systems in force in the district:—the contract system, throughout the tahsils of Muhamdi and Lakhimpur, the farming system in Nighasan pargana, and the outstill system in the rest of the Nighasan Tahsil. The contractors for the supply of liquor in the contract area are Messrs. Carew and Co., of the Rosa distillery, who keep their vats in the two bonded warehouses at Muhamdi and Lakhimpur; one of the two keys of each bonded warehouse is retained by the agent of the firm, the other is in the hands of the local Excise Inspector. These warehouses were built in 1909. In Nighasan there are 25 outstills scattered over the whole area of the tahsil; and in pargana Nighasan where the farming system is in force, there are five stills. The farming system was introduced experimentally on the 1st April 1912, it will probably be extended to the whole tahsil area shortly. Four Excise Inspectors, who control the management of excise generally, and issue liquor from the bonded warehouses, were appointed in December 1908; they also act as a detective and preventive staff. Their jurisdictions are:—two in tahsil Lakhimpur, one in Muhamdi, and one in Nighasan. All liquor sold otherwise than in bottles must now be retailed from stamped measures, which are supplied in sets to every liquor shop. Foreign liquor is sold by one firm only in Lakhimpur city. The sales are trifling.

COUNTRY SPIRIT.

The average receipts, from 1905 to 1912, were Rs. 80,093. In the years 1907-08 and 1908-09 the licence fees for country spirit fell to Rs. 74,606 and Rs. 63,106 respectively, and the consumption was reduced to 9,131 and 6,999 gallons. This was due to the famine and to the impoverished condition of the people immediately after the famine. In 1910-11 and 1911-12 the income rose to Rs. 74,931 and Rs. 90,716 respectively, with an increase in consumption of 10,262 and 13,341 gallons respectively. This increase was attributed to a succession of fairly good harvests.

DRUGS.

Charas is now a favourite drug. It is not only consumed by Brahmans and Fakirs, but also by many low castes in the mufassil. There has been a gradual decrease in the receipts from 1906-07 to 1911-12, due in fact to the famine, and in part to the resale of the drugs contract for an incomplete year in 1908-09. There has also been much mismanagement on the part of the drugs contractors, and in recent times heavy smuggling from Shahjahanpur and Hardoi. There are 82 shops in the district licensed to sell the drug.

OPIUM.

There are altogether 31 retail shops for the sale of opium in the district. From 1905 to 1912 the average consumption was 36½ maunds annually, the lowest figures being 31½ maunds in 1910-11 and the highest 42½ maunds in 1906-07. The decrease in the consumption in 1910-11 was attributed to the raising of the price from Rs. 17 to Rs. 22 per seer, but it is very doubtful whether this was the real cause. The receipts from 1905 to 1912 averaged Rs. 23,832 annually. The increase in 1909-10, and subsequent years, was due to the fact that the official vend of opium was stopped from the 1st April 1909.

Page 127.—POST OFFICE.

The postal arrangements are now all Imperial.

The following are sub-offices :—

Kheri city, Kheri town, Nighasan, Mailani, Muhamdi, Gola. Owing to the opening of the Shahjahanpur-Sitapur railway line, mails for Mitauli and Pasgawan are now sent by rail, and are given to runners at the Jang Bahadurganj railway station. This change has now placed these offices in account with the Kheri-Lakhimpur head office instead of the Muhamdi sub-office. The Dudwa Branch of the Rohilkhand and Kumaun Railway is also used for the conveyance of mails, the mails for Bhira, Palia, Dudwa, Bellraen, Singahi, Nighasan and Jhandipurwa are now sent over this line.

Gola was converted into a combined Post and Telegraph office on the 28th February 1913.

A separate runner's line, which is paid for by Sardar Jogendra Singh, now serves the Aira Estate Post Office.

Page 128.—MUNICIPALITIES.

There is now but one municipality in the district, administered under Act I of 1900. This is Lakhimpur, which was first constituted a municipality on the 14th July 1868. At the present time its affairs are managed by a Board of ten members, of whom eight are elected, the latter including the chairman. The chairman is now a non-official. The income is derived from house tax, toll tax, scavenging tax, and a tax on weighmen and brokers, the latter being realised by means of licences. Other sources of income are licence fees from ekka, hand carts and petroleum stores, rents from nazul lands, municipal shops, sarais, tehbazari, gardens, fairs, pounds, and fines.

The details of the income and expenditure for each year since 1901-02 will be found in the appendix.

Page 129.—ACT XX TOWNS.

The provisions of Act XX have since been withdrawn from Dhaurahra town, under G. O. No. 4137-XI—609D, dated the 30th November 1913.

Act XIV of 1883 has been repealed by Act III of 1906, and the number of elected members of the District Board has been increased from 19 to 21.

Two bridges have been built, one over the old Chowka river on the Lakhimpur-Dhaurahra road at mile 10; and the other on the Lakhimpur-Muhamdi road over the Kathna river in mile 24.

There are dispensaries at Lakhimpur, Dhaurahra, Singahi, Palia, Gola and Muhamdi, a court of wards dispensary at Oel, and a Dufferin Hospital at Lakhimpur. It is proposed to erect a dispensary at Aurangabad also, to serve the southern portion of the district.

There are 32 pounds now, besides the municipal and notified area pounds at Lakhimpur and Muhamdi.

Page 131.—SCHOOLS.

A list of all the schools in the district, showing the class and the average attendance in 1911, will be found in the appendix. The secondary schools are seven in number, including the five tahsili schools, the high school at Lakhimpur, which is under the direct management of the educational department and is the successor of the old zila school, and the Dharam Sabha, also at Lakhimpur.

The latter is an endowed institution, classed as an Anglo-Vernacular school; it also receives a grant from the municipality. The boys' schools supported by the District Board and from municipal funds number 100 in all, 51 being of the upper primary and 49 of the lower primary type. There are also 83 aided primary schools for boys. Female education is far from being general in this district. In 1871 a small Muhammadan girls' school with 17 pupils was in existence at Muhamdi, and this still continues. A Hindu girls' school was opened in 1901. The other girl's schools supported by District Board are those at Parhua, Maigalganj, Barwar, Aurangabad and Kalwa. There is also a model girls' school at Lakhimpur which is under the direct management of the educational department. The education provided in these schools comprises only reading, writing and arithmetic, but in most cases religious instruction is imparted at home. There are several other private schools for boys in different parts of the district and specially in the Muhamdi tahsil, but these are generally of a purely religious character, the instruction being either in Sanskrit or in the Quran. In some of these schools arithmetic is taught after the native method, which relies principally on the memory, the multiplication-table going up to forty times forty. The recent growth in the number of schools and scholars since 1896 is shown in the tabular form in the appendix XVIII.

A detailed examination of the school registers shows that a very large number of boys attend the first class—class A for a few months only; and in all the schools classes A and B are always disproportionately large as compared with classes I and II. This is due to the fact that boys are sent to school, in many cases, merely to avoid the trouble of looking after them at home; and the beginning of agricultural operations each season is always accompanied by large withdrawals, or by most irregular attendance. In the remote tracts of the district, education has made but little headway; and the district still remains the most backward, educationally in Oudh.

During recent years, efforts have been made to improve the type of buildings; and the district has now a fair number of pakka or semi-pakka school buildings.

Page 133.—DISPENSARIES.

The Forest Dispensary at Palia was abolished in the year 1905. A new District Board dispensary was opened there early in 1912. In-door patients are accommodated in the hospitals at Lakhimpur, Gola and Muhamdi. A Countess of Dufferin hospital was opened at Lakimpur on the 1st September 1909. It consists of a main building with general two wards having six beds in each. In 1911 six separate parda nashin wards were added. In 1910, a court of wards hospital was opened at Oel.

The total number of cases treated in all the hospitals of the district during the year 1912 was as follows :—

Out-door (new cases only)	58,727
In-door	706

(Sd.) J. CAMPBELL,

Deputy Commissioner, Kheri.

Dated the 21*st Februrary* 1914.

Gazetteer of Kheri.

APPENDIX.

GAZETTEER OF KHERI.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

TABLE I.—*Population by tahsils*, 1911.

Tahsil.	Total.			Hindus.			Musalmans.			Others.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Muhamdi ..	271,501	145,280	126,221	232,415	124,562	107,853	38,136	20,214	17,922	961	511	450
Nighasan ..	290,087	154,722	135,365	250,396	133,437	116,959	39,547	21,197	18,350	144	88	56
Lakhimpur ..	397,620	211,510	186,110	336,317	179,115	157,202	60,598	31,968	28,630	694	420	274
Total ..	959,208	511,512	447,696	819,128	437,114	382,014	138,281	73,379	64,902	1,799	1,019	780

TABLE II.—*Population by thanas*, 1911.

Serial number.	Name of thana.	Total population.			Hindus.			Musalmans.			Others.		
		Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Bhira ..	53,396	28,786	24,610	48,131	25,815	22,316	5,194	2,917	2,277	71	54	17
2	Phulbehar ..	57,600	30,715	26,885	49,071	26,199	22,872	8,522	4,509	4,013	7	7	..
3	Lakhimpur ..	152,739	80,570	72,169	123,973	65,567	58,406	28,389	14,783	13,606	377	220	157
4	Palia ..	35,090	20,152	14,938	30,094	17,231	12,863	4,935	2,881	2,054	61	40	21
5	Dhaurahra ..	77,729	40,463	37,266	66,119	34,403	31,716	11,607	6,057	5,550	3	3	..
6	Nighasan ..	109,694	58,574	51,120	94,311	50,311	44,000	15,350	8,240	7,110	33	23	10
7	Isanagar ..	66,824	35,140	31,684	59,205	31,142	28,063	7,573	3,977	3,596	46	21	25
8	Mitauli ..	75,091	40,118	34,078	68,120	36,380	31,740	6,905	3,701	3,224	66	37	29
9	Muhamdi ..	81,728	43,725	38,003	68,060	36,543	31,517	13,347	7,017	6,330	321	165	156
10	Pasgawan ..	63,533	34,070	29,463	53,232	28,617	24,615	9,995	5,283	4,712	306	170	136
11	Gola	117,940	63,462	54,478	100,764	54,234	46,530	16,727	8,981	7,746	449	247	202
12	Nimgaon ..	67,844	35,737	32,107	58,048	30,672	27,376	9,737	5,033	4,704	59	32	27
	Total ..	959,208	511,512	447,696	819,128	437,114	382,014	138,281	73,379	64,902	1,799	1,019	780

TABLE III.—*Vital Statistics.*

Year.	Births.				Deaths.			
	Total.	Males.	Females	Rate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1901 ..	42,331	21,663	20,568	46·76	29,287	15,274	14,013	32·36
1902 ..	46,534	23.974	22,560	51·41	31,468	16,544	14,924	34·76
1903 ..	46,195	24,089	22,106	51·03	42,121	21,826	20,295	46·53
1904 ..	47,847	25,057	22,790	52·86	29,509	15,050	14,459	32·60
1905 ..	42,969	22,194	20,775	47·47	35,993	18,834	17,159	39·77
1906 ..	46,763	23,906	22,857	51·66	41,094	21,291	19,803	45·40
1907 ..	46,556	24,215	22,341	51·43	37,248	19,487	17,761	41·15
1908 ..	33,280	17,083	16,197	36·76	54,735	28,379	26,356	60·47
1909 ..	31,614	16,334	15,280	34·93	34,887	17,727	17,160	38·54
1910 ..	43,379	22,571	20,808	47·92	28,697	15,101	13,596	31·70
1911 ..	45,781	23,681	22,100	50·58	40,183	21,281	18,902	44·39

TABLE IV.—*Deaths according to cause.*

Year.	Total deaths from—					
	All causes.	Plague.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever.	Bowel com-plaints
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	29,287	..	1,601	1	25,701	6
1902	31,468	..	376	3	28,131	17
1903	42,121	10	1,052	74	32,904	40
1904	29,509	497	59	577	24,726	22
1905	35,993	432	2,172	302	28,901	48
1906	41,094	520	9,270	330	26,189	28
1907	37,248	1,366	249	70	29,878	20
1908	54,735	17	6,827	194	40,662	36
1909	34,887	..	640	5	30,667	11
1910	28,697	..	713	4	23,659	13
1911	40,183	229	5,716	3	29,342	41

TABLE V.—*Statistics of cultivation and irrigation*, 1319 *Fasli.*

Pargana and tahsil.	Total area.	Waste.	Culturable.	Cultivated.							Double cropped.
				Irrigated.				Dry.	Total.		
				Total.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		11
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		Acres.
Pargana Bhur, tahsil Lakhimpur ..	191,140	25,234	69,305	4,315	3,810	..	505	92,286	96,601		14,278
" Palia, " " ..	65,147	5,802	15,366	6,141	3,195	..	2,946	37,838	43,979		8,469
" Srinagar, " " ..	142,816	15,242	46,532	1,099	578	..	521	79,943	81,042		22,335
" Kukra, " " ..	66,818	4,267	31,324	1,223	909	..	314	30,004	31,227		5,048
" Kheri, " " ..	121,412	11,073	21,093	4,178	899	..	3,279	85,068	89,246		20,616
Total, tahsil Lakhimpur ..	587,333	61,618	183,620	16,956	9,391	..	7,565	325,139	342,095		70,746
Pargana Atwa Piparia, tahsil Muhamdi ..	33,538	1,556	10,213	689	585	..	104	21,080	21,769		1,419
" Aurangabad, " " ..	69,717	4,582	16,138	2,661	2,125	..	536	46,336	48,997		2,963
" Pasgawan, " " ..	76,781	5,066	18,499	9,953	6,610	..	3,343	43,263	53 216		8,165
" Haidrabad, " " ..	61,754	5,124	15,569	7,240	4,941	..	2,299	33.821	41,061		7,751
" Kasta " " ..	59,440	3,601	23,396	3 385	2,550	..	835	29 058	32,443		5,277

TABLE V.—*Statistics of cultivation and irrigation,* 1319 *Fasli*—(concluded).

Pargana and tahsil.	Total area.	Waste.	Cultur. able.	Cultivated.						Double cropped.
				Irrigated.				Dry.	Total.	
				Total.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres	Acres.
Pargana Muhamdi, tahsil Muhamdi ..	73,205	4,594	17,468	11,228	8,448	..	2,780	39,915	51,143	9,142
" Magdapur, " " ..	34,572	1,503	9,500	300	207	..	93	23,269	23,569	898
Total, tahsil Muhamdi ..	409,007	26,026	110,783	35,456	25,466	..	9,990	236,742	272,198	35,615
Pargana Palia, tahsil Nighasan ..	79,555	8,557	63,010	..	..	..	..	7,988	7,988	2,138
" Dhaurahra, " " ..	173,640	30,484	49,387	74	35	..	39	93,695	93,769	28,873
" Ferozabad, " " ..	109,435	22,108	33,173	134	111	..	23	54,020	54,154	20,957
" Khairigarh, " " ..	92,688	7,760	46,085	2	..	..	2	38,841	38,843	12,220
" Nighasan, " " ..	149,980	16,661	69,862	45	45	..	..	63,412	63,457	13,643
Total, tahsil Nighasan ..	605,298	85,570	261,517	255	191	..	64	257,956	258,211	77,831
Grand Total ..	1,601,638	173,214	555,920	52,667	35,048	..	17,619	819,837	872,504	184,192
Reserved forest ..	*295,454	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
District Total ..	1,897,092	173,214	555,920	52,667	35,048	..	17,619	819,837	872,504	184,192

* 98,589 acres in Lakhimpur tahsil, 7,466 in Muhamdi and 189,399 in Nighasan.

TABLE VI.—*Area in acres under the principal crops. tahsil Lakhimpur.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.						
	Total.	Wheat alone.	Wheat mixed.	Barley alone and mixed.	Linseeed and rape.	Gram and peas.	Total.	Maize.	Rice.	Juar and bajra.	Urd, mung and moth.	Kodon.	Sugar-cane.
Fasli.													
1309	172,058	57,423	28,742	24,717	5,078	49,486	235,062	22,923	49,739	11,162	40,016	40,577	23,534
1310	178,714	66,901	27,129	18,192	8,542	52,840	226,559	22,813	82,718	9,059	38,600	47,996	14,210
1311	181,873	81,441	27,076	20,689	8,116	39,515	223,344	30,163	63,059	11,569	43,237	46,450	16,924
1312	179,587	84,347	22,937	19,321	6,396	41,090	222,974	25,568	73,921	5,143	43,391	44,628	7,574
1313	179,270	75,805	25,570	20,633	3,349	47,216	224,374	24,182	75,932	6,140	38,849	40,815	23,182
1314	182,659	73,643	24,168	21,098	4,585	53,643	238,631	25,954	86,344	8,557	34,845	41,532	27,315
1315	83,564	18,817	16,502	34,021	1,869	8,542	258,213	26,603	78,715	15,105	39,196	50,990	27,596
1316	102,372	30,991	29,545	30,854	2,003	6,022	266,023	31,680	45,040	32,224	39,544	74,306	14,129
1317	148,545	43,380	35,030	36,806	3,914	23,683	214,769	31,716	55,387	29,923	34,015	63,728	9,620
1318	196,798	60,971	36,467	37,716	3,994	57,650	195,211	21,072	68,716	10,242	45,526	49,605	13,885
1319	188,250	62,184	27,699	31,248	6,480	60,639	178,488	19,644	55,345	16,590	53,867	33,542	23,378

TABLE VI—(continued).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Muhamdi.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.						
	Total.	Wheat alone.	Wheat mixed.	Barley alone and mixed.	Linseed and rape.	Gram and peas.	Total.	Maize.	Rice.	Juar and bajra.	Urd, mung and moth.	Kodon.	Sugar-cane.
Fasli.													
1309	151,377	50,016	20,657	32,049	1,170	45,326	136,600	152	43,366	21,175	24,595	4,754	16,338
1310	158,160	56,327	21,560	31,485	2,199	44,662	137,154	172	41,394	21,414	29,483	5,903	11,506
1311	157,035	62,132	20,648	34,424	2,102	35,965	136,448	98	27,883	26,138	33,566	5,709	13,679
1312	156,416	65,530	20,314	32,148	1,823	35,012	142,936	140	40,526	20,683	36,192	4,939	12,736
1313	159,398	56,079	19,339	36,825	531	44,272	150,634	227	40,254	25,752	29,932	4,446	16,406
1314	164,428	59,498	19,958	36,960	715	45,267	151,808	194	40,992	26,886	27,959	4,969	17,812
1315	81,414	25,515	9,142	37,625	123	7,297	165,392	171	36,288	33,837	24,645	6,655	16,365
1316	109,542	33,983	13,863	48,564	195	11,070	160,843	427	12,632	67,630	27,069	9,735	9,898
1317	133,062	37,995	15,428	50,887	310	25,889	103,869	804	27,093	39,580	27,432	8,960	5,876
1318	157,062	45,236	17,318	48,497	555	45,456	95,834	588	29,499	30,807	28,237	6,703	7,498
1319	163,327	49,906	16,814	43,860	1,961	50,786	89,997	160	24,959	33,151	27,506	4,221	11,180

TABLL VI—(concluded).—*Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Nighasan.*

Year.	Rabi.						Kharif.						
	Total.	Wheat alone.	Wheat mixed.	Barley alone and mixed.	Linseed and rape.	Gram and peas.	Total.	Maize.	Rice.	Juar and bajra.	Urd, mung and moth.	Kodon.	Sugar-cane.
Fasli.													
1309	106,813	18,837	26,826	28,825	13,459	11,312	236,014	87,855	75,555	11,454	12,702	42,058	1,298
1310	105,746	21,661	24,420	17,954	20,329	14,426	215,759	78,109	65,821	7,702	11,702	46,063	1,058
1311	129,546	37,702	28,416	20,645	19,279	16,103	219,235	102,618	56,260	9,881	11,623	33,384	803
1312	117,190	40,398	19,055	18,399	17,827	10,360	214,064	79,977	64,591	4,963	15,234	41,564	1,361
1313	121,653	42,017	19,339	19,670	16,659	11,585	203,363	72,078	67,893	3,939	16,606	36,815	1,503
1314	139,213	41,372	22,255	29,170	18,960	15,096	218,520	74,209	84,189	6,333	11,823	36,495	1,167
1315	54,010	8,055	7,886	24,294	5,987	2,204	246,632	89,658	81,901	8,795	11,068	48,043	1,330
1316	64,912	11,930	11,498	25,933	8,437	3,442	251,035	97,912	52,765	18,545	6,555	70,513	1,409
1317	128,287	24,711	21,457	49,177	17,612	9,310	231,966	96,271	53,871	13,558	10,479	57,787	690
1318	153,541	44,752	29,047	42,651	18,162	18,929	174,084	54,291	57,588	3,246	13,790	45,169	581
1319	119,752	36,177	20,432	27,016	23,417	12,710	194,695	68,432	67,211	3,608	12,237	43,207	1,492

TABLE VII.—*Criminal justice.*

Year.	Number of persons convicted or bound over in respect of—												Cases under—	
	Offences against public tranquility chapter VIII.	Offences affecting life.	Grievous hurt.	Rape.	Cattle theft.	Criminal force and assault.	Theft.	Robbery and dacoity.	Receiving stolen property.	Criminal trespass.	Bad Livili-hood.	Keeping the peace	Opium Act.	Excise Act.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1901 ..	73	28	31	2	..	20	170	7	39	107	31	14	2	12
1902 ..	56	37	35	1	2	15	118	21	31	96	101	50	2	7
1903 ..	56	38	52	8	..	31	180	34	99	97	114	..	10	6
1904 ..	96	28	30	4	..	57	237	22	40	152	111	10	3	6
1905 ..	47	33	29	1	1	41	284	19	97	168	165	16	4	17
1906 ..	76	37	39	6	..	45	251	22	47	159	87	19	1	8
1907 ..	46	35	30	7	..	29	293	46	108	195	134	20	4	15
1908 ..	96	34	21	..	..	14	402	93	129	245	172	36	2	9
1909 ..	39	18	10	5	..	14	173	27	54	103	104	26	1	7
1910 ..	51	31	14	8	..	20	140	44	22	104	161	47	5	20
1911 ..	70	20	33	2	..	28	175	49	54	180	166	54	2	24

TABLE VIII.—*Cognizable crime.*

Year	Number of cases investigated by police.			Number of persons.		
	Suo motu.	By orders of Magistrates.	Sent up for trial.	Tried.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	1,369	1	619	888	245	601
1902	1,381	2	616	1,018	360	600
1903	1,691	..	722	1,073	236	783
1904	1,489	1	850	1,307	344	916
1905	1,725	..	972	1,247	287	960
1906	1,354	..	983	916	164	752
1907	1,538	..	885	1,151	190	961
1908	1,864	..	1,120	1,755	358	1,397
1909	1,184	..	571	735	156	579
1910	1,456	..	664	592	79	513
1911	1,669	..	702	921	218	703

TABLE IX.—*Revenue demand at successive settlements.*

Pargana.	Year of settlement.				
	1859.	1868-71.	1872-75.	1898-02.	Alluvial mahals.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
Bhur	36,703	1,17,653	73,075	93,268	525
Paila	32,248	57,915	45,618	57,463	..
Srinagar	49,855	1,20,125	79,138	95,324	..
Kukra Mailani	8,713	27,560	9,432	9,684	..
Kheri	79,424	1,44,266	1,21,037	1,48,854	..
Total, tahsil Lakhimpur ..	2,06,943	4,67,519	3,28,300	4,04,593	525
Atwa Piparia	7,715	15,000	7,593	10,505	..
Aurangabad	22,401	36,780	33,860	40,109	..
Pasgawan	34,913	60,705	58,234	72,048	..
Haidarabad	30,208	49,459	36,740	50,875	..
Kasta	22,401	37,375	37,306	46,890	..
Muhamdi	37,362	71,086	55,237	61,598	..
Magdapur	5,064	15,544	10,984	11,718	..
Total, tatsil Muhamdi ..	1,60,064	2,85,949	2,39,954	2,93,743	..
Palia	12,333	38,780	10,523	9,997	..
Dhaurahra	37,142	1,39,655	81,325	1,01,120	1,615
Ferozabad	32,384	1,00,519	55,305	66,385	..
Khairigarh	17,386	61,600	23,439	23,295	..
Nighasan	26,615	94,645	63,565	73,761	..
Total, tahsil Nighasan ..	1,26,865	4,35,199	2,34,157	2,74,558	1,615
Total district	4,93,872	11,88,667	8,02,411	9,72,894	2,140

TABLE X.—*Present demand for revenue and cesses, 1319 Fasli.*

Pargana and tahsil.	Where included in *Ain-i-akbari.*	Revenue.	Cesses.	Total.	Incidence per acre. Cultivated.	Incidence per acre. Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Bhur	Bhurwara	96,962	10,895	1,07,857	1 0 3	0 8 1
Paila	Paila Bhurwara	58,568	6,618	65,186	1 5 3	0 14 4
Sainagar	Kheri	95,847	10,576	1,06.423	1 2 11	0 10 9
Kukra Mailani	Bhurwara	14,591	2.585	17,176	0 7 9	0 3 7
Kheri	Kheri Basara	1,49,454	16,732	1,66,186	1 10 9	1 3 8
Total, tahsil Lakhimpur ..	..	4,15,422	47,406	4,62,828	1 3 5	0 11 4
Atwa Piparia..	Barwar Aujana	10,955	1,233	12,188	0 8 1	0 5 2
Aurangabad	Ditto	41,839	4,928	46,767	0 13 8	0 9 8
Pasgawan	Ditto	76,050	8,456	84,506	1 6 10	0 15 11
Haidarabad	Bhurwara	53,646	6,035	59,681	1 4 11	0 13 11
Kasta	Wurikar	47,115	5,421	52,536	1 7 9	0 12 8
Muhamdi	Barwar Aujana	62,760	7,027	69,787	1 3 8	0 13 9
Magdapur	Ditto	12,265	1,360	13,625	0 8 4	0 5 8
Total, tahsil Muhamdi ..	..	3,04,630	34,460	3,39,090	1 1 11	0 11 1
Palia	Bhurwara and Khairigarh ..	10,705	1,178	11,883	1 7 9	0 2 4
Dhaurahra	Khairigarh and Ferozabad ..	1,04,910	11,658	1,16,568	1 3 10	0 10 8
Ferozabad	Ferozabad	68,005	7,482	75,487	1 6 3	0 11 0
Khairigarh	Khairigarh	31,152	3,427	34,579	0 14 2	0 5 11
Nighasan	Bhurwara	74,985	8,361	83,346	1 5 0	0 8 10
Total, tahsil Nighasan ..	..	2,89,757	32,106	3,21,863	1 3 11	0 8 6
District Total ..	..	10,09,809	1,13,972	11,23.781	1 3 1	0 10 4

TABLE XI.—*Excise.*

Year.	Receipts from foreign liquors.	Country spirit.		Receipts from tari and sendhi.	Drugs.			Opium.		Total receipts.	Total charges.	Incidence of receipts per 10,000 of population.			Number of shops for sale at—		
		Receipts.	Consumption in gallons (L. P.).		Total receipts.	Consumption in maunds of—		Total receipts.	Consumption.			Liquor including Tari.	Drugs.	Opium.	Country spirit.	Drugs	Opium.
						Ganja.	Charas.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Mds. s.	Mds. s.	Rs	Mds. s.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
1901-02	192	77,744	15,732	25	33,164	..	88—21	17,400	36—1	1,28,585	155	866	368	194	133	66	26
1902-03	192	91,358	14,388	50	31,968	..	81—2	18,840	35—0	1,42,408	16	1,018	355	209	133	75	26
1903-04	192	88,866	13,764	25	40,452	..	43—22	19,562	36—16	1,49,097	59	990	449	212	133	81	26
1904-05	164	90,574	13,347	24	50,856	..	47—39	20,199	36—34	1,61,817	68	1,008	565	224	125	81	27
1905-06	224	91,785	17,562	44	53,808	..	53—32	20,418	40—7	1,66,279	246	1,022	597	226	125	81	27
1906-07	91	99,906	16,812	25	30,951	..	51—5	22,469	42—20	1,53,442	418	1,111	344	249	125	81	27
1907-08	177	74,606	9,131	50	32,323	..	23—25	20,363	37—30	1,27,519	1,470	831	358	226	127	81	27
1908-09	102	63,106	6,999	46	25,476	..	26—33	19,779	35—5	1,08,509	935	702	283	219	127	81	27
1909-10	175	55,123	7,797	58	33,498	..	39—1	25,984	35—8	1,14,838	4,985	615	372	287	115	81	26
1910-11	100	74,931	10,262	66	34,168	..	41—6	29,779	31—20	1,39,044	5,387	834	379	330	114	82	27
1911-12	175	90,716	13,341	86	33,510	0—5	37—11	31,663	33—8	1,56,150	4,424	1,009	372	351	105	82	31

TABLE XII.—*Stamps.*

Year.	Receipts from— Non-judicial.	Court-fee including copies.	All sources.	Total charges.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02	16,127	57,277	74,278	1,298
1902-03	17,971	55,511	74,360	1,363
1903-04	16,670	54,857	72,377	1,386
1904-05	18,122	54,872	72,994	1,663
1905-06	16,965	66,319	83,284	2,432
1906-07	18,173	71,105	89,278	1,505
1907-08	21,987	67,828	89,815	1,750
1908-09	15,912	70,002	85,914	1,886
1909-10	18,472	79,140	97,612	2,105
1910-11	36,288	93,754	1,30,042	2,312
1911-12	30,917	84,244	1,15,161	1,681

NOTE.—The Esanagar estate was brought under the management of the court of wards in 1910. Being heavily encumbered, portions of it had to be sold, and stamps of high value were purchased for the deeds of conveyance. This explains the large increase under the non-judicial stamps during the years 1910-11 and 1911-12.

The increase in the court-fee stamps in the same years is due to increase in litigation and the institution of big civil suits between the Oel, Mahewa and Kaimahra estates.

TABLE XIII.—*Income-tax.*

Year.	Total receipts.	Collected by companies.		Profits of companies.		Other sources Part IV.				Total charges.	Objections under Part IV.	
						Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000.				
		Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.		Number filed.	Wholly or partly successful.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Rs.		Rs.				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		
1901-02	24,734	21	1,259	..	..	832	12,369	63	8,062	78	246	95
1902-03	24,122	21	1,229	..	..	828	12,402	57	7,406	35	146	55
1903-04	17,067	20	895	..	..	215	5,453	61	7,953	232	97	27
1904-05	15,173	22	1,460	..	..	229	5,851	71	9,322	..	67	28
1905-06	14,679	22	1,494	..	..	207	5,240	58	7,945	..	43	11
1906-07	14,450	21	1,186	..	..	211	5,343	60	7,921	57	42	25
1907-08	15,916	22	1,190	..	..	225	5,657	64	9,069	125	69	44
1908-09	15,827	27	1,137	..	..	212	5,316	68	9,374	26	88	50
1909-10	14,031	19	1,088	..	..	186	4,668	55	8,275	..	50	13
1910-11	14,100	24	1,231	..	..	184	4,657	59	8,212	..	36	9
1911-12	13,726	25	1,241	..	..	185	4,743	56	7,742	8	47	15

NOTE.—The drop in 1903-04 and after years, is due to the fact that the minimum taxable limit has been raised from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,000, with effect from the 1st April 1903.

TABLE XIV.—*Income-tax by tahsils (Part IV only).*

Year.	Tahsil Lakhimpur.				Tahsil Muhamdi.				Tahsil Nigasan.			
	Under Rs. 2,000.		Over Rs. 2,000		Under Rs. 2,000		Over Rs. 2,000.		Under Rs. 2,000		Over Rs. 2,000.	
	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1	2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
1901-02	381	5,200	41	4,440	198	3,440	18	2,118	249	3,559	12	1,672
1902-03	399	5,583	30	4,026	184	3,213	17	1,800	242	3,438	13	1,608
1903-04	87	2,145	32	4,527	72	1,915	15	1,810	56	1,393	14	1,616
1904-05	93	2,398	32	4,586	73	1,974	15	1,888	69	1,662	16	2,023
1905-06	78	2,147	30	4,117	68	1,769	16	1,935	68	1,417	19	2,183
1906-07	84	2,104	28	3,911	69	1,844	17	1,803	73	1,760	18	2,307
1907-08	81	1,930	30	5,331	64	1,748	27	2,521	84	2,001	19	2,679
1908-09	71	1,712	28	4,359	67	1,830	27	2,582	83	1,966	21	3,010
1909-10	66	1,622	21	3,838	49	1,275	11	1,139	71	1,771	23	3,298
1910-11	61	1,487	23	4,175	55	1,489	13	1,352	68	1,681	23	2,684
1911-12	61	1,480	24	4,057	58	1,609	12	1,197	66	1,654	20	2,487

TABLE XV.—*District Board.*

Year.	Receipt.											Expenditure.										
	Local Rate.	Education.	Medical.	Scientific &c.	Miscellaneous.	Civil Works.	Pounds.	Ferries.	Contribution from Provincial.	Deposit.	Total Receipt.	Total Expenditure.	General administration.	Contribution to Provincial Funds.	Education.	Medical.	Scientific &c.	Miscellaneous.	Civil Works.	Pounds.	Debt.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
901-02	43,487	6,243	2,259	..	126	1,667	12,097	15,516	10,000	1,279	92,674	85,604	1,626	..	28,321	7,534	396	112	40,964	4,451	2,200
902-03	46,239	6,491	2,287	..	763	1,662	17,710	14,776	12,580	2,436	1,04,944	1,14,421	1,799	..	31,992	8,333	447	116	64,715	5,519	1,500
903-04	46,404	6,074	1,978	..	187	336	18,441	19,454	15,570	1,500	1,09,944	1,10,809	2,165	..	35,053	7,645	460	41	57,804	6,141	1,500
904-05	46,770	6,789	2,810	..	180	2,529	20,828	19,067	..	..	98,973	1,12,215	2,116	116	34,171	8,417	528	294	59,388	7,185	..
905-06	47,049	6,722	2,734	..	110	2,896	17,930	16,655	9,135	100	1,03,331	1,20,432	2,328	..	42,210	9,460	686	754	57,341	7,226	427
906-07	49,886	7,624	3,136	..	234	2,765	17,612	17,884	22,400	198	1,21,739	1,22,035	2,887	..	42,749	11,495	592	507	59,737	3,888	180
907-08	46,308	7,846	2,015	..	216	2,261	23,360	16,597	35,230	137	1,33,970	1,18,336	2,508	..	45,243	12,014	683	450	53,151	4,287	..
1908-09	58,183	8,848	2,908	..	215	2,633	21,688	16,309	38,002	207	1,48,993	1,41,503	2,880	..	50,899	12,042	721	942	69,771	4,248	..
1909-10	51,674	9,278	2,732	11	240	6,781	19,590	21,305	19,996	27	1,31,634	1,45,550	3,359	..	47,978	13,029	675	1,024	74,976	4,509	..
1910-11	51,675	6,769	2,395	..	689	6,411	19,253	17,760	42,104	..	1,47,056	1,56,038	3,078	..	45,253	12,861	965	956	88,753	4,172	..

Table XVI.—*Municipality of Lakhimpur.*

Year.	Income.							Expenditure.									
	Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes.	Public safety.	Water supply and drainage. Capital.	Water supply and drainage. Maintenance.	Conservancy.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Public works.	Public Instruction.	Other heads.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02 ..	..	3,404	5,574	7,763	..	4,540	21,281	2,198	3,135	3,000	412	4,664	334	8,395	1,086	1,843	25,067
1902-03 ..	..	2,765	3,275	7,820	..	4,569	18,429	2,774	4,816	589	348	3,432	378	2,935	1,053	2,094	18,419
1903-04 ..	..	3,053	2,408	5,908	..	7,297	18,726	2,026	3,522	810	2,028	4,559	..	2,183	761	4,742	20,631
1904-05 ..	..	4,572	3,852	8,188	..	11,356	27,968	2,039	3,125	748	408	4,407	587	4,258	1,626	4,257	21,455
1905-06 ..	..	3,291	5,772	7,508	..	9,292	25,867	1,957	2,311	7,358	369	3,459	459	3,485	1,348	4,274	25,020
1906-07 ..	..	3,377	5,873	6,103	..	6,895	22,248	1.943	1,317	3,369	1,121	3,882	359	5,353	1,405	5,862	24,611
1907-08 ..	..	3,582	4,487	7,120	..	4,067	19,256	1,951	2,175	863	944	4,146	370	3,936	1,142	5,312	20,839
1908-09 ..	..	3,774	4,023	7,612	..	4,057	19,466	1,920	1,666	43	524	5,664	377	3,568	1,121	5,465	20,348
1909-10 ..	..	3,619	3,539	4,015	..	6,449	17,622	1,809	1,718	..	598	3,999	263	4,383	1,351	7,441	18,294
1910-11 ..	..	3,887	6,652	9,907	..	14,865	35,311	2,005	1,809	906	244	4,467	361	6,606	1,293	3,362	21,053
1911-12 ..	..	3,824	6,053	*14,814	..	† 4,163	28,854	2,746	2,254	10,136	1,675	4,790	398	5,472	1,364	3,773	32,608

* The large rise is due to increase in Parao rates.

† The large drop is explained by the fact that in 1910-11 a special grant of Rs. 10,000 was given by the Government to carry out the drainage scheme.

Table XVI.—*Notified Area Muhamdi.*

Year.	Income.							Expenditure.									
	Octroi.	Taxes on houses and lands.	Othe taxes.	Rents.	Loans.	Other sources.	Total.	Administration and collection of taxes.	Public safety.	Water Supply and drainage.		Conservancy.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Public works.	Public instruction.	Other heads.	Total.
										Capital.	Maintenance.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02 ..	..	1,256	57	538	..	1,127	2,978	226	780	..	..	668	55	345	208	540	2,822
1902-03 ..	..	1,315	60	137	..	1,932	3,444	269	783	170	15	656	36	185	208	639	2,961
1903-04 ..	..	1,257	42	132	..	5,303	6,734	206	793	1,000	1,300	799	36	1,209	208	910	6,461
1904-05 ..	..	1,652	40	368	..	1,632	3,692	256	826	1,835	..	1,507	..	365	..	1,219	6,008
1905-06 ..	..	1,605	60	417	..	1,543	3,625	312	414	1,618	..	2,034	50	634	..	764	5,826
1906-07 ..	..	967	36	410	..	1,255	2,668	252	62	1,069	..	849	50	417	..	694	3,393
1907-08 ..	..	1,588	90	606	..	1,759	4,043	264	123	1,414	..	956	..	1,552	24	761	5,094
1908-09 ..	..	1,798	163	746	..	1,510	4,217	227	2,163	1,812	..	886	50	435	36	604	6,213
1909-10 ..	..	1,250	111	710	..	1,035	3,106	210	780	..	..	1,004	50	276	36	434	2,790
1910-11 ..	..	1,333	142	662	..	1,837	3,974	237	1,477	..	..	793	50	317	50	258	3,182
1911-12 ..	..	1,384	77	810	..	1,580	3,851	358	..	..	..	1,118	..	1,389	50	657	3,522

TABLE XVII.—*Distribution of Police*, 1911.

Thana.	Sub-Inspectors.	Head constables.	Constables.	Municipal Police.	Town Police.	Rural Police.	Road Police.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Lakhimpur ..	5	3	37	..	5	259	..
2. Nimgaon ..	2	1	8	..	..	143	..
3. Phulbehar ..	2	1	8	..	..	106	..
4. Bhira ..	2	1	8	..	..	105	4
5. Gola ..	5	1	17	..	5	191	12
6. Muhamdi ..	4	2	25	..	..	153	6
7. Pasgawan ..	2	1	8	..	..	121	8
8. Mitauli ..	3	1	12	..	..	153	2
9. Nighasan ..	3	1	15	..	..	179	..
10. Pallia ..	2	1	8	..	..	50	..
11. Dhaurahra ..	2	1	12	..	..	133	..
12. Isanagar ..	2	1	12	..	..	133	..
Superintendent of Polices' office	1	1	6	..	..	..	..
Prosecuting Inspector's office and courts.	..	6	15	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous duties in the Lines.	1	4	11	..	..	..	..
Reserve in the Lines	6	..	13	..	..	..	..
Armed Police in the Lines.	1	19	95*	..	..	..	..
Total ..	43	45	310	..	10	1,726	32

* The sanctioned allocation is 96 but it has t...

TABLE XVIII.—*Education.*

Year.	Total.			Secondary education			Primary education.		
	Schools.	Scholars. Males.	Scholars. Females.	Schools.	Scholars. Males.	Scholars. Females.	Schools.	Scholars. Males.	Scholars. Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1901-02 ..	128	4,212	156	6	657	..	122	3,555	156
1902-03 ..	167	5,776	135	6	724	..	161	5,052	135
1903-04 ..	163	5,646	189	6	700	..	157	4,946	189
1904-05 ..	163	5,693	127	6	593	..	157	5,100	127
1905-06 ..	187	6,720	183	6	659	..	181	6.061	183
1906-07 ..	199	7,181	288	7	847	..	192	6,334	288
1907-08 ..	200	7,212	364	7	852	..	193	6,360	364
1908-09 ..	209	7,834	344	7	669	..	202	7,165	344
1909-10 ..	209	8,306	308	7	814	..	202	7,492	308
1910-11 ..	203	8,279	252	7	974	..	196	7,305	252
1911-12 ..	209	8,966	309	7	1,007	..	202	7,959	309

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class of school.	Average attendance.
		A.—SECONDARY.		
Lakhimpur.	Kheri ..	Lakhimpur ..	High school ..	217
		Dharam Sabha (Lakhimpur) ..	Anglo-vernacular	170
		Kheri	Middle vernacular	262
Muhamdi.	Bhur ..	Aliganj	Ditto ..	87
	Muhamdi ..	Muhamdi	Ditto ..	163
	Pasgawan ..	Barwar	Ditto ..	43
	Aurangabad	Aurangabad ..	Ditto ..	68
		B.—PRIMARY.		
Lakhimpur.	Kheri ..	Oel	Upper primary..	91
		Lagcha	Ditto ..	85
		Amirtaganj ..	Ditto ...	65
		Kaimahra	Ditto ..	54
		Piparia Andu ..	Ditto ..	45
		Bhulanpur	Ditto ...	62
		Madanian	Ditto ..	41
		Nagar	Lower primary..	21
		Pirpur	Ditto ..	22
		Bhiraghasi ..	Ditto ..	22
		Achhanian	Ditto ..	25
		Lakhimpur.. ..	Ditto ..	142
		Jhasia	Aided primary ..	26
		Muhammadpur ..	Ditto ..	24
		Rudpur	Ditto ..	25
		Kadipur	Ditto ..	24
		Korhaiya ..	Ditto ..	22
		Piparia Rajapur ..	Ditto ..	20
		Dhaurahra.. ..	Ditto ..	18
		Hasnapur	Ditto ..	25
		Lakhimpur ..	Aided primary (Mission school).	20
		Lakesar	Ditto ..	19
		Aqbalpur	Ditto ..	23
		Sarhauna	Ditto ..	21
		Gurella	Ditto ..	18
		Koraiya	Ditto ..	22
		Lakhimpur Rifat-i-am..	Ditto ..	45
		Bar Kharwa ..	Ditto ..	17
		Saidapur Sarai ..	Ditto ..	18
		Lakhimpur Model girls' school.	Upper primary ..	54
		Ganeshpur ..	Aided primary ..	26
	Srinagar ..	Srinagar	Lower primary..	21
		Lakhpara	Upper primary..	44
		Baragaon	Ditto ..	40
		Katkusma	Ditto ..	77
		Athkohna	Lower primary..	18
		Khaiyan	Ditto ..	18
		Phulbihar.. ..	Ditto ..	23
		Saketh	Ditto ..	17
		Mahewaganj ..	Aided primary ..	27

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911—*(continued.)*

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class of school.	Average attendance
		B.—PRIMARY—*(contd.)*.		
Lakhimpur—(*concld.*).	Srinagar ..	Nakha	Aided primary ..	21
		Jaksar	Ditto ..	24
		Mahola	Ditto ..	24
		Naudhan	Ditto ..	21
		Raulia	Ditto ..	26
		Moazzamabad ..	Ditto ..	26
		Kothia	Ditto ..	18
	Kukra ..	Chanwapur.. ..	Ditto ..	24
		Kukra	Lower primary..	25
		Roshannagar ..	Ditto ..	20
		Saunkhia	Aided primary ..	18
		Mailani	Ditto ..	16
	Paila ..	Paila	Upper primary..	54
		Parsehra	Ditto ..	44
		Bhallia	Ditto ..	59
		Rampur Gokul ..	Ditto ..	43
		Karanpur Murtiha ..	Ditto ..	59
		Karanpur Kaiman ..	Ditto ..	24
		Sangawan	Lower primary..	18
		Bijhauli	Aided school ..	10
		Sisawan	Ditto ..	23
	Bhur ..	Bijwa	Upper primary ..	45
		Daudpur	Ditto ..	56
		Gondhia	Ditto ..	42
		Bhira Khas ..	Ditto ..	36
		Nausar	Lower primary ..	23
		Malukapur.. ..	Ditto ..	30
		Ambara	Ditto ..	20
		Sahaspur	Ditto ..	21
		Aliganj	Ditto ..	69
		Rasul Panah ..	Ditto ..	27
		Basthauli	Ditto ..	14
		Munda Sawaran ..	Aided primary ..	19
		Chamathia ..	Ditto ..	32
		Piprawan	Ditto ..	19
		Baragaon Basha ..	Ditto ..	20
Muhamdi	Muhamdi ..	Rajapur	Upper primary ..	48
		Sisora Nasir ..	Ditto ..	48
		Sisora Nikompur ..	Ditto ..	55
		Sisier	Ditto ..	37
		Kheria Misra ..	Lower primary ..	29
		Nayagaon	Ditto ..	20
		Muhamdi (Hindu girls' school).	Ditto ..	6
		Muhamdi (Islamia girls' school).	Ditto ..	21
		Muhamdi (Islamia school)	Aided primary ..	43
		Baricha	Ditto ..	17
		Bandhi	Ditto ..	21
		Behti Afgan ..	Ditto ..	19
		Sadianpur	Ditto ..	23
		Barhwari	Ditto ..	21

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911—*(continued)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class of school.	Average attendance.
		B.—PRIMARY—*(contd.)*.		
Muhamdi—*(continued)*.	Muhamdi	Dilawarpur ..	Aided primary ..	18
		Padri	Ditto ..	22
	Magdapur	Amirnagar.. ..	Upper primary ..	38
		Magdapur	Lower primary ..	21
	Atwa Piparia.	Piparia Captan ..	Ditto ..	25
		Parsar	Aided school ..	17
	Pasgawan	Kakrahi	Upper primary ..	62
		Mallanpur	Ditto ..	62
		Pasgawan	Ditto ..	47
		Masoodpur.. ..	Ditto ..	53
		Barwar	Lower primary ..	58
		Jasmadhi	Ditto ..	25
		Bankagaon.. ..	Ditto ..	20
		Dhandel	Aided primary ..	21
		Chhola Bari ..	Ditto ..	18
		Shukeruddinpur ..	Ditto ..	18
		Siktara	Ditto ..	24
		Sarbangpur ..	Ditto ..	29
		Ajbapur	Ditto ..	24
		Jalalpur	Ditto ..	22
		Aliapur	Ditto ..	26
		Kiryara	Ditto ..	15
	Kasta ..	Kasta	Upper primary ..	44
		Mitauli	Ditto ..	63
		Dateli	Ditto ..	51
		Babauna	Lower primary ..	28
		Ahgawan	Upper primary ..	32
		Danpur	Aided primary ..	16
		Mondia	Ditto ..	30
		Bhikampur ..	Ditto ..	24
		Lalhonwa	Ditto ..	21
		Dari	Ditto ..	19
		Khamaria	Ditto ..	16
		Dahar	Ditto ..	15
	Aurangabad	Maigalganj.. ..	Upper primary ..	61
		Kalwa	Ditto ..	89
		Aurangabad ..	Lower primary ..	73
		Khurramnagar ..	Ditto ..	18
		Dhakia Roof ..	Aided school ..	31
		Nakara	Ditto ..	24
		Changanpur ..	Ditto ..	22
		Bhagwatipur ..	Ditto ..	33
		Baikuan	Ditto ..	21
		Jamunian	Ditto ..	23
		Kakraha	Ditto ..	25
		Khunti	Ditto ..	25
		Aurangabad girls ..	Lower primary..	21
		Maigalganj girls ..	Ditto ..	26
		Kalwa girls.. ..	Ditto ..	20

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911—*(continued)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class of school.	Average attendance.
		B.—PRIMARY—*(contd.)*.		
Muhamdi—*(contd.)*.	Haidrabad	Madarpur	Upper primary..	40
		Ahmadnagar ..	Ditto ..	67
		Haidrabad.. ..	Ditto ..	57
		Gola	Ditto ..	93
		Sikandrabad ..	Ditto ..	101
		Allipur	Ditto ..	61
		Kutwara	Lower primary..	26
		Ajan	Ditto ..	20
		Gharthanian ..	Ditto ..	22
		Baibaha	Aided primary ..	25
		Sohaila	Ditto ..	2[illegible]
		Belhri	Ditto ..	23
		Roshannagar ..	Ditto ..	27
		Sansiahganj ..	Ditto ..	16
Nighasan.	Palia ..	Palia Kalan ..	Upper primary ..	105
		Tirkaulia	Lower primary ..	25
		Majhgain	Ditto ..	19
		Palia Khurd ..	Aided school ..	24
	Nighasan ..	Jhandipurwa ..	Upper primary ..	56
		Parhwa	Ditto ..	64
		Mohbatia Behar ..	Lower primary ..	18
		Rakehti	Ditto ..	20
		Nighasan	Ditto ..	22
		Parhwa girls ..	Ditto ..	18
		Ludhauri	Aided school ..	20
		Daultapur	Ditto ..	18
		Dubha	Ditto ..	22
		Jamora	Ditto ..	18
	Khairigarh	Singahi	Upper primary ..	160
		Motipur	Lower primary..	24
		Banbirpur	Ditto ..	17
	Dhaurahra	Dhaurahra.. ..	Upper primary ..	55
		Kafara	Ditto ..	35
		Dulhi	Lower primary ..	16
		Kalwapur	Ditto ..	20
		Amethi	Ditto ..	6
		Hardignadaria ..	Ditto ..	24
		Abhepur	Ditto ..	18
		Ramia Behar ..	Ditto ..	14
		Benjaha	Ditto ..	21
		Jalpurwa	Ditto ..	15
		Pachghara.. ..	Aided school ..	17
	Firozabad	Isanagar	Upper primary..	49
		Birsinghpur ..	Ditto ..	40
		Kataule	Ditto ..	45
		Adlispur	Lower primary..	17
		Khamaria	Ditto ..	21
		Durgapur Padri ..	Aided school ..	29

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911—*(concluded)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class of school.	Average attendance.
		B.—PRIMARY—*(concld)*.		
Nighasan—*(concld.)*.	Firozabad	Mohamedapur ..	Aided school ..	17
		Jathra	Ditto ..	22
		Firozabad	Ditto ..	22
		Ganeshpur.. ..	Ditto ..	21
		Mukhlispur ..	Ditto ..	32
		Unchagaon.. ..	Ditto ..	17

ROADS, 1911.	Length.		
A.—Provincial.	Miles	fur.	ft.
Metalled roads, bridged and drained throughout.			
1. Lucknow, Sitapur and Shahjahanpur road.. ..	17	0	528
Total ..	17	0	528
First class roads, metalled, bridged and drained throughout.			
1. Lakhimpur to Shahjahanpur	33	6	422
2. Lakhimpur to Sitapur	10	0	633
3. Lakhimpur to Singhai	10	6	580
4. Gola Aliganj road	1	2	633
5. Lakhimpur Bahramghat road	4	1	343
6. Lakhimpur Dhaurahra road	2	2	53
7. Lakhimpur Chaparthala road	0	2	633
8. Lakhimpur Muhamdi road	0	5	290
9. Lakhimpur Bahraich road	4	0	0
10. Gola railway station road	0	4	0
11. Pangi Aira road	6	0	0
Total ..	74	1	287
B.—Local.			
Second class roads, unmetalled, bridged and drained throughout.			
1 Lakhimpur to Gola, portion of Lakhimpur to Mahamdi and Shahjahanpur road.	18	2	497
2. Lakhimpur to Sitapur road	0	3	27
3. Gola to Aliganj road..	6	3	27
Total ..	25	0	551
Fourth class roads, raised, partially bridged and drained.			
1. Lakhimpur to Singahi	14	6	80
2. Lakhimpur to Muhamdi	25	4	370
3. Lakhimpur to Chaparthala	32	7	27
4. Lakhimpur to Khairigarh	31	0	0
5. Lakhimpur to Pilibhit	37	0	0
6. Lakhimpur to Bahraich	7	0	0
7. Lakhimpur to Bahramghat	6	6	317
8. Lakhimpur to Dhaurahra	16	5	607
9. Muhamdi to Pasgawan	12	0	0
10. Muhamdi to Aurangabad	16	0	0
11. Muhamdi to Powayan	6	4	0
12. Aliganj to Bijna	12	0	0
13. Gola to Palia	27	6	0
14. Gola to Khutar	12	4	0
15. Gola to Sitapur	25	2	0
16. Palia to Nighasan and Materaghat	45	1	0
17. Singahi to Halauna Kakraula	17	0	0
18. Singahi to Khairigarh	5	0	0
Total ..	350	7	81

ROADS, 1911—*(concluded)*.	Length.		
	Miles	fur.	ft.
Fifth class roads, cleared, partially bridged and drained.			
1. Amirtaganj to Oel and Bhejam	17	0	0
2. Bhejam to Bhadeora	7	4	0
3. Kamiahra to Phardahan station	2	0	0
Total ..	26	4	0
Sixth class roads, cleared only.			
1. Bhanpur to Mirpur, Kheri, Banskhera and Hathipur ..	18	0	0
2. Bhira to Dariabad	15	0	0
3. Dhaurahra to Sisaiya	6	0	0
4. Matera to Sisaiya, Isanagar and Katouli	20	0	0
5. Kheri to Oel	6	0	0
6. Oel to Kaimahra	15	0	0
7. Kardahaiya to Kafara and Dhaurahra	17	0	0
8. Aurangabad to Magdapur and Piparia	18	0	0
9. Mumri to Piparia	10	0	0
10. Bhurwara to Gola Aliganj road	2	0	0
11. Wesleypur to Gola Aliganj road	3	0	0
12. Singahi to Bhartapur ferry	9	0	0
13. Palia to Khajuria	24	0	0
14. Fort to Bamhanpur	5	0	0
15. Fort to Khairigarh	4	0	0
16. Khairigarh to Rachhia	2	0	0
Total ..	174	0	0

FERRIES, 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	River.	Ferry.	Management.	Income.
Lakhimpur.	Srinag r ..	Ul ..	Bednapur ..	Private.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Kamachia ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Takiaghat ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. .	Banwaripur ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Bilahri ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Rehua ..	Do.	
	Do ..	Do. ..	Dumahni ..	Do	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Kirtiapur ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Nakha ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Ghagra ..	Nundhan ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Magsoha ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Chapdi } ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Bursia } ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Daudpur ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Mongoza or ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Attcohna ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Katkusma ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Sotichauka	Riheriya ..	Do	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Nawapur ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Ul ..	Piperha ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do ..	Kulauhri ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Chauka ..	Pachperi ..	District Board	4 000
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Mainaha ..	Do. ..	2,600
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Urra ..	Do. ..	1,500
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Dulamau ..	Do. ..	3,200
	Paila ..	Ul ..	Nawapur ..	Private.	
Muhamdi.	Atwa Piparia	Kathna ..	Chaituwa ..	Do.	
	Magdapur	Do. ..	Jamnahaghat ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Korwa ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Bardaha ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Chaltawa ..	Do.	
	Aurangabad	Do. ..	Bhabdah ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Lainhim ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Duberi ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Bardhia ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Gaiha ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Padro ..	Do	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Mahui ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Usrahi ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Dhobighat ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Berha ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Kasha ..	Do.	
	Magdapur	Gomti ..	Sirsa ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Baheraghat ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do ..	Mahadeoghat ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Gauhatraghat ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Barwaghat ..	Do.	
	Muhamdi ..	Do. ..	Madhi ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Hasiaghat ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Sandori ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Parena ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Murighat ..	Do.	
	Pasgawan	Do ..	Behtia ..	District Board	30
	Aurangabad	.. Do. ..	Dhubighat ..	Private.	

FERRIES, 1911—(*contd.*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	River.	Ferry.	Management.	Income.
Muhamdi—(*concld.*).	Aurangabad	Gomti	Dhandiaghat	Private.	
	Do.	Do.	Chaltawaghat	Do.	
	Do	Do.	Aliapur	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Korlakandar	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Maudhiaghat	Do.	
Nighasan.	Dhaurahra	Dhawar	Narupur	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Dhobighata	Do.	
	Do.	Bahanala	Sargara	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Rehua	Do.	
	Do.	Do	Sherpur	Do.	
	Do.	Do	Materia	Do.	
	Do.	Chauka	Maharia	District Board	100
	Nighasan	Do.	Kuchilha	Private.	
	Dhaurahra	Do.	Mundi	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Gangolia	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Aira	Do.	
	Do.	Do	Reharya	Do.	
	Firozabad	Ghagra	Thutwa or Siranjan.	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Bhurjinia	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Chandauli	Do.	
	Do.	Kauriala Soti or Dhawar.	Singawar	Do.	
	Do	Dhawar	Ranjitganj	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Naurangpur	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Sadhwapur	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Godpurwa	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Nandeva	Do.	
	Do.	Chauka Soti	Jathra	Do.	
	Palia	Chauka	Patwara	District Board	450
	Do	Do.	Srinagar	Do.	350
	Do.	Do.	Niranjanpur	Private.	
	Do.	Do.	Kharehna	Do.	
	Khairigarh	Kauriala Sarju.	Manjhra	District Board	200
	Do.	Do.	Lathauwa	Private.	
	Nighasan	Do.	Ghazipur	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Biriha	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Dhakhirwa	Do.	
	Khairigarh	Do.	Banglha	Do.	
	Nighasan	Do.	Sirsi	District Board	1,500
	Do.	Do.	Talia kunda	Do.	650
	Do.	Do.	Muria Mahadeo	Do.	750
	Do.	Ghagi Koriala.	Khamaria	Do.	10
	Dhaurahra	Sarju	Shitaba	Do.	362-8-0
	Do.	Kauriala	Matera	Do.	1,100
	Do.	Hardua	Chaknethu	Private.	
	Do.	Do.	Amethi	Do.	
	Do.	Sukhni	Jagnupur	Do.	
	Do.	Do.	Basantapur	Do.	
	Firozabad	Dhawar	Anandpur	Do.	
	Palia	Chauka	Pakarya	Do.	
	Nighasan	Sarjo or Soheli.	Chakhra	Do.	

FERRIES, 1911—*(concld)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	River.	Ferry.	Management.	Income.
Nighasan—*(concld.)*.	Dhaurahra	Chauka ..	Rainee ..	Private.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Samdaha ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Hardwa ..	Dihwa ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Bahanadi	Dilawalpur ..	Do.	
	Do ..	Dhawar ..	Dhoosa khurd ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Soti Chauka	Sawarda Hasi ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Do. ..	Bahta ..	Do.	
	Nighasan..	Sarjoo ..	Bahatwa ..	Do.	
	Do. ..	Chauka ..	Grant No. 12 ..	Do.	
	Khairigarh	Kauori a la Mohan.	Ramnagar Shankalpa.	Do.	
	Do. ..	Koriala	Gadhawa or Chiallwa.	Do.	

POST OFFICES, 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Post-office.	Class.	Manage-ment.
Lakhimpur.	Kheri ..	Kheri Lakhimpur..	Head office ..	Imperial.
		Kheri city ..	Combined sub-office	Do.
		Kheri town ..	Sub-office ..	Do.
		Oel	Branch-office ..	Do.
		Kaimehra * ..	Do. ..	Do.
	Bhur ..	Bhira ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Munda Sawaran †	Do. ..	Do.
		Bijwa † ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Aliganj † ..	Do. ..	Do.
	Kukra ..	Kukra R. S. ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Mailani ..	Sub-office ..	Do.
		Baruhi ..	Branch-office ..	Do.
	Paila ..	Nimgaon † ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Bhallia ..	Do. ..	Do.
	Shrinagar ..	Lakhparaganj ..	Do. ..	Do.
Muhamdi.	Muhamdi ..	Muhamdi † ..	Sub-office ..	Do.
	Haidrabad ..	Gola	Combined sub-office	Do.
		Kotwara † ..	Branch-office ..	Do.
		Sikanderabad † ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Sansiaganj † ..	Do. ..	Do.
	Aurangabad ..	Aurangabad ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Kalwa ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Maigalganj ..	Do. ..	Do.
	Kasta ..	Mitauli ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Pasgawan ..	Do. ..	Do.
Nighasan.	Nighasan ..	Nighasan † ..	Sub-office ..	Do.
		Jhandipurwa ..	Branch-office ..	Do.
	Dhaurahra ..	Aira estate ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Dhaurahra ..	Do. ..	Do.
	Palia ..	Dudhwaghat ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Palia Kalan ..	Do. ..	Do.
	Firozabad ..	Isanagar ..	Do. ..	Do.
	Khairigarh ..	Singahi ..	Do. ..	Do.
		Belraien ..	Do. ..	Do.

* Opened in 1912.

† Runner line.

MARKETS, 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Market days.
Lakhimpur.	Srinagar ..	Phulbehar	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Gaura	Monday and Thursday.
		Khaiyan	Ditto.
		Khositwa (Basha) ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Tendhwa	Ditto.
		Agra	Ditto.
		Sainagar ..	Thursday (only once a week).
		Mahaweganj (Singapur).	Monday and Friday.
		Moazamabad ..	Ditto.
		Badagaon ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Atkohna	" Thursday.
		Kenwalpurwa ..	Monday and Friday.
		Kothia	Ditto.
		Lakhpera ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Naudhan ..	Ditto.
		Magsoha.. ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
	Kheri ..	Kheri	Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday (four times in every week.)
		Amirtaganj ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Sarhauna ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Bhiraghasi ..	Saturday.
		Gopalapur ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Lagucha ..	Monday and Friday.
		Dhoba (Bhojpur) ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Takya (Katia) ..	Ditto.
		Mankapur ..	Monday and Friday.
		Lakhimpur ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Saidpur Bhau ..	Ditto.
		Bhulanpur ..	Ditto.
		Oel	Ditto.
		Purwa Nardaul Raniganj.	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Behjam	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Korhaiya ..	Monday and Friday.
		Bel*	Ditto.
		Midanya (Garhi Mahewa).	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Dhakhwa ..	Ditto.
		Kaimahra ..	Ditto.
		Bargadia ..	Monday and Friday.
		Lakesar* ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
	Paila ..	Paila	Tuesday and Friday.
		Bauntha Urf Baharganj.	Sunday and Thursday.
		Bhallia	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Jalalpur	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Ghungchi ..	Monday and Thursday.

MARKETS, 1911—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality	Market days.
Lakhimpur.—(*concld.*).	Paila ..	Rampur Gokul ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Nimgaon ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Mundia	Tuesday and Friday.
		Karanpur ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Bhurwara ..	Monday and Friday.
	Kukra ..	Kukra	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Sansarpur ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Sonkhia ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Raushan Nagar ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Mailani	Sunday and Thursday.
		Baruhi	Monday and Thursday.
	Bhur ..	Piprawa	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Chaurathya ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Daudpur ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Baragaon ..	Monday and Friday
		Grant No. 10 ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Munda Khurd ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Rasaul Panah ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Bijwa	Ditto.
		Gulariha ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Aliganj	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Kusmuhri ..	Monday and Friday.
		Raradeoria ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Bhira	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Bhanpur ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Pararya Tula ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Bhainthya ..	Monday and Thursday.
Muhamdi.	Pasgawan ..	Pasgawan ..	Monday and Friday.
		Mullanpur ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Sallia	Ditto.
		Dhandhel ..	Saturday and Tuesday.
		Barwar	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Bhunapur ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Sisorinasir ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Bhanpur ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Ajbapur	Wednesday and Sunday.
		Nakti*	Monday and Friday,
	Atwapiparia ..	Piparia Captain ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
	Mohamdi ..	Mohamdi ..	Sundaay and Thursday.
		Shahpur Raja ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Bhangeli ..	Monday and Friday.
		Nakera	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Pharenda ..	Wednesday and Saturday
		Baudhi Khurd ..	Monday and Friday.
		Gulouli	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Sarbhangpur ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Radhola	Ditto.

*New market.

MARKETS, 1911—*(continued)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Market days.
Muhamdi.—*(concld.)*.	Aurangabad ..	Kakarha ..	Sunday and Wednesday and Monday, Thursday.
		Nakara ..	Monday and Friday.
		Maingalganj ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Kamahra ..	Monday and Friday.
		Bai Kunwan ..	Ditto.
		Lidhaie.. ..	Ditto.
		Gularha grant ..	Monday and Thursday
		Aurangabad chief ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Kalwa	Sunday and Wednesday.
	Magdapur ..	Magdapur ..	Saturday and Wednesday.
		Amirnagar ..	Monday and Friday.
		Harinagar grant ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
	Kasta ..	Kasta	Sunday and Thursday.
		Mitouly	Tuesday and Friday,
		Bhikampur ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Biranpur ..	Monday and Friday.
		Madhia	Sunday and Thursday.
		Pathra	Monday and Friday.
	Haidrabad ..	Raipur	Sunday and Thursday.
		Sikandrabad ..	Monday and Friday.
		Amethi	Saturday and Wednesday.
		Alipur	Ditto.
		Ajan	Sunday and Thursday.
		Chief Haidarabad ..	Monday and Friday.
		Deokali	Ditto.
		Sohela	Saturday and Tuesday.
		Ahmedanagar ..	Monday and Friday.
		Dhirawan ..	Saturday and Wednesday.
		Kutwara.. ..	Saturday and Tuesday.
		Gola	Sunday and Thursday.
Nighasan.	Palia ..	Palia	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Tirkolia	Monday and Thursday.
		Manjhran Kalan ..	Tuesday and Friday.
	Nighasan ..	Nighasan ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Bahaganj ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Simra	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Tirkolia	Sunday and Thursday.
		Jhandipurwa ..	Monday and Friday.
		Tilyar	Monday and Thursday.
		Rakehti	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Nilokapur ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Balipur	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Bambanpur ..	Ditto.
		Machgain ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Daultapur ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Chidoi	Monday and Thursday.
	Khairigarh ..	Singahi	Ditto.

MARKETS, 1911—*(concld.)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Market days.
Nighasan—*(concld.)*.	Firozabad ..	Ranjitganj ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Katoli	Ditto.
		Barari	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Kurthia ..	Monday and Thursday.
		Rughbar Ganj ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Shekhopur ..	Ditto.
		Isanagar ..	Tuesday and Friday.
		Barsingpur ..	Wednesday and Saturday.
		Tingana ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Lokahi	Ditto.
		Dabar	Ditto.
	Dhaurahra ..	Kaffara ..	Tuesday and Saturday.
		Durgapur ..	Ditto.
		Daulhi	Ditto.
		Gudari	Ditto.
		Dhaurahra ..	Monday and Friday.
		Unchagaon ..	Ditto.
		Ramiabehar ..	Ditto.
		Gularia ..	Sunday and Wednesday.
		Matera ..	Ditto.
		Lakhan ..	Ditto.
		Paharyapur ..	Ditto.
		Khardhia ..	Tuesday and Thursday.
		Gularia ..	Sunday and Thursday.
		Simri	Sunday and Wednesday.

FAIRS, 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
Lakhimpur.	Srinagar	Payag ..	Badal Shah ..	1st Sunday of Sudi Jeth and Pus.	200
		Sarwa ..	Suthai ..	1st Thursday of Aghan.	400
		Tendhwa ..	Do. ..	1st Thursday of Asarh.	250
		Phulbehar ..	Nathey Pahelwan.	1st Sunday of Sudi Jeth.	200
		Liloti ..	Lilanath Mahadeva.	Every Amavas ..	150
		Moazamabad	Chalphir Shah	First Sunday of Sudi Jeth.	400
		Sukhira ..	Jalbihar ..	Bhadon Sudi 12th	300
		Atkohna ..	Dhanushjag	Aghan Sudi 1st to 6th.	1,500
		Munda ..	Jalbihar ..	Bhadon Sudi 12th	3,000
		Nakha ..	Ganeshlila ..	Kunwar Sudi 2nd to 9th.	200
		Do. ..	Do. ..	Bhadon Sudi 2nd to 11th.	200
		Mahola ..	Debi Mahola	Asarh Puranmashi	4,000
		Sitlapur ..	Dhanushjag	Aghan Sudi 1st to 6th.	500
		Gularya (Raigawan).	Hathilaypir	First Sunday of Jeth Sudi.	2,000
		Kheri ..	Urs Cheda Miyan.	Rajab 18th and 19th.	3,000
		Do. ..	Dhanushjag	Aghan Sudi 1st to 6th.	1,500
		Deoria ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	500
		Salempur ..	Bhiryan ..	1st Sunday of Jeth	12,000
		Rudrapur ..	Dhanushjag	Pus Sudi 1st to 6th.	500
		Mathana ..	Pir Mithan Shah.	1st Saturday of Jeth.	500
		Saidpur Deokali.	Deokali Ashnan.	Every Amawas ..	600
		Do. ..	Katiki ..	Katik Sudi Purnmashi.	1,500
		Do. ..	Dasahra ..	Jeth Badi Dasmi ..	1,500
		Bhulanpur ..	Dhanushjag	Pus Sudi 1st to 7th	500
		Lakhimpur	Dahsahra ..	Kunwar Sudi 1st to 11th.	10,000
		Do. ..	Sankata Devi	Every Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Monday, in Asarh.	300
		Barkherwa ..	Dhanushjag	Aghan Sudi 1st to 5th	4,000
	Kheri ..	Lakesar ..	Pir ..	1st Thursday of Sudi Jeth.	200

FAIRS, 1911—*(continued)*

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
Lakhimpur—*(concld.)*.	Kheri—*(concld.)*.	Behgam ..	Katki ..	Katik Sudi Puranmashi.	100
		Do. ..	Amavas ..	Every month ..	75
		Do. ..	Dasahra ..	Jeth Badi Dasmi	100
		Chauch ..	Pir ..	1st Friday of Badi Jeth.	100
		Mahmudabad	Do. ..	Thursday of Badi Jeth.	50
		Kadipur ..	Do. ..	Sunday of Badi Jeth.	50
		Atkonwan ..	Ganeshlila ..	Bhadon Sudi 12th	500
		Kala Aumb	Do. ..	Ditto ..	350
		Oel ..	Pir ..	1st Sunday of Badi Jeth.	350
	Paila ..	Paila ..	Kanslila ..	Kunwar Sudi 1st to 5th.	2,500
		Do. ..	Panchpir ..	1st Sunday of Jeth	2,000
	Kukra ..	Raushannagar Kalan.	Pir ..	1st Sunday of Katik Puranmashi.	500
	Bhur ..	Asarhi Urf Poojagaon.	Mela Muhammad Jan Khan.	16th of Aghan ..	400
		Raipur ..	Dhanushjag	Katik Sudi 2nd to 8th.	500
		Sahaspur ..	Do. ..	Pus Sudi 2nd to 8th.	500
		Panderia ..	Do. ..	Aghan Sudi 1st to 8th.	1,000
		Bansi ..	Kalesh Haran.	Every Amavas ..	200
		Shahpur ..	Gadainath ..	Ditto ..	200
		Rahimnagar	Lalpur ..	1st Sunday of Jeth Sudi.	200
		Amirtaganj and Rasul Panah.	Chehallum ..	One day before and after Chehallum.	40,000
Muhamdi.	Pasgaudan	Baldeota ..	Debijee ..	Last Sunday of Baisakh.	4,000
		Barwar ..	Gomtighat ..	Puranmashi of Katik.	1,000
		Do. ..	Do. ..	Dasahra, last Jeth	1,000
		Ibrahimpur	Chehallum ..	20th Saffar ..	2,000
	Atwa Piparia.	Debisthan ..	Debi fair ..	Every Amawas ..	200
	Muhamdi	At Muhamdi	Dasahra ..	Kunwar Sudi Parwa to Dasmi.	7,500

FAIRS, 1911—(*continued*).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
Muhamdi—(*continued*).	Muhamdi.	At Muhamdi	Charain ..	Last fortnight of Asarh.	300
		Dilawarpur..	Sirsaghat ..	Jeth Sudi Dasmi to Katik Badi Puranmashi.	2,000
		Firozpur ..	Morighat ..	Every Amavas ..	400
		Patna ..	Debi fair ..	Do. ..	100
		Gulauli ..	Mahabir fair	Every Puranmashi	100
		Siseer ..	Kewal Das Bairagi fair.	Puranmashi of Baisakh and Aghan.	200
	Aurangabad.	Kakarha ..	Ramlila ..	Parwa to Akadashi of Kunwar Sudi.	2,000
		Grant Hindunagar.	Zindpir ..	Every Friday of Aghan and Jeth.	200
		Bahadurnagar.	Katki and Dasahra.	Puranmashi of Katik and Dasmi of Jeth Sudi.	1,000
		Chapartala..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	4,000
		Kahmara ..	Dhanushjag	From Sattimi of Aghan Badi to Duadashi.	600
		Marhia in nawagaon.	Mahadeo fair	Every Amavas ..	5,000
		Pipri Aziz ..	Baram Baba fair.	Every Puranmashi	100
		Bhagotipur..	Do. ..	On first Friday of Aghan and Jeth.	600
		Dhakhia Debi	Dhanushjag	From Parwa of Aghan Sudi to Sattimi.	1,000
		Dhakla ..	Naugazapeer	On second Friday of Aghnan and Jaith.	50
		Chief Aurangabad.	Ramlila fair	Parwa of Kunwar Sudi to Akadashi.	10,000
		Do. ..	Rosa said Khurrom.	On second Sunday of Jeth Sudi.	500
		Kalowa ..	Gudarshah..	On every Thursday of Jeth and Aghan Sudi.	6,000
	Kasta ..	Mitouli ..	Mahadeo fair	Every Amavas ..	350
		Ghazipur ..	Do. ..	Amavas of Baisakh	1,000
		Urahra ..	Dhanushjag	Dasmi of Kunwar Badi.	800
		Bhikampur..	Do. ...	Panchmi of Aghan Sudi.	2,500
		Do. ..	Bhairoun fair.	Panchmi of Jeth Sudi.	350

FAIRS, 1911—*(continued)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
Muhamdi.—*(concluded)*	Kasta—*(concld.)*.	Deomania ..	Dhanushjag	Kunwari Sudi Panchmi.	300
	Haidrabad.	Ajan ..	Ramlila ..	Kunwar Sudi Dasmi	1,000
		Roshanagar	Gajmochannath.	Every Amavas ..	500
		Do. ..	Do. ..	Katiki Purnmashi	2,500
		Alipur ..	Dhanushjag	Aghan Sudi Panchmi.	2,000
		Raipur ..	Bharoun fair	Jeth Sudi Sattimi	400
		Haidrabad ..	Kanslila fair	Dowadasi of Bhadoun Sudi.	700
		Gharthania	Kanslila ..	Ditto ..	5,000
		Gola ..	Chaiti fair ..	Chaiti Badi teras to Amawas.	120,000
		Do. ..	Sheoratri fair	Phagun Badi teras	34,000
		Do. ..	Bhutnath fair.	In Sawan after Nagpanchmi on Monday.	12,000
		Do ..	Amavas fair	Every Amavas of each month.	5,000
		Do. ..	Ramlila fair	Kunwar Sudi Dasmi.	3,500
Nighasan.	Khairagarh.	Fort Khairagarh.	Fort Ghori Shah.	First Sunday Sudi Chait.	3,000
		Barsola ..	Barsanan ..	Chait Badi Amavas	1,000
	Palia ..	Srinagar ..	Dasahra ..	Jaith Sudi Dasmi	700
		Paliakhas ..	Do. ..	Kunar Sudi Dasmi.	4,500
	Nighasan	Dhakarwa Khawa.	Sheoji ..	Kutki Amavas ..	2,000
		Rakhaiti ..	Do. ..	40th day after Moharam.	50,000
	Firozabad	Ramlok ..	Kutki ..	Kutki Puranmashi	3,000
		Firozabad ..	Saiyed Nur Ali Baba.	First Friday of Asarh.	5,000
	Dhaurahra.	Dhaurahra ..	Narain Sur Mahadeo.	Amawas of every month.	200
		Do. ..	Do. ..	Baisakhi Amavas Sheoratri.	2,000
		Kafara ..	Lelo Nath Mahadeo.	Amavas of every month.	700
		Do. ..	Do. ..	Baisakhi Sutahi Amawas.	30,000
		Dulhi ..	Dargah Bakhtawar Shah Faqir.	1st Friday on the second half of Jaith.	2,000
		Maundi ..	Dargah Barkat Ali Shah.	1st Thursday in half of Jeth.	2,000

FAIRS, 1911—*(concluded)*.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
Nighasan—*(concld.)*.	Dhaurahra *(concld.)*.	Soherya ..	Mela Dargah	First Saturday in Jeth.	500
		Do. ..	Mela Dhanushjag.	Katik.. ..	1,000
		Do. ..	Ramlila ..	In Kunwar ..	500
		Mundwa ..	Munna Das Faqir.	Last portion of Pus	1,200
		Gudarya ..	Nutbaba ..	Every Friday and Sunday.	50
		Bamhori ..	Mahabirji ..	Every Amavas ..	50
		Lakahi ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	50

List of Talukdars holiding land in the Kheri district corrected up to 1911.

Serial number.	Name of taluka.	Name of Talukdar.	Caste.	Parganas in which estate lies.	Villages.			Revenue.
					Whole.	Mahal.	Patti.	
								Rs.
1	Kapurthala ..	Rajai-Rajgan Sir Jagatjit Singh, G. C. S. I.	Sikh ..	Dhaurahra, Firozabad, Aurangabad.	46	..	..	27,770
2	Mahmudabad ..	Raja Sir Ali Mohammad Khan, K.B., K. C. I. E.	Khanzada ..	Kasta, Paila, Magdapur ..	68	..	1	46,600
3	Khajurgaon ..	Rana Sir Shiva Raj Singh, K. C. I. E.	Bais ..	Bhur	2	..	..	1,150
4	Ool	Raja Krishnadut Singh ..	Chauhan ..	Kheri, Srinagar, Bhur, Paila, Atwa, Piparia, Kukra, Dhaurehra.	205	..	4	1,52,670
5	Shahpur	Rani Sarfaraz Begam ..	Saiyid ..	Muhamdi, Magdapur, Haidarabad, Pasgawan, Kukra.	55	..	..	28,155
6	Khairigarh.. ..	Rani Suraj Koer ..	Suraj Bansi	Khairigarh, Palia, Dhaurahra, Nighasan, Srinagar.	86	..	..	71,185
7	Mullanpur.. ..	Raja Debi Baksh Singh ..	Raikwar ..	Firozabad	54	..	..	32,915
8	Qila Partabgarh ..	Raja Partab Bahadur Singh	Sombansi ..	Paila, Aurangabad, Haidarabad, Pasgawan, Bhur, Muhamdi.	39	..	..	14,456
9	Mahewa	Thakur Jaindara Bahadur Singh.	Chauhan ..	Srinagar, Kheri, Paila, Kukra, Bhur, Dhaurahra, Atwa, Piparia, Haidarabad, Nighasan.	136	..	3	93,731
10	Jhandipurwa ..	Raja Raghbir Singh and Thakur Mangal Singh.	Chauhan Rajput (Jangra).	Bhur, Nighasan, Palia ..	77	..	1	57,488
11	Maswasi	Mahant Santrain Das ..	Nanaksahi ..	Pasgawan, Muhamdi ..	14	..	1	8,220
12	Isanagar	Thakur Rajindra Bahadur Singh.	Jangre Rajput	Firozabad, Dhaurahra ..	37	..	..	46,300

List of Talukdars holding land in the Kheri district corrected up to 1911—(concluded).

Serial number.	Name of Taluka.	Name of Talukdar.	Caste.	Parganas in which estate lies.	Villages.			Revenue.
					Whole.	Mahal	Patti.	Rs.
13	Ramnagar	Thakurain Dumber Kumari and Suraj Kunar.	Chauhan ..	Bhur	59	..	6	49,810
14	Katesar	Thakurain Pirthipal Kunar	Gaur ..	Dhaurahra	1	..	..	350
15	Sarwan Baragaon ..	Lala Durga Pershad and Must. Jagrani Kunar.	Kayesth ..	Dhaurahra, Srinagar ..	26	..	2	12,715
16	Muizud-dinpur ..	Raja Swami Dayal and Seth Jai Dayal.	Khatri ..	Kasta	1	..	..	1,450
17	Paila	Rai Ram Din Bahadur ..	Kurmi ..	Paila, Haidarabad, Magdapur, Srinagar.	12	..	1	10,005
18	Katwara	Saiyid Raza Husain ..	Ahban Muhemadan.	Haidarabad, Paila ..	27	..	..	10,222
19	Raipur	Muhammed Sher Khan ..	Do. ..	Ditto ..	14	..	..	6,975
20	Mamri	Mr. J. B. Hearsay ..	European ..	Atwa, Piparia, Palia, Haidarabad, Magdapur, Dhaurahra, Kukra, Mailani.	40	..	14	15,631
21	Aira	Sardar Jogendra Singh ..	Sikh ..	Dhaurahra	12	..	..	7,500
22	Jalalpur	Maulvi Iltifat Rasul ..	Saiyid ..	Do.	6	..	..	2,935
23	Kanhman	Thakur Raghuraj Singh ..	Bais ..	Kasta	..	..	1	120